The FAA computer-assisted testing system is supported by a series of supplement publications. These publications, available through several aviation publishers, include the graphics, legends, and maps that are needed to successfully respond to certain test items. Use the following URL to download a complete list of associated supplement books: [http://www.faa.gov/pilots/testing/supplements/](http://www.faa.gov/pilots/testing/supplements/)

The Learning Statement Reference Guide for Airman Knowledge Testing contains listings of learning statements with their associated codes. It can be located at: [http://www.faa.gov/training_testing/testing/media/LearningStatementReferenceGuide.pdf](http://www.faa.gov/training_testing/testing/media/LearningStatementReferenceGuide.pdf)

1. **RIG006**
   In addition to other qualifications, an applicant for a Master Parachute Rigger Certificate shall show evidence of having packed satisfactorily a minimum of
   A) 100 parachutes of each of 2 types in common use.
   B) 20 parachutes of each type for which a rating is desired.
   C) 100 FAA-approved parachutes within the preceding 12 calendar months.

2. **RIG006**
   How many years experience (minimum) as a parachute rigger are required for an applicant to be eligible for a Master Parachute Rigger Certificate?
   A) 2 years.
   B) 3 years.
   C) 5 years.

3. **RIG006**
   What requirements must be met by an eligible member of an Armed Force of the United States who applies for a Senior Parachute Rigger Certificate?
   A) Pass an oral and practical test for each rating sought.
   B) Pass a written test with respect to Federal Aviation Regulations.
   C) Pass a written test, and an oral and practical test for each rating sought.

4. **RIG006**
   The FAA action to suspend or revoke a parachute rigger certificate may be based on
   (1) false statements on an application for an airman certificate or rating.
   (2) refusal to inspect, pack, and seal a parachute.
   Regarding the above statements, which of the following is true?
   A) Only No. 1 is true.
   B) Only No. 2 is true.
   C) Both No. 1 and No. 2 are true.
5. RIG006
If a certificated master parachute rigger applies for an additional type rating, how many (minimum) parachutes of the type for which he/she seeks a rating must he/she have packed?
A) 20 parachutes.
B) 100 parachutes.
C) 50 parachutes.

6. RIG003
(1) When sealing a pack, the lead seal should be positioned over the safety-tie threads and securely compressed.
(2) Manufacturers’ instructions require the replacement of all harness tacking each time a parachute is packed.
Regarding the above statements, which of the following is true?
A) Only No. 1 is true.
B) Only No. 2 is true.
C) Both No. 1 and No. 2 are true.

7. RIG003
After inserting the ripcord pins in the locking cones on a back-type parachute, the pack is sealed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions using low tensile strength thread to tie the
A) top pin.
B) center pin.
C) last pin.

8. RIG042
Select the tool used to make the folds in the canopy and to smooth out the pack.
A) Tension hooks.
B) Packing paddles.
C) Fids.

9. RIG003
How is a back-type parachute pack sealed?
A) By tying the pin farthest from the grip, with low tensile strength thread, and attaching a lead seal.
B) By tying the top and bottom pins with low tensile strength thread, and attaching a lead seal.
C) By tying the pin nearest the grip with low tensile strength thread, and attaching a lead seal.

10. RIG022
In the process of packing a parachute, the apex is generally released from the table prior to which of the following operations?
A) Pleating the gores.
B) Accordion-folding the canopy.
C) Straightening the top lateral band.

11. RIG041
The stowage location for the first bight of suspension lines is determined by
A) TSO-C23b.  
B) length of risers.  
C) packing instructions.

12. RIG041  
To facilitate suspension line pullout, the lines should be stowed so that they extend through the retainer loop  
A) only to the edge of loop.  
B) not more than 1/2 inch.  
C) according to manufacturer's instructions.

13. RIG029  
A nylon back-type parachute intended for emergency use should be completely inspected and repacked at the end of  
A) 90 days.  
B) 120 days.  
C) 180 days.

14. RIG019  
What is the purpose of the pack-opening bands?  
A) To pull the container flaps apart.  
B) To aid ripcord deployment.  
C) When packed, holds the pilot chute in place.

15. RIG019  
The term 'backpack or chestpack' refers to the parachute assembly, less the  
A) reserve parachute.  
B) harness.  
C) main parachute when referring to a dual assembly used for intentional jumping.

16. RIG041  
Select the statement which correctly refers to the assembly of the suspension lines and canopy (standard-type parachute).  
A) The suspension lines are enclosed in channels which are produced by the diagonal seam stitching.  
B) The suspension lines are enclosed in channels which are produced by the radial seam stitching, and the entire length of each line is lock stitched to the canopy.  
C) The suspension lines are enclosed in channels which are produced by the radial seam stitching.

17. RIG024  
Which canopy construction style will have a half-cell panel at each end on only the top surface?  
A) I-Beam.  
B) Interlocking T-Beam.  
C) Half-Cell chord wise.

18. RIG024
How are the load bearing ribs of an interlocking T-Beam constructed canopy attached? They are sewn
A) into the panel seams at the top and bottom.
B) to the upper panels at each half-cell and into bottom seams.
C) into the upper panel seams and onto bottom panels at each half-cell.

19.  RIG001
On a spanwise constructed canopy how are the non-loaded ribs attached to the upper and lower surface? They are sewn
A) into the upper and lower surfaces.
B) onto the upper surfaces and into the lower surfaces.
C) into the upper surfaces and onto the lower surfaces.

20.  RIG024
Where are crossports located in a ram-air canopy?
A) At 10% of the cord.
B) In the outboard end ribs.
C) Midway between suspension line attachment points.

21.  RIG009
'Porosity,' as used in parachute terminology, is expressed in terms of the
A) rate of airflow through the canopy.
B) rate of descent.
C) weight of cloth per square yard.

22.  RIG024
What is the best ratio of pilot chute area to main canopy area for deployment speeds up to 150 knots?
A) 5%.
B) 3%.
C) .5%.

23.  RIG016
Nylon tubular webbing is commonly used in which of the following parachute parts?
A) Harness straps.
B) Pilot chute bridle line.
C) Ram-air canopy lower seam reinforcement.

24.  RIG035
Normally, ripcord cables are manufactured of
A) Monel metal wire.
B) stainless steel 3/32 aircraft cable.
C) galvanized carbon steel cable.

25.  RIG040
When stitching a finger trap loop, where should bar tacking be placed?
A) On both ends of the loop.
B) Close to the formed loop.
C) Continuous from loop to bitter end.

26. RIG020 RIG
When defining a canopy the angle of incidence is formed between which reference points?
A) The flight path and the chord line.
B) The canopy reference line and the trim line.
C) The canopy reference line and the chord line.

27. RIG041 RIG
Suspension line breakage in ram-air canopies most often occurs at what line position?
A) The leading edge outboard.
B) The trailing edge mid-canopy.
C) The leading edge center line.

28. RIG025 RIG
Which of the following would NOT induce a persistent turn in a ram-air canopy?
A) improper packing.
B) replacing a line of improper length.
C) a short steering line.

29. RIG020 RIG
As the exit weight is increased on a canopy the sink rate also increases. The glide angle will
A) become steeper.
B) become flatter.
C) remain fairly constant.

30. RIG017 RIG
After hanging a round parachute in a loft, you find the suspension lines will not clear the floor. What is the recommended procedure to follow?
A) Lay excess length of lines on a table.
B) Chain the lines.
C) Leave the excess length of lines in the retainer loops.

31. RIG018 RIG
What is the purpose of naphthalene flakes when used in storage areas?
A) Provide rodent protection.
B) Provide mildew protection.
C) Help maintain proper humidity conditions.

32. RIG018 RIG
A common term used in rigging parachutes is 'chaining’, which denotes the
A) method of temporarily gathering the suspension lines for convenience in handling.
B) weighting of the skirt hem when hanging a canopy for drying.
C) method of closing some packs.

33. RIG011
Which operation should be performed first when fitting a parachute harness to the wearer?
A) Position the sling under the buttocks to form a seat.
B) Adjust the back straps.
C) Place the chest strap approximately 4 inches below the chin and adjust the shoulder adapters.

34. RIG013
What is the correct procedure for measuring replacement Spectra line? Before marking, tension under
A) 10 lbs.
B) 5 lbs. for 30 minutes.
C) 30 lbs. for 30 seconds.

35. RIG009
How should repair of a canopy with both fabric and line damage be accomplished?
A) Lines should be repaired first.
B) Fabric should be repaired first.
C) The order of repair depends on the type of materials used in the construction of the assembly.

36. RIG007
A rough locking cone surface sometimes can be field repaired by
A) rotating 180 degrees and reinstalling.
B) grinding the cone using an emery wheel.
C) dressing the cone with No. 2 sandpaper.

37. RIG042
Why is it necessary that the open end of pack opening elastic or spring band hooks be closed with pliers?
A) The pilot chute canopy or suspension lines have less chance of catching on hooks.
B) The hook may slip out of the eye when the pack opens unless assembled in this manner.
C) The hook and eye is easier to assemble in this manner.

38. RIG014
Why is an acid stain more serious than any other type of stain on a parachute?
A) It may not be detected until deterioration of the fabric occurs.
B) It can be treated only at a certificated repair facility.
C) No repair is authorized.

39. RIG038
Figure 10 is a cross section of a series of lock stitches sewn by machine. Which action will aid in correcting the fault shown?
A) Decrease bobbin thread tension and increase needle thread tension.
B) Increase bobbin thread tension and decrease needle thread tension.
C) Increase presser foot pressure and decrease feed dog pressure.

40. RIG037
Which of the following is used to determine the size of the sewing machine needle to be used for a particular job?
A) Size of the hole in the feed dog.
B) Length of the seam to be sewn.
C) Thread size and type of cloth.

41. RIG036
Normally, when hand sewing loose eyes on a parachute container, each step should be sewn with
A) six turns of a double 3-cord nylon thread.
B) five turns of a single 6-cord nylon thread.
C) two turns of a 3-cord cotton doubled and waxed thread.

42. RIG006
You have received your Senior Parachute Rigger Certificate within the last 30 days. If you are requested to pack a parachute under the privileges of your certificate, and you hold the proper rating,
A) you may pack the parachute because you have performed duties under your certificate for 30 days within the previous 12 months.
B) you may pack the parachute because you have shown the FAA Administrator you are able to perform those duties.
C) you may not pack the parachute.

43. RIG006
Who may install Capewell fasteners (for a main back pack) on a single harness dual parachute pack?
A) Master parachute rigger.
B) Military rated parachute rigger.
C) Person using the parachute for intentional jumping.

44. RIG027
Which of the following statements is true concerning the minimum facilities and equipment required for a parachute rigger to pack the main parachute of a single harness dual parachute pack to be used for intentional jumping?
A) The facilities and equipment requirements of the FAR's do not apply in this instance.
B) The packing must be done in a parachute facility rated for general maintenance, minor repair, canopy overhaul.
C) The packing may be done outside a properly equipped facility only by an appropriately rated master parachute rigger.

45. RIG031
If requested to pack a parachute intended for emergency use, in a manner other than the manufacturer's approved method, what should a certificated rigger do?
A) Pack the parachute in the manner requested and drop test it to determine if the rate of opening is acceptable.
B) Request the local FAA inspector to approve the deviations from the manufacturer’s approved method.
C) Refuse to pack the parachute in the manner requested.

46. RIG030
(1) A senior parachute rigger may make minor harness repairs for the types of parachutes for which he/she is rated.
(2) A senior parachute rigger may alter the length of the bridle line that attaches the pilot chute to the canopy.

Regarding the above statements, which of the following is true?
A) Only No. 1 is true.
B) Only No. 2 is true.
C) Both No. 1 and No. 2 are true.

47. RIG033
Which of the following Federal Aviation Regulations should the parachute rigger be knowledgeable of?
A) FAR Parts 63 and 145.
B) FAR Parts 65 and 105.
C) FAR Parts 63 and 147.

48. RIG034
What Federal Aviation Regulation prescribes rules for intentional parachute jumping?
A) FAR Part 65.
B) FAR Part 91.
C) FAR Part 105.

49. RIG006
The packing, maintaining, or altering of a parachute must be performed following the procedures
A) prescribed in FAR Part 65.
B) approved by the FAA Administrator or the parachute manufacturer.
C) contained in TSO-C23b.

50. RIG032
During the assembly of approved parachute components, if a conflict arises between the canopy manufacturer’s instructions and the container manufacturer’s instructions how should the rigger proceed? Precedence should be given to the
A) intended use of the assemble.
B) canopy manufacturer’s instructions.
C) container manufacturer’s instructions.