AERONAUTICAL CHARTING FORUM Charting Group Meeting 17-02 – October 25 - 27, 2017

RECOMMENDATION DOCUMENT

FAA Control # ACF-CG RD 17-02-319

Subject:

Addition of specifications for VFR and Visual Segments on Copter Approach & Departure Procedures

Background/Discussion:

There are currently copter procedures in the NAS that include both IFR and VFR or Visual Segments. Visual segments have been assessed for obstacles and are defined by a course that may be flown using the bearing & distance provided on the procedure source document. VFR segments have NOT been assessed for obstacles and the pilot is expected to make his way following VFR rules and avoiding obstacles. On the procedure source document, a bearing & distance is provided, but the intention is NOT for the pilot to fly this course. The two distinct types of segments should be shown in different ways on the charts so that there is no confusion.

Recommendations:

Add charting for Visual/VFR segments of copter procedures as follows:

1. Visual Flight Path

The visual flight path shall be shown by a heavy dashed line symbol as illustrated below.

\prec — — — Visual Flight Path

2. VFR Reference Bearing and Distance

The VFR segment on a copter procedure shall be shown by a thin solid line as illustrated:

275° Reference Bearing and (2.1) Distance - Copters only

Modify relevant chart legends as appropriate.

Comments:

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Date:	October 24, 2017

Attachment #1

Proposed STAR/DP Legend

LEGEND 00000

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LEGEND		
STANDARD TERMINAL ARRIVAL (STAR) CHARTS		
DEPARTURE PROCEDURE (DP) CHARTS		
Applies to both STAR and DP Charts unless otherwise noted. RADIO AIDS TO NAVIGATION ROUTES		
Compulsory:	4500 MEA-Minimum Enroute Altitude	
	*3500 MOCA-Minimum Obstruction Clearance Altitude	
VOR/DME TACAN NDB	270° Departure Route - Arrival Route (65) Mileage between Radio Aids, Reporting Points,	
	and Route Breaks	
Non-Compulsory:		
- Field NDB/DME	275° Reference Bearing and (2.1) Distance - Capters only	
VOR/DME TACAN	Visual Flight Path (DP)	
LIMM, LOM O LOC D LOC/DME	Lost Communications Track	
(Compass locator) (shown when installation is	V12 J80 Airway/Jet Route Identification	
Marker Beacon offset from its normal position off the end of the runway.) (DI	DP Holding Pattern STAR Holding Pattern	
Localizer Course	Holding pattern with max. restricted airspeed	
∑ SDF Course	(175K) applies to all altitudes (210K) applies to altitudes above 6000' to and including 14000'	
(T) indicates frequency protection range (Y) TACAN must be placed	SPECIAL USE AIRSPACE	
(STAR) Identifier In Y" mode to receive distance information	R-Restricted W-Warning R-352 P-Prohibited A-Alert	
Frequency ORIANDO	MOA-Military Operations Area	
112.25 (T) ORL /:=:. Chan 59 (Y) Geographic	ALTITUDES	
N28*32.56' W81*20.10' Position	5500 2300 4800	
Underline indicates L-19, H-5 DME or TACAN	Mandatory Altitude Minimum Altitude Maximum Altitude (Cross at) (Cross at or above) (Cross at or below)	
no voice transmitted Enroute Chart Channel on this frequency Reference		
C	15000 — Altitude change at other 12000 than Radio Aids (STAR)	
PRAYS Waypoint	Block Altitude	
N38*58.30' W89*51.50' Frequency 112.7_CAP 187.1°-56.2	INDICATED AIRSPEED	
590 Padial-Distance	175K 120K 250K	
Reference Facility (Facility to	Mandatory Minimum Maximum Airspeed Airspeed Airspeed	
Elevation Waypoint)	AIRPORTS	
FIXES/ATC REPORTING REQUIREMENTS Reporting Points		
N00°00.00' DME Mileage	-⇔ Civil © Military ⊕ Civil-Military	
W00°00.00' (when not obvious)	Airports not served by the procedure	
▲ Fix-Compulsory and △ Non-Compulsory Position Report	shown in screened color (STAR)	
DME fix	-Ģ- Civil ⊚ Military -Ģ- Joint Civil-Military	
	MISCELLANEOUS	
♦ WAYPOINT (Compulsory) ♦ WAYPOINT (Non-Compulsory)	Changeover Point	
	Distance not to scale (DP) International Boundary (DP)	
X Computer Navigation Fix (CNF)	Air Defense Identification Zone	
N00°00.00' W00°00.00'	Takeoff Minimums and (Obstacle) Departure Procedures entry published. (DP)	

LEGEND 00000

Attachment #2

Proposed Plainview Legend

LEGEND 00000 INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURES (CHARTS)		
PLANVIEW SYMBOLS		
TERMINAL ROUTES	RADIO AIDS TO NAVIGATION	
Procedure Track	110.1 Underline indicates No Voice transmitted on this frequency	
Missed Approach Procedure Turn (Type degree and point	Compulsory:	
Visual Flight Path of turn optional)	VOR VORTAC DME	
3100 NoPT 5.6 NM to GS Intept		
(14.2 to LOM) Minimum Altitude 2000	Non-Compulsory:	
155°		
Feeder Route (15.1) Mileage	VOR/DME TACAN	
HOLDING PATTERNS In lieu of HOLD 8000	< R > LOM/LMM (Compose locator at Outer Marker/Middle Marker)	
Missed Approach Procedure Turn Arrival	Marker Beacon	
³⁶⁰ ¹⁸⁰ ^(IAS) ^(IAS) ^(IAS) ^(IAS)	Marker beacons that are not specifically part of the procedure but underlie the final approach course are shown in screened color.	
Holding pattern with max. restricted airspeed: (175K) applies to all altitudes. (210K) applies to altitudes above 6000' to and	Right side shading- Front course: Left side shading- Back Course	
including 14000'. Arrival Holding Pattern altitude restrictions	SDF Course	
will be indicated when they deviate from the adjacent leg.	C LOC/DME	
Limits will only be specified when they deviate from the standard, DME fixes may be shown.	 LOC/LDA/SDF Transmitter (shown when installation is offset from its 	
FIXES/ATC REPORTING REQUIREMENTS	normal postion off the end of the runway.)	
Reporting Point	Waypoint Data Waypoint	
▲ Name (Compulsory) △ Name (Non-Compulsory)	Coordinates PRAYS Name	
WAYPOINT	Frequency 112.7 CAP 187.1°-56.2 Radial-Distance	
	Identifier Reference Facility (Facility to	
(Flyover POINT (Flyover)	Elevation Waypoint)	
Computer Navigation Fix (CNF) x (NAME) ("x [*] omitted when it conflicts with runway pattern)	Primary Navaid with Coordinate Values Secondary Navaid	
15 DME Distance AUSTN INT		
From Facility ARC/DME/RNAV Fix	114.5 LIM	
R-198 Radial line and value	S12°00.80' W77°07.00'	
LR-198 Lead Radial	(W// 0/.00)	
LB-198 Lead Bearing 198° Reference Bearing and	SCOT	
(2.5) Copters only	SKE - Paired Frequency	
ALTITUDES <u>3500</u> Mandatory Altitude 3000 Recommended Altitude	(112.2) Paired Frequency	
2500 Minimum Altitude 5000 Mandatory Block		
4300 Maximum Altitude 3000 Altitude		
INDICATED AIRSPEED		
<u>175K 120K</u> 250K 180K		
Mandatory Minimum Maximum Recommended Airspeed Airspeed Airspeed Airspeed		

LEGEND 00000

MEETING 17-02

Mike Webb, FAA/AFS-420 briefed the issue. Mike stated that in the near future numerous public-use Copter Departures will be published. In the process of developing charting specifications for these procedures, it was discovered that there are currently copter procedures published that have a Visual segment and there are some that have a VFR segment. These have always been depicted in the same manner on the charts, but they have major differences. Visual segments have been assessed for obstacles and are defined by a course that may be flown using the bearing and distance provided. VFR segments have not been assessed for obstacles, there is no specific route to fly, and the pilot is responsible for avoiding obstacles. Although a reference bearing and distance may be supplied for VFR segments, this is not a course the aircraft is intended to follow. It is recommended that a new charting specification be put into place for the two distinct types of segments. Mike would like input on the proposed depiction options.

Mike <u>displayed examples</u> of how the segments are shown today, and examples of his recommendations for the depiction of visual segments and VFR segments. He is recommending that for visual segments, the current depiction of the heavy dashed line should remain. For VFR segments, he proposed two different depictions. The first is a thin solid line with the reference bearing and distance included on the line (<u>Slides #8 and #9</u>). The second is with no line depicted but the inclusion of the reference bearing and distance information located in proximity to the landing point.

Pilots in the room concurred with depiction of the visual segment with the heavy dashed line.

In regard to the proposed depiction of VFR segments, Tim Long, NGA, commented that if you show a line on a chart with a bearing and distance, a pilot will fly that line. This is dangerous as the line is not intended to be the course the pilot is to follow. Rich Boll, NBAA, agreed. There was concurrence from the pilots in the room for not showing a line on VFR segments as it could easily be mistakenly interpreted as a course to fly. There was no voiced support for depiction of linework on VFR segments.

Mike stated that he will work with Valerie Watson, FAA/AJV-553, on the specification changes. He also said he would work on socializing this change with the helicopter community.

STATUS: OPEN

<u>ACTION</u>: Valerie Watson, FAA/AJV-553, will draft a specification change for the depiction of VFR segments without the reference bearing depicted as a line.

MEETING 18-01

Valerie Watson, FAA/AJV-553, reviewed this issue. Valerie said that proposed Interagency Air Committee (IAC) specifications documents supporting the ACF-approved clarification of the charting of VFR and Visual Segments on Copter Approaches and Departures have been vetted and approved by FAA/AFS-400. These documents are now in the IAC signature process and are due to be approved in the near future. Mike Webb, FAA/AFS-420, showed the audience the <u>chart examples of the changes</u>. There was consensus to close this item.

STATUS: CLOSE