

# NAS Enterprise Architecture

Service Roadmaps v17.1



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November 2025



# Service Roadmaps Overview

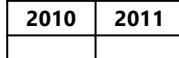
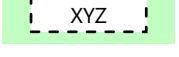
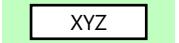
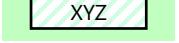
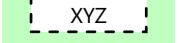
## What are the Service Roadmaps?

- The NAS Service Roadmaps depict current NAS operations and the timeline for planned improvements that will deliver benefits to NAS users in pursuit of the Next Generation Air Transportation System (NextGen) vision and move towards a fully integrated information environment for select FAA services.
- The Service Roadmaps are updated annually as research and analyses more clearly define FAA service evolution.

## Guidelines for Understanding the Roadmaps

- The Operational Improvement (OI) bars represent the date range within which an Operational Improvement is expected to be initially (e.g. at the first location) available to users. For OIs that are expected to be made operationally available incrementally, the range represents the earliest date for the first initial operational change to the latest date for the final operational change.
- Each Service Roadmap diagram is segmented by service capabilities, which are depicted by alternating gray and white backgrounds. The diagrams use segments with green background to capture Support Activities as needed.
- Appendix A contains the list of OIs that were completed more than 3 years ago and are no longer included on the current Service Roadmaps

## Roadmap Legend

Roadmap Shape Information		Operational Improvements (OIs) by Status	Support Activities (SAs)
2010	2011	Timeline (calendar year)	 OI with <b>Initial Operational Availability</b> status
		Current Operational Environment (COE) Arrow indicates sustainment	 OI with <b>Concept Exploration &amp; Maturation</b> status
		Current Operation (CO) Triangle indicates full operational availability	 OI with <b>Development</b> status
		Operational Improvement (OI) Fill color indicates status	 OI with <b>Planned</b> status
			 Support Activity which is <b>primarily tracked on Service Roadmaps</b>
			 Support Activity which is <b>primarily tracked on another NAS EA Roadmap</b>
			 Planned Support Activity
			 External Data Element being researched or developed by a NextGen partner agency/entity

# Service Roadmaps Status Definitions

## OI Status Definitions

- OI status is determined by the most mature capability solution, until the most mature solution achieves Initial Operational Availability (IOA) status.
- Once the most mature capability solution achieves IOA, the OI will remain IOA until all capability solutions are complete, and then the OI will transition to a Current Operation (CO).

OI Status	Definition
Planned	No funding – either internally or externally (e.g. NASA or other partner agency) – has been allocated. The OI represents a potential future concept.
Concept Exploration & Maturation	Work is underway and funded to define the concept, develop acquisition artifacts, mitigate risks, and determine the options for the implementation strategy. Solutions under development to deliver this operational change are currently in either concept and requirement definition or investment analysis up until a final investment decision is achieved (or a comparable agreement on the scope/implementation).
Development	The most mature solutions to deliver the operational change are under development. There may be additional solutions needed to fully deliver this OI which are less mature.
Initial Operational Availability	At least one of the capability solutions needed to deliver the operational change has been achieved or approved for use at an initial site. IOA occurs after demonstration of initial operational capability at the key test site(s). An OI remains in IOA until all capability solutions have achieved operational use.
Current Operational Environment (COE)	The current operational state of FAA service delivery to NAS users.
Current Operation (CO)	All capability solutions needed to fully deliver the OI are complete.

## **Service Group 7: Environment and Energy**

Environment and Energy Services provide environmental protection that allows sustained aviation growth. Environment and Energy Services address the environmental issues associated with aviation such as noise, air quality, climate, energy, and water quality. These services are provided through scientific research and tools for integrated environmental analysis, mature new aircraft technologies, development of aviation alternative fuels, and development of policies and environmental standards, market based measures, and an environmental management system.

## Service 701: Science and Tools

Aviation environmental analyses, impact determinations, and mitigation decisions for NextGen activities must continue to be based on a solid scientific foundation. This will require continued investments in research to improve our scientific understanding of the impacts of aviation. This is particularly important with respect to aviation's effects on climate. It is also germane to gaining a more nuanced and multi-faceted understanding of noise impacts, given community concerns with aircraft noise and public pressures to mitigate noise at levels lower than current Federal guidelines. In addition, the development and use of advanced decision-support tools that account for interdependencies of impacts and cost-benefit analyses of potential solutions will facilitate more informed decision-making. Prospective solutions and combinations of solutions have different impacts, benefits, and costs. Some solutions have the ability to optimize for one area of environmental protection at the expense of another, and trade-offs should be as transparent as possible.

# Science and Tools (1 of 1)

CY	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	+
Science and Tools																																

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## Service 702: Technology

Historically, new technologies have offered the greatest success in reducing aviation's impacts. New engine/airframe technologies will need to play key roles in achieving aviation environment and energy goals. The U.S. will support advances in engine technology and airframe configurations to lay the foundation for the next generation of aircraft. Our technological strategy envisions a fleet of quieter, cleaner aircraft that operate more efficiently with less energy. The FAA and NASA, along with the Department of Defense, closely coordinate efforts on aeronautics technology research through the President's National Science and Technology Council's multi-agency National Aeronautics Research and Development Plan. Each agency focuses on different elements but they share the same national goals. The FAA's focus is on maturing technologies for near term application, while NASA focuses on a broader range of time frames of technology development. This includes future concepts such as electric aircraft.

# Technology (1 of 1)

CY	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	+
<b>Technology</b>																																
<b>Support Activities</b>																																
CLEEN Engine and Aircraft Technology																																

## **Service 703: Alternative Fuels**

Sustainable alternative aviation fuels development and deployment offer prospects for enabling environmental improvements, energy security and economic stability for aviation. The aviation industry has made a commitment to convert its fuel supply to alternative fuels. Government and industry are working cooperatively with coordinating mechanisms such as the Commercial Aviation Alternative Fuels Initiative (CAAFI) and are supporting alternative fuels research. Near term efforts include adding new classes of fuels to the BASELINE alternative jet fuel standard by ASTM International, conducting aircraft flight tests using alternative fuels and ascertaining their emissions characteristics, lifecycle greenhouse gases, and sustainability. A number of challenges remain to sustainable alternative fuel deployment, including financing for commercial production.

# Alternative Fuels (1 of 1)

CY	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	+
Alternative Fuels																																
Support Activities																																

Alternative Jet Fuels Testing and Analysis

## Service 704: Policy Development

Development and implementation of appropriate policies, programs, and mechanisms are critical to support advantageous technology and operational innovations and accelerate their integration into the commercial fleet, the airport environment, and entire national aviation system. The NextGen EMS approach will integrate environmental protection objectives into NextGen and facilitate National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) reviews. Cooperative partnerships between government and industry can focus and leverage funding in ways that are beneficial for aviation and good for the environment. There is a need for continued and enhanced exploration of the most effective means to address residual aircraft noise impacts that cannot be reduced through technologies to guide capital investments in noise mitigation such as sound insulation, to encourage adequate land use planning, and to support other methods. Internationally, the U.S. is leading efforts at the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) to limit and reduce international aviation emissions, including development of a CO<sub>2</sub> standard for aircraft, and a new particulate matter (PM) certification requirement for engines. ICAO has additionally agreed to explore more ambitious goals for the aviation sector, including carbon neutral growth in the mid-term and reductions in the long term. The U.S. is exploring the effectiveness of various policies, including economic incentives to limit and reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emissions. The U.S. is also supporting studies to investigate the need, cost and trade-offs, and the technological feasibility of more stringent noise standards. Additionally, if we are to achieve environmental and energy goals beyond the near term, policies may be needed to accelerate the integration of new technologies into the civil fleet compared to the normal rate of introduction and replacement.

# Policy Development (1 of 1)

CY	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	+
Policy Development																																
CY	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	+

# Appendix A – Completed Operational Improvements

## What is this Appendix?

- This appendix to the National Airspace System (NAS) Enterprise Architecture (EA) Service Roadmaps depicts the list of OIs that were completed and are no longer included on the current Service Roadmaps.

## Guidelines for Understanding the Appendix

- When an OI becomes operationally available in the NAS, it transitions to a CO. After it transitions to operations, COs are removed from the Service Roadmaps to streamline the diagrams to focus on future improvements to NAS service delivery. This appendix also includes OIs that were completed but did not transition to operational use.
- This appendix is organized by FAA Services and provides the CO number, title, and date of operational availability.

## Legend

### Roadmap Shape Information



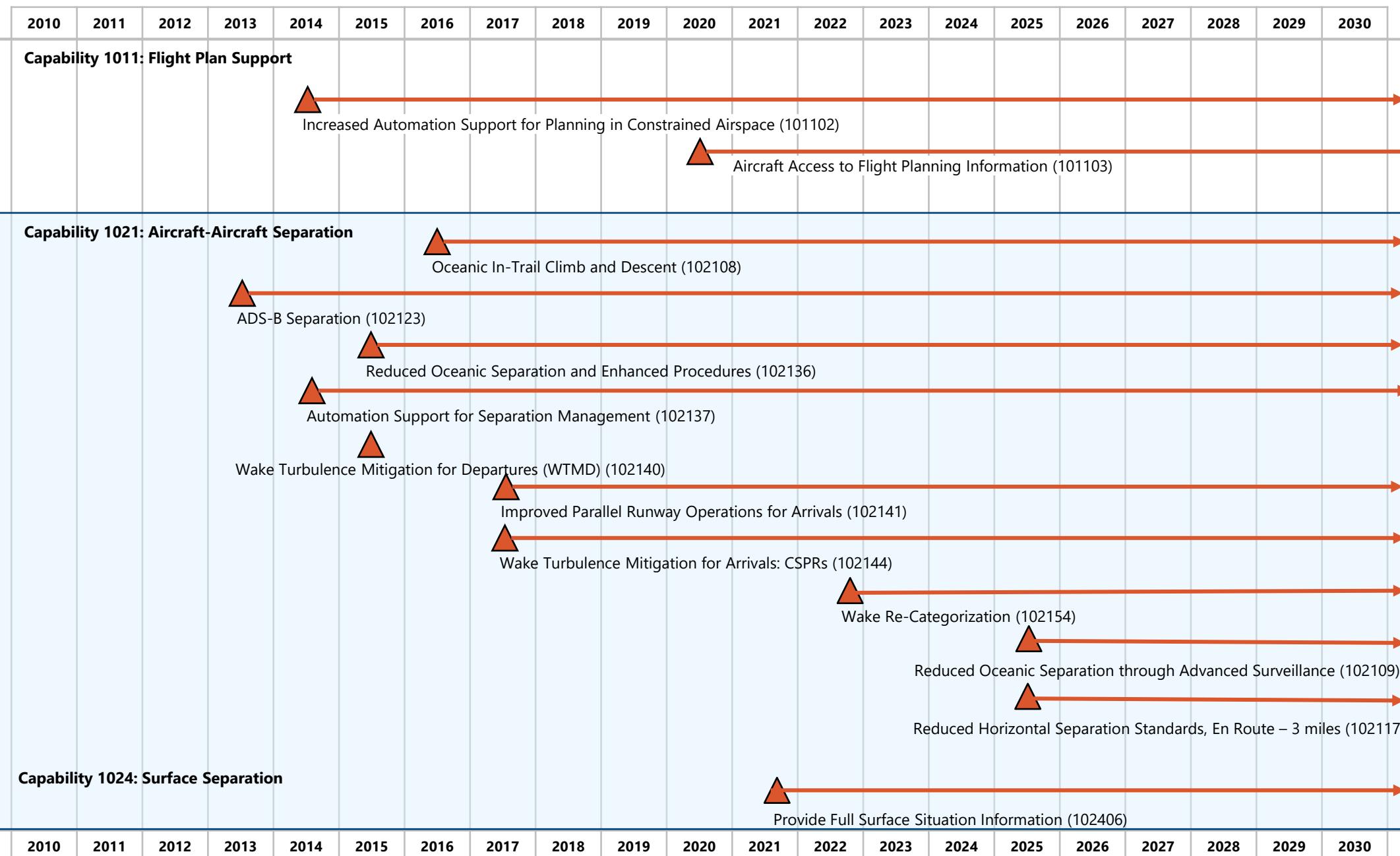
#### Current Operation (CO)

Triangle indicates full operational availability



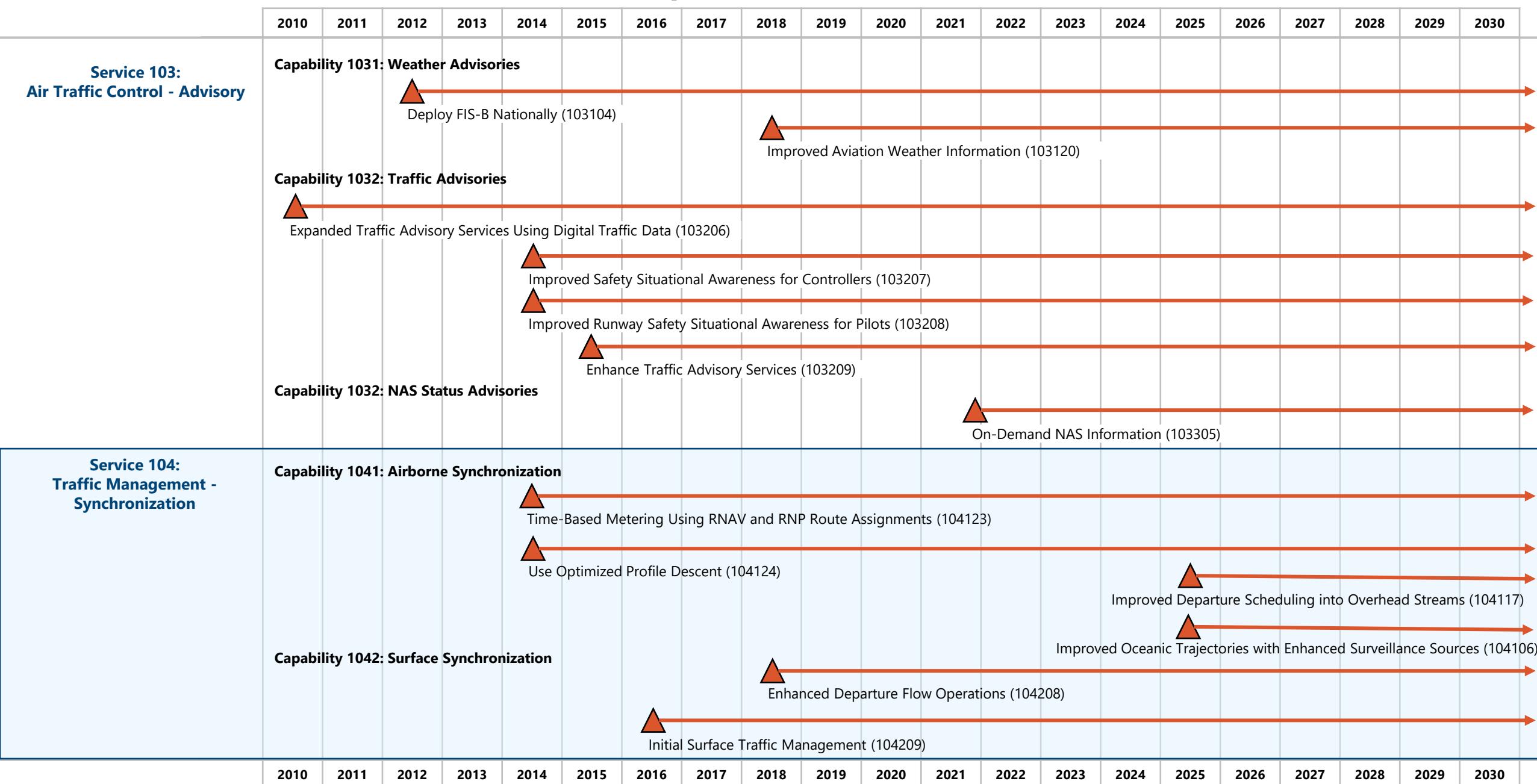
#### OI that was completed but did not transition to operational use

# Completed OIs (1 of 5)



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# Completed OIs (2 of 5)



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## Completed OIs (3 of 5)

**Service 105: Traffic Management – Strategic Flow**

- Capability 1052: Flight Day Management**
  - Improved Execution of Flow Strategies (105208) (2017-2030)
- Capability 1053: Performance Assessment**
  - Initial Flight Day Evaluation (105302) (2017-2030)

**Service 106: Emergency and Alerting**

- Capability 1062: Alerting Support**
  - Enhance Emergency Alerting (106202) (2017-2030)

**Service 107: Navigation**

- Capability 1071: Airborne Guidance**
  - RNAV SIDs, STARs, and Approaches (107103) (2017-2030)
  - Ground Based Augmentation System (GBAS) Precision Approaches (107107) (2017-2030)
  - Low Visibility/Ceiling Takeoff and Departure Operations (107115) (2019-2030)
  - Low Visibility/Ceiling Approach and Landing Operations (107117) (2019-2030)
  - Expanded Low Visibility Operations using Lower RVR Minima (107119) (2017-2030)
- Capability 1072: Surface Guidance**
  - Low Visibility Surface Operations (107202) (2019-2030)

**Service 108: Airspace Design and Management**

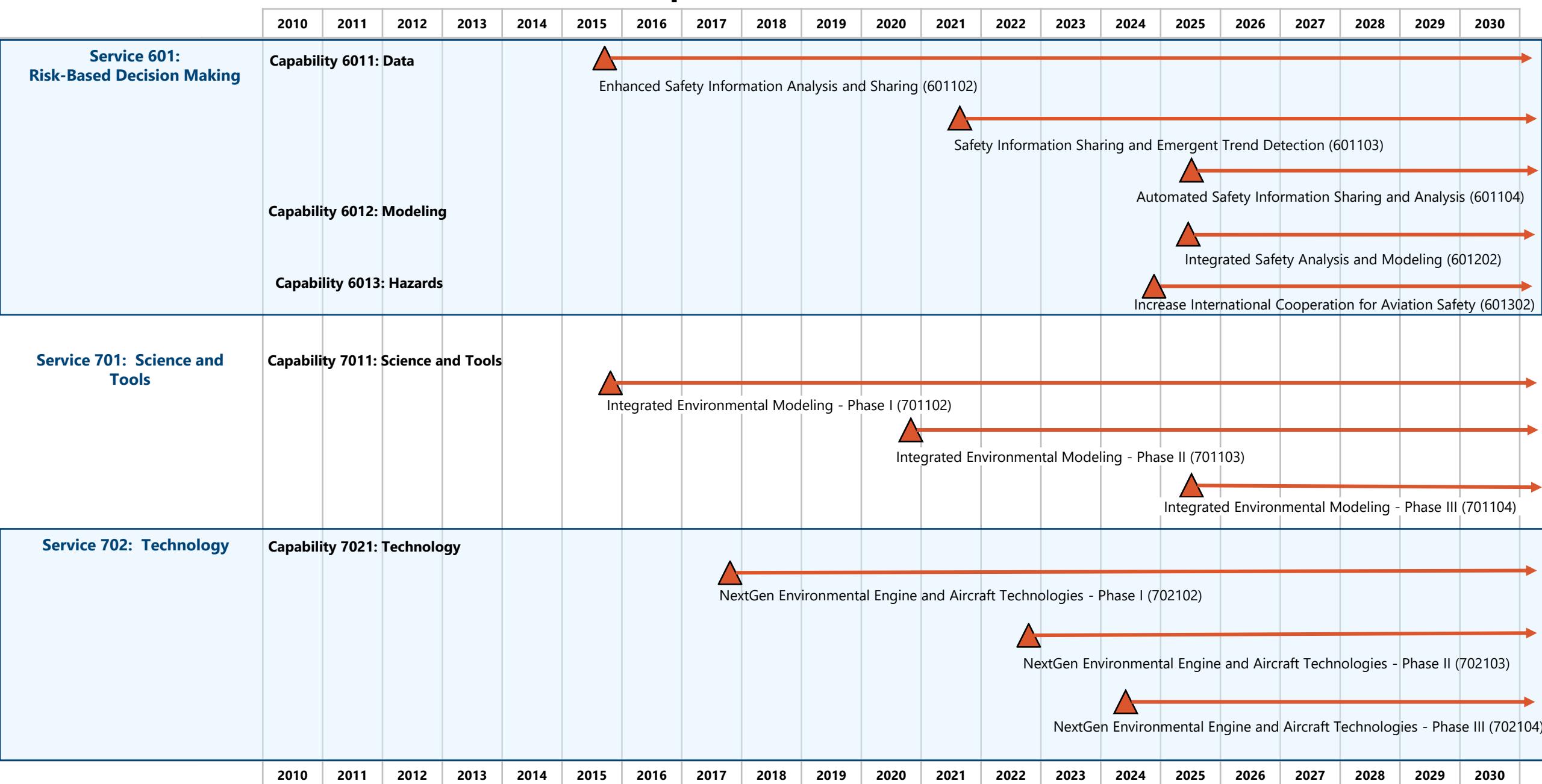
- Capability 1082: Airspace Management**
  - Increase Capacity and Efficiency Using Area Navigation (RNAV) and Required Navigation Performance (RNP) (108209) (2017-2030)
  - Improve SUA-Based Flow Predictions (108214) (2017-2030)
  - Increase Capacity and Efficiency Using Streamlined PBN Services (108215) (2017-2030)

**Service 109: Government/Agency Support**

- Capability 1092: Search, Rescue, and Accident Investigations**
  - Improved Global Aeronautical Distress and Safety System (GADSS) (109203) (2017-2030)

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# Completed OIs (4 of 5)



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# Completed OIs (5 of 5)

