



**Federal Aviation
Administration**

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SPECIFICATIONS

**FLIGHT INFORMATION PUBLICATION
CHART SUPPLEMENT - AIRPORT/
FACILITY DIRECTORY SECTION**

**IAC 8
18 January 2022**

Prepared by the Interagency Air Committee (IAC)

**UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SPECIFICATIONS
FOR THE
FLIGHT INFORMATION PUBLICATION CHART SUPPLEMENT - AIRPORT/FACILITY DI-
RECTORY SECTION**

18 January 2022

These specifications have been developed by the Interagency Air Committee (IAC), composed of representatives of the Department of Defense and the Federal Aviation Administration, for use in the preparation of the United States Government Flight Information Publication Chart Supplement - Airport/Facility Directory Section. These specifications shall be complied with, without deviation, until such time as they are amended by formal IAC action.

Changes to these specifications will be provided when necessitated by new requirements or through development action of the IAC.

Questions of interpretation that arise in the use of these specifications shall be referred to the Chair, Interagency Air Committee.

Page Intentionally Left Blank

CHANGES APPLIED TO MOST RECENT EDITION

REQUIREMENT DOCUMENTS

- a. RD 839 – Pavement Classification Rating (PCR)

EDITORIAL CHANGES

- a. EC 21-13 – Updated Fuel Types in Chart Supplement

CHANGES APPLIED 24 AUGUST 2021

REQUIREMENT DOCUMENTS

- a. RD 834 – New NAVAID SSVs in Chart Supplements

EDITORIAL CHANGES

- a. None applied in this edition

CHANGES APPLIED 24 AUGUST 2021

REQUIREMENT DOCUMENTS

- a. None applied in this edition

EDITORIAL CHANGES

- a. EC 21-06 – Removal of ARINC from Pacific Chart Supplement

CHANGES APPLIED 22 FEBRUARY 2021

REQUIREMENT DOCUMENTS

- a. RD 823 – Noise Abatement Entries in the Chart Supplement
- b. RD 825 – Removal of Q Route Information from the Chart Supplement
- c. RD 829 – Removal of Chart Bulletins from Chart Supplements

EDITORIAL CHANGES

- a. None applied in this edition

CHANGES APPLIED 27 JANUARY 2021**REQUIREMENT DOCUMENTS**

- a. RD 827 - Airport Name Standardization

EDITORIAL CHANGES

- a. None applied in this edition

CHANGES APPLIED 15 SEPTEMBER 2020**REQUIREMENT DOCUMENTS**

- a. RD 812 - Addition of PDC Communication
- b. RD 821 - Removal of FSDO Entries in the Chart Supplement
- c. RD 822 - FSS/RCO Emergency/Guard Frequencies

EDITORIAL CHANGES

- a. None applied in this edition

CHANGES APPLIED 11 FEBRUARY 2020**REQUIREMENT DOCUMENTS**

- a. RD 808 - Removal of TWEB from all aeronautical products
- b. RD 806 - Removal of HIWAS from all aeronautical products
- c. RD 793 - Modification of requirements for the charting of waterways, other than hard surface runways
- d. RD 790 - Removal of requirement to Chart Fences on Chart Supplement Sketches
- e. RD 770 - Charting MON Designated Airports

EDITORIAL CHANGES

- a. EC 19-07 - Revision to Water Runways specification
- b. EC 19-06 - Changes to Content Shown on Inside Back Cover (PIREP Form - U.S. & AK)
- c. EC 19-03 - Depiction of Approach Call Sign

AMENDMENT OF SPECIFICATIONS

1. PROCEDURE

- a. Recommendations for amendments to specifications from the Department of Defense shall be directed to:

National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency
7500 GEOINT Drive
Springfield, VA 22150-7500

- b. Recommendations for amendments to specifications from the Federal Aviation Administration shall be directed to:

Federal Aviation Administration /
Aeronautical Information Services
SSMC-4 Sta # 4445
1305 East-West Highway
Silver Spring, MD 20910

2. AMENDMENT SYSTEM

- a. Change to the specifications will be issued at the effective date of the latest Requirement Document (RD) and / or Editorial Change (EC).
- b. The Specification will be dated, indicated along the upper margin of each page, to reflect the most current change.

Page Intentionally Left Blank

TABLE OF CONTENTS**CHAPTER 1 – GENERAL**

1.1	PURPOSE AND SCOPE.....	1-1
1.1.1	General	1-1
1.1.2	Purpose	1-1
1.2	REQUIREMENTS	1-1
1.2.1	General	1-1
1.2.2	Color	1-1
1.2.3	Title.....	1-1
1.2.4	Area of Coverage.....	1-2
1.2.4.1	Chart Supplement Contents	1-2
1.2.4.2	Chart Supplement Volumes	1-2
1.2.5	Symbolization.....	1-2
1.2.5.1	General	1-2
1.2.5.2	Airport Sketches.....	1-3
1.2.5.3	Chart Supplement Pacific: Terminal Procedures	1-3
1.2.6	Type Styles	1-3
1.2.7	Abbreviations/Acronyms.....	1-3
1.2.8	Quality Standards	1-3
1.3	APPENDICES	1-4

CHAPTER 2 – LAYOUT AND FORMAT

2.1	General.....	2-1
2.2	SIZE AND DIMENSIONS.....	2-1
2.3	COVERS.....	2-1
2.3.1	Outside Front Cover	2-1
2.3.1.1	FAA Logo/Banner.....	2-1
2.3.1.2	Trademark Logo.....	2-1
2.3.1.3	Publication Title	2-2
2.3.1.4	Geographic Area Name.....	2-2
2.3.1.5	Effective Dates and Times	2-2
2.3.1.6	Coverage Area.....	2-2
2.3.1.7	Consult NOTAMs Note	2-2
2.3.1.8	Consult/Subscribe to FAA Safety Alerts and Charting Notices Note	2-2

2.3.1.9	Warning Note	2-2
2.3.1.10	IAC Credit Note	2-2
2.3.1.11	QR Code	2-2
2.3.1.12	Flags - Important Notices	2-2
2.3.2	Inside Front Cover	2-3
2.3.2.1	General Information	2-3
2.3.3	Inside Back Cover	2-3
2.3.3.1	Chart Supplement U.S. & Alaska	2-3
2.3.3.2	Chart Supplement Pacific	2-3
2.3.4	Outside Back Cover	2-3
2.3.4.1	Common Items - Applies to All Three Products	2-4
	Figure 2.1 Bar Codes	2-4
2.3.4.2	Chart Supplement U.S.	2-4
2.3.4.3	Chart Supplement Alaska and Chart Supplement Pacific	2-4
2.3.5	Spine	2-4
2.3.5.1	Abbreviated Chart Supplement Name	2-4
2.3.5.2	Two Letter Area Code (Postal Code) for Chart Supplement U.S.	2-4
2.3.5.3	Full Name Coverage - Alaska and Pacific Chart Supplements	2-4
2.3.5.4	Effective Dates	2-5
2.3.5.5	Read of Spine	2-5
2.3.5.6	Top Trim Edge	2-5
2.3.6	General Information - Table of Contents	2-5
2.3.6.1	Title	2-5
2.3.7	Cross Reference Listings	2-5
2.3.7.1	City/Military Airport Cross Reference	2-5
2.3.7.2	Seaplane Landing Listing	2-5
2.3.8	Abbreviations and Acronyms	2-5
2.4	TEXTUAL/TABULATED DATA	2-6
2.4.1	General Format	2-6
2.4.2	Page Heading Format	2-6
	Figure 2.2 Sample Page Heading	2-6
2.4.3	Airport/Facility Directory Entry Format	2-6
2.4.4	Borders and Specific Tabulations	2-6
2.5	Graphics Data	2-7
2.6	Page Numbers	2-7
2.7	Arrangement	2-7

2.7.1	Blank Pages	2-8
	Figure 2.3 Intentionally Left Blank	2-8
2.7.2	Lengthy Airport Entries.....	2-8
	Figure 2.4 Lengthy Airport Entry	2-8

CHAPTER 3 – CONTENT

3.1	Airport/Facility Directory (AFD)	3-1
3.1.1	Supplement Data Attributes	3-1
3.1.1.1	Communication Frequencies.....	3-1
3.1.1.2	Tabulated Data	3-1
3.1.1.3	Reporting Times.....	3-1
3.1.1.4	Communication Services	3-2
3.1.1.5	NAVAIDs	3-2
3.1.1.6	Bearings, Radials, Courses and Tracks	3-2
3.1.1.7	Mileages	3-2
3.1.1.8	Elevations.....	3-2
3.1.1.9	Runways Designators.....	3-2
3.1.1.10	Geographic Coordinates.....	3-2
3.1.2	Section 1 - Airport/Facility Directory Legend	3-3
3.1.2.1	Airport/Facility Directory Legend	3-3
3.1.2.2	Airport Sketches Legend.....	3-3
3.1.2.3	Selection Criteria Statement.....	3-3
3.1.2.4	Description of Data	3-3
	Figure 3.1 Description of Data Example	3-3
3.1.3	Section 2 - Airport/Facility Directory - Arrangement of Data	3-4
3.1.3.1	Layout and Format	3-4
3.1.3.2	Required Items	3-4
3.1.3.3	Weather Data, Communications, Airspace and NAVAIDs Remark(s)	3-5
	Figure 3.2 Weather Data, Communications, Airspace and NAVAIDs Remark(s)	3-5
3.1.3.4	Services, Airport, and Military Remarks	3-6
	Figure 3.3 Special Remarks	3-6
3.1.3.5	Specific Remarks	3-6
	Figure 3.4 Special Remarks	3-6
3.1.3.6	Descriptive Terms, Abbreviations, and Acronyms	3-6
	Table 3.1 Descriptive Terms Headings and Sub-headings.....	3-6
3.1.4	Section 2 - Airport/Facility Directory - Organization of Facilities	3-8
3.1.4.1	Airports	3-8
3.1.4.2	NAVAIDs	3-9

3.1.4.3	Remote Communications Outlets (RCO)	3-9
3.1.4.4	NAVAIDs, RCOs and AWOS/ASOS Facilities with the Same Name.....	3-10
3.1.5	Airport, Heliport and Seaplane Base entries	3-10
3.1.5.1	Primary Airport Data	3-10
	Figure 3.5 Alternate Names for Military Fields	3-10
	Figure 3.6 Operating Agency	3-11
3.1.5.2	Secondary Airport Data	3-11
	Figure 3.7 Enroute and Terminal Chart Listings	3-12
3.1.5.3	Runway Data.....	3-13
	Figure 3.8 Runway Designators	3-13
	Figure 3.9 Ultralight Runways	3-14
	Figure 3.10 Runway Weight Bearing Capacity Codes	3-15
	Figure 3.11 Pavement Classification Number/Pavement Classification Rating	3-16
	Figure 3.12 Runway Edge Lighting System Codes.....	3-17
	Figure 3.13 Non-standard Runway Lighting Systems.....	3-17
	Figure 3.14 Private Use Lighting.....	3-17
	Figure 3.15 Types of Lighting - Sample Entries	3-18
	Figure 3.16 Centerline Lights	3-18
	Figure 3.17 Approach Lighting System Codes.....	3-18
	Figure 3.18 Visual Glideslope Indicator Codes.....	3-19
	Figure 3.19 Approach Slope Angle and Threshold Crossing Height	3-19
	Figure 3.20 Runway Slope	3-20
	Figure 3.21 Runway Slopes Shorter than 8,000 feet	3-20
	Figure 3.22 Land and Hold-Short (LAHSO).....	3-20
	Figure 3.23 Runway Declared Distance Information	3-20
	Figure 3.24 Arresting Gear/System	3-21
	Figure 3.25 Arresting Gear/System - Limited Space Example	3-21
	Figure 3.26 Navy Directional Equipment.....	3-21
	Figure 3.27 Bi-directional Equipment	3-21
	Figure 3.28 Arresting Systems	3-21
3.1.5.4	Services	3-22
	Figure 3.29 Aircraft Rescue and Fire Fighting Example.....	3-22
	Figure 3.30 Lighting	3-22
	Figure 3.31 Arresting Gear Example.....	3-22
	Figure 3.32 Jet Aircraft Starting Unit Example.....	3-22
	Figure 3.33 Starter Probes Example	3-22
	Table 3.2 Fuel Code Table	3-23
	Figure 3.34 Military Contract Fuel.....	3-23
	Figure 3.35 Military Supplied Fuel Available at a Non-Military Airport	3-23
	Figure 3.36 Additional Fuels Not Available Through Military Contract	3-23
	Figure 3.37 Fuel Types Available - Contract and Non-Contract Means.....	3-23
	Figure 3.38 AVGAS Availability	3-24
	Figure 3.39 Fuel Notes - Civilian	3-24

	Figure 3.40	Fuel Notes - Civilian	3-24
	Table 3.3	Fluid Codes Table	3-24
	Table 3.4	Oil Codes Table	3-24
	Table 3.5	Oxygen Codes Table	3-25
	Table 3.6	Nitrogen Code Table	3-25
	Figure 3.41	Maintenance	3-25
	Table 3.7	Maintenance Codes	3-25
3.1.5.5	Noise		3-25
	Figure 3.42	Noise Abatement	3-25
3.1.5.6	Remarks		3-25
	Figure 3.43	Civil and Joint Civil/Military Airports	3-26
	Figure 3.44	Military Facilities	3-26
	Figure 3.45	Remarks Describing Occurrence of Defects, Correction of Defects	3-26
	Figure 3.46	TRAN ALERT Example	3-28
	Figure 3.47	Notice Example	3-28
3.1.5.7	Airport Manager		3-29
3.1.5.8	Weather Data		3-29
	Figure 3.48	Weather Data Abbreviations	3-29
	Figure 3.49	Weather Data	3-30
	Figure 3.50	Automated Weather Source Broadcast over a NAVAID	3-30
3.1.5.9	Communications		3-30
	Figure 3.51	CTAF, UNICOM, AUNICOM, ATIS, D-ATIS and PTD Frequencies	3-30
	Figure 3.52	FSS Telephone Numbers	3-31
	Figure 3.53	FSS Call Sign	3-31
	Figure 3.54	FSS Operating Hours	3-31
	Figure 3.55	Remote Communications Outlet	3-31
	Figure 3.56	Two Same Name RCOs with Same Associated Radio (FSS in AK)	3-32
	Figure 3.57	Communication Frequency Abbreviations	3-32
	Figure 3.58	Approach Control Data	3-32
	Figure 3.59	Departure Control Data	3-33
	Figure 3.60	Order of Frequencies	3-33
	Figure 3.61	Call Name	3-33
	Figure 3.62	Approach and Departure Information	3-33
	Figure 3.63	Air Traffic Control Facility (ARTCC)	3-33
	Figure 3.64	Part-Time Approach and/or Departure Control	3-33
	Figure 3.65	CPDLC - Controller Pilot Data Link Communications	3-34
3.1.5.10	Airspace		3-34
	Figure 3.66	Airspace	3-34
3.1.5.11	VOR Test Facility (VOTs)		3-34

3.1.5.12	Radio aids to Navigation (NAVAIDs).....	3-34
	Figure 3.67 VHF/DF Availability.....	3-35
	Figure 3.68 NAVAID DATA	3-35
	Figure 3.69 VOR/DME Example	3-35
	Figure 3.70 Channel Number and (Y) Suffix	3-36
	Figure 3.71 Geographic Coordinates	3-36
	Figure 3.72 NAVAID Remarks	3-37
	Figure 3.73 NAVAID Restriction.....	3-37
3.1.5.13	Instrument Approach Procedures.....	3-37
	Figure 3.74 Locator Outer Marker.....	3-38
	Figure 3.75 ASR Example.....	3-38
3.1.6	Airport Sketch	3-39
3.1.6.1	General	3-39
3.1.6.2	Scale	3-39
3.1.6.3	Sketch Orientation.....	3-39
3.1.6.4	Plotting of Information.....	3-39
3.1.6.5	Bearings/Radials	3-39
3.1.6.6	Textual or Type Data	3-39
3.1.6.7	Identification and Data Notes	3-39
3.1.6.8	Leader Lines.....	3-39
3.1.6.9	Placement of Type	3-39
3.1.6.10	Symbol Patterns	3-39
3.1.6.11	Drag Strips	3-40
3.1.6.12	Scale	3-40
3.1.6.13	Runway Patterns	3-40
3.1.6.14	Taxiways, Aprons, and Hardstands.....	3-41
3.1.6.15	Runway Dimensions	3-41
3.1.6.16	Runway Numbers.....	3-41
3.1.6.17	Helicopter Alighting Area.....	3-42
3.1.6.18	Approach Lighting Systems.....	3-42
3.1.6.19	Control Tower	3-42
3.1.6.20	Landing Direction Indicator.....	3-43
3.1.6.21	Obstructions	3-43
3.1.6.22	Radio Aids to Navigation (NAVAIDs).....	3-43
3.1.6.23	Base Information.....	3-43
3.2	Back matter Content	3-46
3.2.1	Section 3 - Notices.....	3-46
3.2.1.1	General Notices.....	3-46

3.2.1.2	Area Notices.....	3-46
3.2.1.3	Regulatory Notices.....	3-46
3.2.2	Section 4 - Associated Data.....	3-46
3.2.2.1	VOR Receiver Checkpoints & VOTs	3-46
3.2.2.2	ICAO International Phonetic Alphabet/Morse Code	3-47
3.2.2.3	List of Abbreviations	3-47
3.2.2.4	Frequency Pairings.....	3-47
3.2.2.5	FAA and NWS Informational Postings	3-47
3.2.2.6	MON Airport Listing	3-47
3.2.3	Section 5 - Procedures	3-47
3.2.4	Section 6 - Emergency Procedures.....	3-47
3.2.5	Section 7 - Airport Diagrams - U.S. and AK	3-47
3.2.6	Section 7 - Terminal Procedures - PAC	3-47
Appendix 1	Front Cover - Chart Supplement U.S.	A-1
Appendix 2	Front Cover - Chart Supplement Alaska	A-2
Appendix 3	Front Cover - Chart Supplement Pacific	A-3
Appendix 4	Inside Front Cover - Chart Supplement U.S.	A-4
Appendix 5	Inside Front Cover - Chart Supplement Alaska	A-5
Appendix 6	Inside Front Cover - Chart Supplement Pacific	A-6
Appendix 7	Inside Back Cover - Chart Supplement U.S. & Alaska.....	A-7
Appendix 8	Inside Back Cover - Chart Supplement Pacific.....	A-8
Appendix 9	Outside Back Cover - Chart Supplement U.S.	A-9
Appendix 10	Outside Back Cover - Chart Supplement Alaska	A-10
Appendix 11	Outside Back Cover - Chart Supplement Pacific	A-11
Appendix 12	Spines	A-12
Appendix 13	Table of Contents - Chart Supplement U.S.	A-13
Appendix 14	Table of Contents - Chart Supplement Alaska	A-14
Appendix 15	Table of Contents - Chart Supplement Pacific	A-15
Appendix 16	Section 1: A/FD Directory Legend Sample.....	A-16
Appendix 17	Section 1: A/FD Sketch Legend.....	A-17
Appendix 18	Section 2: A/FD Directory.....	A-18

CHAPTER 1 GENERAL

1.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

1.1.1 General

These specifications provide basic criteria and guidance for the production of the United States Government Flight Information Publication Chart Supplements.

The Chart Supplement is designed to satisfy validated Department of Defence (DoD) and civil user requirements for Instrument Flight Rules (IFR) and Visual Flight Rules (VFR) flight data. It is distributed and used as a companion product to US Government Enroute and VFR Charts and/or the Flight Information Handbook (FIH). It is used by DoD aircrews and civil pilots planning for and engaging in all phases of air navigation.

This specification outlines items that shall be published in the supplement. Other than the directory legend, selected notices, ARTCC, FSS/RCO, routes and supplemental communications content of the supplement will be limited to data required for the specific geographic areas covered by the supplement.

1.1.2 Purpose

The purpose of these specifications is to provide appropriate guidelines to ensure uniformity and standardization of content and portrayal of airport and facility data published in the supplements.

1.2 REQUIREMENTS

1.2.1 General

The supplements are bound booklets containing aeronautical information in textual, tabulated or graphic formats. Format chosen for any particular item of data varies according to the nature of the information.

1.2.2 Color

The supplements shall be printed in black. Instrument Approach Procedure Charts will be printed in accordance with IAC 4, Instrument Approach Procedures (IAPs) and Airport Diagrams or DoD PS/1FA/04-91. Various screens and percentages of color, as specified, shall be used to obtain a suitable contrast. All information, both textual and graphic, will be in solid colors unless otherwise specified.

1.2.3 Title

The title of the United States Government Flight Information Publication Chart Supplement shall be:

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT FLIGHT INFORMATION PUBLI-
CATION

CHART SUPPLEMENT
(Specific Geographic Area Name)

1.2.4 Area of Coverage

Each supplement shall contain required information appropriate to a specific geographic area of coverage. The contents of each supplement will be as outlined in this specification.

1.2.4.1 Chart Supplement Contents

The Chart Supplement contains aeronautical data required to support flight operations within the United States and its territories. The following additional selected data shall also be included:

- a. Facilities in Canada that fall within Alaska Enroute Chart parameters and meet Alaska Enroute Charting requirements will be included in the Alaska Supplement;
- b. Other facilities in Canada will be included in the appropriate supplement when requested by the appropriate authority;
- c. The Pacific Supplement contains ATC procedures and terminal SID, STAR and IAP charts applicable to that area.

1.2.4.2 Chart Supplement Volumes

Chart Supplement volumes shall be titled as follows and shall contain the states listed below:

- a. Northeast U.S. - Connecticut, Delaware, District of Columbia, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, Virginia, and West Virginia.
- b. Southeast U.S. - Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, North Carolina, Puerto Rico, South Carolina, Tennessee, and the Virgin Islands.
- c. East Central U.S. - Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, and Wisconsin.
- d. Northwest U.S. - Idaho, Montana, Oregon, Washington, and Wyoming, and selected Canadian facilities as requested.
- e. North Central U.S. - Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, and South Dakota.
- f. South Central U.S. - Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Oklahoma, and Texas.
- g. Southwest U.S. - Arizona, California, Colorado, Nevada, New Mexico, and Utah.
- h. Alaska U.S. - Alaska and selected Canadian facilities as requested.
- i. Pacific - Hawaii, Pacific Islands.

1.2.5 Symbolization

1.2.5.1 General

The symbols contained in this manual have been developed for use in the production of U.S. Government aeronautical charts and publications. These symbols have been developed through the United States Government Interagency Air Committee (IAC), and their supporting technical groups, for the purpose of standardization of the aeronautical symbols portrayed on charts and publications used by both military and civil aviation.

1.2.5.2 Airport Sketches

Symbolization used in the preparation of the Airport Sketch shall be in accordance with the Aeronautical Information/Chart Symbols included herein and in the appendices.

- Graphics contained in the supplement may utilize symbology defined in IAC 2, Sectional Aeronautical and VFR Terminal Area Charts.
- Landmarks can be depicted pictorially, as required.
- Symbology used in the preparation of the Airport Diagrams shall be in accordance with IAC 4, Instrument Approach Procedures (IAPs) and Airport Diagrams or DoD PS/1FA/04-91.

1.2.5.3 Chart Supplement Pacific: Terminal Procedures

Departures, Arrivals, and SIAPs published in the Pacific Supplement utilize existing specifications and symbolization documented in

- IAC 4, Instrument Approach Procedures (IAPs) and Airport Diagrams,
- IAC 7, Graphic Instrument Departure Procedure (DP) Charts, and
- IAC 14, Standard Terminal Arrival (STAR) Charts and
- IAC 17, Terminal Procedures Publication (TPP),
- DoD PS/1FA/04-91.

1.2.6 Type Styles

Unless otherwise specified, the type style shall be News Gothic BT and News Gothic Condensed BT, or as depicted in the various appendices.

When the use of equivalent type styles is necessary, printed characters shall be such as to equal the height, width and line weight of the specified type as determined by the naked eye.

1.2.7 Abbreviations/Acronyms

Abbreviations and acronyms should conform to ICAO standards when feasible. When no ICAO abbreviation exists, the FAA abbreviation will be used. If no FAA abbreviation exists, the DoD abbreviation will be used.

1.2.8 Quality Standards

The highest standards of accuracy and currency of information shall be maintained. Final product quality shall be achieved by conformance to these specifications, to other appropriate operating procedures and to the in-process quality control system designed for this product.

Although the digital chart files are compiled in accordance with these specifications, the final product may vary slightly in appearance due to differences in printing techniques/processes and/or digital display technique.

1.3 APPENDICES

The appendices included within these specifications are for use as general guides in layout, format and content. They do not necessarily reflect all possible operational content.

References:

- Appendix 1** - Front Cover - Chart Supplement U.S.
- Appendix 2** - Front Cover - Chart Supplement Alaska
- Appendix 3** - Front Cover - Chart Supplement Pacific
- Appendix 4** - Inside Front Cover - Chart Supplement U.S.
- Appendix 5** - Inside Front Cover - Chart Supplement Alaska
- Appendix 6** - Inside Front Cover - Chart Supplement Pacific
- Appendix 7** - Inside Back Cover - Chart Supplement U.S. & Alaska
- Appendix 8** - Inside Back Cover - Chart Supplement Pacific
- Appendix 9** - Outside Back Cover - Chart Supplement U.S.
- Appendix 10** - Outside Back Cover - Chart Supplement Alaska
- Appendix 11** - Outside Back Cover - Chart Supplement Pacific
- Appendix 12** - Spines
- Appendix 13** - Table of Contents - Chart Supplement U.S.
- Appendix 14** - Table of Contents - Chart Supplement Alaska
- Appendix 15** - Table of Contents - Chart Supplement Pacific
- Appendix 16** - Section 1: A/FD Directory Legend Sample
- Appendix 17** - Section 1: A/FD Sketch Legend
- Appendix 18** - Section 2: A/FD Directory

CHAPTER 2 LAYOUT AND FORMAT

2.1 GENERAL

Unless otherwise specified, textual, tabulated, and graphic data shall be positioned so as to read perpendicular to the bound edge. Page-size graphics may be positioned with the top or bottom at the bound edge if the east-west dimensions are greater than north-south. The bottom of the graphic will be at the bound edge on even-numbered pages, and the top of the graphic will be at the bound edge on odd-numbered pages.

Each Section will begin at the top of a new page.

Each item of information has its own basic layout and format and is discussed under the subject heading for the specific data.

Separation between Airport/Facility entries will be solid or dash line. A solid ruled line, extending across the width of the page, will be used between entries with differing associated cities. A dashed ruled line, extending across the width of the page, will be used between entries that have the same associated city.

2.2 SIZE AND DIMENSIONS

The trim size of the Supplement shall measure 5 3/8" x 8 1/4". The page limitation shall measure 4 3/4" x 7 3/4".

2.3 COVERS

2.3.1 Outside Front Cover

The outside front cover color, font style, size, color and position shall be as indicated in the following Appendices:

- [Appendix 1](#) - Front Cover - Chart Supplement U.S.
- [Appendix 2](#) - Front Cover - Chart Supplement Alaska
- [Appendix 3](#) - Front Cover - Chart Supplement Pacific

2.3.1.1 **FAA Logo/Banner**

The FAA logo/banner shall be shown in white type on a blue background strip located at the top of the cover as indicated in appendices.

2.3.1.2 **Trademark Logo**

The trademark symbol (TM) shall be shown in knock-out white type screen as indicated in the appendices.

2.3.1.3 Publication Title**2.3.1.4 Geographic Area Name****2.3.1.5 Effective Dates and Times**

The dates on the cover shall reflect the effective Z (Zulu) time and date, and the expiration Z time and date of the aeronautical data. Dates shown shall consist of the day, month, and year; e.g Effective 0901Z8 JAN 2015. Names and months shall be abbreviated to the first three letters as appropriate.

2.3.1.6 Coverage Area

The area of coverage applicable to each volume shall be shown in blue. State boundaries in the contiguous U.S. will be depicted in green. Identification text in white. The Chart Supplement Alaska will show a graphic of the state of Alaska in Blue with identification text in white. The Chart Supplement Pacific will show a graphic of the earth in blue and white. See Appendices for examples.

2.3.1.7 Consult NOTAMs Note

The note “Consult NOTAMs for latest information” note shall be shown as indicated in the Appendices.

2.3.1.8 Consult/Subscribe to FAA Safety Alerts and Charting Notices Note

The note “Consult/Subscribe to FAA Safety Alerts and Charting Notices at: *(link to current Safety Alerts and Charting Notices website here)*” note shall be shown below the Consult NOTAMs note.

2.3.1.9 Warning Note

The note “Warning: Refer to current foreign chart and flight information publications for information within foreign airspace” will be shown below the Consult/Subscribe to FAA Safety Alerts and Charting Notices Note.

2.3.1.10 IAC Credit Note

The following Interagency Air Committee (IAC) credit note shall be shown, positioned .25" above the lower trim edge as indicated in appendices. Type size and style shall be 8 pt. Arial Bold (upper/lower case). “Published from digital files compiled in accordance with Interagency Air Committee specifications and agreements approved by Department of Defense • Federal Aviation Administration”

2.3.1.11 QR Code

The QR Code shall be positioned on the title panel.

2.3.1.12 Flags - Important Notices

Important notices may be flagged on the front cover positioned below the publication title as space permits. Type size and style shall be 8 pt. Arial Bold (upper/lower case).

2.3.2 Inside Front Cover

References:

[Appendix 4](#) - Inside Front Cover - Chart Supplement U.S.

[Appendix 5](#) - Inside Front Cover - Chart Supplement Alaska

[Appendix 6](#) - Inside Front Cover - Chart Supplement Pacific

2.3.2.1 General Information

The title “GENERAL INFORMATION”, will begin on the inside front cover and continue to the succeeding pages as necessary. The inside front cover will consist of the following:

1. An introductory paragraph containing general descriptive statements concerning the publishing and distributing agency, a general descriptive statement as to the contents and purpose of the publication, and other information as required.
2. The following information shall also be published under the heading “CORRECTIONS, COMMENTS, AND/OR PROCUREMENT”:
3. Critical information note/s;
4. Contact information for submitting data corrections;
5. Publication schedule, including cut-off dates for submission of information and any pertinent notes;
6. Contact information for submitting charting comments;
7. A note directing users to visit the web site for frequently asked questions;
8. Procurement contact information;
9. A note indicating that these supplements are part of the U.S. Aeronautical Information Publication.

2.3.3 Inside Back Cover

2.3.3.1 Chart Supplement U.S. & Alaska

The PIREP form and encoding instruction pages will be located on the inside back cover and the facing page (form on inside back cover, guidance on preceding page).

References:

[Appendix 7](#) - Inside Back Cover - Chart Supplement U.S. & Alaska

2.3.3.2 Chart Supplement Pacific

The inside back cover shall contain the Instrument Takeoff or Approach Procedures Chart Rate of Climb/Descent Table.

References:

[Appendix 8](#) - Inside Back Cover - Chart Supplement Pacific

2.3.4 Outside Back Cover

References:

[Appendix 9](#) - Outside Back Cover - Chart Supplement U.S.

[Appendix 10](#) - Outside Back Cover - Chart Supplement Alaska

[Appendix 11](#) - Outside Back Cover - Chart Supplement Pacific

2.3.4.1 Common Items - Applies to All Three Products

2.3.4.1.1 Bar Codes

Bar code information and associated text shall be positioned at the bottom right as shown in Appendices. Bar codes shall be depicted for the National Stock Number and the Effective Julian Date. The National Stock Number (NSN), the NGA Reference number and the effective date (Julian) will also be shown textually. Font and type size as shown in the appendices. The FAA Product ID shall be shown above the NSN bar code. The branding approval code will be shown below the NGA Ref. No.

Figure 2.1 Bar Codes



2.3.4.2 Chart Supplement U.S.

2.3.4.2.1 Area of Coverage

The Outside Back Cover shall show an “AREA OF COVERAGE” graphic depicting the boundaries of each volume. Each volume area shall be identified by volume name, in 8 pt Arial (Caps). Each state shall be identified with the individual two letter Post Office code in 6 pt. Arial (Caps). The area of coverage for the volume will be shown with states shaded in a blue color with knock-out white type.

2.3.4.3 Chart Supplement Alaska and Chart Supplement Pacific

The Alaska and Pacific outside back cover shall contain the IFR and VFR Position Reporting, Change in Flight Plan and Flight Plan Filing procedures. The font style Arial, type size shall be 10 pt (caps) for the title and 6 pt (caps and lowercase) for the remaining text.

2.3.5 Spine

The spine shall contain the following:

References:

[Appendix 12](#) - Spines

2.3.5.1 Abbreviated Chart Supplement Name

Two or three-letter abbreviated supplement name.

2.3.5.2 Two Letter Area Code (Postal Code) for Chart Supplement U.S.

Alphabetized coverage using two letter post office code negative 18 point type (caps) on black background.

2.3.5.3 Full Name Coverage - Alaska and Pacific Chart Supplements

Full name coverage in negative 18 point type (caps) on black background for Alaska and Pacific Chart Supplements.

2.3.5.4 Effective Dates

The effective dates of the volume in 10 point type (caps).

2.3.5.5 Read of Spine

The spine shall read from left to right with the front cover facing up

2.3.5.6 Top Trim Edge

The top trim edge shall identify the publication and volume, e.g. AFD NE, PCS, ACS. This identifier gets stamped onto the books by the printing contractor

2.3.6 General Information - Table of Contents

The Table of Contents page immediately follows “GENERAL INFORMATION” (inside front cover) at the top of the next page.

2.3.6.1 Title

The title “TABLE OF CONTENTS” in 8 point bold type (caps) followed by the contents in 8 point type.

References:

[Appendix 13](#) - Table of Contents - Chart Supplement U.S.

[Appendix 14](#) - Table of Contents - Chart Supplement Alaska

[Appendix 15](#) - Table of Contents - Chart Supplement Pacific

2.3.7 Cross Reference Listings

Cross reference listings of military airports, and seaplane bases shall immediately follow the TOC page.

The listings shall be columnized listings alphabetical by facility name followed by abbreviated state name (or if in a foreign area, the abbreviated country name) and the city name.

2.3.7.1 City/Military Airport Cross Reference

Military airports shall be listed alphabetically by facility name for all Military or joint-use Military/Civilian airports contained in the supplement.

2.3.7.2 Seaplane Landing Listing

Seaplane Landing Listing shall consist of columnized listing alphabetical by facility name of all seaplane landing areas/waterways contained in the supplement.

A descriptive write-up shall precede the columnized listing.

2.3.8 Abbreviations and Acronyms

The abbreviations section will immediately follow after the Cross Reference listings. Abbreviations and acronyms shall conform to ICAO standards when feasible. When no ICAO abbreviation exists, the FAA abbreviation will be used. If no FAA abbreviation exists, the DoD abbreviation will be used. All abbreviations/acronyms used in the Supplements must appear in Section A of that Supplement.

Abbreviations/acronyms shall be used in Section 2: Airport Facility Directory except on those occasions where misinterpretation or confusion would result by such usage. The use of abbreviations/acronyms in Sections A, C, D and E are discouraged; however, common abbreviations/acronyms should continue to be used; e.g., ADIZ, ICAO, IFR, FL.

Landing facility (Airport, Heliport, Seaplane Base, etc.) names shall be extracted verbatim from the authoritative database and will not be further abbreviated.

Abbreviations listed represent grammatical variations of the basic word. An “s” will not be added to pluralize an abbreviation; e.g., hr may mean hour, hours; req may mean request, requesting, requested or requests.

The abbreviation “OPS” shall be construed to mean part of a specific call sign, e.g., HICK OPS or as used in Base OPS. The abbreviation “opr” is intended to represent the grammatical variations of operate including operations, operational, operator, e.g., C-130 opr restricted to Rwy 09L-27R.

2.4 TEXTUAL/TABULATED DATA

2.4.1 General Format

Unless otherwise specified, all data shall be set flush left using 6 pt type News Gothic BT (caps and lowercase). Emphasis of words, phrases, or sentences shall be accomplished by using 6 pt News Gothic BT type (caps). Type for headings, sub-headings and paragraph numbers shall be of an appropriate size and style for visual distinction.

2.4.2 Page Heading Format

Page headings shall be shown in 10 pt News Gothic Condensed BT Bold text, centered at top of page and will indicate the section number and section title.

Figure 2.2 Sample Page Heading
SECTION 1: AIRPORT/FACILITY DIRECTORY LEGEND

2.4.3 Airport/Facility Directory Entry Format

1. The heading and individual city name shall be in 10 pt News Gothic Condensed BT Bold type (caps).
2. The facility title name(s) shall be in 8 pt News Gothic Condensed BT Bold type (caps).
3. Type size for major data groupings, e.g., SERVICE, REMARKS, etc., shall be 6 pt News Gothic Condensed BT Bold (caps).
4. Other sub-heading identification shall be 6 News Gothic Condensed BT Bold point (caps) and indented.

2.4.4 Borders and Specific Tabulations

Borders around specific tabulations, vertical and/or horizontal separation lines shall be of a size or line weight that reflects good graphic practice.

2.5 GRAPHICS DATA

It is the responsibility of the compiling agency to evaluate each individual requirement and portray required data in accordance with good graphic/cartographic practice. Symbols used shall be standard IAC approved symbols or as submitted by approving authority, and reduced in size if necessary. Line weights and type shall be of a size commensurate with the scale or size of the graphic.

2.6 PAGE NUMBERS

Front and back covers (inside and outside) shall not be numbered.

Odd-numbered pages shall be identified by page number, positioned in the upper right hand corner of the page. Even-numbered pages shall be identified by page number, positioned in the upper left corner of the page.

Type for page numbers shall be 10 point News Gothic Condensed BT Bold (caps).

The Chart Supplement Pacific will contain a section of Terminal Procedures. This section will follow the specifications for page numbering as described in IAC 17 - Flight Information Publication Terminal Procedures Publication.

2.7 ARRANGEMENT

The Supplement will be divided into sections of information published in the following sequence:

Outside Front Cover	
Inside Front Cover	General Information
Table of Contents	
Abbreviations	
Section 1	Airport/Facility Directory Legend
Section 2	Airport/Facility Directory
Section 3	Notices
Section 4	Associated Data
Section 5	Procedures
Section 6	Emergency Procedures
Section 7	Airport Diagrams Terminal Procedures (PAC)
Inside Back Cover	PIREP (U.S. Chart Supplement and AK) Climb-Descent Table (PAC)
Outside Back Cover	Locator Map (U.S. Chart Supplement) Position Reports/Flight Plans (PAC and AK)

Data within individual sections of the Supplement shall be arranged, unless otherwise specified, in the same sequence as mentioned within this specification.

2.7.1 Blank Pages

The layout of this publication may require the insertion of blank pages to complete a signature, to ensure that a graphic and its associated descriptive text are on facing pages, or to start a section on an odd-numbered page. All blank pages will be numbered and identified by the following note centered in 10 pt type (caps):

Figure 2.3 Intentionally Left Blank

INTENTIONALLY

LEFT

BLANK

2.7.2 Lengthy Airport Entries

Airport/Facility entries may be continued on the next page provided a major grouping (SERVICES, REMARKS, etc.) is completed at the bottom of the first page and a new major grouping begins at the top of the succeeding page. A note will be added indicating ‘CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE’ and ‘CONTINUED FROM PRECEDING PAGE’ centered in 10 point type (caps) bold.

Figure 2.4 Lengthy Airport Entry

MILITARY REMARKS: ANG Ang ramp official business only; PPR—V966–8131. Birds invof arpt. BASH Phase II Apr–May and Aug–Oct; current Bird Watch cond not on ATIS. Transient acft rqr follow me assist entering ANG ramp. PPR 24 hr PN rqr; offl bus only. Ctc ramp control 121.8 for entry on ANG ramp. ANG freqs 138.95, 353.45. Aft hr ctc Command Post—DSN 726–7148; C901–291–7311/7312 or security forces—DSN 726–7101; C901–291–7101/7133. PPR DSN 726–7131/7505, C901–291–7131/7505. Mil ramp ops 1230–0430Z† Mon–Fri; clsd altn Mon and hol. Mil ramp clsd outside of pub HR without OG/CC apvl DSN 726–7557, C901–291–7557. Tnst acft maint not avbl. Refuel svc for otr than C17 acft rqr qualified crew chief or crewmembers. Non–C17 acft support prvdd by contract FBO on fld. Security avbl 24 hrs, DSN 726–7101, C901–291–7101. Comd Post DSN 726–7148/7311/7312, C901–291–7148/7311/7312. Opr 1230–0430Z† Mon–Fri, clsd altn Mon and hol due to altn work sched. Afld mgr does not issue or store COMSEC for tran crews. Tmpy stor of classified materials up to TOP SECRET at Comd Post. ATIS info reports bird activity H24 in area. Mil ramp ops at reduced ARFF, downgraded to yellow.

CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE

SE, 22 APR 2021 to 17 JUN 2021

TENNESSEE

417

CONTINUED FROM PRECEDING PAGE

AIRPORT MANAGER: 901-922-8000

WEATHER DATA SOURCES: ASOS 127.75 (901) 842–8483. TDWR.

COMMUNICATIONS: D–ATIS 127.75 UNICOM 122.95

RCO 122.2 (JACKSON RADIO)

® APP CON 119.1 (176°–355°) 125.8 (356°–175°)

TOWER 118.3 (Rwy 09–27) 119.7 (Rwy 18C–36C, Rwy 18L–36R) 128.425 (Rwy 18R–36L)

GND CON 121.0 (Rwy 09–27) 121.65 (Rwy 18R–36L) 121.9 (Rwy 18C–36C, Rwy 18L–36R) CLNC DEL 125.2

® DEP CON 124.15 (356°–175°) 124.65 (176°–355°)

CPDLC (LOGON KUSA)

PDC

CHAPTER 3 CONTENT

3.1 AIRPORT/FACILITY DIRECTORY (AFD)

The Supplement shall contain an Airport/Facility Directory and supplementary textual, tabulated, and graphic data, as required, to support flight operations. Data published will be for use in conjunction with US Government Enroute and Visual Charts and the Flight Information Handbook.

Remarks in the Airport/Facility Directory (Section 2) shall not include pilot instruction or procedural information.

3.1.1 Supplement Data Attributes

The Supplement shall contain data attributes, which unless otherwise specified, shall be published as follows:

3.1.1.1 **Communication Frequencies**

Frequencies will be grouped in the following order: VHF, UHF, HF, LF/MF. Within each grouping individual frequencies will be listed in ascending order.

Primary frequencies in each group will be listed first, followed by secondary frequencies.

3.1.1.1.1 **Emergency Frequencies**

Emergency VHF (121.5) and UHF (243.0) frequencies are normally available at all facilities and will not be listed. If not available it will be noted as a remark.

3.1.1.1.2 **‘On Request’, ‘Receive Only’ and/or ‘Transmit Only’ Frequencies**

Frequencies which are ‘On Request’, ‘Receive Only’, and/or ‘Transmit Only’ shall be symbolized by the letter ‘X’ (on request), ‘R’ (receive only), ‘T’ (transmit only), following the frequency.

3.1.1.1.3 **Frequency Sectors**

Frequency sectors are indicated by outbound radials and are shown in parentheses after the frequency.

3.1.1.2 **Tabulated Data**

Tabulated data shall have column headings on each page where the data appears.

3.1.1.3 **Reporting Times**

Reporting of Times shall be published as follows:

- All times will be Coordinated Universal Time (UTC).
- Standard time converted to UTC shall be shown, e.g., 1500-0600Z.
- The symbol (‡) will be shown following all UTC (Z) time affected by daylight saving time. Winter operating hours will be used as primary times.
- If the state or country observes daylight savings time and the operating times are other than those daylight savings times specified, the operating hours will include the dates and no ‡ symbol will be shown; e.g., 0630-1700Z Apr 15-Aug 31, 0630-1700Z Sep 1–Apr 14).

Airports operate continuously unless otherwise specified.

3.1.1.4 Communication Services

Communications Services (ATIS, PTD, APP/DEP, TWR, A/G, etc.) operate continuously unless otherwise specified.

3.1.1.5 NAVAIDS

NAVAIDS operate and are monitored continuously unless otherwise specified.

3.1.1.6 Bearings, Radials, Courses and Tracks

All bearings, radials, courses, and tracks shall be magnetic and shown as a three-digit number (e.g., 001 to 360).

3.1.1.7 Mileages

All mileages shown shall be nautical miles unless otherwise specified.

3.1.1.8 Elevations

All elevations shall be in feet above/below Mean Sea Level (MSL) unless otherwise indicated. When the elevation is “Sea Level” it shall be shown as “00”. When the elevation is “Below Sea Level” it shall be prefixed by a minus sign (-).

3.1.1.9 Runways Designators

All runway designators shall be shown using a two-digit number. Parallel runways shall be further identified by L, C, or R, i.e., Runway 09R, Runway 20L. Reciprocal runway headings shall be shown together separated by a dash, e.g., Runway 07-25. Assault strips (landing zone) designators shall be expressed in three digits.

3.1.1.10 Geographic Coordinates

Geographic coordinates shall be shown as hemisphere, degrees, minutes, hundredths-of-minutes, e.g., N42°20.25' W102°24.57'.

Published positions shall be compatible with the World Geodetic System 1984 (WGS 84).

3.1.2 Section 1 - Airport/Facility Directory Legend

References:

Appendix 16 - Section 1: A/FD Directory Legend Sample

3.1.2.1 **Airport/Facility Directory Legend**

The legend shall be representative of items found within the directory. The legend shall include a sample pictorial type depiction of an airport entry, with data keyed by sequenced circled numbers to detail the location and nature of the data tabulated within the directory. In addition, the following statements shall be shown:

- a. All bearings, radials, courses, and tracks are magnetic.
- b. All mileages are nautical miles (NM) unless otherwise noted.
- c. All times are Coordinated Universal Time (UTC) except as noted.
- d. All elevations are in feet above/below Mean Sea Level (MSL) unless otherwise noted.
- e. The horizontal reference datum of this publication is North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), which for charting purposes is considered equivalent to World Geodetic System 1984 (WGS 84).

3.1.2.2 **Airport Sketches Legend**

The Airport Sketches Legend will reflect items used in an airport sketch that are not self-explanatory.

References:

Appendix 17 - Section 1: A/FD Sketch Legend

3.1.2.3 **Selection Criteria Statement**

Immediately following the sketch legend example, and preceding explanations of sample data, will be a statement explaining the selection criteria for the airports published in the supplement.

3.1.2.4 **Description of Data**

A brief description of data contained within the Airport/Facility Directory will be shown following the sketch legend sample listings. Explanations shall be arranged in the same sequence in which the data appears in the directory tabulation. Explanation of data shall be keyed by sequenced bold circled numbers to data portrayed in the sample directory entries; e.g.:

Figure 3.1 Description of Data Example

⑪ ELEVATION

The highest point of an airport's usable runways measured in feet from mean sea level. When elevation is sea level it will be indicated as "00". When elevation is below sea level a minus " -" sign will precede the figure.

3.1.3 Section 2 - Airport/Facility Directory - Arrangement of Data

The directory shall be an arrangement of data related to airports, heliports, seaplane landing areas, air traffic control, air traffic service facilities, communication stations, and NAVAIDs falling within the area of coverage of the publication. Refer to Appendices for a sample airport directory.

References:

Appendix 16 - Section 1: A/FD Directory Legend Sample

Appendix 17 - Section 1: A/FD Sketch Legend

Appendix 18 - Section 2: A/FD Directory

3.1.3.1 Layout and Format

The format of the Airport/Facility Directory is an alphabetical listing of individual entries, each entry being a flexible arrangement or grouping of data for an individual airport or facility. The flexibility of a data-grouping format is aimed at achieving the best possible utilization of space within a given area on a page. Listings will be organized by state within each Chart Supplement volume. Facilities listed within each state will be alphabetized by associated city and then by facility name. In the Chart Supplement Alaska, Canadian data will be listed following the U.S. data.

3.1.3.2 Required Items

The required items includes the following:

1. Associated City,
2. Facility Name,
3. Alternate Name,
4. Location Identifier,
5. ICAO Location Indicator,
6. Airport Operating Agency,
7. Tenant Units,
8. Airport Location,
9. Time Conversion,
10. Geographic Location,
11. Airport Elevation,
12. Rotating Beacon,
13. Airport of Entry,
14. Landing Rights Airport
15. Airport NOTAM File
16. MON Airport Designation
17. Sectional Chart Reference
18. Helicopter Chart Reference
19. Enroute Chart Number(s) and Panel Identification
20. Enroute Area Chart Indicator (A)
21. Enroute Pacific Chart Indicator (P)
22. Terminal Procedures Volume and Number (IAP)
23. Airport Diagrams indicator (AD)
24. Runway Designation,
25. Runway Dimensions,
26. Runway Surface,

27. Runway Weight Bearing Capacity,
28. Pavement Classification Number (PCN)/Pavement Classification Rating (PCR)
29. Runway Lighting,
30. Runway Slope Information (runways less than 8000 feet)
31. Followed by data related to a given runway end, to include
 - a. runway end designation
 - b. approach lighting
 - c. visual glideslope Indicators
 - d. glide angle and threshold crossing heights
 - e. centerline lights
 - f. runway visual range
 - g. displaced threshold,
 - h. controlling obstruction
 - i. right traffic indication
 - j. runway slope information (runways 8000 feet or greater)
32. Land and Hold-Short Data,
33. Runway Declared Distance Information
34. Arresting Gear/System Data.
35. Service
36. Noise
37. Airport Remarks, Military Remarks, Heliport Remarks, Seaplane Remarks
38. Airport Manager
39. Weather Data Services
40. Communication
41. Airspace
42. VOR Test Facility
43. Radio Aids to Navigation (NAVAIDs) and Instrument Landing Systems
44. Radar
45. Comm/NAV/Weather Remarks

Except as otherwise specified, entries for NAVAIDs, weather data, and remote communications outlets not depicted at an individual airport entry will have their own separate entry and shall be listed in the Directory under the appropriate name in alphabetical sequence.

Each major grouping of information shall be preceded by the appropriate heading and sub-headings, e.g., SERVICE, LGT, FUEL, etc.

3.1.3.3 Weather Data, Communications, Airspace and NAVAIDs Remark(s)

WEATHER DATA, COMMUNICATIONS, AIRSPACE, and NAVAIDS remarks will follow at the end of the appropriate entry; e.g.,

Figure 3.2 Weather Data, Communications, Airspace and NAVAIDs Remark(s)

KINGSTON (VH) (H) VORTAC 113.8 KGS CH76 N37°47.36' W122°49.13' at fld. 150/8E. Unmonitored. OTS indef.

Additional remarks relating to Communications, NAVAIDs or Weather can also be displayed in the Comm/NAV/Weather Remarks section at the bottom of the airport entry if necessary.

3.1.3.4 Services, Airport, and Military Remarks

In the SERVICES, AIRPORT, and MILITARY REMARKS sections' remarks will follow the item titles to which they pertain.

Figure 3.3 Special Remarks

LGT ACTIVATE MIRL Rwy 03-21 and VASI Rwy 03 and Rwy 21-CTAF.
FUEL J8 Avbl 0700-2000Z†, callout fee other times.

3.1.3.5 Specific Remarks

Specific remarks applicable to individual elements in a listing will be enclosed in parentheses with the element.

Figure 3.4 Special Remarks

APP/DEP CON 119.8 124.4 290.1 (during twr hrs) **TWR** 119.6 126.5
(0600-2000Z†.).

3.1.3.6 Descriptive Terms, Abbreviations, and Acronyms

The following descriptive terms, abbreviations, and acronyms, as part of the airport data, shall always be capitalized and in bold type.

Table 3.1 Descriptive Terms Headings and Sub-headings

Section Heading	Sub-headings
ASSOCIATED CITY AIRPORT NAME	
SECTIONAL CHART, COPTER CHART, ENROUTE CHART NUMBER AND PANEL IDENTIFICATION, TERMINAL PROCEDURE VOLUME, AIRPORT DIAGRAM (AD),	
RUNWAY DESIGNATION	RUNWAY END DESIGNATION
LAND AND HOLD SHORT OPERATIONS (LAHSO)	LANDING, HOLD SHORT POINT, DIST AVBL, RUNWAY END DESIGNATION
RUNWAY DECLARED DISTANCE INFORMATION	LDG/TKOF, TORA, TODA, ASDA, LDA, RUNWAY END DESIGNATION
ARRESTING GEAR/SYSTEM	RUNWAY END DESIGNATION
SERVICES	ARFF, LGT, A-GEAR, JASU, FUEL, FLUID, OIL, MAINT
NOISE	

Table 3.1 Descriptive Terms Headings and Sub-headings (Continued)

AIRPORT REMARKS HELIPAD REMARKS SEAPLANE REMARKS	GENERAL, TFC PAT, CSTMS/AG/IMG, TRAN ALERT
MILITARY REMARKS	RSTD, CAUTION, MISC, TENANT UNIT NAME
AIRPORT MANAGER	
WEATHER DATA SOURCES	ASOS, AWOS, etc., PMSV
COMMUNICATIONS	SFA, CTAF, UNICOM, AUNICOM, PTD, ATIS, D-ATIS, AFIS (Alaska), FSS ANME, NAME RDO, NAME RCO, CALL NAME-APP, CALL NAME-CALL NAME TWR, CALL NAME-GND, CALL NAME-DEP, CALL NAME-GCA, NAME-GCO, CALL NAME-CLNC DEL, CPDLC SVC (LOGON IDENT), PDC, CALL NAME-PRE TAXI CLNC, CALL NAME-VFR ADVSY SVC, NAME COMD POST, CALL NAME-A/G, NAME-ARPT OPS, MF (Canada), etc.
AIRSPACE	CLASS B, CLASS C, CLASS D, CLASS E, APP CON, TRSA
VOR TEST FACILITY (VOT)	
RADIO AIDS TO NAVIGATION (NAVAIDS)	VORTAC, VOR, VOR/DME, TACAN, DME, NDB, LOM, VHF/UHF, ILS, ILS/DME, LOC, SDF, LDA
ASR, PAR, ASR/PAR	

3.1.4 Section 2 - Airport/Facility Directory - Organization of Facilities

Listings in the airport/facility directory will be organized by state and then associated city name. In the Chart Supplement Alaska, Canadian data will be listed following the U.S. data.

The directory shall consist of an alphabetical listing, within the area of coverage, of

1. Airports, heliports and seaplane landing areas;
2. Communications stations;
3. NAVAIDs; and
4. Weather data.

3.1.4.1 Airports

3.1.4.1.1 Public-use Civil Airports and Joint Public-use Civil/Military Airports

Airports within the Directory will be classified into two basic categories, military/federal government or civil airport open to the general public. Some selected private airports may be published at the specific request of the appropriate authority to meet operational needs. A joint-use airport (civil and military) is jointly controlled and used/operated by both military and civil agencies. Civil designation will be shown first; e.g., CIV/MIL.

3.1.4.1.1.1 Airport Listing - Organizational Rules

3.1.4.1.1.1.1 City Name Same Name as First Word of Multiple-Word Airport Name

When the city name is the same name as the first word of a multiple-word airport name (e.g., Boise Air Terminal), or a hyphenated airport name (e.g., Altoona-Blair Co) the listing under the airport name shall suffice. The city name will not be shown.

3.1.4.1.1.1.2 Airport Name is Different than the Associated City Name

When the airport name is different than the city name, the city name will be shown on the preceding line in 10 pt. bold face type.

Airports with names other than the city name will be cross-referenced alphabetical by the airport name and page number, e.g., ELLINGTON FLD, TX See HOUSTON page xxx.

3.1.4.1.1.1.3 Multiple Airports Referenced to the Same City

In cases where multiple airports are referenced to the same city, those airports shall be sub listed alphabetically, with all associated data, and separated by a dashed ruled line extending across the width of the page. The city name will not be repeated.

References:

[Appendix 18](#) - Section 2: A/FD Directory

3.1.4.1.2 Airport has an Associated Helipad or Waterway

When an airport has an associated helipad or waterway, data pertinent to the helipad/waterway shall be grouped separately and placed immediately following the last data entry for the airport. The same arrangement and sequence of data prescribed for airport data shall be used and modified as necessary to accommodate any unique feature of the heliport/waterway data. General information common to both facilities will only be shown at the airport entry, e.g., facility name, coordinates, chart references, etc. When this situation exists, airport groupings and heliport groupings shall be separated by a horizontal dotted line extending across the width of the page.

References:

[Appendix 16](#) - Section 1: A/FD Directory Legend Sample

3.1.4.2 NAVAIDs**3.1.4.2.1 NAVAIDs - Same Name as an Airport Published in Directory**

NAVAIDs having the same name as an airport published in the Directory shall be listed in the NAVAIDS section of that airport listing. A separate alphabetical listing with the NAVAID under its own name is not required.

3.1.4.2.2 NAVAIDs - Has same first word/name as Airport Published in Directory

When a NAVAID has the same name as the first word of a multiple-word airport name (e.g., Boise Air Terminal) or a hyphenated airport name (e.g., Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton) the listing under the airport name shall suffice.

3.1.4.2.3 NAVAIDs - Same name as an associated city name

NAVAIDs having the same name as an associated city name for an airport published in the Directory shall be listed in the NAVAIDS section of that airport listing. A separate alphabetical listing with the NAVAID under its own name is not required.

3.1.4.2.4 Weather Data (Not Associated with NAVAID)

Weather data facilities not associated with an airport or NAVAID will be listed alphabetically by name.

3.1.4.3 Remote Communications Outlets (RCO)**3.1.4.3.1 RCO - Same Name as an Airport**

Remote Communication Outlets (RCO) having the same name as an airport published in the Directory shall be listed in the COMMUNICATIONS section of that airport listing. A separate alphabetical listing with the RCO name is not required.

3.1.4.3.2 RCO - Same Name as the Airport's Associated City

Remote Communication Outlets (RCO) having the same name as the airport's associated city published in the Directory shall be listed in the COMMUNICATIONS section of that airport listing. A separate alphabetical listing with the RCO name is not required.

3.1.4.4 NAVAIDs, RCOs and AWOS/ASOS Facilities with the Same Name

NAVAIDs, RCOs, and AWOS/ASOS facilities with the same name may be listed together under the same name listing.

3.1.5 Airport, Heliport and Seaplane Base entries

The following information and sequence of data shall be shown, when available, for airport, heliport and seaplane bases:

3.1.5.1 Primary Airport Data

Primary airport data is indicated on the first line of an airport entry.

3.1.5.1.1 Associated City

The name of the associated city will appear on the line above the facility name when the city name differs from the facility name. See organizational rules in Section [3.1.4.1.1.1](#) - Airport Listing - Organizational Rules.

References:

[Appendix 18](#) - Section 2: A/FD Directory

3.1.5.1.2 Airport Name

Airport name extracted verbatim from the authoritative database in 8 point bold type (caps).

3.1.5.1.3 Heliports

The word HELIPORT shall be shown immediately following the facility name extracted verbatim from the authoritative database.

3.1.5.1.4 Seaplane Bases

The abbreviation SPB shall be shown immediately following the facility name extracted verbatim from the authoritative database.

3.1.5.1.5 Alternate Names for Military Fields

Alternate names for military fields extracted verbatim from authoritative database shall be shown in parentheses.

Figure 3.5 Alternate Names for Military Fields

BEAUFORT MCAS (MERRITT FLD)

3.1.5.1.6 Island Names

Island name may be shown in lieu of State/Province/City name for clarification purposes.

3.1.5.1.7 Airport Location Identifiers

The three or four character FAA Location Identifier shall be shown in parentheses; e.g., (ADW).

The four character ICAO Location Indicator will be shown in parentheses immediately following the FAA Identifier; e.g., (ADW)(KADW).

Zeros will be shown with a slash (Ø) to differentiate them from the letter O in Indicators and Identifiers.

If two four-character codes are assigned, the civil code will be shown first, followed by the military code. Codes shall be separated by a slash. If two military codes are assigned, show the primary operating agency's code first; e.g., (KADW/KNSF).

3.1.5.1.8 Operating Agency

To readily identify the type of airport, an abbreviation to indicate operating entity (e.g., AF, N, CG, CIV/MIL, PVT, etc.) shall be shown. When another organization shares airport management responsibility, but is a military or civil tenant unit, the appropriate official/approved abbreviation shall be enclosed in parentheses.

Figure 3.6 Operating Agency

N (AFRC), AF (ANG), etc.

3.1.5.1.9 Airport Location Relative to Associated City

Shows distance and direction of the airport from the center of the associated city in nautical miles and cardinal points; e.g., 4 NE.

3.1.5.1.10 Time Conversion

All airport listings shall indicate the time conversion factor from UTC to local time, and where appropriate, the conversion factor for daylight saving time (DT), e.g., UTC-5 (-4DT). A double plus (‡) symbol will be shown following all UTC (Z) time affected by daylight saving time wherever it appears within the listing. Within states/countries that do not observe daylight saving time, the airport listing shall indicate the UTC + or – local time conversion only, e.g., UTC+5 or UTC-5.

3.1.5.1.11 Geographic Location

The geographic coordinates of the facility shall be shown as hemisphere, degrees, minutes, and hundredths-of-minutes.

3.1.5.2 Secondary Airport Data

The following airport data, when available, shall be shown on the second or following lines of the airport data tabulations indented two spaces.

3.1.5.2.1 Elevation

The airport elevation in feet above/below mean sea level (MSL) shall be indicated. When elevation is sea level, “00” will be shown; when elevation is below sea level a minus sign (-) shall precede the figure. A leading zero is not required for single digit elevations.

3.1.5.2.2 Airport Rotating Beacon

The letter B shall indicate the availability of an airport rotating beacon. If beacon does not operate sunset to sunrise, remarks will be shown in the **SERVICES** entry following the LGT subheading; e.g., **SERVICES LGT** Rotating bcn opr 2100-2300Z‡. Should on-request or PPR be used, the method of requesting by letter, telephone, etc., will be included.

3.1.5.2.3 Traffic Pattern Altitude (TPA)

The first figure shown is TPA above mean sea level. The second figure in parentheses is TPA above airport elevations. Multiple TPA shall be shown as "TPA–See Remarks" and detailed information shall be shown in the Airport or Military Remarks Section.

3.1.5.2.4 Airport of Entry

An Airport of Entry will be indicated by AOE.

3.1.5.2.5 Landing Right Airport

A Landing Rights Airport will be LRA.

3.1.5.2.6 NOTAM File Identifier

The NOTAM File Identifier for this airport is listed.

3.1.5.2.7 Chart References

Chart references will be shown in a continuous row set flush right in the following order:

- Sectional Chart,
- Helicopter Chart,
- Enroute High Chart Number(s) and Panel Identification,
- Enroute Low Chart Number(s) and Panel Identification,
- Enroute Area Chart Indicator (A),
- Enroute Pacific Chart Indicator (P)
- Terminal Procedures indicator (IAP)
- Airport Diagram indicator (AD).

3.1.5.2.7.1 Sectional Chart

The primary sectional chart on which the airport is shown will be referenced. The Terminal Area Chart will be referenced for Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands facilities.

3.1.5.2.7.2 Helicopter Chart

When the airport is shown on a helicopter chart the word COPTER will be shown after the sectional chart reference.

3.1.5.2.7.3 Chart References to Airport Entry Only

Chart references in an airport entry only refer to the location of the airport.

3.1.5.2.7.4 Enroute and Terminal Area Charts

The Enroute and Terminal Area Chart number(s) and panel identification on which the airport is shown shall be indicated in ascending order following the copter chart reference. Enroute Area Charts and Enroute Pacific Chart indicators will be shown with A or P without the chart number of panel identification.

Figure 3.7 Enroute and Terminal Chart Listings

H-11C, 12J, L-25B, 26F, A-2H.

3.1.5.2.7.5 Instrument Approach Procedures, Airport Diagrams

IAP will be shown the Terminal Procedures have been published. AD indicates an airport for which an airport diagram has been published. These will be shown following the En-route chart references, e.g., **IAP. AD.**

3.1.5.3 Runway Data

Runway data common to the entire runway will be shown on the following line(s) indented and aligned with the elevation. Information common to the entire runway will be listed in the following sequence:

- a. Runway Designators
- b. Runway Length and Width
- c. Runway Surface
- d. Runway Weight Bearing Capacity and PCN/PCR
- e. Runway Edge Lighting
- f. Runway Slope (for runways under 8000')

Information pertaining to the runway approach end characteristics will follow on the next line indented two spaces. Data will be listed in the following sequence:

- a. Runway End Designator
- b. Approach Lights
- c. Centerline Lights
- d. Touchdown Zone Lights
- e. Runway End Identification Lights
- f. Visual Glideslope Indicators
- g. Glide angle and threshold crossing heights
- h. Runway Visual Range
- i. Displaced Threshold Information
- j. Controlling Obstruction
- k. Right Traffic Indication
- l. Runway Slope (for runways 8000' and longer)

3.1.5.3.1 Runway Arrangement

Runways are arranged by runway length in descending order with the longest runway depicted first. Leading zero is used on runway designation lower than 10; e.g., **RWY 07.**

3.1.5.3.2 Runway Designators

Runway designators; e.g., RWY 18-36. The letters 'L', 'C', and 'R' will follow the two-digit runway number if required

Figure 3.8 Runway Designators

RWY 13L-31R: 6000x150 ASPH
 RWY 13C-31C: 6000x150 ASPH
 RWY 13R-31L: 6000x150 ASPH

3.1.5.3.3 Ultralight Runways

Ultralight runways will be identified by the letter U following the runway designator; e.g.,

Figure 3.9 Ultralight Runways

RWY 18U-36U

3.1.5.3.4 Water Landing Areas

Water landing areas will be identified by the term WATERWAY; e.g., WATERWAY 18-36, WATERWAY NE-SW.

3.1.5.3.5 Helicopter Landing Areas

Helicopter landing areas will be identified by the term HELIPAD; e.g., HELIPAD H1.

3.1.5.3.6 Landing Zone Runways

Landing zone runways (Assault strip) will be identified by magnetic bearing; e.g., 173-353.

3.1.5.3.7 Runway Dimensions

Runway dimensions are shown in feet. Length shown is the actual runway length end to end including any displaced thresholds, but does not include overruns or stopways; e.g., 8000x150.

3.1.5.3.8 Permanently Closed Runways

Permanently closed runways shall not be shown. Temporarily closed runways and runways under construction shall be addressed in the AIRPORT REMARKS.

3.1.5.3.9 Runway Surface Material

Runway surface material is the visible material comprising the major portion of the usable rolling surface. It will be classified as follows:

- a. AM2 - Temporary metal planks coated with nonskid material
- b. ASPH - Asphalt, asphaltic concrete, tar macadam, or bitumen-bound macadam – where asphalt or tar is used as a binder to create a surfacing. Includes those runways with concrete ends.
- c. BRICK – Brick, laid or mortared
- d. CALICHE – Caliche
- e. CONC – Concrete or cement (white surface)
- f. DECK – Deck
- g. DIRT –Dirt
- h. GRASS – Grass landing area
- i. GRVL – Gravel
- j. ICE – Ice
- k. MATS –Mats
- l. PEM – Part concrete, part asphalt, or part bitumen-bound macadam
- m. PSP – Pierced steel plank
- n. ROOF-TOP – Roof-Top
- o. SN – Snow
- p. TRTD –Treated

3.1.5.3.10 Runway Surface Treatment

Runway surface treatment shall be shown immediately after the runway surface, as follows:

- a. AFSC – Aggregate friction seal
- b. GRVD – Saw-cut or plastic grooved
- c. PFC – Porous friction course
- d. RFSC – Rubberized friction seal
- e. WC – Wire comb or wire tie

3.1.5.3.11 Runway Weight Bearing Capacity

A weight bearing capacity in thousands of pounds shall be shown for each runway expressed in terms of gross aircraft weight accepted for continuing operations. Applicable codes will be published from the following list:

Figure 3.10 Runway Weight Bearing Capacity Codes

S- single wheel type landing gear	DC3, C47, F15, etc.
D- dual wheel type landing gear	B737, BE1900, etc.
D - dual wheel type landing gear	P3, C9, etc.
2S - two single wheels in tandem type landing gear	C130
2T - two triple wheels in tandem type landing gear	C17, etc.
2D - two dual wheels in tandem type landing gear	B707, etc.
2D - two dual wheels in tandem type landing gear	B757, KC135
2D/D1 - to dual wheels in tandem/dual wheel body gear type landing gear	KC10
2D/2D1 - tow dual wheels in tandem/two dual wheels in tandem body gear type	A340-600
2D/2D2 - two dual wheels in tandem/two dual wheels in double tandem body gear type landing gear	B747, E4
3D - three dual wheels in tandem type landing gear	B777, etc
D2 - dual wheel gear two struts per side main gear type landing gear	B52
C5 - complex dual wheel and quadruple wheel combination landing gear	C5

The last three digits of the runway weight bearing capacity shall not be shown. Blank spaces after S or D, i.e. S or D, indicate that the runway has weight bearing capacity to sustain aircraft with the type landing gear configuration shown, but definite figures are not available.

When the runway weight bearing capacity codes specified above are not available, the following data may be shown:

1. Figures for Equivalent Single Wheel Loading (ESWL) and Single Isolated Wheel Loading (SIWL) shall be published as SWL for a single wheel aircraft. It shall be symbolized as SWL110. The last three digits of SWL weight bearing capacity shall not be shown.
2. If only pounds per square inch (PSI) equated to pavement fracturing load capacity is available, it shall be symbolized as PSI200. Total PSI capacity shall be shown.
3. When only All Up Weight (AUW) and/or aircraft type is available, it shall be symbolized as AUW120, C9A or AUW120/C9A. The last three digits of AUW shall not be shown. Aircraft types will be of DoD aircraft, if available. If DoD type is not available, a civil aircraft commonly known in U.S. air carrier operations may be indicated.

3.1.5.3.12 Runway Bearing Strength Based on Pavement Classification Number (PCN)/Pavement Classification Rating (PCR)

Runway bearing strength based on a Pavement Classification Number (PCN)/Pavement Classification Rating (PCR) will be published as a five part code (e. g. PCN 80 R/B/W/T, PCR 560 R/B/W/T). Do not publish SWL, PSI, AUW, and aircraft types when PCN/PCR value is available. PCN/PCR codes are formatted based on the following:

1. PCN/PCR – The reported PCN/PCR indicates that an aircraft with an Aircraft Classification Number (ACN)/Aircraft Classification Rating (ACR) equal or less than the reported PCN/PCR can operate on the pavement subject to any limitation on the tire pressure.
2. The type of pavement:
R – Rigid
F – Flexible
3. The pavement subgrade category:
A - High
B - Medium
C - Low
D - Ultra-low
4. The maximum tire pressure authorized for the pavement:
W – Unlimited - no pressure limit
X – High, limited to 254 psi
Y – Medium, limited to 181 psi
Z – Low, limited to 73 psi
5. Pavement evaluation method:
T – Technical evaluation
U – By experience of aircraft using the pavement

Figure 3.11 Pavement Classification Number/Pavement Classification Rating

(1) The PCN/PCR NUMBER – The reported PCN/PCR indicates that an aircraft with an Aircraft Classification Number (ACN)/Aircraft Classification Rating (ACR) equal or less than the reported PCN/PCR can operate on the pavement subject to any limitation on the tire pressure.

(2) The type of Pavement:

R – Rigid
F – Flexible

(3) The pavement subgrade category:

A – High
B – Medium
C – Low
D – Ultra-low

(4) The maximum tire pressure authorized for the pavement:

W – High, no limit
X – Medium, limited to 217 psi
Y – Low, limited to 145 psi
Z – Very low, limited to 73 psi

(5) Pavement evaluation method:

T – Technical evaluation
U – By experience of aircraft using the pavement

3.1.5.3.13 Lighting

Lights are in operation sunset to sunrise. Lighting available by prior arrangement or operating part of the night and/or pilot controlled with specific operating hours will be explained in the SERVICES entry following the subheading LGT; e.g., MIRL Rwy 03-21 opr dusk-0800Z†.

At USN/USMC facilities lights are available only during the airport hours of operation.

3.1.5.3.13.1 Runway Edge Lighting Systems

Runway edge lighting systems are classified as:

- High Intensity Runway Lights (HIRL),
- Medium Intensity Runway Lights (MIRL), and
- Low Intensity Runway Lights (LIRL).
- Light system fails to meet FAA Standards (Non-Standard) (NSTD)

Threshold lights are not part of the runway edge light system.

Figure 3.12 Runway Edge Lighting System Codes

NSTD—Light system fails to meet FAA Standards
(Non-Standard).
LIRL—Low Intensity Runway Lights.
MIRL—Medium Intensity Runway Lights.
HIRL—High Intensity Runway Lights.

3.1.5.3.13.2 Non-standard (NSTD) Runway Lighting Systems

Runway lighting systems that are defined as non-standard (NSTD) in the source documentation, and provide a remark describing the lighting system type, will be shown as a HIRL, MIRL, or LIRL (NSTD) on the runway line. A qualifying remark will be shown in the SERVICES entry following the subheading LGT.

Figure 3.13 Non-standard Runway Lighting Systems

Rwy 15-33 NSTD MIRL, lgts 25' from rwy edge.

Runway lighting system types that are defined as NSTD in the source documentation and do not provide a qualifying remark describing the lighting system type will be shown as RWY LGTS (NSTD) on the runway line.

3.1.5.3.13.3 Private Use Lighting

Private use lighting will not be shown on the runway line. The lighting availability will be shown in the SERVICES entry following the LGT subheading.

Figure 3.14 Private Use Lighting

MIRL Rwy 18-36 private use only.

3.1.5.3.13.4 Temporary, Emergency or Portable Runway Lighting

Temporary, emergency or portable runway lighting such as flares, smudge pots, and lanterns will be shown in the SERVICES entry under the LGT subheading.

3.1.5.3.13.5 Helipad Boundary Lights

Helipad boundary lights availability will be shown in the SERVICES entry under the LGT subheading.

3.1.5.3.13.6 Types of Lighting

Types of lighting are shown with the runway or runway end they serve.

Figure 3.15 Types of Lighting - Sample Entries

RWY 08-26: H11489x150 (CONC-GRVD) S-30, D-200, 2S-175,
2D-400, 2D/2D2-620 PCN 74 R/B/W/T HIRL
RWY 08: MALSF. PAPI(P4L)-GA 3.0° TCH 69'. Thld displcd 898'. Bldg.
RWY 26: REIL. PAPI(P4L)-GA 3.0° TCH 60'. Road. Rgt tfc.

RWY 07L-25R: H10300x150 (CONC-GRVD) S-30, D-200, 2S-175,
2D-400, 2D/2D2-620 PCN 70 R/B/W/T HIRL
RWY 07L: MALSF. PAPI(P4L)-GA 3.0° TCH 73'. Pole. Rt tfc.
RWY 25R: PAPI(P4L)-GA 3.0° TCH 70'. Antenna.

RWY 07R-25L: H7800x150 (CONC-GRVD) S-30, D-200, 2S-175,
2D-400, 2D/2D2-620 PCN 79 R/B/W/T HIRL
RWY 07R: MALSR. PAPI(P4L)-GA 3.0° TCH 70'. Pole.
RWY 25L: MALSR. PAPI(P4L)-GA 3.0° TCH 66'. Antenna.

3.1.5.3.13.7 Centerline Lights

Centerline lights may be shown on the runway line when bi-directional or will be shown on the runway end line when unidirectional using the abbreviation shown:

Figure 3.16 Centerline Lights

RWY 11L-29R: H0539x150 (ASPH-GRVD) S-70, D-170, 2S-175,
2D-250 HIRL CL
RWY 11L: REIL. PAPI(P4L)-GA 3.0° TCH 50'. Pole.
RWY 29R: ALSF2. TDZL. PAPI(P4L)-GA 3.0° TCH 73'. Thld displcd.

3.1.5.3.13.8 Approach Lighting Systems

Approach lighting systems, touchdown zone lights, and runway end identifier lights are shown on the runway end line using the abbreviations shown and sequenced as follows:

Figure 3.17 Approach Lighting System Codes

RLLS	Runway Lead-in Light System.
AF OVRN	Air Force Overrun 1000' Standard Approach Lighting System.
ALSAF	High Intensity Approach Lighting System with Sequenced Flashing Lights.
ALSF1	High Intensity Approach Lighting System with Sequenced Flashing Lights, Category I, Configuration.
ALSF2	High Intensity Approach Lighting System with Sequenced Flashing Lights, Category II, Configuration.
MALS	Medium Intensity Approach Lighting System.
MALSF	Medium Intensity Approach Lighting System with Sequenced Flashing Lights.
MALSR	Medium Intensity Approach Lighting System with Runway Alignment Indicator Lights.
ODALS	Omni Directional Approach Lighting System.
SALS	Short Approach Lighting System.
SALSF	Short Approach Lighting System with Sequenced Flashing Lights.
SSALF	Simplified Short Approach Lighting System with Sequenced Flashing Lights.
SSALS	Simplified Short Approach Lighting System.
SSALR	Simplified Short Approach Lighting System with Runway Alignment Indicator Lights.
OLS	Optical Landing System.
CL	Centerline Lights.
TDZL	Touchdown Zone Lights.
RAIL	Runway Alignment Indicator Lights.
REIL	Runway End Identifier Lights.
WAVE-OFF	

3.1.5.3.13.9 Visual Glideslope Indicators

Visual glideslope indicators will be shown using the abbreviations shown:

Figure 3.18 Visual Glideslope Indicator Codes

VISUAL GLIDESLOPE INDICATORS			
APAP - A system of panels, which may or may not be lighted, used for alignment of approach path			
PNIL	APAP on left side of runway	PNIR	APAP on right side of runway
PAPI—Precision Approach Path Indicator			
P2L	2-identical light units placed on left side of runway	P4L	4-identical light units placed on left side of runway
P2R	2-identical light units placed on right side of runway	P4R	4-identical light units placed on right side of runway
PVASI - Pulsating/steady burning visual approach slope indicator, normally a single light unit projecting two colors.			
PSIL	PVASI on left side of runway	PSIR	PVASI on right side of runway
SAVASI—Simplified Abbreviated Visual Approach Slope Indicator			
S2L	2-box SAVASI on left side of runway	S2R	2-box SAVASI on right side of runway
TRCV - Tri-color visual approach slope indicator, normally a single light unit projecting three colors.			
TRIL	TRCV on left side of runway	TRIR	TRCV on right side of runway
VASI—Visual Approach Slope Indicator			
V2L	2-box VASI on left side of runway	V6L	6-box VASI on left side of runway
V2R	2-box VASI on right side of runway	V6R	6-box VASI on right side of runway
V4L	4-box VASI on left side of runway	V12	12-box VASI on both sides of runway
V4R	4-box VASI on right side of runway	V16	16-box VASI on both sides of runway

3.1.5.3.13.10 Approach Slope Angle and Threshold Crossing Height

Approach slope angle and threshold crossing height will be shown when available immediately after the visual glideslope indicator. For 3-bar VASI systems (6 box and 16 box), both upper angle & threshold crossing height and lower angle & threshold crossing height will be shown when provided by source.

Figure 3.19 Approach Slope Angle and Threshold Crossing Height

RWY18: PAPI(P2R)–GA 3.0° TCH 36'.
RWY18: VASI(V6L)–Upper GA 3.25° TCH 105'. Lower GA 3.0° TCH 60'.

3.1.5.3.13.11 Runway Visual Range

Runway Visual Range shall be shown as RVR appended with T for touchdown, M for midpoint, and R for rollout; e.g., RVR-TMR.

3.1.5.3.13.12 Displaced Thresholds

Displaced Thresholds are shown in feet from the runway end.

3.1.5.3.13.13 Controlling Obstruction

Only one obstruction will be shown for each runway end.

3.1.5.3.14 Right Hand Traffic Pattern

“Rgt tfc” will be used to indicate right turns should be made on landing and takeoff for the specified runway end.

3.1.5.3.15 Runway Slope

Runway slope data for both VFR and IAP runways will be shown, when available, only when the rounded slope value is 0.3% or greater. Runway slope shall be shown as a percentage value of the slope of the runway measured from each threshold to midpoint of all runways 8,000 feet or longer, from threshold to threshold on all runways shorter than 8,000 feet, and portrayed when the unrounded calculated value is greater than or equal to 0.25% (expressed to the nearest 0.1%). (0.249% does not require charting, 0.250% would be charted as 0.3%).

Slopes on runways 8,000 feet or longer shall be expressed as either up or down in the direction from the threshold to the midpoint and placed on the runway end line as shown:

Figure 3.20 Runway Slope

RWY 12R-30L: 8502x150 (CONC-GRVD S-95, D-190, 2D-270 HIRL CL

RWY 12R: ALSF2. TDZL. PAPI(P4L)—GA 3.0° TCH 75'. 0.3% down.

RWY 30L: MALSR. PAPI(P4L)—GA 3.0°. Building. 0.4% up.

Slopes on runways shorter than 8,000 feet shall always be expressed as up with cardinal direction and placed on the runway line as shown:

Figure 3.21 Runway Slopes Shorter than 8,000 feet

RWY 02-20: 6011x100 (ASPH) S-42, D-73 HIRL 0.3% up SW

3.1.5.3.16 Land and Hold-Short Operations (LAHSO)

Land and hold-short operations include landing and holding short of an intersecting runway, an intersecting taxiway, or other predetermined point on the runway. The measured distance represents the available landing distance on the landing runway in feet. LASHO will be shown in a tabular listing arranged by runway designator in ascending order with the lowest numerical designation on the first line.

Figure 3.22 Land and Hold-Short (LAHSO)

LAND AND HOLD-SHORT OPERATIONS		
LDG RWY:	HOLD-SHORT POINT	AVBL LDG DIST
RWY 04	14L/32R	4700
RWY 14L	04/22	7550
RWY 22	TWY B	5050

3.1.5.3.17 Declared Distance Information

Declared distance information is published, when available. The TORA (Take-off Run Available), TODA (Take-off Distance Available), ASDA (Accelerate-Stop Distance Available), and the LDA (Landing Distance Available) will be shown in a tabular listing arranged by runway designator in ascending order with the lowest numerical designation on the first line.

Figure 3.23 Runway Declared Distance Information

RUNWAY DECLARED DISTANCE INFORMATION				
RWY 06L:	TORA-12004	TODA-12700	ASDA-12700	LDA-11704
RWY 06C:	TORA-15004	TODA-10700	ASDA-10700	LDA-10000

RWY 06R:	TORA-17004	TODA-12700	ASDA-11700	LDA-10000
RWY 24R:	TORA-12004	TODA-12700	ASDA-12040	LDA-11704

3.1.5.3.18 Arresting Gear/System

3.1.5.3.18.1 Arresting Gear

Arresting Gear (**A-GEAR**) shall be shown by type and position. Information will be read from left or right depending on landing direction. The location of an arresting gear system will be expressed as distance from the end of the landing runway toward the center of the runway or, when located in an overrun area, the distance to the nearest runway end. Distance will be shown in parentheses immediately following the type; equipment located at the threshold shall be indicated by end of runway.

3.1.5.3.18.1.1 A-Gear

A-GEAR for a runway will be shown on a separate line(s) immediately below the ARRESTING GEAR/SYSTEM heading.

Figure 3.24 Arresting Gear/System

ARRESTING GEAR/SYSTEM
RWY 05 MA-1A (44') BAK-12(B)(1000') BAK-12(B)(1000') MA-1A (45') RWY 36

If there is insufficient space on this line, the A-GEAR for lower end runway will be on one line and the A-GEAR for higher end runway will be below it.

Figure 3.25 Arresting Gear/System - Limited Space Example

RWY 09 MA-1A MOD (50' OVRN) BAK-12(B) (1350') BAK-13 (B) (2700')
BAK-13(B) (2700') BAK-12(B) (1350') MA-1A MOD (50' OVRN) RWY 27

3.1.5.3.18.1.2 Navy Directional Equipment

Navy directional equipment shall have the engagement direction indicated by an arrow pointing in the direction of travel for the engaging aircraft.

Figure 3.26 Navy Directional Equipment

RWY 05 ← HOOK E5 (65' OVRN) BAK-14 BAK-12(B) (1650')
BAK-14 BAK-12(B) (1087') HOOK E5 (74' OVRN) → RWY 23.

3.1.5.3.18.1.3 Bi-directional Equipment

Bi-directional equipment shall be indicated by the letter “B” enclosed within parentheses following the type.

Figure 3.27 Bi-directional Equipment

BAK-12(B).

3.1.5.3.18.2 Arresting Systems

Engineered Material Arresting System (EMAS) located at the departure end of the runway will be shown.

Figure 3.28 Arresting Systems

RWY 08: EMAS

3.1.5.4 Services

Specific services available at the airport shall be listed under this general heading. These services will include, but not be limited to, **AIRCRAFT RESCUE AND FIRE FIGHTING (ARFF)**, **LIGHTING (LGT)** remarks, **A-GEAR** remarks, **JET AIRCRAFT STARTING UNITS (JASU)**, **FUEL, FLUID, OIL, OXYGEN, NITROGEN, MAINTENANCE (MAINT)**. Remarks applicable to any service will be shown in the individual service listing. If a service, function or item does not exist the subheading will not be shown.

3.1.5.4.1 Aircraft Rescue and Fire Fighting (ARFF)

Airports serving Department of Transportation certified carriers and certified under 14 CFR part 139 are indicated by the Class and the ARFF Index which relates to the availability of crash, fire, rescue equipment.

Figure 3.29 Aircraft Rescue and Fire Fighting Example

Class I, ARFF Index A

The hours during which an aircraft rescue and fire-fighting service is operated will be shown immediately following the ARFF data. The absence of published hours denotes a 24 hour service.

3.1.5.4.2 Lighting (LGT)

Show remarks when unusual conditions exist or if hours of operation do not approximate sunset to sunrise.

Figure 3.30 Lighting

LGT LIRL Rwy 03-21 OTS indef. ACTIVATE MIRL Rwy 16-34, LIRL Rwy 03-21, VASI Rwy 16 and Rwy 34-CTAF. PAPI Rwy 03 and Rwy 21 opr continuously.

3.1.5.4.3 A-Gear

Non-standard installations, prior notice required, or any necessary operational information will be explained by a remark.

Figure 3.31 Arresting Gear Example

A-GEAR 30 min notice rqr.

3.1.5.4.4 Jet Aircraft Starting Units (JASU)

Show the type and quantity of Jet Aircraft Starting Units (JASU) available. The number (quantity) of units of a specific type shall be shown preceding the type designation. The type designation shall be shown in parentheses. When ten or more units are available, no number will be shown. If the number of units is unknown, the number one will be shown.

Figure 3.32 Jet Aircraft Starting Unit Example

JASU (C-26) 3(AM32A-60) 4(MA-1)

Starter Probes shall be shown when available.

Figure 3.33 Starter Probes Example

(A4, F8 probes)

3.1.5.4.5 Fuel

All types of fuel, aviation oil, supporting fluids, and single point refueling capacity which are available to U.S. military and/or civil aircraft shall be shown by applicable codes.

Table 3.2 Fuel Code Table

CODE	FUEL, TYPE	CODE	FUEL, TYPE
100	Grade 100 gasoline (Green)	J5(JP5)	(JP-5 military specification) Kerosene with FS-II, FP** minus 46°C
100LL	100LL gasoline (low lead) (Blue)	J8(JP8)	(JP-8 military specification) Jet A-1, Kerosene with FS-II*, FP** minus 47°C
A	Jet A, Kerosene, without FS-II*, FP** minus 40°C	J8+100	(JP-8 military specification) Jet A-1, Kerosene with FS-II*, FP** minus 47°C, with-fuel additive package that improves thermo stability characteristics of JP-8
A+	Jet A, Kerosene, with FS-II*, FP** minus 40°C	J	Jet Fuel Type Unknown
A++	Jet A, Kerosene, with FSII*, CI/LI#, SDA##, FP** minus 40°C	MOGAS	Automobile gasoline that is to be used as aircraft fuel.
A++100	Jet A, Kerosene, with FSII*, CI/LI#, SDA##, FP** minus 40°C, with +100 fuel additive that improves thermal stability characteristics of jet fuels	UL91	Unleaded Grade 91 gasoline
A1	Jet A-1, Kerosene, without FS-II*, FP** minus 47°C	UL94	Unleaded Grade 94 gasoline
A1+	Jet A-1, Kerosene with FS-II*, FP** minus 47°C	UL100	Unleaded Grade 100 gasoline

* (Fuel System Icing Inhibitor) ** (Freeze Point) # (Corrosion Inhibitors/Lubricity Improvers) ## (Static Dissipater Additive)

When military contract fuel is available the phone number of the refueling agency will be shown when available.

Figure 3.34 Military Contract Fuel

J5(Mil), 301-554-3456

Aviation fuels available through U.S. military base supply, into-plane contracts, or reciprocal agreements shall be listed first. When U.S. military supplied fuel is available at a non-military airport, the fuel entry shall be followed by Mil in parentheses.

Figure 3.35 Military Supplied Fuel Available at a Non-Military Airport

FUEL J5(Mil)

Additional aviation fuels not available through military contract at the same facility shall be shown after “(Mil)”.

Figure 3.36 Additional Fuels Not Available Through Military Contract

FUEL J5(Mil) 100, 100LL, JET A

Fuel types available through both contract and non-contract means shall be shown in both locations. After hour phone number will be shown if known.

Figure 3.37 Fuel Types Available - Contract and Non-Contract Means

J5(Mil) 100, 100LL, JET A, J5, 301-555-1234.

AVGAS availability will be shown followed by jet fuel and associated remarks.

Figure 3.38 AVGAS Availability

FUEL 80, 100LL, J8. Fuel avbl 24 hrs self-serve with credit card. For J8 after hrs call 425-555-6656.

3.1.5.4.5.1 Fuel Notes to be Shown in the Directory Legend (Civilian)

The following notes will be shown in the Directory Legend:

Figure 3.39 Fuel Notes - Civilian

NOTE: Data shown on fuel availability represents the most recent information the publisher has been able to acquire. Because of a variety of factors, the fuel listed may not always be obtainable by transient civil pilots. Confirmation of availability of fuel should be made directly with fuel suppliers at locations where refueling is planned.

Certain automobile gasoline may be used in specific aircraft engines if an FAA supplemental type certificate has been obtained. Automobile gasoline, which is to be used in aircraft engines, will be identified as "MOGAS"; however, the grade/type and other octane rating will not be published.

3.1.5.4.5.2 Fuel Notes to be Shown in the Directory Legend (Military)

The following note will be shown in the Directory Legend:

The U.S. Government Aviation Into-Plane Reimbursement (AIR) Card (currently issued by AVCARD) is the instrument to be used to obtain fuel under a DESC Into-Plane Contract and for NC purchases if the refueling agent at the commercial airport accepts the AV-CARD.

Figure 3.40 Fuel Notes - Civilian

The U.S. Government Aviation Into-Plane Reimbursement (AIR) Card (currently issued by AVCARD) is the instrument to be used to obtain fuel under a DESC Into-Plane Contract and for NC purchases if the refueling agent at a commercial airport accepts the AVCARD.

3.1.5.4.6 Supporting Fluids and Systems

Supporting fluids that are available to U.S. military and/or civil aircraft shall be shown by applicable codes.

Table 3.3 Fluid Codes Table

ADI	Anti-Detonation Injection Fluid - Reciprocating Engine Aircraft
W	Water Thrust Augmentation - Jet Aircraft
WAI	Water-Alcohol Injection Type, Thrust Augmentation - Jet Aircraft
PRESAIR	Air compressors rated at 3000 PSI or more
De-Ice	Anti-icing/De-icing/Defrosting Fluid (MIL-A-8243)

3.1.5.4.7 Oil

Various types of oil available for use shall be shown by applicable codes.

Table 3.4 Oil Codes Table

CODE	GRADE, TYPE
O-113	1065, Reciprocating Engine Oil (MIL-L-6082)
O-117	1100, Reciprocating Engine Oil (MIL-L-6082)
O-117+	1100, O-117 plus cyclohexanone (MIL-L-6082)
O-123	1065, (Dispersant), Reciprocating Engine Oil (MIL-L-22851 Type III)
O-128	1100, (Dispersant), Reciprocating Engine Oil (MIL-L-22851 Type II)
O-132	1005, Jet Engine Oil (MIL-L-6081)
O-133	1010, Jet Engine Oil (MIL-L-6081)
O-147	None, MIL-L-6085A Lubricating Oil, Instrument, Synthetic
O-148	None, MIL-L-7808 (Synthetic Base) Turbine Engine Oil
O-149	None, Aircraft Turbine Engine Synthetic, 7.5c St
O-155	None, MIL-L-6086C, Aircraft, Medium Grade

Table 3.4 Oil Codes Table (Continued)

<u>CODE</u>	<u>GRADE, TYPE</u>
0-156	None, MIL-L-23699 (Synthetic Base), Turboprop and Turboshaft Engines
JOAP/SOAP	Joint Oil Analysis Program. JOAP support is furnished during normal duty hours, other times on request. (JOAP and SOAP programs provide essentially the same service, JOAP is now the standard joint service supported program.)

3.1.5.4.8 Oxygen

Various types of oxygen available for use by aircrew/aircraft shall be shown by applicable codes.

Table 3.5 Oxygen Codes Table

LPOX	Low pressure oxygen servicing
HPOX	High pressure oxygen servicing
LHOX	Low and high pressure oxygen servicing
LOX	Liquid oxygen servicing
OXR	Oxygen replacement bottles
LHOXRB	Low and high pressure oxygen servicing and replacement bottles
LPOXRB	Low pressure oxygen replacement bottles
HPOXRB	High pressure oxygen replacement bottles
OX	Oxygen unknown

3.1.5.4.9 Nitrogen

Nitrogen available for use by aircrew/aircraft shall be shown by applicable codes.

Table 3.6 Nitrogen Code Table

LPNIT	Low pressure nitrogen servicing
HPNIT	High pressure nitrogen servicing
LHNIT	Low and high pressure nitrogen servicing
NIT	Nitrogen unknown

3.1.5.4.10 Maintenance

Show the type of maintenance service by the codes shown. Pertinent remarks shall be shown immediately after the code.

Figure 3.41 Maintenance

MAINT S1. Mon-Fri 1000-2200Z. Call out fee after hours.

Table 3.7 Maintenance Codes

S1	Minor airframe repairs	S5	Major airframe repairs
S2	Minor airframe and minor powerplant repairs	S6	Minor airframe and major powerplant repairs
S3	Major airframe and minor powerplant repairs	S7	Major powerplant repairs
S4	Major airframe and major powerplant repairs	S8	Minor powerplant repairs

3.1.5.5 Noise

Remarks pertaining to noise information and/or abatement measures shall be included.

Figure 3.42 Noise Abatement

NOISE: Noise abatement 3 miles from Rwy 18. Contact tower manager.

3.1.5.6 Remarks

Facility remarks will be listed under the general heading **AIRPORT REMARKS, MILITARY REMARKS, HELICOPTER REMARKS** or **SEAPLANE REMARKS** as applicable.

3.1.5.6.1 Civil and Joint Civil/Military Airports

At civil and joint civil/military airports, the attendance schedule is listed first. Airport attendance does not mean watchman duties or telephone accessibility, but rather an attendant or operator on duty to provide at least minimum services (e.g., repairs, fuel, transportation). The airport attendance schedule is the days, months and hours the airport is actually attended.

Figure 3.43 Civil and Joint Civil/Military Airports

Attended 1500-0300Z† Mon-Sat 1 May-30 Sep 1500-0300Z†, 1 Oct-30 Apr.

3.1.5.6.2 Military Facilities

At military facilities the airport operating hours are listed first. Operating hours are those during which airport services (Fuel, Transient Service, etc.) and communications (ATIS, PTD, UNICOM, APP, DEP, TWR, A/G, etc.) are available unless otherwise specified. Airport operating schedule is the days, months and hours the airport is operational.

Figure 3.44 Military Facilities

Opr 1500-0300Z† Mon-Sat 1 May-30 Sep 1500-0300Z†, 1 Oct-30 Apr.

3.1.5.6.3 Pertinent Remarks

Pertinent remarks are grouped in the order of applicability under the subheadings – RSTD, CAUTION (Only MILITARY REMARKS section), TFC PAT, CSTMS/AG/IMG, TRANS ALERT and MISC. Remarks applicable to the military only or tenants on the airport are shown following the general remarks under the subheading MILITARY. Remarks applicable to a specific tenant(s) will be shown after the appropriate subheading; e.g., ARNG, A, NAVY etc.

3.1.5.6.4 Publishing Criteria for Item in SERVICE and REMARKS

The following criteria shall be used for items to be published in SERVICE and REMARKS sections.

3.1.5.6.4.1 Remarks about conditions of an indefinite nature and conditions

Remarks about conditions of an indefinite nature and conditions that will be in effect 56 days or more, the knowledge of which is essential for safe and efficient operation of civil and military aircraft, will be listed. These conditions may be related to, but are not limited to, aeronautical facilities, services, maintenance availability, procedures, hazards, etc.

3.1.5.6.4.2 Remarks describing occurrence of defects, correction of defects

Remarks describing occurrence of defects, correction of defects, or changes in the landing or operating area will be included.

Note: Remarks such as “Do not land first 1000’ of rwy” are both instructional and incomplete and should not be published. Remarks should be qualified as to the reason for the condition; e.g., First 1000’ Rwy 12 CLOSED due to construction.

Figure 3.45 Remarks Describing Occurrence of Defects, Correction of Defects

First 1000’ Rwy 12 CLOSED due to construction.

3.1.5.6.4.3 Other remarks of operational significance

Other remarks of operational significance may be included at the specific request of the airport manager or appropriate authority.

3.1.5.6.4.4 Conditions which will be in effect for 56 days or more

Conditions which will be in effect for 56 days or more and in the opinion of the airport manager or the appropriate authority should be brought to the attention of aviators will be listed. Examples follow.

3.1.5.6.4.4.1 RSTD Remarks

Remarks describing airport conditions such as PPR, Official Business, CLOSED indef, which limit aircraft operations at the airport will be included.

3.1.5.6.4.4.2 CAUTION Remarks

Caution remarks will be included and placed in this section when provided by source - military only.

3.1.5.6.4.4.3 GENERAL Remarks

General remarks that do not fit the existing descriptive categories including but limited to the following:

- Landing, ram, and other fees. The existence of a fee when civil or military aircraft may be liable for the fee will be indicated; e.g. "Ldg fee for acft over 12,500 lb" "Commercial ldg and tie down fee" or "Fee for all charter, travel club, and revenue producing acft." The following will be shown if only military aircraft will be liable for the fee; e.g., "Fee for US mil acft using N ramp". Service fees should be listed with the service type.
- Seasonal availability, if it exists, will be indicated.
- Non-standard markings, should they exist, will be indicated and described.
- Published information concerning overruns, stopways, and blast pads will be described
- Telephone numbers listed in the Directory are commercial telephone numbers unless otherwise noted and will be shown with the area code and number; e.g., 240-857-2740. Defense Switching Network numbers will be identified by the prefix DSN and number; e.g., DSN 857-5761.

3.1.5.6.4.4.4 TFC PAT Remarks

Remarks pertaining to traffic pattern altitude and exceptions to the standard traffic pattern altitude shall be included.

3.1.5.6.4.4.5 CSTMS/AG IMG Remarks

Customs, agriculture, quarantine, and immigration services shall be shown. The designation of an Airport of Entry (AOE) or Landing Rights Airport (LRA) shall be shown when applicable. Supplement legends will carry a definition of terms. Restrictions to available facilities at airports that are not designated an AOE or LRA will be identified.

3.1.5.6.4.4.6 Military Transient Alert Services (TRAN ALERT)

Show the availability of normal Transient Alert Services by use of TRAN ALERT. Transient Alert service is considered to include all services required for normal Military aircraft turn around: i.e., servicing (fuel, oxygen, etc.), debriefing to determine requirements for maintenance, minor maintenance, inspection, and parking assistance for military transient aircraft.

Figure 3.46 TRAN ALERT Example

TRAN ALERT Opr Sun-Sat 1200-0400Z† except holidays. TRAN ALERT NAVY Servicing not avbl T-43 acft. No maintenance/cargo handling avbl. Expect servicing delay. Local staging fight prohibited.

3.1.5.6.4.4.7 Notices

The notation Special Air Traffic Rules Part 93 shall be listed when applicable. 'See Section 3 - Regulatory/Special Notices' and the title of the notice shall be shown when a notice applicable to the facility is contained in the Notices section of the directory. When both a Regulatory and a Special Notice are published for a single facility, the Regulatory Notice shall be referenced first.

Figure 3.47 Notice Example

NOTE: See Section 3 - Regulatory Notices. Special Notices-District of Columbia Ronald Reagan Washington National Airport. When multiple notices are published for the same facility the notation 'See Section 3' will not be duplicated. 'See Section 4-Parachute Jumping Areas' shall be shown when applicable.

3.1.5.6.4.5 Type Data Not Published in the SERVICES and REMARKS Sections

The following type data shall NOT be published in the SERVICES and REMARKS sections:

- a. Any condition which is expected to remain in effect for less than 56 days. This type of data will normally be disseminated by NOTAM.
- b. Permanent closures of airports, runways, taxiways (these items will be deleted from the supplement);
- c. Remarks about obstructions designated as close-in or controlling obstructions;
- d. Presence or removal of hazardous conditions due to snow, ice, water, or temporary obstructions on or adjacent to the landing area;
- e. Incomplete remarks such as “Do not use Rwy 12 or Twy A2,” etc.; complete remarks indicate the condition which makes the remark effective. “Do not use Rwy 23 under crosswind conditions.”
- f. Data regarding IFR arrival and departure procedures, including noise abatement procedures;
- g. Temporary shortages of certain types of fuel, starting equipment, or other aircraft services;
- h. Data regarding temporary closures or restrictions at airports due to air shows, close proximity of athletic events, etc.;
- i. Data regarding availability of box lunches, hotel reservations, government transportation, billeting, etc.;
- j. Telephone numbers not directly necessary for the advance coordination of aircraft movements.
- k. Names of commercial entities; non-government web sites;
- l. Any other information not described in the allowable remarks.

3.1.5.7 Airport Manager

The telephone number for the airport manager shall be shown.

3.1.5.8 Weather Data

Weather data associated with the airport shall be shown by the following abbreviations:

Figure 3.48 Weather Data Abbreviations

ASOS	Automated Surface Observing System. Reports the same as an AWOS-3 plus precipitation identification and intensity, and freezing rain occurrence (future enhancement).
AWOS	Automated Weather Observing System
AWOS-A	Reports altimeter setting (all other information is advisory only)
AWOS-1	Reports altimeter setting, wind data and usually temperature, dew point and density altitude.
AWOS-2	Reports the same as AWOS-1 plus visibility.
AWOS-3	Reports the same as AWOS-1 plus visibility and cloud/ceiling data.
AWOS-3P	Reports the same as the AWOS-3 system, plus a precipitation identification sensor
AWOS-3PT	Reports the same as the AWOS-3 system, plus a precipitation identification sensor and a thunderstorm/lightning reporting capability.
AWOS-3T	Reports the same as the AWOS-3 system and includes a thunderstorm/lightning reporting capability.
AWOS-4	Reports the same as the AWOS-3 system, plus a precipitation occurrence, type and accumulation, freezing rain, thunderstorm, and runway surface sensors.
LAWRS	Limited Aviation Weather Reporting Station where observers report cloud height, weather, obstructions to vision, temperature and dew point (in most cases), surface wind, altimeter and pertinent remarks.
LLWAS	Indicates a Low Level Wind Shear Alert System consisting of a center field and several field perimeter anemometers.
PMSV	Indicates Pilot to METRO Service is available at selected facilities to provide military aircrews direct radio contact with weather forecasters.
SAWRS	Identifies airports that have a Supplemental Aviation Weather Reporting Station available to pilots for current weather information.
SWSL	Supplemental Weather Service Location providing current local weather information via radio and telephone.

TDWR	Indicates airports that have Terminal Doppler Weather Radar.
WSP	Indicates airports that have Weather System Processor.
WX CAM	Aviation Closed Circuit Television Weather Camera.

3.1.5.8.1 Listing of Weather Data

Weather data will be listed alphabetically followed by the assigned frequencies and/or telephone number and hours of operation.

Figure 3.49 Weather Data

AWOS-3 121.25 470-876-1291. LLWAS. PMSV 306.5 41.2 (Full svc avbl 1115-0315Z†)

3.1.5.8.2 Automated Weather Source Broadcast over a NAVAID

When the automated weather source is broadcast over the primary (NAVAID main entry) NAVAID frequency, it shall be indicated by a ASOS, AWOS, followed by the frequency, NAVAID identifier and phone number, if available.

Figure 3.50 Automated Weather Source Broadcast over a NAVAID

ASOS 114.4 MIE N40°14.52' W85°23.78'. (765) 288-9617.

3.1.5.9 Communications

Specific communication data available at the airport will be listed under this general heading. Data entries shall include call sign, applicable frequencies and hours of operations. When the call sign is the same as the airport name, the call sign will not be shown. Remarks applicable to any communication item shall appear after the specific call sign or frequency entry. Items published in this entry will include, but will not be limited to, SFA, CTAF, UNICOM, AUNICOM, ATIS, D-ATIS, PTD, FSS, RADIO, NAME/IDENT/FREQUENCIES/TELEPHONE NUMBER, NAME RCO, APP, TWR, GND, GCO, DEP, VFR ADVSY SVC, CLNC DEL, CPDLC, PDC, COMD POST, ARPT OPS, and MF (Canada).

The availability of Single Frequency Approach (SFA) service, Common Traffic Advisory Frequency (CTAF), Private Aeronautical Advisory Stations (UNICOM), Automated UNICOM (AUNICOM), Automatic Terminal Information Service (ATIS), Data Link Automatic Terminal Service (D-ATIS) and Pilot to Dispatcher (PTD) service will be shown in the above order by their abbreviations immediately following the heading, "COMMUNICATIONS".

3.1.5.9.1 CTAF, UNICOM, AUNICOM, ATIS, D-ATIS and PTD Frequencies

CTAF, UNICOM, AUNICOM, ATIS, D-ATIS, and PTD assigned frequencies will be published.

Figure 3.51 CTAF, UNICOM, AUNICOM, ATIS, D-ATIS and PTD Frequencies

SFA CTAF 118.7 UNICOM 122.95 ATIS 127.25 301-584-6541 PTD 372.2

3.1.5.9.2 Language - ATIS Frequencies

Only English speaking ATIS frequencies will be published.

3.1.5.9.3 CTAF and UNICOM Frequencies

When the CTAF and UNICOM frequencies are the same, the frequency, the headings will be combined and published as CTAF/UNICOM 122.8.

3.1.5.9.4 Flight Service Stations (FSS)

The servicing FSS name shall be shown followed by the identifier and information concerning availability of telephone service.

3.1.5.9.4.1 FSS Located at Airport

Where the servicing FSS is located on the airport the notation ‘on arpt’ will be shown after the FSS identifier.

3.1.5.9.4.2 FSS Frequencies

Frequencies available at the FSS will follow listed in ascending order. Alaska emergency frequencies 121.5 and 243.0 will not be shown at FSSs where published.

3.1.5.9.4.3 FSS Telephone Numbers

FSS telephone numbers will only be shown when other than the standard TF 1-800-WX-BRIEF.

Figure 3.52 FSS Telephone Numbers

FORT WORTH FSS (FTW) on arpt. 122.2 122.65 123.65

3.1.5.9.4.4 FSS Call Sign

When the call sign is the same as the airport name the call sign will not be shown.

Figure 3.53 FSS Call Sign

FSS (ORL) 122.2 122.65 123.65

3.1.5.9.4.5 FSSs with Names Other than the Airport

FSSs with names other than the airport shall be listed separately in the normal alphabetical listing.

3.1.5.9.4.6 FSS Operating Hours (Includes Part Time)

When a Flight Service Station operates part time and a different Flight Service Station takes over during other periods, the listing will be shown as follows:

Figure 3.54 FSS Operating Hours

ILIAMNA FSS (ILI) 1200-0300Z+. OT ctc KENAI FSS (ENA).

3.1.5.9.5 Remote Communications Outlet (RCO)

At those airports which offer remote voice communications with Flight the entry will be shown by the name of RCO (NAME RCO) followed by the available frequencies and the associated FSS facility, followed by the word “RADIO”.

Figure 3.55 Remote Communications Outlet

NUTSY RCO 117.1T 122.1R (ILIAMNA RADIO)

3.1.5.9.5.1 RCO Name is Different than the Airport Name

When the RCO name is different than the airport it will be show in a separate listing.

3.1.5.9.5.2 Two Same Name RCOs with Same Associated Radio (FSS in Alaska)

When two same name RCOs with the same associated RADIO(FSS in AK) are published, the RCO frequencies can be combined and published as a single entry.

Figure 3.56 Two Same Name RCOs with Same Associated Radio (FSS in AK)

KANSAS CITY RCO 122.65 113.25T 122.1R.

3.1.5.9.5.3 Emergency Frequencies

Alaska emergency frequency 121.5 and 243.0 will be shown, if available.

3.1.5.9.5.4 Stand-alone RCO Entries

Stand-alone RCO entries that are not at an airport or NAVAID shall be listed in the normal alphabetical listing.

3.1.5.9.6 Remaining Communication Frequencies

The remaining communication frequencies will be shown after the RCO data in the following sequence by the abbreviations shown:

Figure 3.57 Communication Frequency Abbreviations

APP	Approach Control. The symbol ® indicates radar approach control
ARRIVAL	Arrival Control
TWR	Control Tower
GCA	Ground Control Approach System
GND CON	Ground Control
GND METERING	Ground Metering
GCO	Ground Communication Outlet
DEP	Departure Control. The symbol ® indicates radar departure control
CLNC DEL	Clearance Delivery
CPDLC	Controller Pilot Data Link Communication
PDC	Pre-Departure Clearance
PRE TAXI CLNC	Pre Taxi Clearance
GATE HOLD	Gate Hold
VFR ADVSY SVC	VFR Advisory Service. Service provided by Non-Radar Approach Control
COMD POST	Command Post

3.1.5.9.6.1 Approach Control Data

Approach Control data shall be shown immediately following the subheading APP. A bold circle R symbol ® shall be shown preceding the approach control data to indicate that the approach control has radar capability.

Figure 3.58 Approach Control Data

® DOVER APP 132.425

3.1.5.9.6.2 Tower and Ground Control Data

Tower and Ground Control data will be shown immediately following the subheadings TWR and GND.

3.1.5.9.6.3 Departure Control Data

Departure Control data shall be shown immediately following the subheading DEP. A bold circle R symbol ® shall be shown preceding the departure control data to indicate that the departure control has radar capability.

Figure 3.59 Departure Control Data

® DOVER DEP 132.425.

3.1.5.9.6.4 Order of Frequencies

Frequencies shall be shown in ascending order with the primary frequency listed first. All primary frequencies will be listed together with sectorization, hours of operation and any pertinent remarks.

Figure 3.60 Order of Frequencies

GALVESTON APP 132.15 321.0 (090°-270°) 135.55 232.0 (271°-089°)(1200 0300Z±)
other times ctc
HOUSTON CENTER APP 127.9 330.1

Call name shall be shown.

Figure 3.61 Call Name

GALVESTON APP/DEP 132.15 329.7

3.1.5.9.6.5 UHF Frequencies

UHF frequencies will be shown, when available.

3.1.5.9.6.6 Approach and Departure Information

Approach and departure information shall be combined where information is the same.

Figure 3.62 Approach and Departure Information

GALVESTON APP/DEP 132.15 329.7

3.1.5.9.6.7 Air Traffic Control Facility (ARTCC)

Where the enroute air traffic control facility (ARTCC) provides approach or departure control service, the listing will contain the Center name followed by the frequencies and service information.

Figure 3.63 Air Traffic Control Facility (ARTCC)

OAKLAND CENTER APP/DEP 125.7 328.6

3.1.5.9.6.8 Part-Time Approach and/or Departure Control

When approach control and/or departure control operates part time and the alternate approach and/or departure takes over during other periods, the listing will be shown as follows:

Figure 3.64 Part-Time Approach and/or Departure Control

GALVESTON APP 132.15 321.0 (1200-0300Z±), other times ctc
HOUSTON CENTER APP 127.9 330.1.

3.1.5.9.6.9 CLNC DEL - Clearance Delivery**3.1.5.9.6.10 CPDLC - Controller Pilot Data Link Communications**

When CPDLC service is provided, the listing will contain the CPDLC services offered, e.g. DCL, followed by the logon in parentheses.

Figure 3.65 CPDLC - Controller Pilot Data Link Communications

CPDLC DCL (LOGON KMEM)

3.1.5.9.6.11 PDC – Pre-Departure Clearance**3.1.5.9.6.12 NAME COMD POST - RAMP and AMC AIRLIFT COORDINATION CNTR, etc.****3.1.5.10 Airspace**

Information concerning Class B, C, D and E surface area airspace shall be published with effective times.

Figure 3.66 Airspace

CLASS D svc Mon-Sat 1300-0500Z† OT CLASS G. CLASS B See VFR Terminal Area Chart. CLASS E svc Sun-Fri 1100-0300Z†, Sat 1200-2300Z†, OT CLASS G. TRSA svc ctc APP 20 NM out.

3.1.5.11 VOR Test Facility (VOTs)

On-airport ground based VOR test facilities shall be shown with identifier, frequency and referenced remarks.

3.1.5.12 Radio aids to Navigation (NAVAIDs)

All public use NAVAIDs and private use military owned and operated TACANs shall be listed. Navigational Aids will not refer to airports not listed in the supplement.

The grouping shall consist of radio aids to navigation (NAVAIDs) to include all same name NAVAIDs available at the alphabetized radio facility and/or airport name listing, and different name NAVAIDs which:

- a. are located on the airport.
- b. are used to furnish final approach guidance on a published U.S. Government or DoD instrument approach procedure (high or low) serving the airport.
- c. is the closest usable NAVAID to an airport depicted on the Enroute Chart

NAVAIDs that do not share the name, the first portion of a hyphenated name, or multiple word name of the airport or associated city shall be listed separately in the normal alphabetical list.

The chart(s) on which the NAVAID is depicted shall be listed when the NAVAID appears as its own separate entry.

3.1.5.12.1 NOTAM Accountability

When a NAVAID is listed as a separate entry, the NOTAM accountability identifier will be shown immediately following geographical position and on the same line with the NAVAID name.

When the NAVAID is listed under an airport entry, the NOTAM accountability identifier will be shown if it is different than that of the airport on the same line with the NAVAID heading. When two or more NAVAIDs are listed and the NOTAM FILE identifier is different than shown on the NAVAID line, then it will be shown with the NAVAID listing.

3.1.5.12.2 VHF/DF Availability

VHF/DF availability will be shown immediately following and on the same line with the NOTAM accountability identifier. Controlling facility will be shown when more than one FSS serves the airport.

Figure 3.67 VHF/DF Availability

"VHF/DF ctc Phoenix RADIO (or FSS)"

3.1.5.12.3 NAVAID Listing Sequencing

NAVAIDS shall be listed in the following sequence: VORTAC, VOR/DME, VOR, TACAN, DME, NDB/DME, UHF NDB, LF/MF NDB, NDB/LOM, NDB/LMM, and DME. LOM and LMM when published as compass locators shall be shown. Marker beacons shall not be shown.

3.1.5.12.4 NAVAID DATA

NAVAIDs shall be shown as follows:

Figure 3.68 NAVAID DATA

KINGSTON (VH) (H) VORTAC 113.8 KGS CH 76 N37°47.36' W122°49.13' at fld. 150/8E.
(0100-2200Z±). Unmonitored. NOTAM FILE ABC. No NOTAM MP 2200-0100Z±. SHUTDOWN.
COLUMBIA (H) TACAN 109.2 CBU CH29 N28°32.65' W81°21.12' 177° 5.4 NM to fld. 1115/8E

3.1.5.12.5 Types of Radio Facilities

The types of radio facilities and standard service volume class code(s) in parentheses shall be shown using the Radio Class Codes from the Directory legend; e.g., FORNEY (L) VOR, ANCHORAGE (H) (DH) VORW/DME.

3.1.5.12.6 DME and VOR/DME

DME or VOR NAVAIDs with Distance Measuring Equipment shall be indicated by the letters "DME", e.g., VOR/DME. VOR/DME facilities that require TACAN to be placed in the "Y" mode to receive DME will be indicated by a (Y) suffix following the channel; e.g.,

Figure 3.69 VOR/DME Example

HARBER (T) (DL) VOR/DME 112.15 HAR CH 58(Y).

3.1.5.12.7 NAVAID Standard Service Volume (SSV) Classifications

The SSV classification code of VHF/UHF NAVAIDs (VORTAC, VOR, VOR/DME, TACAN, DME) facilities shall be shown in parentheses followed by the type of designation; e.g., (L) VOR.

SSV Classifications:

- (T) Terminal
- (L) Low
- (H) High
- (VL) VOR Low
- (VH) VOR High
- (DL) DME Low
- (DH) DME High

For NAVAIDs with two components, e.g. VOR/DME, the designated SSV for each component will be shown in paired parentheses with the VOR SSV shown first; e.g., (H) (DL) VORTAC.

3.1.5.12.8 NAVAID Identifier

The identifier of the NAVAID shall be shown.

3.1.5.12.9 NAVAID Frequencies

NAVAID frequencies shall be shown.

3.1.5.12.10 Channel Number and (Y) Suffix

The channel number and (Y) suffix if applicable shall be shown. Add the paired VHF frequency, in parenthesis, to the TACAN and DME data block after the NAVAID identifier.

Figure 3.70 Channel Number and (Y) Suffix

COLUMBIA (H) TACAN CH 29 CBU (109.2) N28°32.65' W81°21.12' 177° 5.4 NM to fld. 1115/8E

3.1.5.12.11 Geographic Coordinate

The geographic coordinates as hemisphere, degrees, minutes and hundredths-of-minutes for NAVAIDs shall be shown. For NAVAIDs with two components, i.e. VOR/DME and VORTAC, only the geographic coordinates for the VOR will be shown.

Figure 3.71 Geographic Coordinates

N28°49.56' W81°09.33'

3.1.5.12.12 Magnetic Bearing and Distance

The magnetic bearing and distance to the field shall be shown for all NAVAIDs listed under the airport.

3.1.5.12.13 NAVAID Co-Located at Field (1 NM or Less)

If the NAVAID is located at the field (1 nautical mile or less from the Airport Reference Point) show “at fld”.

In addition, other magnetic bearing and distance information from the NAVAID to the airport may be shown when specifically and officially requested. Care must be taken to effect a correlation of identical information at each affected airport or NAVAID.

3.1.5.12.14 Elevation and Magnetic Variation

The elevation and magnetic variation will be shown when available, e.g., 135/8E.

3.1.5.12.15 NOTAM Identifier

The NOTAM identifier will be shown when it is different than shown on the Radio Aids to Navigation line.

3.1.5.12.16 Hours of Operation

Specific hours of operation, if any, will be shown in UTC, i.e., 1500-0700Z. A double dagger (‡) symbol will be shown following all UTC (Z) time affected by daylight saving time.

3.1.5.12.17 NAVAID Remarks

Pertinent remarks affecting the current status or usability of NAVAID facilities shall be shown, on the same line(s) following the NAVAID data.

Figure 3.72 NAVAID Remarks

NOTAM FILE FTW. Unmonitored. VFR only. OTS indef.

3.1.5.12.18 NAVAID Restriction

The NAVAID restriction will be preceded by the NAVAID or component type. Restrictions will be listed north going clockwise.

NAVAID restrictions will be listed at every instance where the NAVAID appears.

Figure 3.73 NAVAID Restriction

BRADLEY (L) (DL) VOR/DME 115.8 SFO CH 105 (Y) N37°37.16' W122°22.00' at fld. 160/14W. 1200-2000Z‡.

VOR unusable: 015°-070° byd 25 NM blo 4500'
150°-180° byd 20 NM blo 6300'
181°-260° byd 20 NM blo 9000'

DME unusable: 015°-030° byd 25 NM blo 4500'
031°-040° byd 30 NM blo 7000'

HUMBLE (VH) (H) VORTAC IAH 116.6 CH 113 N29°57.42' W95°20.74' 003° 1.7 NM to fld. 90/5E.

VOR unusable: 015°-070° byd 25 NM blo 4500'
150°-180° byd 20 NM blo 6300'
181°-260° byd 20 NM blo 9000'

TACAN unusable: 040°-055° blw 5,000'
150°-320°

DME unusable: 015°-030° byd 25 NM blw 4500'
031°-040° byd 30 NM blw 7000'

3.1.5.13 Instrument Approach Procedures

This grouping shall consist of the availability of ILS, LOC, LDA, and SDF, which are used, in an approved instrument approach procedure.

3.1.5.13.1 Procedure Type - ILS, ILS Y, ILS Z and LOC

The procedure type ILS, ILS Y, ILS Z and LOC shall be shown followed by the procedure components. ILS with DME shall be indicated as ILS/DME, LOC with DME shown as LOC/DME.

3.1.5.13.1.1 Localizer Frequency**3.1.5.13.1.2 Localizer Identification****3.1.5.13.1.3 DME Channel****3.1.5.13.1.3.1 DME Channel Numbers with a (Y) Suffix**

Those DME channel numbers with a (Y) suffix require the TACAN to be placed in the (Y) mode to receive distance information.

3.1.5.13.1.4 Runway Identifier**3.1.5.13.1.5 ILS Facility Performance Classification Codes****3.1.5.13.1.6 Locator Outer Marker**

If the marker is designated a MARKER/COMLO or MARKER/NDB it will be shown as LOM NAME NDB.

The entire NDB data shall be listed separately, in the same manner as other NAVAIDs.

Pertinent remarks shall be shown, positioned on the same line.

Figure 3.74 Locator Outer Marker

ILS/DME 108.5 I-ORL CH 22 RWY 18 Class IIE LOM HENRY NDB

3.1.5.13.2 Simplified Directional Facility (SDF)

The procedure type Simplified Directional Facility will be shown by the abbreviation SDF followed by the procedure data.

3.1.5.13.2.1 Frequency**3.1.5.13.2.2 Identification****3.1.5.13.2.3 DME Channel****3.1.5.13.2.4 Runway Identifier****3.1.5.13.3 Airport Surveillance Radar (ASR) and Precision Approach Radar (PAR) Approaches**

The availability of Airport Surveillance Radar and Precision Approach Radar shall be shown by the abbreviations ASR and PAR respectively; e.g., **RADAR: ASR/PAR.**

- Part-time hours of operation will be shown, if available.
- Frequency data will not be shown.

Figure 3.75 ASR Example

ASR (Mon-Fri 1200-0400Z†, Sat-Sun 1300-2300Z†)

3.1.6 Airport Sketch

References:

[Appendix 16](#) - Section 1: A/FD Directory Legend Sample

[Appendix 17](#) - Section 1: A/FD Sketch Legend

3.1.6.1 General

A sketch of the airport providing a depiction of the runway pattern, taxiways and related cultural information enclosed within a border line and placed to the right of the textual information shall be positioned in the upper right corner of the airport entry under the chart references.

3.1.6.2 Scale

The scale of each sketch shall be that which provides detail required to be shown by these specifications.

3.1.6.3 Sketch Orientation

Sketches shall be oriented with True North at the top.

3.1.6.4 Plotting of Information

All information shall be plotted in its relative geographic position.

3.1.6.5 Bearings/Radials

All bearings/radials shall be magnetic and shall be depicted by a three (3) digit figure, e.g., 001, 012, 123.

3.1.6.6 Textual or Type Data

All textual or type data, unless otherwise stated, shall be positioned perpendicular to True North.

3.1.6.7 Identification and Data Notes

Identification and data notes shall be positioned adjacent to or as near to the symbol as possible except when such placement would result in the obliteration of other detail.

3.1.6.8 Leader Lines

Leader lines, with arrowheads, may be used when necessary for clarity of detail or to show the correct relationship between type and symbolization.

3.1.6.9 Placement of Type

The placement of type plays an important part in the overall acceptable design of an airport sketch. A definite sense of proportion, balance, and good presentation is essential in preparing a sketch that represents the ultimate in readability and user appeal. Therefore, rules and standards concerning type placement must by necessity be flexible.

3.1.6.10 Symbol Patterns

Symbol patterns specified within these specifications shall be as stated, or an equivalent symbol size and line weight.

3.1.6.11 Drag Strips

Drag strips or any other form of a strip in the proximity of the airport and falling within the coverage of the airport sketch shall be shown and identified.

3.1.6.12 Scale

All runways/landing areas shown shall be drawn to scale.

3.1.6.13 Runway Patterns**3.1.6.13.1 Paved and Hard Surfaced Runways**

Paved or hard surfaced runways consisting of concrete, asphalt, bitumen, or macadam shall be shown in solid pattern.

3.1.6.13.2 Metal Surfaced Runways

Metal surfaced runways shall be shown in solid color, by the cross-hatched pattern at right angles to each other and 45° to the edge of the runway as indicated in the appendix. A .005" line shall be used to form the runway boundary.

3.1.6.13.3 Light Plane, Ski Landing Areas, Unpaved or other than Hard Surface Runways

Light Plane, Ski Landing Area, Unpaved or other than hard surface runways, such as grass, gravel, etc., shall be shown by the solid dot pattern indicated in the appendix and outlining the runway with a solid .005" line.

3.1.6.13.4 Permanently Closed Runways

Runways that exist in the authoritative source database as permanently closed will be indicated by the outline only, using a .005" solid line, and an "X" overprinted on both ends of the runway. No data (dimensions, lighting systems, runway end designations etc.) will be shown for these runways.

Hard surface runways that have been removed from the authoritative source database (but continue to exist as closed pavement) will be depicted in screen with X's to indicate closed pavement either along the entire extent of the pavement or as needed to define closed section(s).

3.1.6.13.5 Future Runways Under Construction

Future runways under construction shall be shown by outline only, using a .005" solid black dotted outline.

3.1.6.13.6 Area Around an Existing Operational Runway Under Construction

The area around an existing operational runway under construction shall be outlined using a .005" solid black dotted outline. Currently published runway data (dimensions, lighting systems, runway end designations etc.) will be shown for these runways.

3.1.6.13.7 Water Runways

Water runways shall be displayed using a 1 weight (.005") line, .01" dash, separated by a .04" space to outline the runway boundary. Water runways will be shown in their approximate geographic location when coordinates are not available.

3.1.6.13.8 Hard Surfaced Overruns, Stopways and Blast Pads

Only hard surfaced overruns, stopways and blast pads shall be shown, using 120L/15%.

3.1.6.14 Taxiways, Aprons, and Hardstands

Taxiways, aprons, and hardstands shall be drawn to scale using 120L/15%.

3.1.6.14.1 Dispersal Areas

Dispersal areas shall not be shown.

3.1.6.14.2 Closed Taxiways

Permanently closed taxiways will be identified by a series of X's to indicate closed pavement either along the entire extent of the pavement or as needed to define closed section(s), overprinting the taxiways using 4 to 7 point upper case type, solid color.

3.1.6.14.3 Future Taxiways Under Construction

Future taxiways under construction shall be shown by outline only, using a .005" solid black dotted outline.

3.1.6.14.4 Area Around an Existing Operational Taxiway Under Construction

The area around an existing operational taxiway under construction shall be outlined using a .005" solid black dotted outline. Currently published taxiway designations will be shown for these taxiways.

3.1.6.15 Runway Dimensions

Runway dimensions (length and width) shall be shown for all operational runways with the numerals positioned along and parallel to the runway using 6 point type.

Runway length shall be the actual published length of the runway (pavement, end to end) including displaced thresholds, but excluding overruns, stopways and blast pads.

3.1.6.15.1 Displaced Thresholds

Displaced thresholds shall be shown in their relative position on the runway by the symbol illustrated in the appendix

3.1.6.16 Runway Numbers

Runway numbers, as shown on the runway shall be placed as close as possible to the end of the associated runways.

Runway numbers shall not be shown for "new runways under construction" or closed runways.

3.1.6.17 Helicopter Alighting Area

Known helicopter alighting areas will be shown if they are in the database or by request. Helipad dimensions will not be shown.

The alighting area symbols on the chart shall be representative of the markings painted on the heliport. When unknown, the standard circle H symbol shall be used.

The intended landing point shall be shown by the appropriate alighting area symbol in negative print.

A paved surface with various alighting areas shall be treated the same as a runway surface, with the various alighting areas superimposed thereon, in solid color.

3.1.6.18 Approach Lighting Systems

Various approach lighting systems shall be shown symbolized in miniature.

The circled letters associated with and identifying the various systems shall also be shown.

The approach lighting system symbols and associated letter designation shall be positioned as illustrated in the appendices. A dot "•" portrayed with approach lighting indicates sequenced flashers are installed with the approach lights.

3.1.6.18.1 Threshold Lights

Threshold lights shall be indicated only when an integral part of the approach lighting symbol. They shall not be shown separately.

3.1.6.18.2 Airport Beacon (Rotating Light)

The Airport Beacon (rotating light) shall be symbolized by the five-pointed star with an open center, as shown in [Appendix 17](#), positioned as near the proper location as possible.

3.1.6.18.3 Runway Centerline Lights

The centerline lights will be symbolized by a dotted line down the center of the runway. If directionality exists it will be noted on the runway end line of the airport entry.

3.1.6.18.4 Pilot Activated Airport Lighting Systems

Pilot capability to activate airport lighting systems, including beacons, shall be shown using negative symbols or type, as shown in the appendix.

3.1.6.18.5 USN Optical Landing System

U.S. Navy Optical Landing System shall be shown by the symbol indicated in the appendix, in its exact position alongside of the runway.

3.1.6.19 Control Tower

The location of the control tower shall be indicated by symbol as indicated in the appendix and positioned as near the proper location as possible, accompanied by the notation "TWR". If the rotating beacon is located on the tower, the rotating beacon symbol shall suffice for the tower symbol, supplemented by the letters "TWR". The elevation of the tower, when available, shall be shown.

3.1.6.20 Landing Direction Indicator

If a wind cone, landing tee, and/or tetrahedron is located on the sketch; they will be positioned as near the proper location as possible.

3.1.6.21 Obstructions

Obstructions, as specifically requested, shall be shown as lighted or unlighted. The obstruction shall be supported by the elevation data and symbolized as illustrated in the appendix.

3.1.6.21.1 Spot Elevations

Spot elevations shall not be shown.

3.1.6.22 Radio Aids to Navigation (NAVAIDs)

Radio aids to navigation that fall within the area of the airport sketch, except components of the ILS, shall be indicated by symbol as indicated in the appendix.

3.1.6.23 Base Information

Base information having significant landmark value that would assist the user in rapid airport identification shall be shown.

Significant visual landmark features shall be charted and symbolized as indicated in the appendix and IAC 2, Sectional Aeronautical and VFR Terminal Area Charts. Other symbology may be designed as needed.

3.1.6.23.1 Hydrography

Hydrography shall include such features of which water is a constituent part as shown in the appendices.

3.1.6.23.1.1 Lakes

The shoreline of lakes shall be that which corresponds to the normal water stage.

3.1.6.23.1.2 Reservoirs and Pools

The shoreline represents the water level at the normal stage.

3.1.6.23.1.3 Streams

Streams are shown by a single line or shape.

3.1.6.23.1.4 Aqueducts and Flumes

Aqueducts, and flumes shall be shown as illustrated in IAC 2.

3.1.6.23.1.5 Canals and Levees

Canals and levees shall be shown using a .04" line and labeled in .45 point type.

Multiple channels shall be shown with two (2) .04" lines and labeled in .45 point type.

3.1.6.23.2 Railroads, Roads and Related Features**3.1.6.23.2.1 Railroads****3.1.6.23.2.1.1 Single and Multiple Track Railroads**

A railroad consisting of one or more track(s) on an roadbed. They shall be shown using a .01" line. Crossties will be displayed by a .01" line, .01" long at .25" intervals.

3.1.6.23.2.1.2 Railroads Under Construction or Abandoned Railroads

They shall be labeled "Under Construction" or "Abandoned".

3.1.6.23.2.1.3 Marshalling and Storage Yards

Marshalling and Storage Yards shall be outlined to scale with a pattern of tracks shown.

3.1.6.23.2.2 Roads

They are all weather roads, hard surface and otherwise which have exceptional landmark value. They shall be shown with a .02" line.

3.1.6.23.2.2.1 Multi-Lane Highways

Multi-Lane Highways are highways that are separated by a median strip between the two directions of travel. They shall be shown with a .02" line, separated by a .012" space

3.1.6.23.2.3 Tunnels

Tunnels shall be shown on the appropriate railroad or road symbol using a .04" dash separated by a .02" space.

3.1.6.23.2.4 Bridges

Bridges shall be shown on the appropriate railroad or road symbol.

3.1.6.23.3 Residential Area

The term 'residential area' as used in these specifications shall be interpreted as a concentration of structures designed and built for human occupancy. Residential areas may vary in size and shall be shown textually as 'Residential Area'.

3.1.6.23.4 Built Up Areas**3.1.6.23.4.1 Industrial Area**

The term 'industrial area' as used in these specifications shall be interpreted as an area containing multiple buildings for the purpose of industrial development. Industrial areas may vary in size and shall be shown textually as 'Industrial Area'.

3.1.6.23.4.2 Mobile Home Parks

The term 'mobile home park' as used in these specifications shall be interpreted as a neighborhood consisting of an area of land where travel trailers rest. Mobile home areas may vary in size and shall be shown textually as 'Mobile Home Area'.

3.1.6.23.4.3 Areas of Landmark Value

Areas of landmark value such as cemeteries, parks, campgrounds, baseball fields, soccer fields, football fields, tennis courts and golf courses shall be shown textually in their approximate locations.

3.1.6.23.4.4 Buildings

All buildings located within the airport sketch boundary shall be shown to scale in the approximate location. Sketches should not be cluttered with buildings which have no landmark value. Exercise good cartographic judgment when evaluating building placement.

3.1.6.23.5 Relief Features

Relief features, such as hills, ditches, cliffs, depressions, cuts, fills, strip mines, mine dumps and tailings, shall be portrayed symbolically as shown in IAC 2. Open pit mines and quarries shall be portrayed symbolically and labeled as illustrated in IAC 2.

3.1.6.23.5.1 Hachuring

Hachuring shall be used to portray (1) great difference (not gradual slopes) between airport and surrounding terrain, i.e., peaks, ridges, hills, etc. and (2) relief which falls in the category of obstructions. Hachuring depicted in the legend will be defined as a hill and shall be shown as illustrated in IAC 2.

3.1.6.23.6 Vegetation

Trees shall be shown as illustrated in [Appendix 17](#). If they create an obstruction, the tree symbol will be used. Sketches should not be cluttered with the tree symbol. Wooded areas should be shown by the use of multiple tree symbol scattered within the area. Exercise good cartographic judgment when evaluating tree placement.

3.1.6.23.7 Swamps

Swamp shall be shown as illustrated in IAC 2. Sketches should not be cluttered with the swamp symbol. Swamp areas should be shown by the use of multiple swamp symbols scattered within the area. Exercise good cartographic judgment when evaluating swamp placement.

3.1.6.23.8 Miscellaneous Cultural Features

If the feature creates an obstruction or if it used as a landmark it will be shown.

3.1.6.23.8.1 Power Lines and High Tension Lines

Power Lines and High Tension Lines shall be shown as illustrated in [Appendix 17](#).

3.1.6.23.8.2 Dams

Dams shall be plotted to scale using a solid line and labeled.

3.1.6.23.8.3 Race Tracks

Race Tracks shall be plotted to scale using a solid line for the outline.

3.1.6.23.8.4 Stadiums

Stadiums shall be plotted to scale using a solid line for the outline.

3.1.6.23.8.5 Outdoor Theaters

Outdoor Theaters shall be shown in their approximate location as illustrated in IAC 2.

3.1.6.23.8.6 Towers, Tanks, Oil Wells and Smoke Stacks

Towers, Tanks, Oil Wells and Smoke Stacks shall be positioned as near the proper location as possible.

3.2 BACK MATTER CONTENT**3.2.1 Section 3 - Notices**

Notices contained within this section shall pertain to and consist of information of operational value to the pilot. Information pertaining to air traffic control procedures; noise abatement procedures; special cautionary notes; permanent restrictions to radio aids to navigation; etc., are representative of the type of notice to be carried.

3.2.1.1 General Notices

Notices of a general nature of universal application and other than for a specific geographical location shall be appropriately grouped together as a unit under the heading of "General Notices."

3.2.1.2 Area Notices

Notices pertinent to a specific geographical area shall be appropriately grouped and organized together as a unit under the heading of "Area Notice." Area Notices shall be grouped alphabetically by area, then by city, airport or location within an area.

An introductory/explanation paragraph shall be shown at the top of the first page of the Regulatory Notice listing.

3.2.1.3 Regulatory Notices

New or revised Rules, Parts, Advisory Circulars, Special Procedures and other regulatory matters of operational interest to the pilot shall be published collectively.

3.2.2 Section 4 - Associated Data

Associated data, such as contact information, reference data, parachute jump areas, etc. (text, tabulated and/or graphic) will appear in this section.

3.2.2.1 VOR Receiver Checkpoints & VOTs

When required, Associated Data entries will be preceded by a brief write-up describing its use and/or service.

Only items applicable to each chart supplement will be shown.

3.2.2.2 ICAO International Phonetic Alphabet/Morse Code

ICAO International Phonetic Alphabet/Morse Code listing will be shown. The ICAO International Phonetic Alphabet; numbers One (1) through Zero (0) inclusive, with the associated pronunciation; and Morse Code, shall be shown as the next entry.

3.2.2.3 List of Abbreviations**3.2.2.4 Frequency Pairings****3.2.2.5 FAA and NWS Informational Postings**

FAA And NWS shall be provided in this section to assist the pilot in obtaining various operational information on conditions of facilities/airports, filing and closing flight plans and various weather data.

3.2.2.6 MON Airport Listing

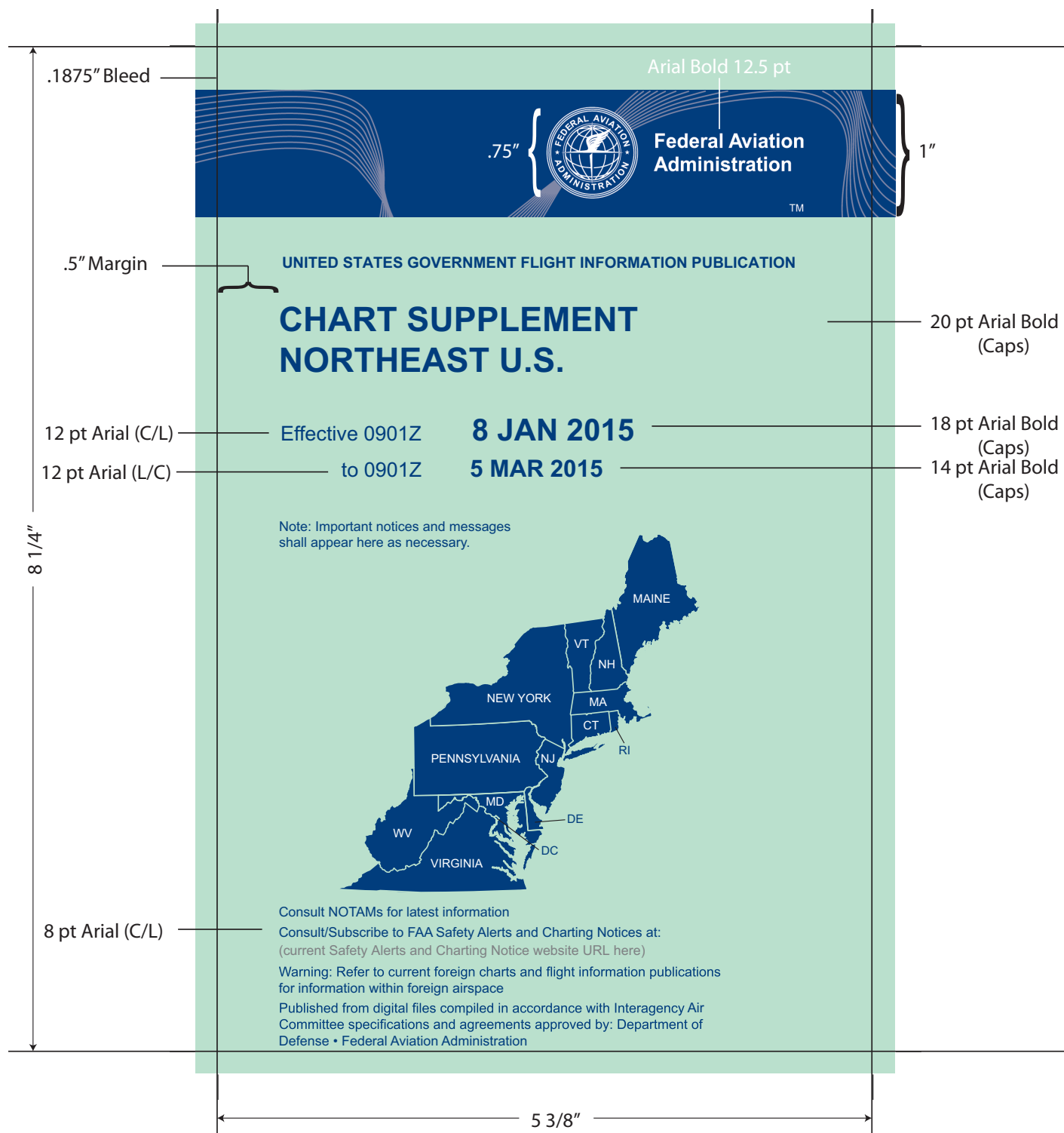
A listing of MON Airports in the geographical area of the subject Supplement shall be published as the last entry in the Associated Data section.

3.2.3 Section 5 - Procedures**3.2.4 Section 6 - Emergency Procedures****3.2.5 Section 7 - Airport Diagrams - U.S. and AK****3.2.6 Section 7 - Terminal Procedures - PAC**

Page Intentionally Left Blank

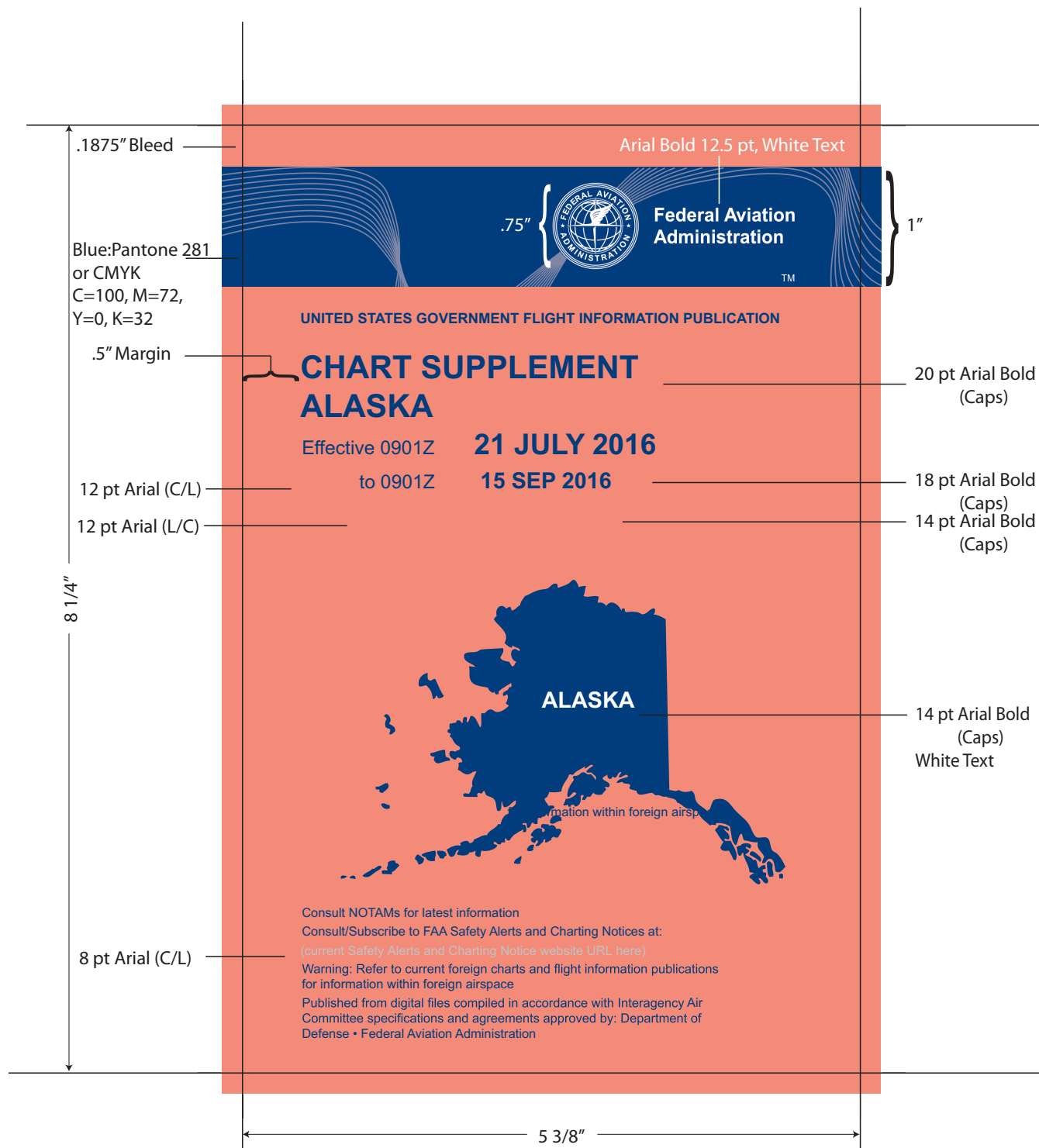
APPENDIX 1

FRONT COVER - CHART SUPPLEMENT U.S.



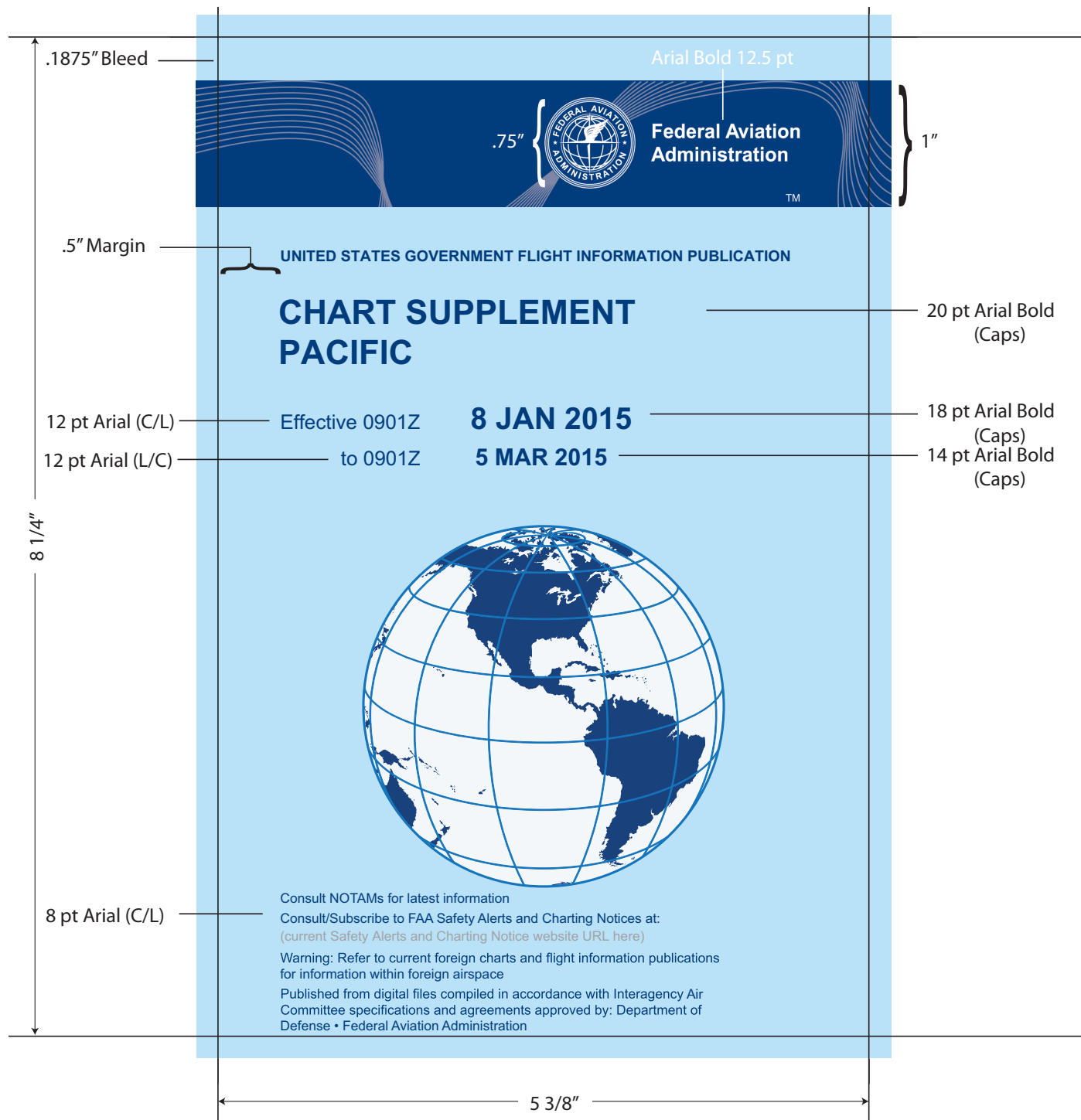
APPENDIX 2

FRONT COVER - CHART SUPPLEMENT ALASKA



APPENDIX 3

FRONT COVER - CHART SUPPLEMENT PACIFIC



APPENDIX 4

INSIDE FRONT COVER - CHART SUPPLEMENT U.S.

GENERAL INFORMATION

This Chart Supplement is a Civil Flight Information Publication updated every eight weeks by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Aviation Administration, Aeronautical Information Services, <http://www.faa.gov/go/ais>. It is designed for use with Aeronautical Charts covering the conterminous United States, Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands.

The Airport/Facility Directory section contains all public-use airports, seaplane bases and heliports, military facilities, and selected private use facilities specifically requested by the Department of Defense (DoD) for which a DoD Instrument Approach Procedure has been published in the U.S. Terminal Procedures Publication. Additionally, this publication contains communications data, navigational facilities and certain special notices and procedures.

Military data contained within this publication is provided by the National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency and is intended to provide reference data for military and/or joint use airports. Not all military data contained in this publication is applicable to civil users.

CORRECTIONS, COMMENTS, AND/OR PROCUREMENT

CRITICAL information such as equipment malfunction, abnormal field conditions, hazards to flight, etc., should be reported as soon as possible.

FOR COMMENTS OR CORRECTIONS: https://www.faa.gov/air_traffic/flight_info/aeronav/aero_data/

FAA, Aeronautical Information Services
1305 East West Highway
SSMC-4 Suite 4400
Silver Spring, MD 20910-3281
Telephone 1-800-638-8972

NOTICE: Changes must be received by Aeronautical Information Services as soon as possible but not later than the "cut-off" dates listed below to assure publication on the desired effective date. Information cut-off dates that fall on a federal holiday must be received the previous work day.

Effective Date	Airport Information Cut-off date	Airspace Information* Cut-off date
22 Apr 21	10 Mar 21	23 Feb 21
17 Jun 21	5 May 21	20 Apr 21
12 Aug 21	30 Jun 21	15 Jun 21
7 Oct 21	25 Aug 21	10 Aug 21
2 Dec 21	20 Oct 21	5 Oct 21
27 Jan 22	15 Dec 21	30 Nov 21

*Airspace Information includes changes to preferred routes and graphic depictions on charts.

FOR PROCUREMENT:

For digital products, visit our website at:
http://www.faa.gov/air_traffic/flight_info/aeronav/digital_products/

For a list of approved FAA Print Providers, visit our website at:
http://www.faa.gov/air_traffic/flight_info/aeronav/print_providers/

THIS PUBLICATION COMPRISES PART OF THE FOLLOWING SECTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES AERONAUTICAL INFORMATION PUBLICATION (AIP): GEN, ENR AND AD.

NE, 22 APR 2021 to 17 JUN 2021

APPENDIX 5

INSIDE FRONT COVER - CHART SUPPLEMENT ALASKA

GENERAL INFORMATION

This Chart Supplement is a joint Civil/Military Flight Information Publication (FLIP), updated every 8 weeks by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Aviation Administration, Aeronautical Information Services, <http://www.faa.gov/go/ais>. It is designed for use with the Flight Information Publication Enroute Charts, Alaska Terminal, USAF TACAN Charts covering Alaska and portions of Southwest and Northwest Canada, and Sectional Aeronautical Charts.

This Chart Supplement contains an Airport/Facility Directory of all airports shown on Enroute Charts, and those requested by appropriate agencies, communications data, navigational facilities, RADAR data, special notices and procedures applicable to the area of chart coverage. Military data of a more static or planning nature, is published in DoD Flight Information Publication AP/I Area Planning, North and South America.

The official ATC procedures for operating in the State of Alaska are the same as those in the conterminous United States, with a few exceptions, and are contained in the FAA Aeronautical Information Manual, Basic Flight Information and ATC Procedures.

CORRECTIONS, COMMENTS, AND/OR PROCUREMENT CIVIL

CRITICAL information such as equipment malfunction, abnormal field conditions, hazards to flight, etc., should be reported as soon as possible.

FOR COMMENTS OR CORRECTIONS: https://www.faa.gov/air_traffic/flight_info/aeronav/aero_data/

FAA, Aeronautical Information Services
1305 East West Highway
SSMC-4 Suite 4400
Silver Spring, MD 20910-3281
Telephone 1-800-638-8972

NOTICE: Changes must be received by the Aeronautical Information Management as soon as possible but not later than the "cut-off" dates listed below to assure publication on the desired effective date. Information cut-off dates that fall on a federal holiday must be received the previous work day.

Effective Date	Airport Information	Airspace Information*
	Cut-off date	Cut-off date
22 Apr 21	10 Mar 21	23 Feb 21
17 Jun 21	5 May 21	20 Apr 21
12 Aug 21	30 Jun 21	15 Jun 21
7 Oct 21	25 Aug 21	10 Aug 21
2 Dec 21	20 Oct 21	5 Oct 21
27 Jan 22	15 Dec 21	30 Nov 21

*Airspace Information includes changes to preferred routes and graphic depictions on charts.

FOR PROCUREMENT:

For digital products, visit our website at:
http://www.faa.gov/air_traffic/flight_info/aeronav/digital_products/

For a list of approved FAA Print Providers, visit our website at:
http://www.faa.gov/air_traffic/flight_info/aeronav/print_providers/

MILITARY

For Corrections Information, See Chapter 11 of General Planning (GP). For Procurement refer to DOD Catalog of Aeronautical Charts and Flight Information Publications.

THIS PUBLICATION COMPRISES PART OF THE FOLLOWING SECTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES AERONAUTICAL INFORMATION PUBLICATION (AIP): GEN, AGA 3, COM 2.

NOTE: AERONAUTICAL INFORMATION MANUAL, BASIC FLIGHT INFORMATION AND ATC PROCEDURES

Civil pilots are urged to use the FAA Aeronautical Information Manual (AIM), Basic Flight Information and ATC Procedures to complement the operational data contained in the Alaska Supplement. The AIM contains information on the basic fundamentals required to fly in the U.S. National Airspace System which are not necessarily repeated within this Supplement. Representative of data contained consists of a Pilot/Controller Glossary; descriptions of Radio Aids to Navigation; Airspace, Air Traffic Control information involving services, rules, regulations, flight procedures, and emergency procedures; Safety of flight concerning weather, Medical Facts for Pilots and Good Operating Practices.

AK, 22 APR 2021 to 17 JUN 2021

APPENDIX 6

INSIDE FRONT COVER - CHART SUPPLEMENT PACIFIC

GENERAL INFORMATION

This Chart Supplement is a Civil Flight Information Publication updated every eight weeks by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Aviation Administration, Aeronautical Information Services, <http://www.faa.gov/go/ais>. It is designed for use with Flight Information Publication Enroute Charts, and the Sectional Aeronautical Chart covering the State of Hawaii and that area of the Pacific served by U.S. facilities.

This Chart Supplement contains an Airport/Facility Directory, ATC procedures and terminal SID, STAR and IAP charts applicable to the Pacific area.

The official ATC procedures for operating in the Pacific, outside sovereign US airspace are prescribed by ICAO and are contained in ICAO documents 4444, 7030 and Annexes 2 and 11.

CORRECTIONS, COMMENTS, AND/OR PROCUREMENT

CRITICAL information such as equipment malfunction, abnormal field conditions, hazards to flight, etc., should be reported as soon as possible. **NOTE:** Requests for the creation or revision to Airport Diagrams should be in accordance with FAA Order 7910.4.

FOR COMMENTS OR CORRECTIONS: https://www.faa.gov/air_traffic/flight_info/aeronav/aero_data/

FAA, Aeronautical Information Services
1305 East West Highway
SSMC-4 Suite 4400
Silver Spring, MD 20910-3281
Telephone 1-800-638-8972

NOTICE: Changes must be received by Aeronautical Information Services as soon as possible but not later than the "cut-off" dates listed below to assure publication on the desired effective date. Information cut-off dates that fall on a federal holiday must be received the previous work day.

Effective Date	Airport Information Cut-off date	Airspace Information* Cut-off date
22 Apr 21	10 Mar 21	23 Feb 21
17 Jun 21	5 May 21	20 Apr 21
12 Aug 21	30 Jun 21	15 Jun 21
7 Oct 21	25 Aug 21	10 Aug 21
2 Dec 21	20 Oct 21	5 Oct 21
27 Jan 22	15 Dec 21	30 Nov 21

*Airspace Information includes changes to preferred routes, SID's, STAR's, IAP's and graphic depictions on charts.

FOR PROCUREMENT:

For digital products, visit our website at:
http://www.faa.gov/air_traffic/flight_info/aeronav/digital_products/

For a list of approved FAA Print Providers, visit our website at:
http://www.faa.gov/air_traffic/flight_info/aeronav/print_providers/

The following publications for use in the Pacific area are available from the FAA, Aeronautical Information Services:

CHART SUPPLEMENT PACIFIC. This supplement is issued every 56 days.

HAWAIIAN ISLAND-MARIANA ISLANDS SECTIONAL CHART. This chart is issued every 56 days.

NORTH PACIFIC OCEAN ROUTE CHARTS. Charts are issued every 56 days at 1:12,000,000 composite or four 1:7,000,000 area charts.

IFR ENROUTE PACIFIC OCEAN AND HAWAIIAN ISLAND CHART. Available from the National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency, provides coverage of Pacific areas served by US facilities.

NGA Combat Support Center, ATTN: DDCP
Washington, D.C. 20315-0020
Telephone (301) 227-2495 or Toll Free 1-800-826-0342

AMENDMENT NOTICE

A change notice will only be issued for safety considerations such as when an amended or original instrument approach procedure is issued.

UPON RECEIPT, THE AMENDMENT NOTICE SHOULD BE ATTACHED TO THIS PAGE SO THAT USERS HAVE ALL SIGNIFICANT CHANGES AVAILABLE.

This Airport/Facility Directory comprises part of the following sections of the United States Aeronautical Information Publication (AIP): GEN, AGA 3, COM 2.

PAC, 22 APR 2021 to 17 JUN 2021

APPENDIX 7
INSIDE BACK COVER - CHART SUPPLEMENT U.S. & ALASKA

PIREP FORM

3 or 4 letter Identifier	
_____	1. UA _____ UUA _____ <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; font-size: small;"> Routine Urgent </div>
2. /OV	Location
3. /TM	Time
4. /FL	Altitude/Flight Level
5. /TP	Aircraft Type
Items 1 through 5 are mandatory for all PIREPs	
6. /SK	Sky Condition
7. /WX	Flight Visibility & Weather
8. /TA	Temperature (Celsius)
9. /WV	Wind
10. /TB	Turbulence
11. /IC	Icing
12. /RM	Remarks

FAA Form 7110-2 (9/19) Supersedes Previous Edition

AK, 22 APR 2021 to 17 JUN 2021

APPENDIX 8

INSIDE BACK COVER - CHART SUPPLEMENT PACIFIC

TERMINAL PROCEDURES

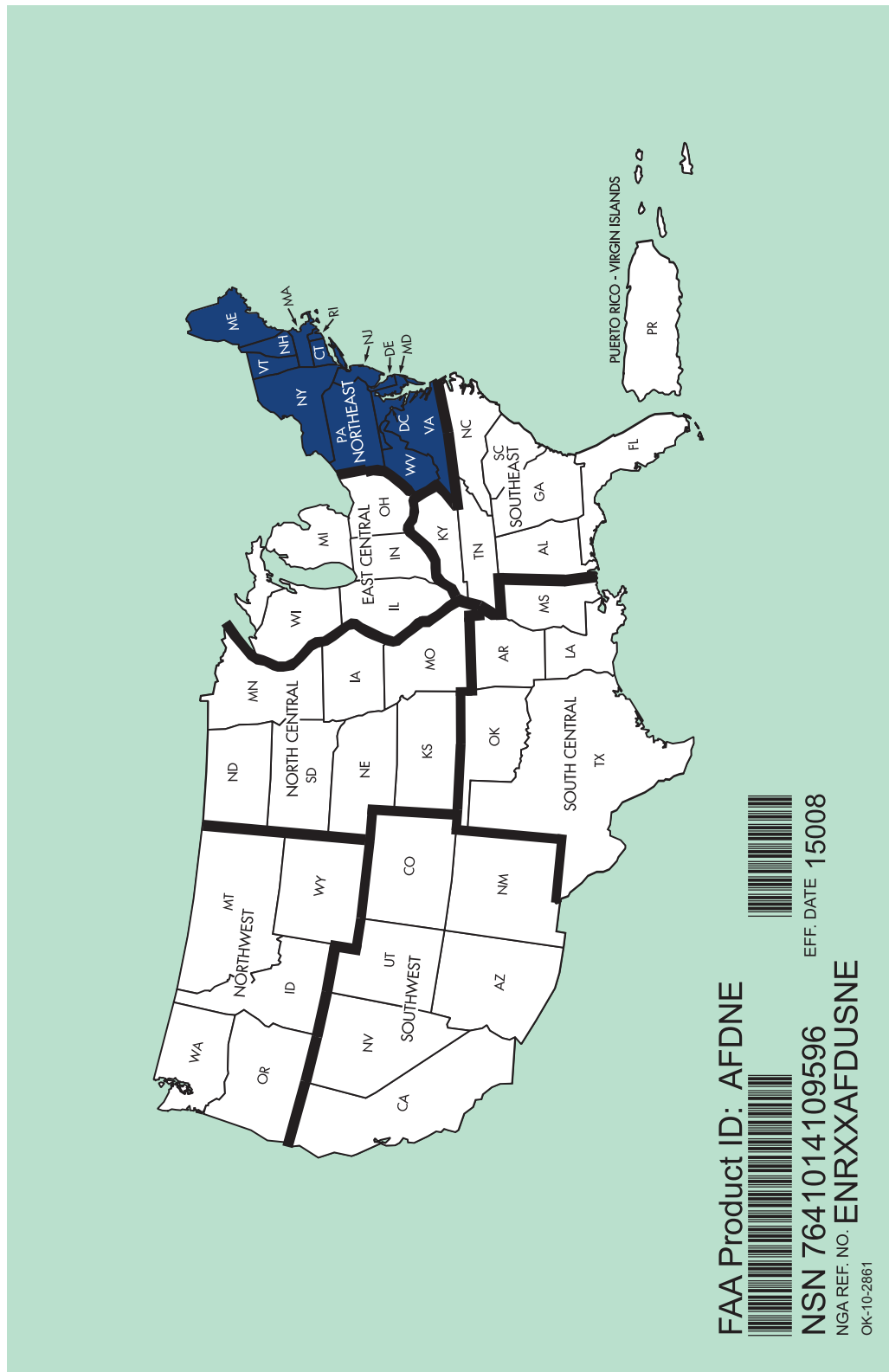
CLIMB/DESCENT TABLE ¹⁰⁰⁴²

INSTRUMENT TAKEOFF OR APPROACH PROCEDURE CHARTS RATE OF CLIMB/DESCENT TABLE (ft. per min)												
A rate of climb/descent table is provided for use in planning and executing climbs or descents under known or approximate ground speed conditions. It will be especially useful for approaches when the localizer only is used for course guidance. A best speed, power, altitude combination can be programmed which will result in a stable glide rate and altitude favorable for executing a landing if minimums exist upon breakout. Care should always be exercised so that minimum descent altitude and missed approach point are not exceeded.												
CLIMB/ DESCENT ANGLE (degrees and tenths)	ft/NM	GROUND SPEED (knots)										
		60	90	120	150	180	210	240	270	300	330	360
2.0	210	210	320	425	530	635	743	850	955	1060	1165	1275
2.5	265	265	400	530	665	795	930	1060	1195	1325	1460	1590
VERTICAL PATH ANGLE	2.7	287	287	430	574	717	860	1003	1147	1290	1433	1576
	2.8	297	297	446	595	743	892	1041	1189	1338	1486	1635
	2.9	308	308	462	616	770	924	1078	1232	1386	1539	1693
	3.0	318	318	478	637	797	956	1115	1274	1433	1593	1752
	3.1	329	329	494	659	823	988	1152	1317	1481	1646	1810
	3.2	340	340	510	680	850	1020	1189	1359	1529	1699	1869
	3.3	350	350	526	701	876	1052	1227	1402	1577	1752	1927
	3.4	361	361	542	722	903	1083	1264	1444	1625	1805	1986
3.5	370	370	555	745	930	1115	1300	1485	1670	1860	2045	2230
4.0	425	425	640	850	1065	1275	1490	1700	1915	2125	2340	2550
4.5	480	480	715	955	1195	1435	1675	1915	2150	2390	2630	2870
5.0	530	530	795	1065	1330	1595	1860	2125	2390	2660	2925	3190
5.5	585	585	880	1170	1465	1755	2050	2340	2635	2925	3220	3510
6.0	640	640	960	1275	1595	1915	2235	2555	2875	3195	3510	3830
6.5	690	690	1040	1385	1730	2075	2425	2770	3115	3460	3805	4155
7.0	745	745	1120	1490	1865	2240	2610	2985	3355	3730	4105	4475
7.5	800	800	1200	1600	2000	2400	2800	3200	3600	4000	4400	4800
8.0	855	855	1280	1710	2135	2560	2990	3415	3845	4270	4695	5125
8.5	910	910	1360	1815	2270	2725	3180	3630	4085	4540	4995	5450
9.0	960	960	1445	1925	2405	2885	3370	3850	4330	4810	5295	5775
9.5	1015	1015	1525	2035	2540	3050	3560	4065	4575	5085	5590	6100
10.0	1070	1070	1605	2145	2680	3215	3750	4285	4820	5355	5890	6430

CLIMB/DESCENT TABLE ¹⁰⁰⁴²

PAC, 22 APR 2021 to 17 JUN 2021

APPENDIX 9
OUTSIDE BACK COVER - CHART SUPPLEMENT U.S.



APPENDIX 10 **OUTSIDE BACK COVER - CHART SUPPLEMENT ALASKA**

Background color: Pantone 1635: C=0, M=31, Y=37, K=0 .25" Margin

.1875" Bleed

.25" Margin

8.25" Height

.25" Margin

.25" Margin

I. POSITION REPORTS

A. INSTRUMENT FLIGHT RULES (IFR) POSITION REPORT

1. Identification
2. Position
3. Time
4. Altitude/FL (Include actual altitude/FL when operating on a "VFR Conditions on Top" clearance).
5. Type of Flight Plan (not required in IFR position reports made direct to ARTCC). State "VFR Conditions on Top" if so cleared.
6. Next reporting point and Estimated Time of Arrival (ETA)
7. Name only of the next succeeding reporting point along the route of flight.
8. Remarks

If entering ADIZ give appropriate ADIZ Position Reports listed under ADIZ Procedures.

B. VISUAL FLIGHT RULES (VFR) POSITION REPORT

1. Identification
2. Position
3. Time
4. Altitude
5. VFR Flight Plan
6. Destination

If entering ADIZ give appropriate ADIZ Position Reports listed under ADIZ Procedures.

II. CHANGE OF FLIGHT PLAN

A. CHANGE OF ROUTE OR DESTINATION

1. Type of Flight Plan
2. Aircraft Identification
3. Type of Aircraft/TD Code
4. Estimated True Airspeed
5. Original Destination (if applicable)
6. Departure Point
7. Position and Time
8. New Route and Altitude/FL
9. New Destination (if applicable)
10. ETE or ETA
11. Fuel Endurance
12. Alternate (if required)
13. Station where original flight plan filed.

B. CHANGE FROM VFR TO IFR ONLY

1. Aircraft identification and type
2. Position and Time
3. Route, altitude and destination
4. True air speed in knots
5. ETE from point of change to destination and hours of fuel remaining
6. Alternate airport
7. Name, rank, and honors code of VIP if aboard (only if destination is being changed).

C. CHANGE OF ETA BY MORE THAN 30 MINUTES

1. Aircraft Identification
2. Position and Time
3. "IFR (or VFR) to (destination)"
4. "New ETA – and hours of fuel remaining"

III. FILING FLIGHT PLANS

1. Type of Flight Plan
2. Aircraft Identification
3. Type of Aircraft/TD Code
4. Estimated True Airspeed
5. Point of Departure
6. Proposed Departure Time
7. Cruising Altitude
8. Route of Flight
9. Destination
10. Estimated Time Enroute (ETE)
11. Remarks
12. Fuel Endurance
13. Alternate
14. Pilot's Name
15. Number of Persons onboard
16. Color of Aircraft

NOTE: Request available NOTAM and weather information for new route and destination.

FAA Product ID: ACS

NSN 7641014109607

NGA REF. NO. ENRXXAKSUP

EFF. DATE 15008

OK-10-2858

APPENDIX 11

OUTSIDE BACK COVER - CHART SUPPLEMENT PACIFIC

I. POSITION REPORTS

A. INSTRUMENT FLIGHT RULES (IFR) POSITION REPORT

1. Identification
2. Position
3. Time
4. Altitude/FL (Include actual altitude/FL when operating on a "VFR Conditions on Top" clearance).
5. Type of Flight Plan (not required in IFR position reports made direct to ARTCC). State "VFR Conditions on Top" if so cleared.
6. Next reporting point and Estimated Time of Arrival (ETA)
7. Name only of the next succeeding reporting point along the route of flight.
8. Remarks

If entering ADIZ give appropriate ADIZ Position Reports listed under ADIZ Procedures.

B. VISUAL FLIGHT RULES (VFR) POSITION REPORT

1. Identification
2. Position
3. Time
4. Altitude
5. VFR Flight Plan
6. Destination

If entering ADIZ give appropriate ADIZ Position Reports listed under ADIZ Procedures.

II. CHANGE OF FLIGHT PLAN

A. CHANGE OF ROUTE OR DESTINATION

1. Type of Flight Plan
2. Aircraft Identification
3. Type of Aircraft/TD Code
4. Estimated True Airspeed
5. Original Destination (if applicable)
6. Departure Point
7. Position and Time
8. New Route and Altitude/FL
9. New Destination (if applicable)
10. ETE or ETA
11. Fuel Endurance
12. Alternate (if required)
13. Station where original flight plan filed.

B. CHANGE FROM VFR TO IFR ONLY

1. Aircraft identification and type
2. Position and Time
3. Route, altitude and destination
4. True air speed in knots
5. ETE from point of change to destination and hours of fuel remaining
6. Alternate airport
7. Name, rank, and honors code of VIP if aboard (only if destination is being changed).

C. CHANGE OF ETA BY MORE THAN 30 MINUTES

1. Aircraft Identification
2. Position and Time
3. "IFR (or VFR) to (destination)"
4. "New ETA – and hours of fuel remaining"

III. FILING FLIGHT PLANS

1. Type of Flight Plan
2. Aircraft Identification
3. Type of Aircraft/TD Code
4. Estimated True Airspeed
5. Point of Departure
6. Proposed Departure Time
7. Cruising Altitude
8. Route of Flight
9. Destination
10. Estimated Time Enroute (ETE)
11. Remarks
12. Fuel Endurance
13. Alternate
14. Pilot's Name
15. Number of Persons onboard
16. Color of Aircraft

NOTE: Request available NOTAM and weather information for new route and destination.



EFF. DATE 15008

FAA Product ID: PCS

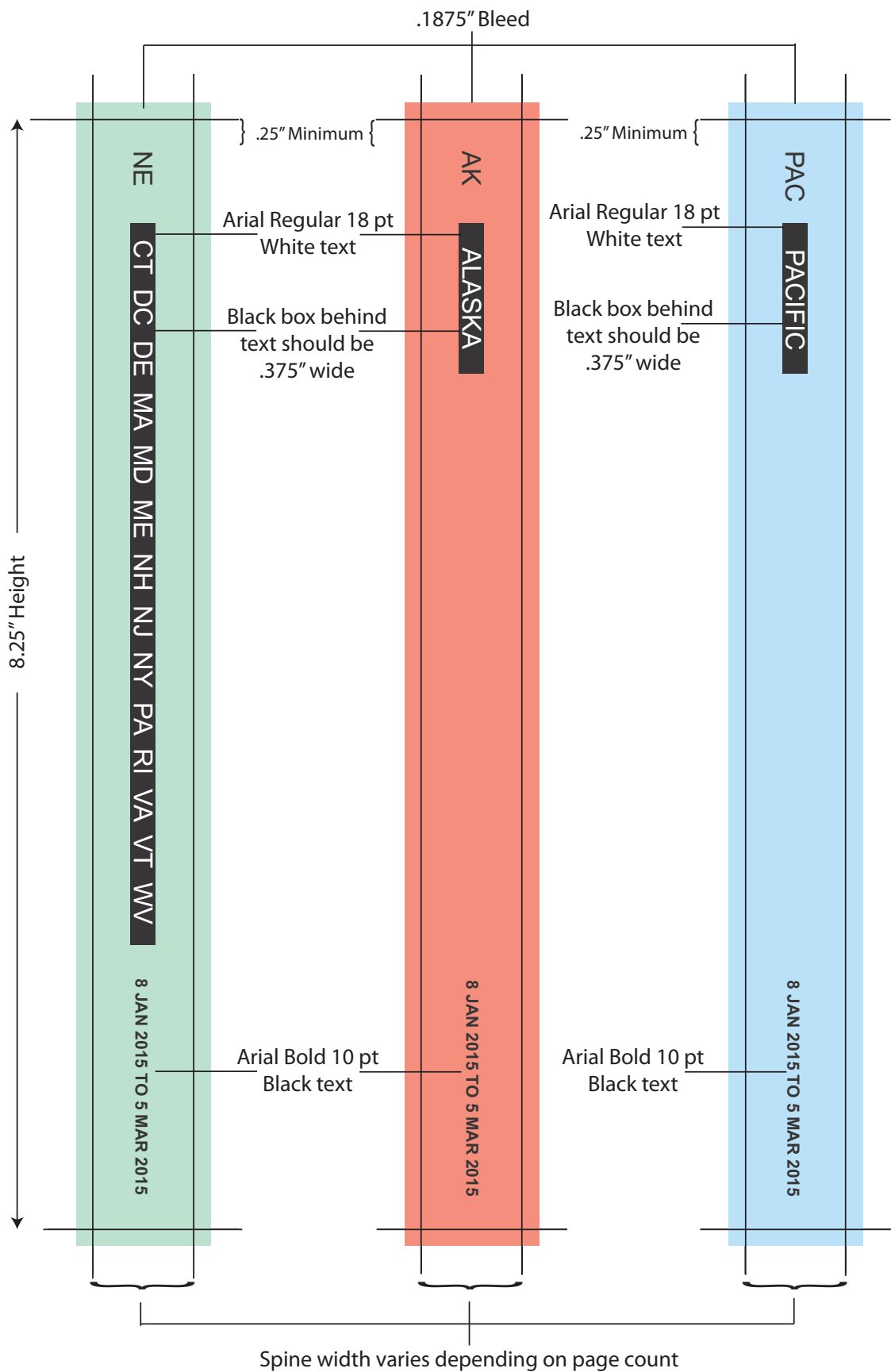


NSN 7641015059601

NGA REF. NO. ENRXXFAAPCS

OK-10-2862

APPENDIX 12
SPINES



APPENDIX 13

TABLE OF CONTENTS - CHART SUPPLEMENT U.S.

GENERAL INFORMATION 1

TABLE OF CONTENTS

GENERAL INFORMATION.....	Inside Front Cover
City/Military Airport Cross Reference	2
Seaplane Landing Areas	3
Abbreviations	4
SECTION 1: AIRPORT/FACILITY DIRECTORY LEGEND	12
SECTION 2: AIRPORT/FACILITY DIRECTORY	
Connecticut.....	30
Delaware	43
District Of Columbia	51
Maine.....	56
Maryland	85
Massachusetts.....	115
New Hampshire	140
New Jersey	153
New York.....	180
Pennsylvania	254
Rhode Island	318
Vermont	324
Virginia.....	332
West Virginia.....	383
SECTION 3: NOTICES	
Special Notices.....	403
Regulatory Notices.....	417
SECTION 4: ASSOCIATED DATA	
FAA Telephone Numbers and National Weather Service	419
NWS Upper Air Observing Stations	424
Air Route Traffic Control Centers.....	425
Flight Service Station Communication Frequencies.....	429
VOR Receiver Checkpoints and VOR Test Facilities	432
Parachute Jumping Areas	437
Supplemental Communication Reference.....	442
Preferred IFR Routes.....	448
Tower Enroute Control Routes	506
North American Routes	537
Minimum Operational Network (MON) Airport Listing.....	563
SECTION 5: AIRPORT DIAGRAMS	
Airport Diagrams Legend	564
Airport Hot Spots	566
Airport Diagrams	571
PIREP Form	692

NE, 22 APR 2021 to 17 JUN 2021

APPENDIX 14

TABLE OF CONTENTS - CHART SUPPLEMENT ALASKA

GENERAL INFORMATION 1

TABLE OF CONTENTS

GENERAL INFORMATION	Inside Front Cover
City/Military Airport Cross Reference	2
Seaplane Landing Areas	3
Abbreviations	6
SECTION 1: AIRPORT/FACILITY DIRECTORY	14
SECTION 2: AIRPORT/FACILITY DIRECTORY	
Alaska	32
Canada	282
SECTION 3: NOTICES	
Notices	303
General Notices	308
Area Notices	330
Regulatory Notices	415
SECTION 4: ASSOCIATED DATA	
FAA Telephone Numbers	421
FAA And NWS Pilot Weather Briefing Numbers	424
DOD Automated Weather Observing System	424
FAA Automated Weather Observing System (AWOS/ASOS)	424
FAA Aviation Camera Locations	428
NWS Upper Air Observing Stations	442
Air Route Traffic Control Centers	443
Flight Service Station Communication Frequencies	444
VOR Receiver Checkpoints and VOR Test Facilities	448
Parachute Jumping Areas	449
Radio Nav/Aids by Identification	450
Airports By ICAO Location Indicator	452
Marine Radio Beacons	453
Alaskan Forces Radio Network Stations (AFRN)	454
Flight Service Stations (FSS) & Enhanced Special Reporting Service	454
Military Training Routes	454
Special Use Airspace Information Service Site Locations (SUAIS)	455
Military Aerial Refueling Tracks	458
Military Training Routes IFR (IR) VFR (VR)	473
Conversion Tables and Julian Calendar	474
ICAO International Phonetic Alphabet/Morse Code	477
SECTION 5: PROCEDURES	
Weather/Notam Procedures	478
Instrument Departures at Civil Airports	479
ARTCC Communications	480
CIRVIS Reports	481
Meaconing, Intrusion, Jamming & Interference (MIJI) Procedures	481
Traffic Advisories at Non-Towered Airports	481
Pilot VIP Notification Procedures (USAF & Navy Only)	482
Automatic Terminal Information Service (ATIS)	482
Altimeter Settings	483
Cruising Altitude Diagrams	484
Airport Traffic Control Light Signals	485
Special VFR and VFR Advisory Information	486
Air Traffic Control Radar Beacon System (ATCRBS)	487
Military Air Traffic Control Procedures	490
Civil Air Traffic Control Procedures	493
Alaska ADIZ	497
SECTION 6: EMERGENCY PROCEDURES	
Interception Signals-ICAO	500
Search Procedures Emergency Locator Transmitter (ELT)	503
Search & Rescue	505
Coast Guard and Air Force Rescue Coordination Centers	508
Fuel Jettisoning	508
Two-Way Radio Failure IFR-VFR	508
International Ground/Air Emergency Code	514
SECTION 7: AIRPORT DIAGRAMMS	
Airport Diagrams Legend	517
Airport Hot Spots	519
Airport Diagrams	520
PIREP Form	536

AK, 22 APR 2021 to 17 JUN 2021

APPENDIX 15

TABLE OF CONTENTS - CHART SUPPLEMENT PACIFIC

GENERAL INFORMATION	1
TABLE OF CONTENTS	
GENERAL INFORMATION	Inside Front Cover
Abbreviations.....	2
SECTION 1: AIRPORT/FACILITY DIRECTORY LEGEND	10
Airport Locator Index	28
SECTION 2: AIRPORT/FACILITY DIRECTORY	
American Samoa.....	29
Federated States Of Micronesia.....	31
Guam.....	34
Hawaii.....	35
Kiribati	53
Marshall Islands	54
Midway Atoll	58
Northern Mariana Islands.....	59
Palau.....	62
Wake Island	63
SECTION 3: NOTICES	
Notices	64
General Notices	65
Area Notices.....	69
SECTION 4: ASSOCIATED DATA	
ICAO International Phonetic Alphabet/morse Code	112
Radio Navigational Aids By Identifier.....	113
VOR Receiver Checkpoints and VOR Test Facilities	113
San Francisco RADIO	114
Parachute Jumping Areas.....	115
Special Use Airspace	115
Key to Aerodrome Forecast (TAF) and Aviation Routine Weather Report (METAR)	118
Flight Service Stations & National Weather Service Offices	122
Key Air Traffic Facilities	123
Military Training Routes	125
Conversion Tables	127
Hot Spots.....	129
SECTION 5: PROCEDURES	
Flight Plans.....	131
Altimeter Setting Oakland Oceanic FIR	133
Air Traffic Control Radar Beacon System (ATCRBS).....	133
Oceanic Position Reporting Procedures.....	133
Climb Times/change Of Flight Level.....	135
Class C Airspace	136
Emergency Security Control of Air Traffic (ESCAT) Procedures	136
National Security and Air Defense Identification Zones (ADIZ)	137
SECTION 6: EMERGENCY PROCEDURES	
Interception Signals ICAO Standard	142
Search And Rescue	144
Emergency Procedures.....	146
Emergency Signals	147
SECTION 7: TERMINAL PROCEDURES	
Table of Contents.....	149
POSITION REPORTS	Back Cover

APPENDIX 16

SECTION 1: A/FD DIRECTORY LEGEND SAMPLE

12

AIRPORT/FACILITY DIRECTORY LEGEND

SAMPLE

① **CITY NAME**
 ② **AIRPORT NAME** (ALTERNATE NAME) (LTS)(KLTS) CIV/MIL 3 N UTC-6(-5DT) N34°41.93' W99°20.20'
 200 B TPA-1000(800) AOE LRA Class IV, ARFF Index A NOTAM FILE ORL Not insp. MON Airport
 ③
 ④
 ⑤
 ⑥
 ⑦
 ⑧ **JACKSONVILLE COPTER**
 H-4G, L-19C
 IAP, DIAP, AD
 ⑨

⑩ **Rwy 173-353: 3515 X 150**

⑪ **Rwy 18-36: H12004X200 (ASPH-CONC-GRVD)**
 S-90, D-160, 2D-300 PCN 80 R/B/W/T HIRL CL
 Rwy 18: RLLS, MALSF, TDZL, REIL, PAPI(P2R)—GA 3.0° TCH 36'.
 RVR-TMR. Thld dsplcd 300'. Trees. Rgt tfc. 0.3% up.
 Rwy 36: ALSF1. 0.4% down.
 Rwy 09-27: H6000X150 (ASPH) PCR 1234 R/B/W/T MIRL
 Rwy 173-353: H3515X150 (ASPH-PFC) AUW PCN 59 F/A/W/T

⑫ **LAND AND HOLD—SHORT OPERATIONS**

LDG Rwy	HOLD—SHORT POINT	AVBL LDG DIST
Rwy 18	09-27	6500
Rwy 36	09-27	5400

⑬ **RUNWAY DECLARED DISTANCE INFORMATION**

Rwy 18: TORA-12004 TODA-12004 ASDA-11704 LDA-11504
 Rwy 36: TORA-12004 TODA-12004 ASDA-12004 LDA-11704

⑭ **ARRESTING GEAR/SYSTEM**

Rwy 18 HOOK E5 (65' OVRN) BAK-14 BAK-12B (1650')
 BAK-14 BAK-12B (1087') HOOK E5 (74' OVRN) Rwy 36

⑮ **SERVICE: S4 FUEL 100LL, JET A OX 1, 3 LGT ACTIVATE MALSR Rwy 29,**
 REIL Rwy 11, VASI Rwy 11, HIRL Rwy 11-29, PAPI Rwy 17 and Rwy
 35, MIRL Rwy 17-35—CTAF. **MILITARY—A-GEAR E-5** connected on dep
 end, disconnected on apch end.
 JASU 3(AM32A-60) 2(A/M32A-86) FUEL J8(Mil)(NC-100, A)
 FLUID W SP PRESAIR LOX OIL O-128 MAINT S1 Mon-Fri 1000-2200Z†
 TRAN ALERT Avbl 1300-0200Z† svc limited weekends.

⑯ **NOISE:** Noise abatement 3 miles from Rwy 18. Contact tower manager.

⑰ **AIRPORT REMARKS:** Special Air Traffic Rules—Part 93, see Regulatory Notices. Attended 1200-0300Z†. Parachute Jumping. Deer
 invof arpt. Heavy jumbo jet training surface to 9000'. Twy A clsd indef. Flight Notification Service (ADCUS) avbl.

⑱ **MILITARY REMARKS:** ANG PPR/Official Business Only. Base OPS DSN 638-4390, C503-335-4222. Ctc Base OPS 15 minutes prior
 to ldg and after dep. Limited tran parking.

⑲ **AIRPORT MANAGER:** (580) 481-5739

⑳ **WEATHER DATA SOURCES:** AWOS-1 120.3 (202) 426-8000. LAWRS.

㉑ **COMMUNICATIONS:** SFA CTAF 122.8 UNICOM 122.95 ATIS 127.25 273.5 (202) 426-8003 PTD 372.2
 NAME FSS (ORL) on arpt. 123.65 122.65 122.2
 NAME RCO 112.2T 112.1R (NAME RADIO)
 ㉒ **NAME APP/DEP CON** 128.35 257.725 (1200-0400Z†)
 TOWER 119.65 255.6 (1200-0400Z†) GND CON 121.7 GCO 135.075 (ORLANDO CLNC) CLNC DEL 125.55
 CPDLC D-HZWX, D-TAXI, DCL (LOGON KMEN)
 NAME COMD POST (GERONIMO) 311.0 321.4 6761 PMSV METRO 239.8 NAME OPS 257.5

㉓ **AIRSPACE:** CLASS B See VFR Terminal Area Chart.

㉔ **VOR TEST FACILITY (VOT):** 116.7

㉕ **RADIO AIDS TO NAVIGATION:** NOTAM FILE ORL. VHF/DF ctc FSS.
 (H) VORTAC 112.2 MCO Chan 59 N28°32.55' W81°20.12' at fld. 1110/8E.
 (H) TACAN Chan 29 CBU (109.2) N28°32.65' W81°21.12' at fld. 1115/8E.
 HERNY NDB (LOM) 221 OR N28°37.40' W81°21.05' 177° 5.4 NM to fld.
 ILS/DME 108.5 I-ORL Chan 22 Rwy 18. Class IIE. LOM HERNY NDB.
 ASR/PAR (1200-0400Z†)

㉖ **COMM/NAV/WEATHER REMARKS:** Emerg frequency 121.5 not avbl at twr.

① **HELIPAD H1:** H100X75 (ASPH)
HELIPAD H2: H60X60 (ASPH)
HELIPORT REMARKS: Helipad H1 lctd on general aviation side and H2 lctd on air carrier side of arpt.
 187 TPA 1000(813)

① **WATERWAY 15-33:** 5000X425 (WATER)

① **SEAPLANE REMARKS:** Birds roosting and feeding areas along river banks. Seaplanes operating adjacent to SW side of arpt not visible
 from twr and are required to ctc twr.

All bearings and radials are magnetic unless otherwise specified. All mileages are nautical unless otherwise noted.
 All times are Coordinated Universal Time (UTC) except as noted. All elevations are in feet above/below Mean Sea Level (MSL) unless otherwise noted.
 The horizontal reference datum of this publication is North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83), which for charting purposes is considered equivalent to World
 Geodetic System 1984 (WGS 84).

SE, 7 OCT 2021 to 2 DEC 2021

APPENDIX 17

SECTION 1: A/FD SKETCH LEGEND

AIRPORT/FACILITY DIRECTORY LEGEND



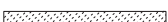
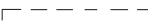
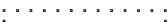

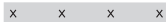


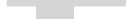
13

10








SKETCH LEGEND

19171







RUNWAYS/LANDING AREAS

Hard Surface	
Metal Surface	
Other than Hard Surface Runways	
Water Runway	
Under Construction	
Closed Rwy	
Closed Pavement	
Helicopter Landings Area	
Displaced Threshold	
Taxiway, Apron and Stopways	

RADIO AIDS TO NAVIGATION
















VORTAC		VOR	
VOR/DME		NDB	
TACAN		NDB/DME	
DME			

MISCELLANEOUS AERONAUTICAL FEATURES

Airport Beacon	 
Wind Cone	
Landing Tee	
Tetrahedron	
Control Tower	TWR 

When control tower and rotating beacon are co-located beacon symbol will be used and further identified as TWR.
















MISCELLANEOUS BASE AND CULTURAL FEATURES

Buildings	
Power Lines	
Towers	
Wind Turbine	
Tanks	
Oil Well	
Smoke Stack	
Obstruction	
Controlling Obstruction	
Trees	
Populated Places	
Cuts and Fills	
Cliffs and Depressions	
Ditch	
Hill	

APPROACH LIGHTING SYSTEMS

A dot "•" portrayed with approach lighting letter identifier indicates sequenced flashing lights (F) installed with the approach lighting system e.g. (A1) Negative symbology, e.g., (A1) indicates Pilot Controlled Lighting (PCL).

Runway Centerline Lighting

(A) Approach Lighting System ALSF-2	
(A1) Approach Lighting System ALSF-1	
(A2) Short Approach Lighting System SALS/SALSF	
(A3) Simplified Short Approach Lighting System (SSALR) with RAIL	
(A4) Medium Intensity Approach Lighting System (MALS and MALSF)/(SSALS and SSALF)	
(A5) Medium Intensity Approach Lighting System (MALS) and RAIL	
(A) Omnidirectional Approach Lighting System (ODALS)	
(D) Navy Parallel Row and Cross Bar	
(F) Air Force Overrun	
(V) Visual Approach Slope Indicator with Standard Threshold Clearance provided	
(V2) Pulsating Visual Approach Slope Indicator (PVASI)	
(V3) Visual Approach Slope Indicator with a threshold crossing height to accommodate long bodied or jumbo aircraft	
(V4) Tri-color Visual Approach Slope Indicator (TRCV)	
(V5) Approach Path Alignment Panel (APAP)	
(P) Precision Approach Path Indicator (PAPI)	

NE, 30 JAN 2020 to 26 MAR 2020

