

3-8-24 TX_KDFW_STAR_BOOVE SEVEN RNAV

V1 IS BEING RETURNED PRE-PRB FOR THE FOLLOWING:

MISSING WAIVER: SPEED RESTRICTION AT MOWWW: SPEED RESTRICTION ASSIGNED TO FIX MOWWW (240) IS LESS THAN THE MINIMUM AIRSPEED RESTRICTION FOR THE FIX (250) REFERENCE 8260.58C TABLE 1-2-2 NOTE 3. PLEASE ENTER A SIMILAR WAIVER AS REQUESTED IN THE SHMPP THREE (RNAV) STAR.

1. FLIGHT PROCEDURE IDENTIFICATION:

Dallas, Texas
Dallas Fort Worth International Airport (KDFW)
KDFW BOOVE (RNAV) ARRIVAL

2. WAIVER REQUIRED AND APPLICABLE STANDARD:

FAA Order 8260.58C, paragraph 1-2-5, Table 1-2-2, Indicated Airspeeds (KIAS):
Reflects 250 KIAS is the appropriate airspeed for Category B aircraft AT or ABOVE 10,000 feet.
Note 3 states, 250 KIAS AT or ABOVE 10,000 feet MSL except for initial and/or STAR termination fix.
Note 2 states, airspeed restrictions may be established at a charted fix to reduce turn radius, avoid obstacles
accommodate ATC request, etc...

3. REASON FOR WAIVER (JUSTIFICATION FOR NONSTANDARD TREATMENT):

There is an ATC operational requirement for the crossing restriction of 12000B13000 at 240K at MOWWW. The 240K at MOWWW is to ensure aircraft can be safely sequenced at an acceptable, manageable speed. This change was at the request of industry representatives.

4. EQUIVALENT LEVEL OF SAFETY PROVIDED:

The BOOVE STAR was designed with Industry input and has their endorsement based on various aircraft flight simulator results. Additional, information from the PARC Group indicates that using less than 250K will be allowed in future orders.

(SEE ATTACHED PARC NAVIGATION WORKING GROUP RECOMMENDATION)

5. ALTERNATIVE ACTIONS DEEMED NOT FEASIBLE:

Alternatives were considered, however none were feasible due the need for slower airspeeds when entering the terminal environment in order for ATC to safely sequence aircraft for KDFW's multiple arrival runway operations.

6. COORDINATION WITH USER ORGANIZATIONS (SPECIFY):

American Airlines
Fort Worth ARTCC (ZFW)
Dallas Fort Worth Approach Control (D10)
CSC OSG

7. SUBMITTED BY:

DATE OFFICE IDENTIFICATION TITLE

Digitally signed by
ROBERT G HAMILTON
Mar 11, 2024

SIGNATURE

8. AFS ACTIONS:

☐ APPROVED ☐ DISAPPROVED ☐ NOT REQUIRED

COMMENTS:

DATE ROUTING SYMBOL SIGNATURE



Federal Aviation Administration

Memorandum

Date: November 14, 2023
To: Tom Lattimer, Airspace Manager CSA PBN Team
From: Mike McDonald, TCFW District Support Manager, Airspace and
Procedures.
Prepared by: William Roth, Senior ATC Specialist, NAVTAC Support
Subject: Letter of Approval Request BOOVE STAR, DFW

KDFW BOOVE Standard Terminal Arrival Route (STAR): BOOVE to SHMPP Descent Gradient.

Currently, FAAO 8260.3F, PARA 2-2-8a (1), The STAR's maximum permissible descent gradient is 330 ft/nm (approximately 3.11 degrees). BOOVE has a restriction of BLOCK ALTITUDE OF FL190 TO FL280, and SHMPP has a restriction of BLOCK ALTITUDE OF 15000MSL TO 17000MSL. The descent gradient (460.83 ft/nm) from BOOVE to SHMPP is greater than the maximum permissible gradient allowed. Flight Standards approval is required.

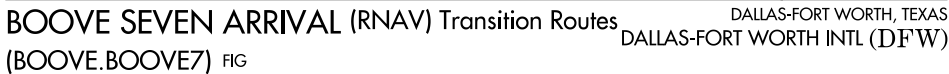
The BOOVE STAR serves Dallas/Fort Worth International Airport. The altitude restrictions on the BOOVE STAR are designed to separate aircraft on the procedure from either adjacent airspace or other traffic. The deviation from Descent Gradient criteria does not introduce any new risk into the system. Additionally, the procedure does not have any reported issues by either air traffic control or the airline industry since implementation.

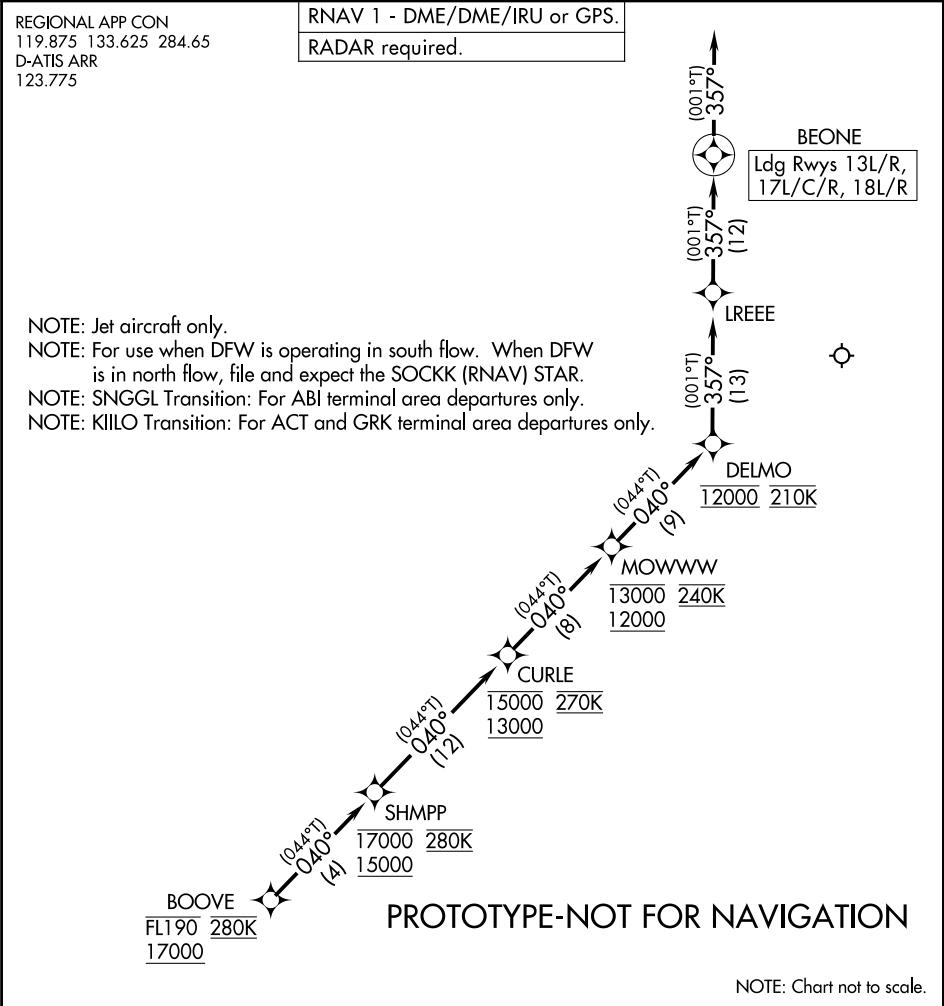
Therefore, ZFW is requesting a Letter of Approval to utilize the altitudes at BOOVE (BLOCK ALTITUDE OF FL190 TO FL280) to SHMPP (BLOCK ALTITUDE OF 15000MSL TO 17000MSL) resulting in a descent gradient of 460.83 ft/nm as developed for the BOOVE STAR.

Sincerely,

Mike McDonald
Support Manager, Airspace & Procedures
Fort Worth Center, Texas

RT WORTH INTL (DFW)
DALLAS-FORT WORTH, TEXAS

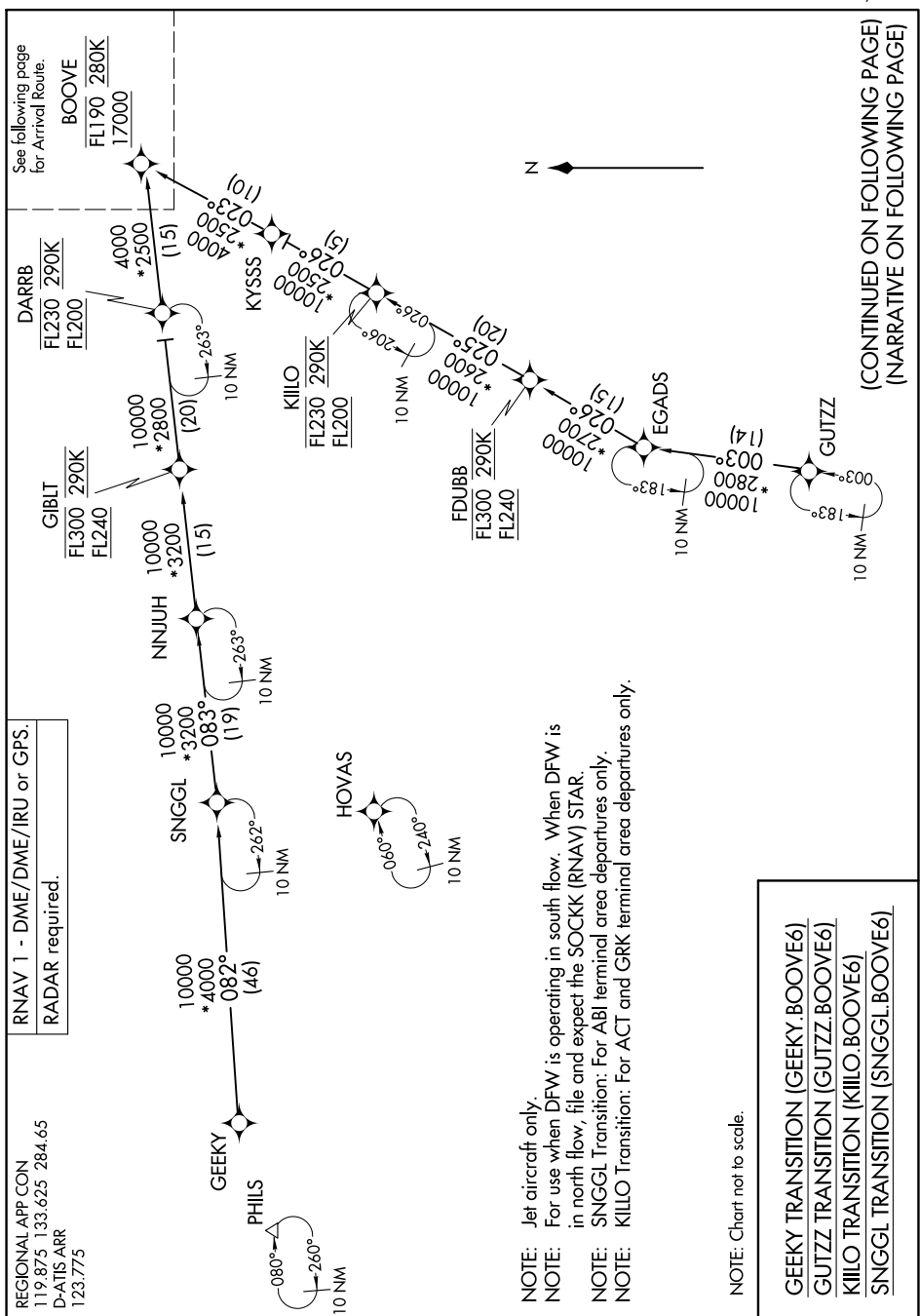


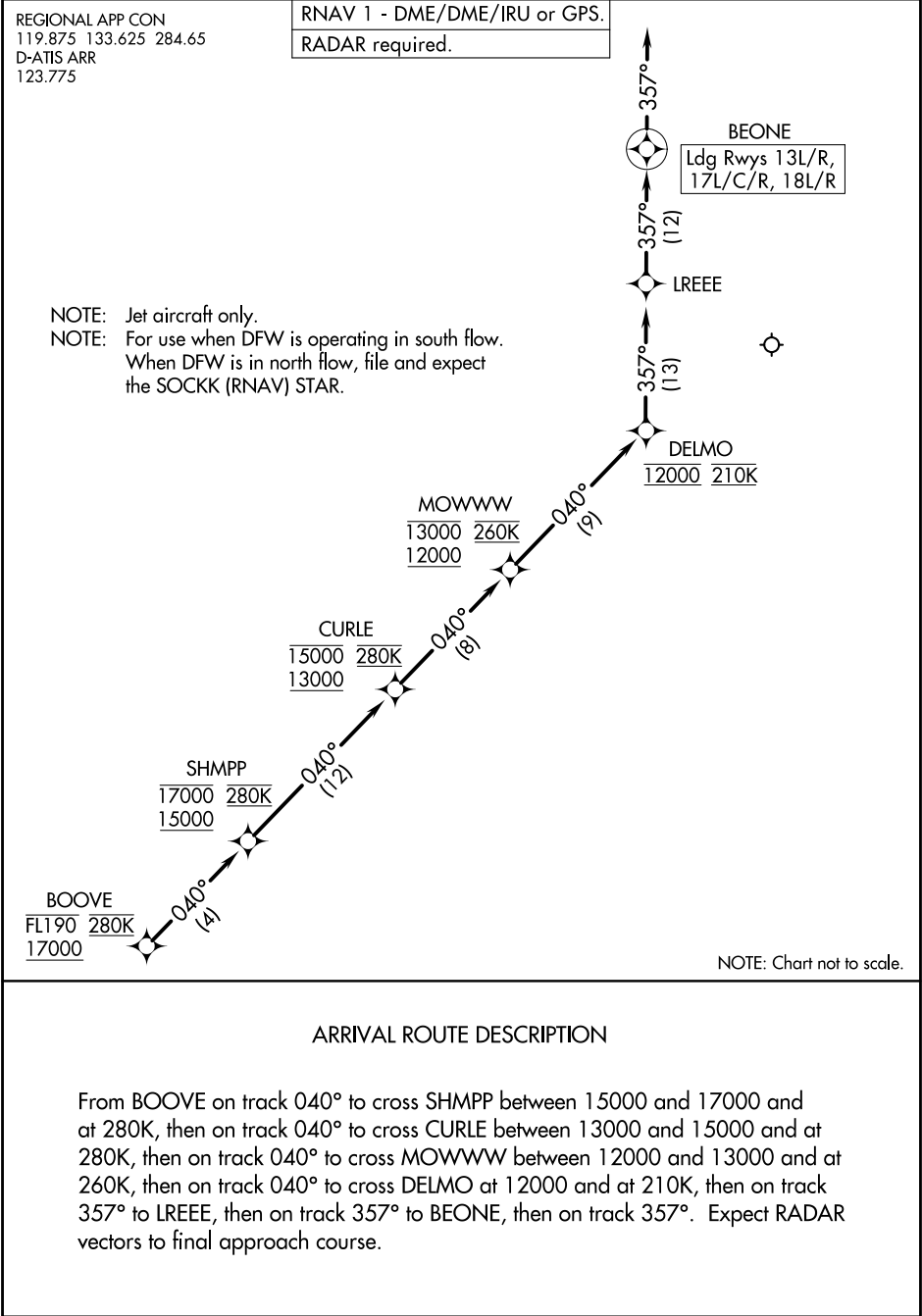


ARRIVAL ROUTE DESCRIPTION

From BOOVE on track 040° to cross SHMPP between 15000 and 17000 and at 280K, then on track 040° to cross CURLE between 13000 and 15000 and at 270K, then on track 040° to cross MOWWW between 12000 and 13000 and at 240K, then on track 040° to cross DELMO at 12000 and at 210K, then on track 357° to LREEE, then on track 357° to BEONE, then on track 357°.

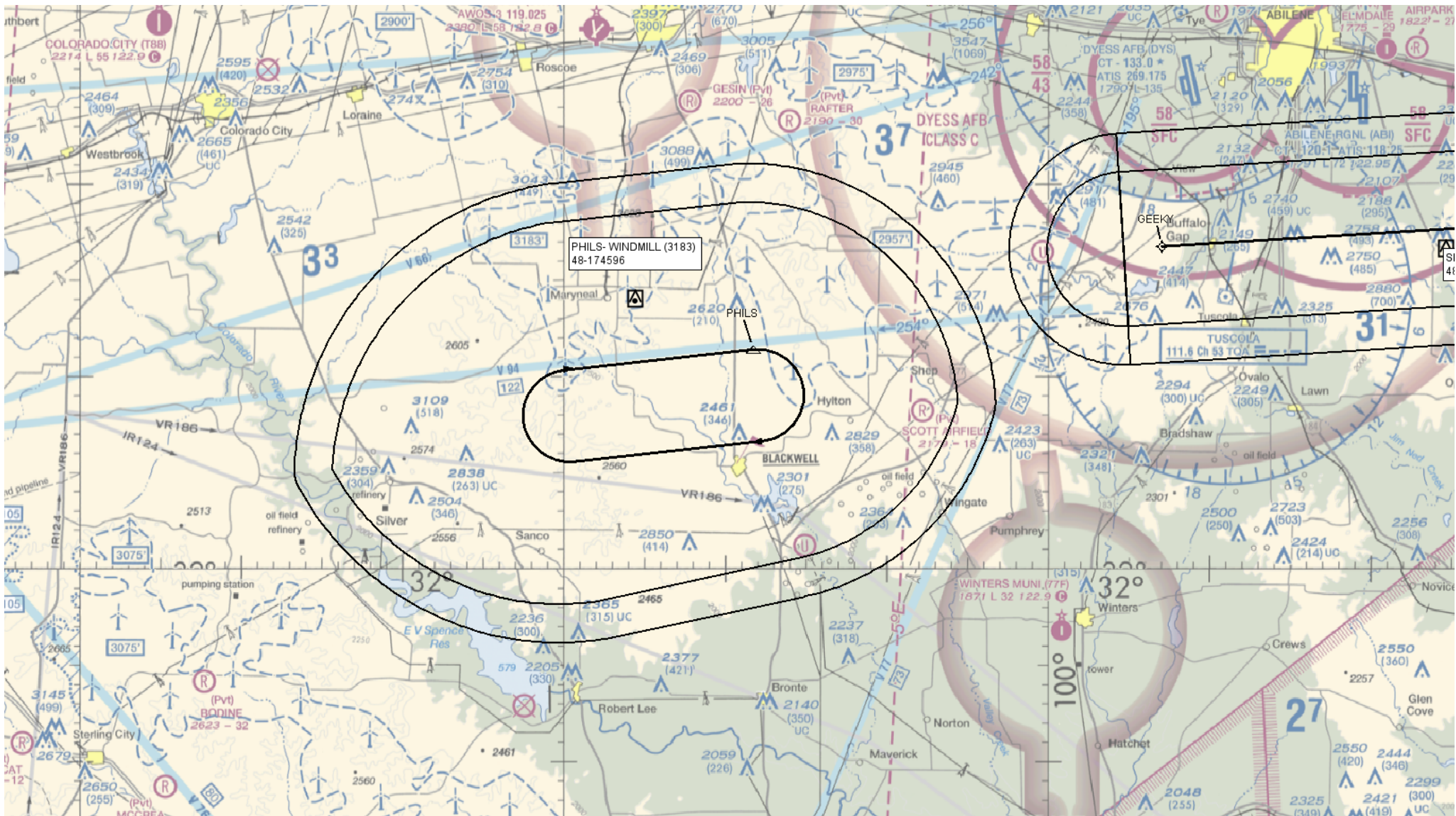
Expect RADAR vectors to final approach course.



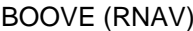


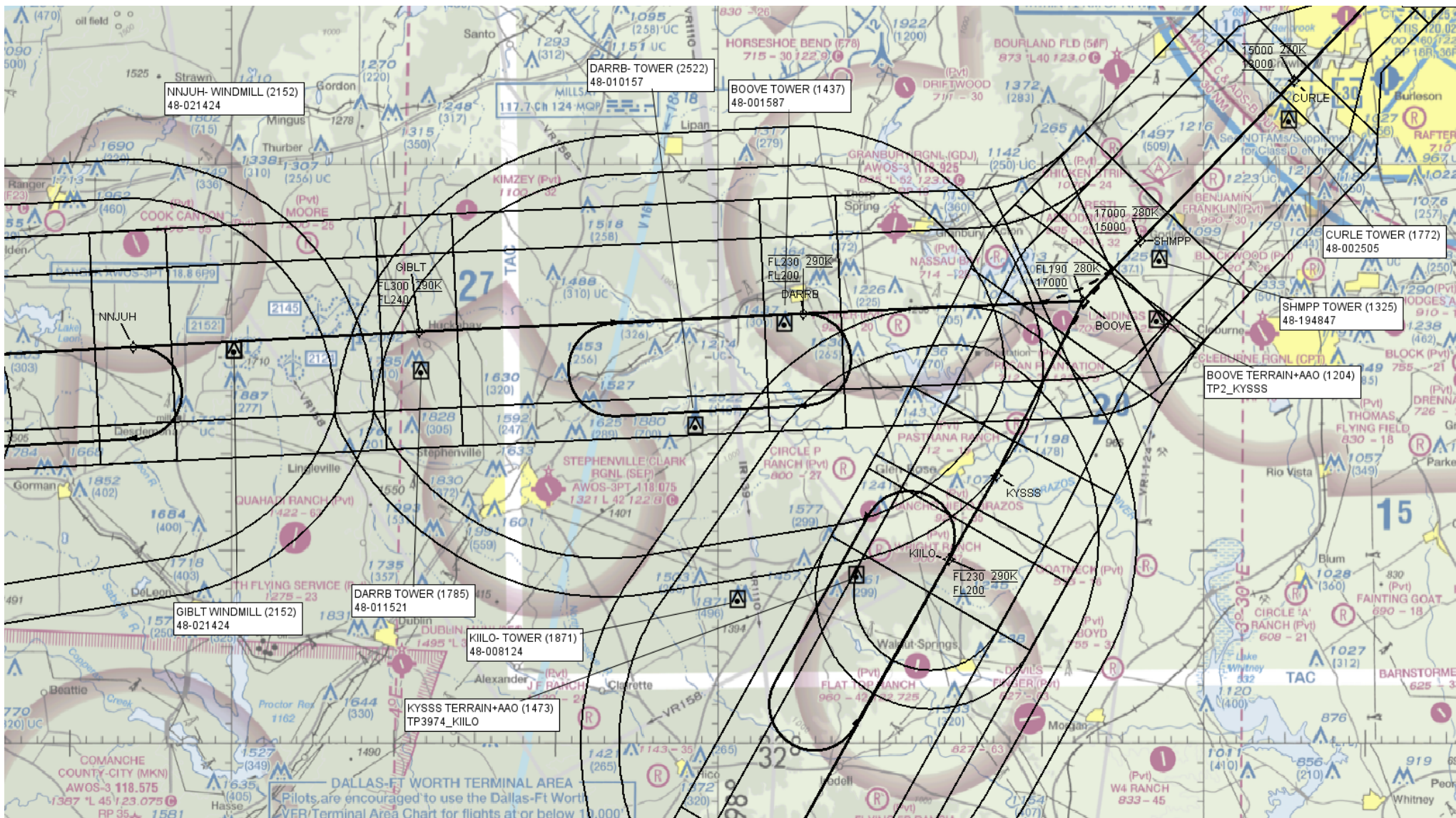
ARRIVAL ROUTE DESCRIPTION

From BOOVE on track 040° to cross SHMPP between 15000 and 17000 and at 280K, then on track 040° to cross CURLE between 13000 and 15000 and at 280K, then on track 040° to cross MOWWW between 12000 and 13000 and at 260K, then on track 040° to cross DELMO at 12000 and at 210K, then on track 357° to LREEE, then on track 357° to BEONE, then on track 357°. Expect RADAR vectors to final approach course.

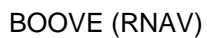


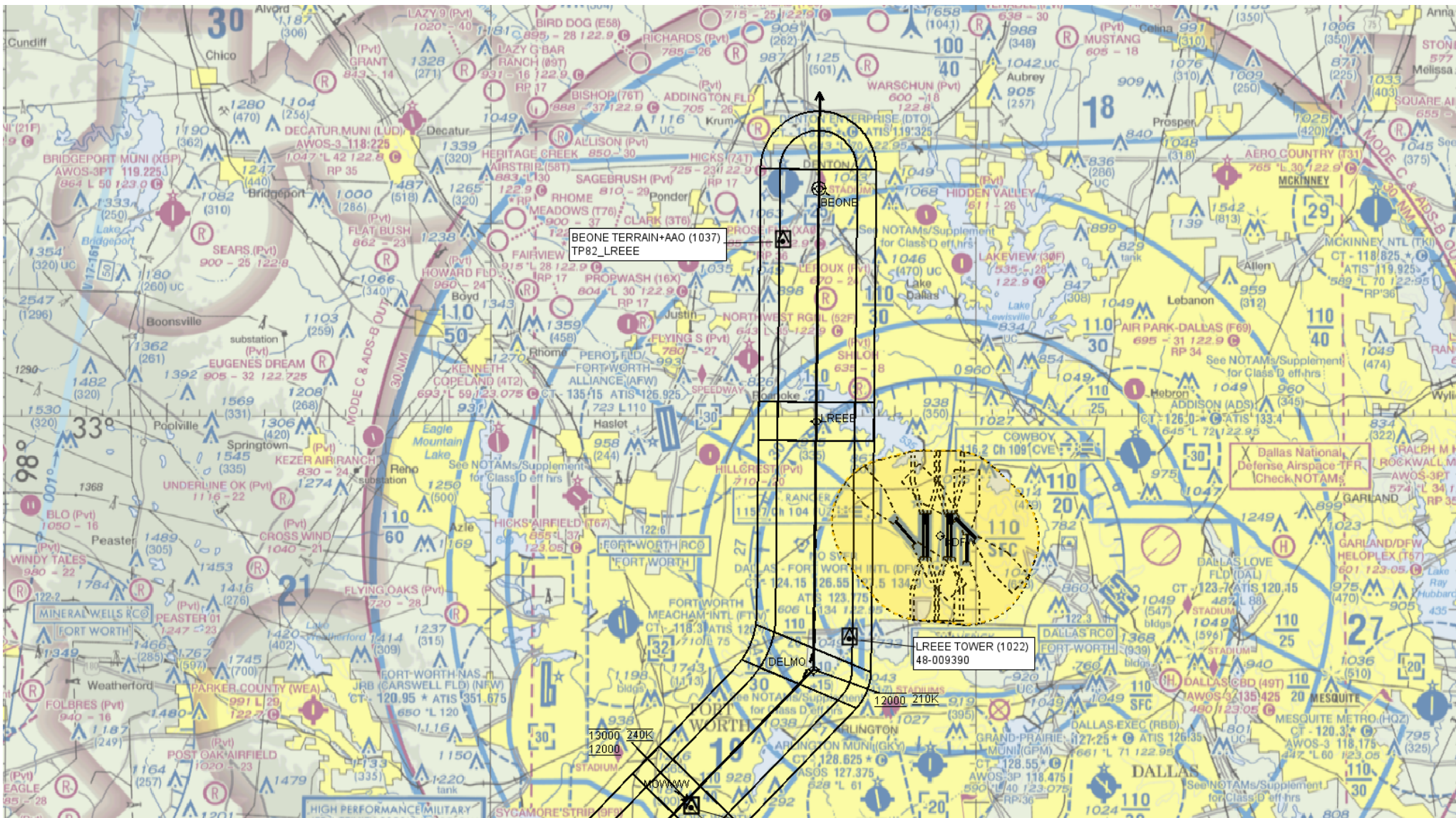
BOOVE (RNAV)



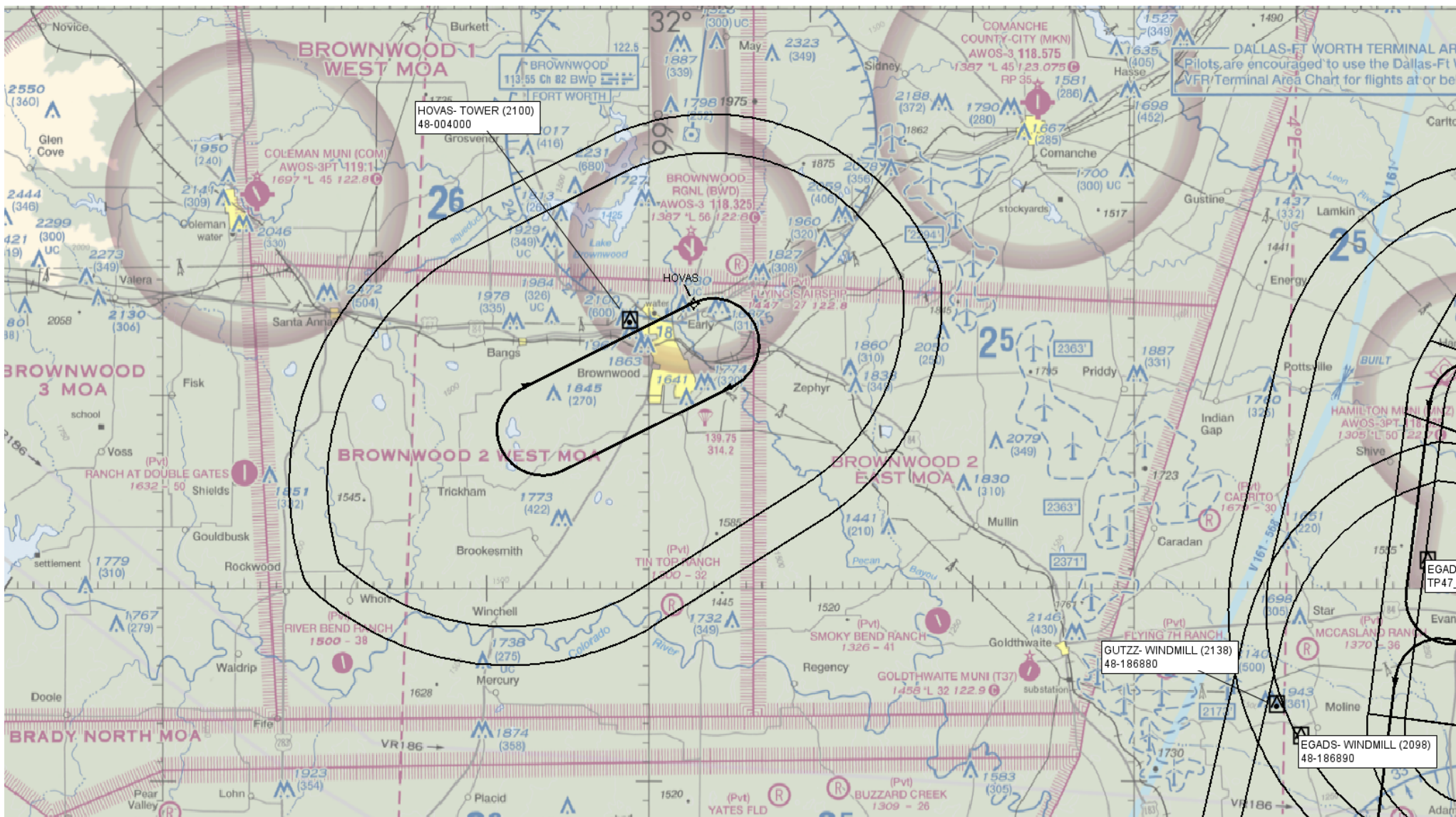


BOOVE (RNAV)

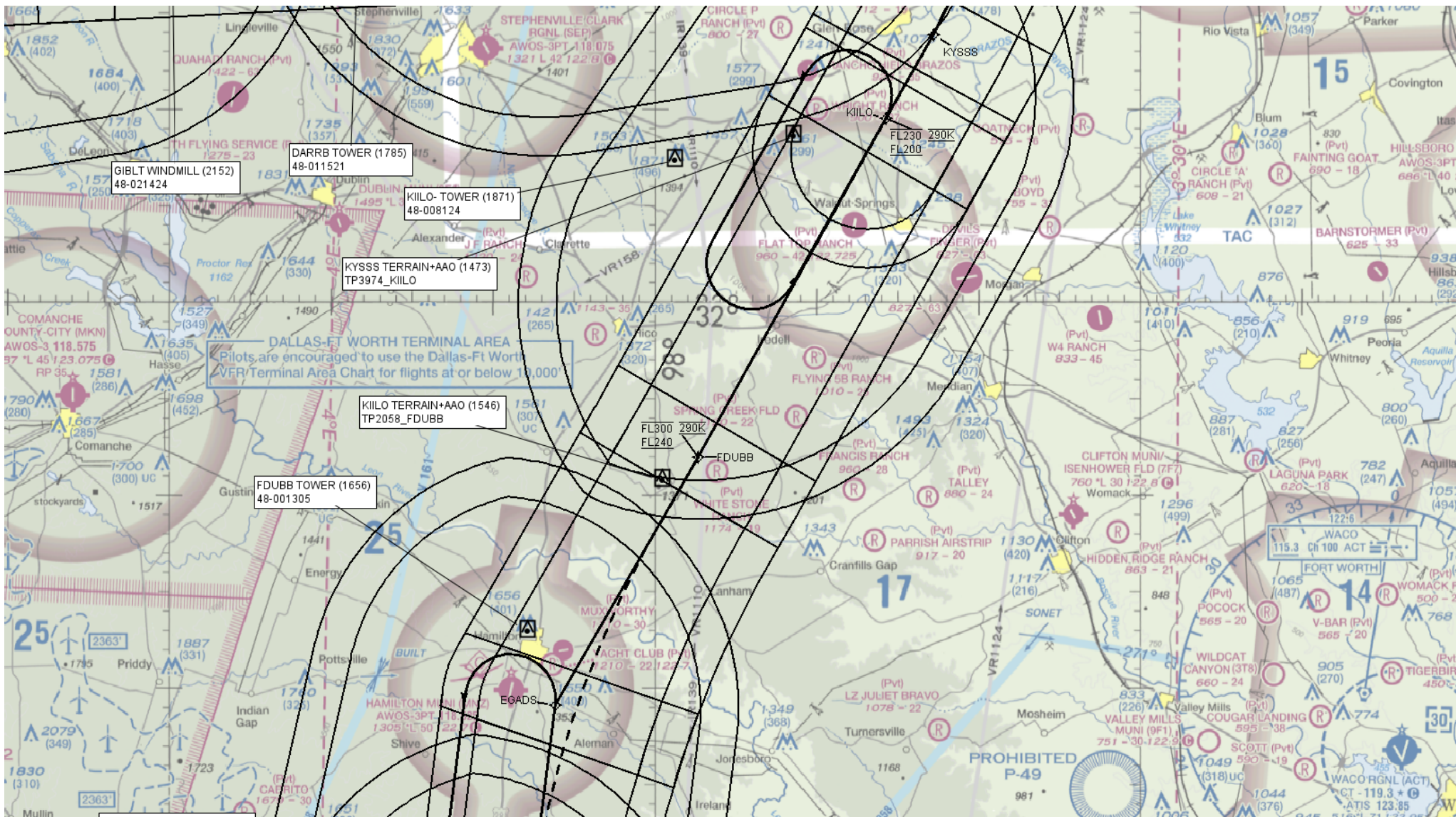




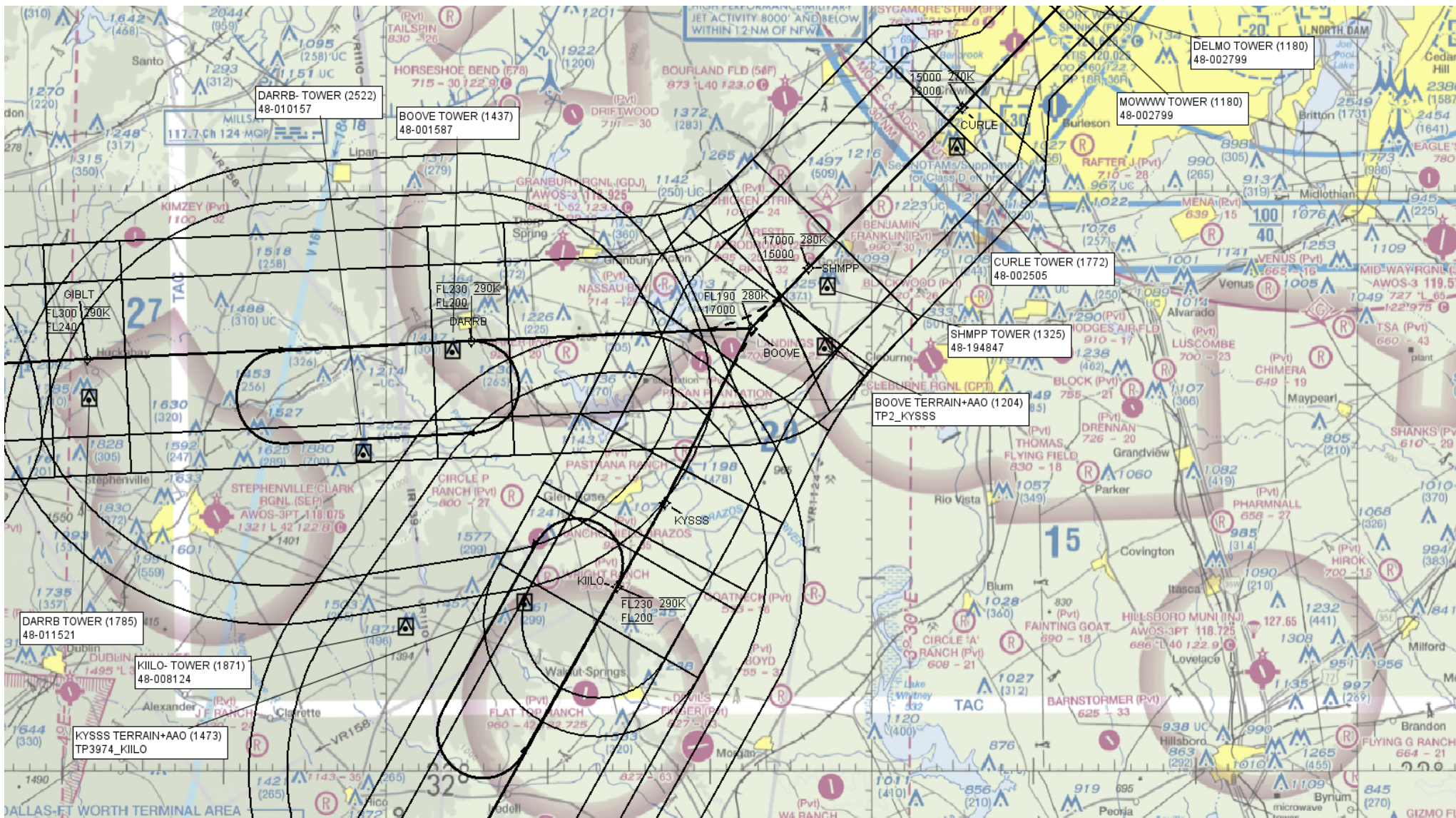
BOOVE (RNAV)



BOOVE (RNAV)



BOOVE (RNAV)



BOOVE (RNAV)

Previously Approved

1. FLIGHT PROCEDURE IDENTIFICATION:

Dallas, Texas
Dallas Fort Worth International Airport (KDFW)
KDFW BOOVE SIX (RNAV)

2. WAIVER REQUIRED AND APPLICABLE STANDARD:

FAA Order 8260.58B, paragraph 1-2-5, Table 1-2-2, Indicated Airspeeds (KIAS):
Reflects 250 KIAS is the appropriate airspeed for Category B aircraft AT or ABOVE 10,000 feet.
Note 3 states, 250 KTS AT or ABOVE 10,000 feet MSL except for initial and/or STAR termination fix.
Note 2 states, airspeed restrictions may be established at a charted fix to reduce turn radius, avoid obstacles
accommodate ATC request, etc...

3. REASON FOR WAIVER (JUSTIFICATION FOR NONSTANDARD TREATMENT):

here is an ATC operational requirement for a the crossing restriction of AT 12,000 AT 210 KTS at DELMO. The 210 KTS at DELMO is to ensure aircraft can be safely sequenced at an acceptable, manageable speed. This change was at the request of industry representatives.

4. EQUIVALENT LEVEL OF SAFETY PROVIDED:

The BOOVE STAR was designed with Industry input and has their endorsement based on various aircraft flight simulator results. Additional, information from the PARC Group indicates that using 210 KTS will be allowed in future orders.

(SEE ATTACHED PARC NAVIGATION WORKING GROUP RECOMMENDATION)

5. ALTERNATIVE ACTIONS DEEMED NOT FEASIBLE:

Alternatives were considered, however none were feasible due the need for slower airspeeds when entering the terminal environment in order for ATC to safely sequence aircraft for KDFW's multiple arrival runway operations.

6. COORDINATION WITH USER ORGANIZATIONS (SPECIFY):

American Airlines
Fort Worth ARTCC (ZFW)
Dallas Fort Worth Approach Control (D10)
CSC OSG

7. SUBMITTED BY:

DATE	OFFICE IDENTIFICATION	TITLE
09/16/22	AJV-A423	Manager, IFP Team 2, Sub-Team C

SIGNATURE

Digitally signed by
ALLAN WILL
Sep 16, 2022

8. AFS ACTIONS:

☐ APPROVED ☐ DISAPPROVED ☐ NOT REQUIRED

COMMENTS:

DATE	ROUTING SYMBOL	SIGNATURE
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20220901-7460 page 1 of 1

Waiver 1 of 1

1. FLIGHT PROCEDURE IDENTIFICATION:

Dallas, Texas
Dallas Fort Worth International Airport (KDFW)
KDFW BOOVE SIX (RNAV)

2. WAIVER REQUIRED AND APPLICABLE STANDARD:

FAA Order 8260.58B, paragraph 1-2-5, Table 1-2-2, Indicated Airspeeds (KIAS):
Reflects 250 KIAS is the appropriate airspeed for Category B aircraft AT or ABOVE 10,000 feet.
Note 3 states, 250 KTS AT or ABOVE 10,000 feet MSL except for initial and/or STAR termination fix.
Note 2 states, airspeed restrictions may be established at a charted fix to reduce turn radius, avoid obstacles
accommodate ATC request, etc...

3. REASON FOR WAIVER (JUSTIFICATION FOR NONSTANDARD TREATMENT):

here is an ATC operational requirement for a the crossing restriction of AT 12,000 AT 210 KTS at DELMO. The 210 KTS at DELMO is to ensure aircraft can be safely sequenced at an acceptable, manageable speed. This change was at the request of industry representatives.

4. EQUIVALENT LEVEL OF SAFETY PROVIDED:

The BOOVE STAR was designed with Industry input and has their endorsement based on various aircraft flight simulator results. Additional, information from the PARC Group indicates that using 210 KTS will be allowed in future orders.

(SEE ATTACHED PARC NAVIGATION WORKING GROUP RECOMMENDATION)

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American Airlines
Fort Worth ARTCC (ZFW)
Dallas Fort Worth Approach Control (D10)
CSC OSG

7. SUBMITTED BY:

DATE	OFFICE IDENTIFICATION	TITLE
09/16/22	AJV-A423	Manager, IFP Team 2, Sub-Team C

SIGNATURE

Digitally signed by
ALLAN WILL
Sep 16, 2022

8. AFS ACTIONS:

☒ **APPROVED** ☐ **DISAPPROVED** ☐ **NOT REQUIRED**

COMMENTS:

Waiver is temporarily approved until November 24, 2026.

DATE	ROUTING SYMBOL	SIGNATURE
		Romana Wolf Signed By: Romana Wolf Fri Nov 18 2022 08:35:41 GMT-06:00:00 (Central Standard Time)

Previously Approved

Recommendation: PBN Instrument Procedure Design (STAR Speeds)

FAA Order 8260.58A, *United States Standard for Performance Based Navigation (PBN) Instrument procedure Design*, provides airspeed assumptions for evaluating a procedural turn's obstacle evaluation area (OEA). The order bases these airspeeds on MSL altitudes and aircraft categories to protect the stability and control of the aircraft. They are consolidated by procedure type and segment in Table 1-2-2 (see Figure 1 next page), and include explanatory notes, which ensure compliance with CFR 91.117.

However, FAA Order 8260.3D, *United States Standard for Terminal Instrument Procedures (TERPS)*, contains what appears to be contradictory airspeed standards for holding patterns above 10,000 FT MS. It establishes a holding airspeed of 230 KIAS (210 KIAS when "operationally necessary") between 6,000 and 14,000 FT MSL. This is an apparent contrast with the procedure design standards for a Standard Terminal Arrival (STAR) in Order 8260.58A. In this order, Note 3 of Table 1-2-2 requires a STAR above 10,000 FT MSL to use a minimum airspeed of 250 KIAS to support Category C and D aircraft, with no relief offered. At many locations, this limits flexibility in STAR design, resulting in less than optimum path length and location.

With this in mind, since Order 8260.3D permits use of a minimum airspeed as low as 210 KIAS at and below 14,000 FT MSL, there is no apparent reason why a STAR cannot use a minimum airspeed as low as 210 KIAS at the same altitudes when operationally necessary (see the STAR at Figure 2 below). Updating the STAR procedure design criteria to permit use of a minimum airspeed of 210 KIAS will offer more flexibility in STAR design and better optimize STAR paths, while also eliminating the need to justify a procedure design waiver when the STAR requires an airspeed below 250 KIAS as an operational necessity.

Recommendation: The PARC Navigation Working Group recommends the PARC Steering Group support a change to FAA Order 8260.58A, Table 1-2-2, Note 3, to read; "250 above 14,000 feet MSL".

Rationale: This change will reduce the number of waivers for STARs operationally requiring an airspeed less than 250 KIAS and will standardize the procedure design minimum airspeed standards by both Order 8260.58A and Order 8260.3D for altitudes 10,000 to 14,000 FT MSL.

Note: *This recommendation does not alter or impact the procedure design criteria's support for CFR 91.117 as Table 1-2-2 requires in Note 1 and Note 4.*

Previously Approved

Recommendation: PBN Instrument Procedure Design (STAR Speeds)

Figure 1

Table 1-2-2. Indicated Airspeeds (KIAS)

Flight Phase		Indicated Airspeed by CAT					
		Copter	A	B	C	D	E
At or Above 10000 feet MSL							
En route, STAR/Feeder/TAA, Initial, Intermediate, Missed, Departure		150	180	250	300	300	350
Below 10000 feet MSL							
En route, STAR/Feeder/TAA, Initial, Intermediate		150	150	180	250	250 ¹	310
Final		90	90	120	140	165	250
Missed Approach (MA), Departure		150	110	150	240	265	310
Minimum Airspeed Restriction							
Minimum Airspeed Restriction ²	STAR/Feeder/TAA, Initial, Departure	70	110	140	200 ³	210 ^{3,4}	310
	Intermediate	70	110	140	180	180	310
	Missed Approach	70	100	130	165	185	310
	Final	70	Not Authorized				

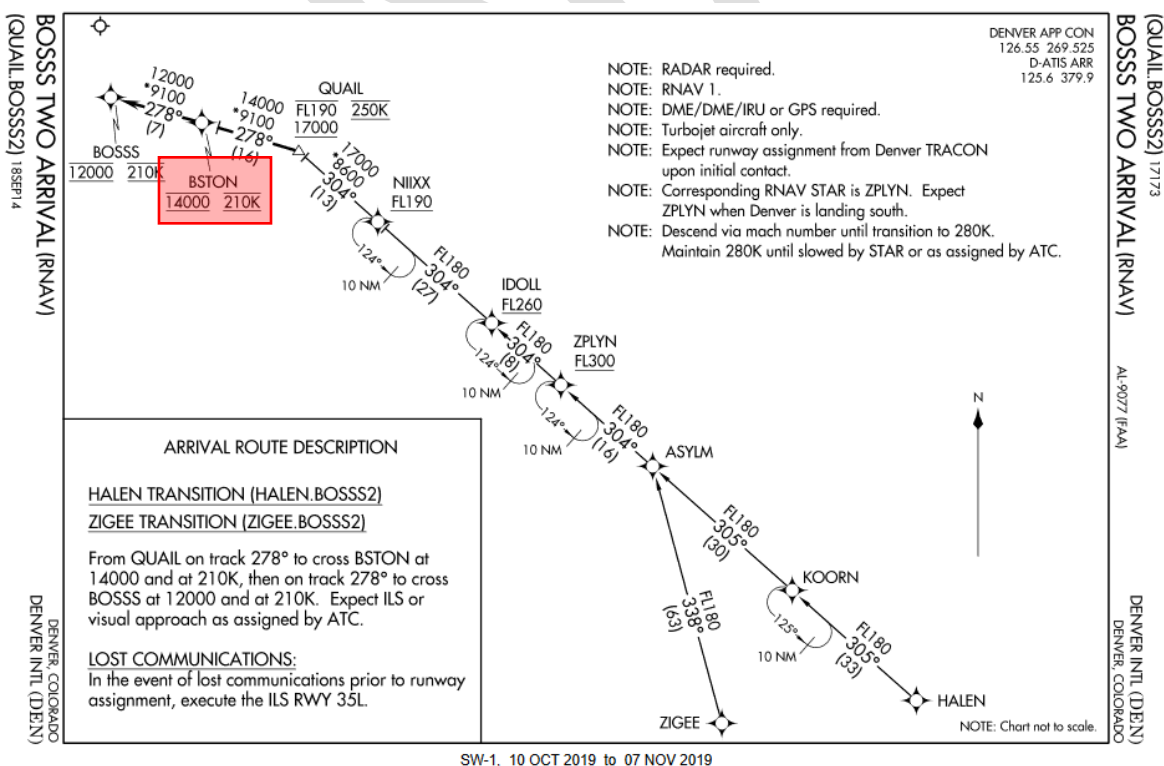
¹ Consider using 265 KIAS where heavy aircraft routinely exceed 250 KIAS under 14 CFR § 91.117.

² Airspeed restrictions may be established at a charted fix to reduce turn radius, avoid obstacles, accommodate ATC request, etc. Use the fewest number of restrictions possible on the same IFP. Especially avoid consecutive restrictions requiring speed changes of less than 20 KIAS in the same or adjoining segments. Flight Standards or military authority approval is required for missed approach restrictions for other than obstacle avoidance.

³ 250 at or above 10000 feet MSL except for initial and/or STAR termination fix.

⁴ 200 underlying Class B airspace per 14 CFR § 91.117(c).

Figure 2





Previously Approved

Federal Aviation Administration

Memorandum

Date: October 25, 2022
To: Tom Lattimer, FAA CSA OSG PBN Co-Lead
From: Mike McDonald, TCFW District Support Manager, Airspace and Procedures
Prepared by: William Roth, Senior ATC Specialist, NAVTAC Support
Subject: Letter of Approval Request BOOVE STAR, KDFW

The termination fix for the BOOVE Standard Terminal Arrival Route (STAR) is BEONE.

Currently, FAAO 8260.3D, PARA 2-2-7f(2) requires an altitude at the termination fix and that altitude must be at or above the minimum vectoring altitude (MVA) and/or minimum IFR altitude (MIA) (as applicable). The procedure is continuously radar monitored and 12,000' altitude assignments are issued based on conflicting departure traffic causing frequent TCAS RAs. In a six-month time frame, 72 TCAS RA events were recorded on the STARS and/or coincident departures. D10 chose to stop arrivals at 12,000' starting in July of 2020 and resolved all TCAS RA events due to climbing SID vs descending STAR traffic. This has created significant increase to workload and frequency clutter. The STAR serves multiple runways and manual control of the descent is required after DELMO, making a permanent altitude restriction at the Terminus Fix not feasible.

The procedure has an altitude of 12,000' at DELMO and this is above all obstacles and MVA/MIA's. FAAO 7110.65 PARA 4-5-6 and 5-6-1 requires altitude assignments above the minimum IFR altitude/minimum vectoring altitude (MIA/MVA) so the absence of an altitude does not introduce any new risk into the system. ZFW/D10 is requesting a Letter of Approval (LOA) to utilize BEONE (termination fix) for the BOOVE6 STAR without published or mandatory altitudes.

Sincerely,

MICHAEL D
MCDONALD

Digitally signed by

MICHAEL D
MCDONALD

Date: 2022.10.27

11:29:15 -05'00'

DME ESVs								
#	Name	Lat/Lon	MAGVAR	Range	Elevation [ft]	Frequency	Replaces	Status
1	ACT FAA 704207-100 ACT [IFPA]	N31° 39' 44.03", W097° 16' 08.45"	9.0 E	130	507.1	115.3	ACT FAA 704207-100	
ESV:		Bearing [True]: 248.0° to 256.0° Bearing [Mag]: 239.0° to 247.0°				Arc Distance: Out to 51.0 NM Altitude: 9900.0 to 15100.0 ft		
2	ACT FAA 704207-85 ACT [IFPA]	N31° 39' 44.03", W097° 16' 08.45"	9.0 E	130	507.1	115.3	ACT FAA 704207-85	
ESV:		Bearing [True]: 287.0° to 340.0° Bearing [Mag]: 278.0° to 331.0°				Arc Distance: Out to 87.0 NM Altitude: 5000.0 to 16000.0 ft		
3	AGJ FAA 767088-36 AGJ [IFPA]	N31° 11' 07.82", W098° 08' 30.69"	5.0 E	130	1190.8	112.5	AGJ FAA 767088-36	
ESV:		Bearing [True]: 315.0° to 17.0° Bearing [Mag]: 310.0° to 12.0°				Arc Distance: Out to 100.0 NM Altitude: 8200.0 to 20000.0 ft		
4	BWD FAA 212001-005 BWD [IFPA]	N31° 53' 33.30", W098° 57' 26.86"	8.0 E	40	1574.3	113.55	BWD FAA 212001-005	
ESV:		Bearing [True]: 291.0° to 302.0° Bearing [Mag]: 283.0° to 294.0°				Arc Distance: Out to 55.0 NM Altitude: 9900.0 to 19600.0 ft		
5	CQY FAA 941418-12 CQY [IFPA]	N32° 11' 08.60", W096° 13' 05.17"	6.0 E	40	400	114.8	CQY FAA 941418-12	
ESV:		Bearing [True]: 215.0° to 66.0° Bearing [Mag]: 209.0° to 60.0°				Arc Distance: Out to 78.0 NM Altitude: 2600.0 to 18000.0 ft		
6	MQP FAA 698238-72 MQP [IFPA]	N32° 43' 34.25", W097° 59' 50.79"	9.0 E	130	900	117.7	MQP FAA 698238-72	
ESV:		Bearing [True]: 113.0° to 266.0° Bearing [Mag]: 104.0° to 257.0°				Arc Distance: Out to 98.0 NM Altitude: 6000.0 to 16000.0 ft		
7	SJT FAA 704198-16 SJT [IFPA]	N31° 22' 29.84", W100° 27' 17.53"	10.0 E	130	1886.1	115.1	SJT FAA 704198-16	
ESV:		Bearing [True]: 22.0° to 45.0° Bearing [Mag]: 12.0° to 35.0°				Arc Distance: Out to 87.0 NM Altitude: 9900.0 to 18000.0 ft		
8	TPL FAA 882321-027 TPL [IFPA]	N31° 12' 33.61", W097° 25' 29.88"	0.0 E	40	710.2	null	TPL FAA 882321-027	
ESV:		Bearing [True]: 286.0° to 292.0° Bearing [Mag]: 286.0° to 292.0°				Arc Distance: Out to 43.0 NM Altitude: 9900.0 to 18800.0 ft		
9	TTT FAA 970053-42 TTT [IFPA]	N32° 52' 08.98", W097° 02' 25.81"	6.0 E	130	535.7	113.1	TTT FAA 970053-42	
Restriction:		Bearing [True]: 186.0° to 196.0° Bearing [Mag]: 180.0° to 190.0°				Distance: All Altitude: Below 99999.0 ft		
Restriction:		Bearing [True]: 186.0° to 196.0° Bearing [Mag]: 180.0° to 190.0°				Distance: Beyond 10.0 NM Altitude: Below 99999.0 ft		
ESV:		Bearing [True]: 209.0° to 233.0° Bearing [Mag]: 203.0° to 227.0°				Arc Distance: Out to 105.0 NM Altitude: 9000.0 to 20000.0 ft		
10	UKW FAA 170290-24 UKW [IFPA]	N33° 32' 09.19", W097° 49' 16.60"	6.0 E	130	1101.9	117.15	UKW FAA 170290-24	
ESV:		Bearing [True]: 139.0° to 262.0° Bearing [Mag]: 133.0° to 256.0°				Arc Distance: Out to 95.0 NM Altitude: 8200.0 to 16000.0 ft		