

SWIFT: The Intersection of Operations, Technology & Data

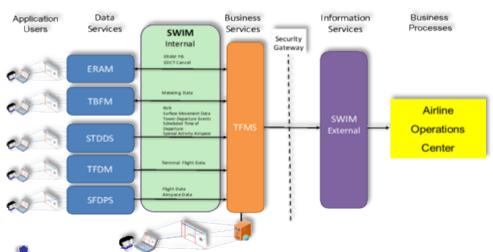
• SWIFT addresses industry recommendation to:

 A community forum that acts as a clearinghouse for collaborative engagement around NAS information and data sharing

• Educate: Synchronize community on information services

• Collaborate: Discuss issues most relevant to community

Communicate: Inform community about SWIM & NAS programs





The SWIFT Flight Plan...

2023

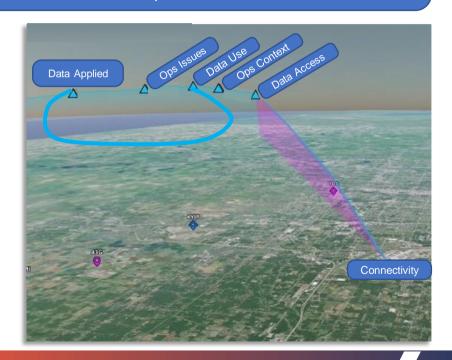
- Back to Basics: "Right" access, to the "right" SWIM information service for strategic planning
- More Responsive: Focus Groups to address specific ad-hoc Ops issues where data can help
- More Focused: Shift in-person events to Ad-hoc FG activities & report out at SWIFT events

2020-2022

- Worked with NAS Programs & FAA Initiatives
- Industry partnership: flight planning, flow data
- Widget Case Studies: "Art of Possible" in Data
- Applying SWIM information services to support NAS Ops issues (Early Disruptions)

2018-2019

- SWIM awareness, connectivity & data access
- Understanding SWIM data & NAS ops context
- Partnered with TFDM, AIM on new services
- Develop & review case studies





FAA Collaborative Workshop #21

- · Welcome and Introductions:
 - Introductions: David Almeida LST
 - Opening remarks: Rebecca Guy FAA
- Special Topic: Trajectory Management Overview ATC Perspective
- Featured Program TFDM Deep Dive: TFDM update on TTP, Program update and Demo
- SWIM Topic: SWIFT Portal & SWIM Cloud (SCDS) Subscription Updates

LUNCH until 1PM EST

- 1PM EST Start on SWIFT Topic: "Back to the Basics": Ops Context Documents
- SWIM Topic: FENS & Information Management Services for Cloud
- Program Update: TBFM Program status & update on Metering Information Service
- Program Update: Common Support Services Flight Data (CSS-FD) Update
- Special Topic: FAA-Industry Panel on the "T" Programs & Information Services
 - Traffic Management (TFMS), Time-Based Flow Metering (TBFM) and Terminal Flight Data Manager (TFDM)
 - The System, operational value, available information services & data integration
- Close Out

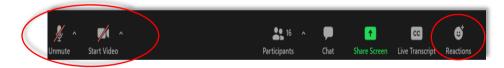


"Airwave Procedures"

- Please note during the session all attendees will have full control... "Hot Mics" and cameras.
- Please be mindful and mute when not interacting during the presentation.



Zoom Controls: Mic and Camera identified via red circles



- The "Chat & Raise Hand" features will also be available.
 - During the presentations to ensure you are recognized for an opportunity to voice comments /questions please leverage the "raise hand" feature found under reactions.



SWIFT

Stakeholders

Airspace Users









































Standards Bodies







































CAE

















































































objectstream















Role of TBO and Traffic Management Overview

SWIFT 21 Update



Trajectory Based Operations

- TBO is an air traffic management concept that enhances strategic planning
- TBO is foundational for future operations using the trajectory as the reference for airspace user intent supporting collaboration. It is not only consistent with, but dependent upon, the integrated information environment described in the FAA's Info-Centric NAS Concept of Operations
- The TBO environment is characterized by the shift from voice-based exchanges to one of highly automated, digital exchanges sharing broader, richer, and more timely information supporting better informed strategic decisions



ICAO and TBO

- The International Civil Aviation Organization's (ICAO) Global Air Traffic Management Operational Concept (GATMOC) has driven changes in the Air Traffic Management (ATM) systems across the globe for well over a decade. The ICAO Global Trajectory Based Operations (TBO) Concept refines the Global ATM Operational Concept with detailed processes, procedures, and information flows.
- To more fully understand the impacts of the Global TBO Concept, the MR TBO demonstration project brings industry and international partners together with the FAA to identify, mature, and demonstrate key TBO capabilities.



Future Trajectory Management Video

Operational Values



Live Flight Execution Route

Aircraft: B787-10

Schedule: 6 days

Depart: June 11th

Arrive: June 16th

Flight Segments

Seattle → Tokyo

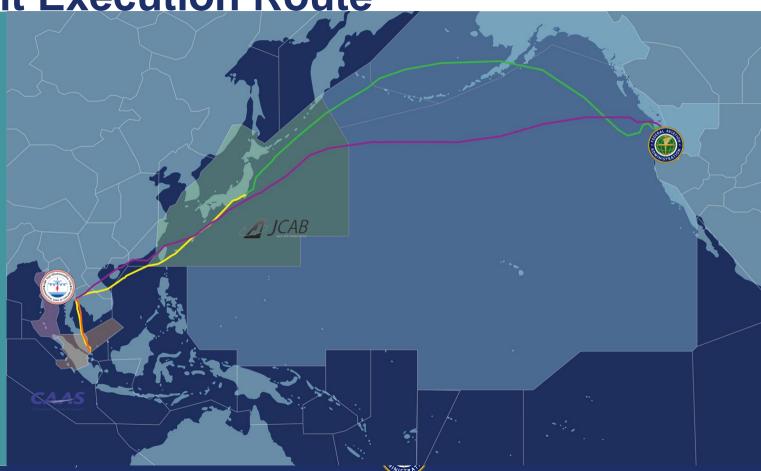
Tokyo→
Singapore
overflying
Thailand

2

Singapore →

Bangkok

Bangkok → Seattle



Overarching Lessons Learned



TBO required sharing, maintaining, and using trajectories as a common reference is possible – even across multiple FIRs and authorized stakeholders.



The global data exchange standards are foundational to TBO success.



The varying security needs across authorized stakeholders can be met flexibly, consistent with International Aviation Trust Framework (IATF) principles.

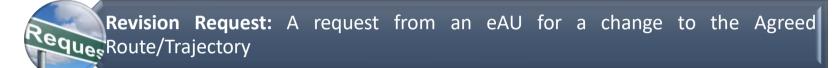


TBO's reliance on the sharing of more information across relevant, authorized stakeholders is supported by the continued maturation and evolution of the Connected Aircraft concept and advances in Electronic Flight Bag (EFB) technology.

Key Terms



Trial Request: A query to evaluate a possible alternative or change to a flight plan



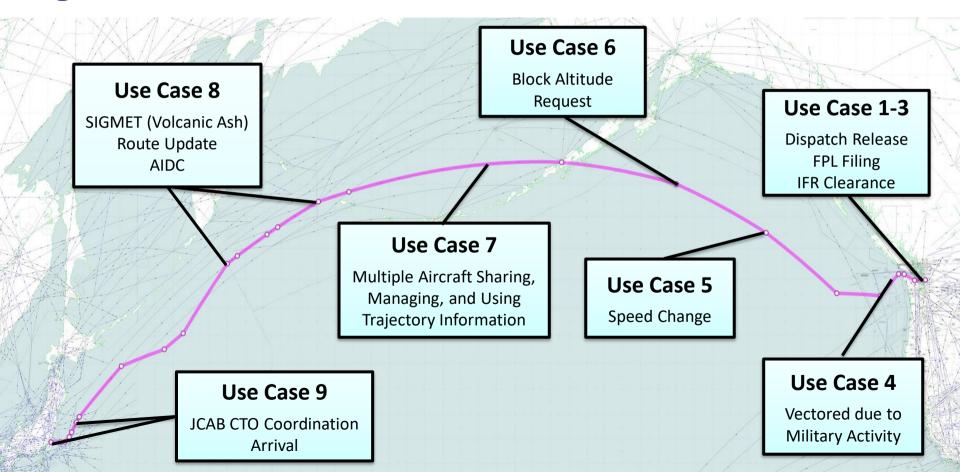


Trajectory Update: When differences from the Agreed Trajectory exceed established tolerances, the Agreed Trajectory is updated and shared across relevant participants. Tolerances may be adjusted based upon local and temporal ATM performance needs



Agreed Trajectory: The current trajectory that is agreed between the eAU and the eASP after collaboration, or imposition of pre-collaborated rules

Leg 1 – Use Cases



Leg 1 – eAU Tools

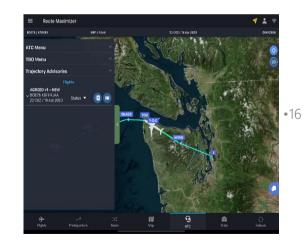
Dispatch

Flight Operations Center (FOC)



Flight Crew

Electronic Flight Bag (EFB)



Flight Management System (FMS)



Leg 1 – eASP Tools FAA

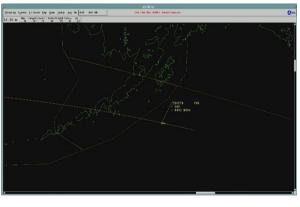
JCAB

Domestic ATC (ERAM)

Oceanic ATC (ATOP)



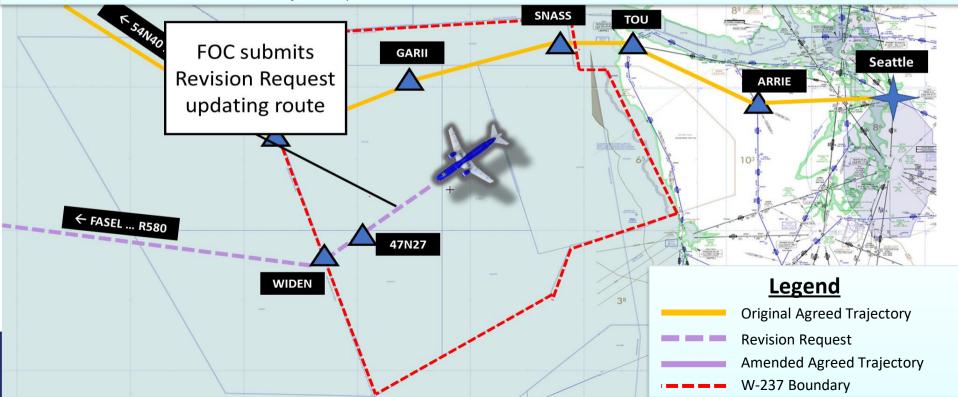






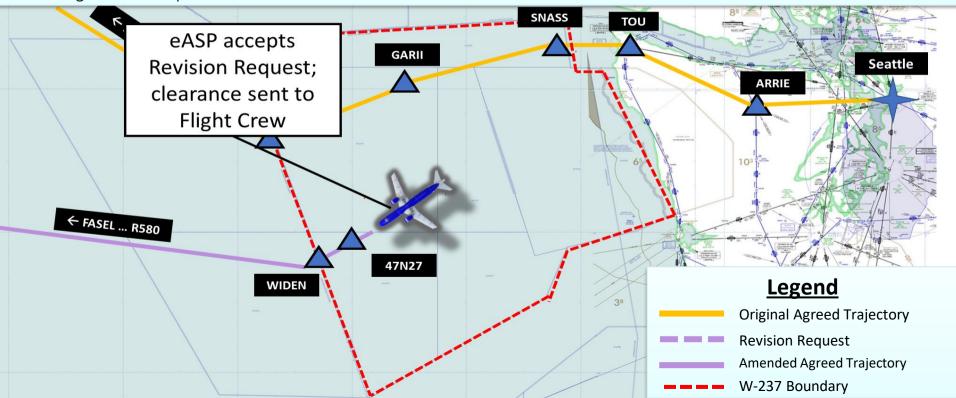
Use Case 4: Route Amendment

- FOC sees a more optimal path and submits a Revision Request.
- FOC receives an 'ACK', followed by 'Acceptable' from ATM automation.

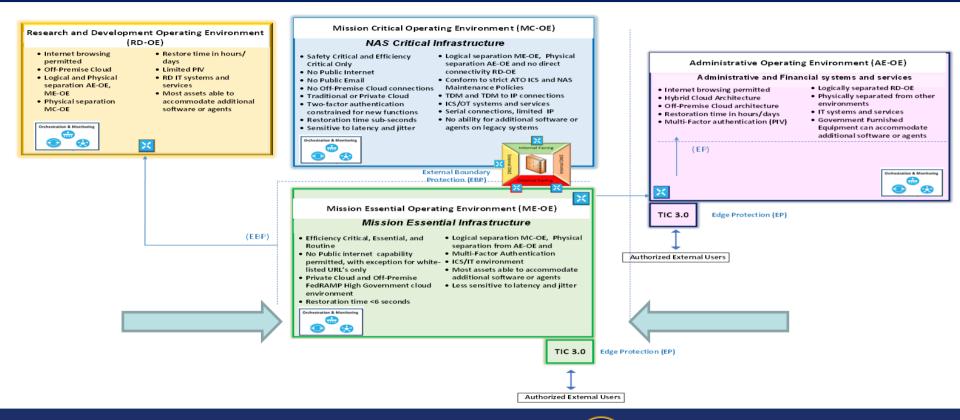


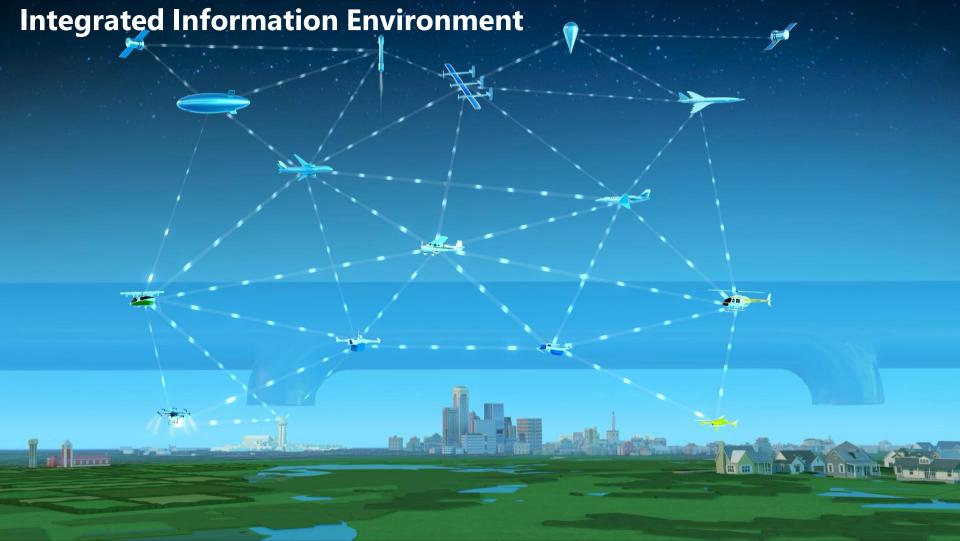
Use Case 4: Route Amendment

- Clearance is transmitted directly to the Flight Crew via CPDLC.
- The Flight Crew responds 'WILCO' and loads the new route into the aircraft's FMC.



Robust Operating Environments





In-Time Safety Risk Management



CONTINUOUS DATA EXCHANGE



AUTOMATED MONITORING



MACHINE LEARNING



PROGNOSTIC RISK MODELING



ALERTING AND RESPONSE

Thank You!



Terminal Flight Data Manager (TFDM)

SWIFT 21 Update



Agenda

- TFDM Program Overview and Status
- TFDM Services Overview
- TFDM Demo
- Stakeholder Input on TFCS Permissions
- Next Steps
- Information Resources
- Questions

Note: TFDM FOS Collaboration Service (TFCS)
Flight Operator Systems (FOS)

TFDM Program Overview and Status

Why TFDM?



Shared ATCT paper flight and other strips enable:

- Real-time flight data and airport resource updates
- Advance notice of flight movements between ATCT operational positions



Few tools exist to manage surface congestion. Most are:

"First-come, First-serve" taxi models



Legacy FAA systems are approaching end-of-life



Verbal coordination reduces operational efficiency and safety between:

- FAA operational personnel
- FAA & Non-FAA stakeholders



What's industry's role?



Submit intent data to TFDM



Gain improved situational awareness from new data published by TFDM, TFMS, and TBFM



Gain time and money savings and many other benefits

TFDM System Overview

TFDM is the surface management solution for NextGen and iTBO.

https://www.faa.gov/air_traffic/technology/tfdm/

TFDM is a tower-based automation system that provides:

- Integrated terminal data that improves common situational awareness within towers and between ATC facilities
- Data to support collaborative decision-making tools that improve efficiencies in airport surface and terminal airspace operations

Key Functions

- Electronic Flight Strips in ATCTs
- Traffic Flow Management Integration
- Collaborative Decision Making for Surface Operations
- Systems Consolidation



Key Benefits

- Fuel Savings: 313M Gal.
- Carbon Emission Savings: 3M Metric Tons
- Improved Situational Awareness
- Expanded Data Access

TFDM Capabilities

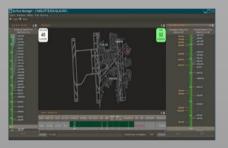
Electronic Flight Data

TFDM provides enhanced Electronic Flight Data (EFD) exchange and replaces printed flight strips with Electronic Flight Strip (EFS) displays. The displays are enhanced with additional terminal and flight data from other NAS systems and external stakeholders



Collaborative Decision Making for Surface

TFDM provides a departure scheduler with live data provided by Air Traffic systems/controllers and Flight Service Providers. The system provides a departure metering capability, runway balancing and other surface management tools, improving surface traffic flow management.



Traffic Flow Management

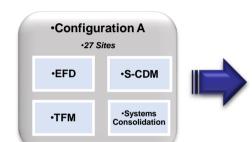
TFDM enhances the traffic flow management data integration with Time Based Flow Management (TBFM) and Traffic Flow Management System (TFMS) to enable airlines, controllers and airports to share and exchange real-time data. This results in improved surface traffic management as well as improves the products produced by TFMS and TBFM.

Systems Consolidation

TFDM replaces multiple unsupportable systems in the National Airspace System through integration of their functionality into TFDM. This achieves technology modernization, improved data sharing and lower maintenance costs. The systems to be consolidated include ARMT, EFSTS, and AEFS.

TFDM Configurations

TFDM's 49 airports receive Configuration A or B based on projected return-on-investment







• TFDM - Full Functionality (Configuration A)

- Electronic Flight Data (EFD) exchange with Electronic Flight Strip (EFS) displays in towers
- · Surface surveillance data integration
- Full surface scheduling and decision support tools (including surface metering)
- Traffic flow management data exchange and integration
- •TFDM Most Functionality (Configuration B)
 - EFD exchange
 - · EFS displays in towers
 - · Some Surface and TFM data
 - Same system consolidation, if present





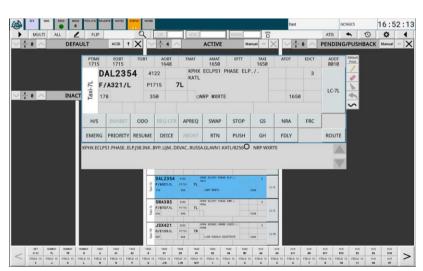
Electronic Flight Data (EFD)

Benefit: Improves digital data sharing and common awareness

- TFDM Electronic Flight Data (EFD) services receive, process, and display data at ATCT operational positions, as well as publishing data to NAS and non-NAS stakeholder systems
- TFDM replaces printed flight strips with Electronic Flight Strips (EFS) on controller workstations
- TFDM EFD and EFS integration provides simultaneous data updates to all tower operational positions





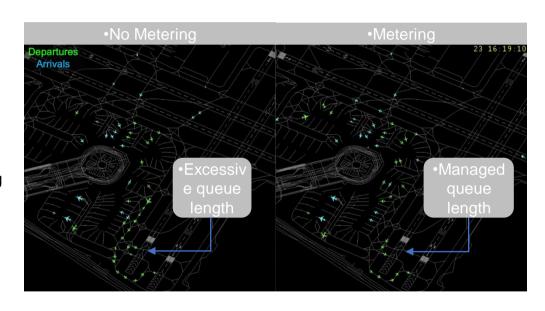


Surface Scheduling and Surface Metering

Benefit: Improves Traffic Management

Minimizes excess taxi delay and maximizes surface efficiency:

- Improves efficiency of surface operations
- Improves access to additional surface data
- Provides ATC better forecasting of and planning for peak demand periods
- Improves surface scheduling which improves scheduling and traffic management initiatives(TMIs) across the NAS
- Reduces taxiing which:
 - Reduces fuel usage
 - Reduces emissions



TFDM System Roll-Out Overview

Benefit: Improves digital data sharing and common situational awareness



Key Site - CLE

- > Full hardware configuration supports deployment of either Build 1 or 2
- > Improved Electronic Flight Data Exchange and Electronic Flight Strips
- Runway Assignment Predictions
- > Basic Load Balancing
- ➤ Maintenance tools for life cycle support

Build 2

Key Site - CLT

- In addition to TFDM Build 1 capabilities, Build 2 includes:
- Surface Scheduling
- Surface Metering
- Advanced Runway Load Balancing
- Metric Reporting & Analysis (MRA)

- Initial Operating Capability: October 2022
 - Declared IOC October 24, 2022
- ❖ In-Service Decision: July 2023
- Declared ISD March 1, 2023

- Initial Operating Capability: March 2024
- ❖ In-Service Decision: January 2025

TFDM Build 1 Status

IOC

TFDM achieved Build 1 IOC at CLE on October 24, 2022!

IOA

- TFDM Independent Operational Assessment (IOA) began on October 31, 2022.
- IOA recommends "Nationally Deploy" TFDM Build 1 on December 30, 2022.

<u>ISD</u>

• TFDM ISD approved on March 1, 2023.

Near Term Build 1 Sites

- Cleveland (CLE) declared on 10/24/2022
- Indianapolis (IND) declared IOC on 5/15/2023
- Phoenix (PHX) declared IOC on 6/5/2023
- Raleigh Durham (RDU) declared IOC on 7/24/2023
- Columbus (CMH) declared IOC on 9/11/2023
- Las Vegas (LAS) declared IOC on 10/23/2023
- San Jose (SJC) projected IOC on 2/27/2024
- Los Angeles (LAX) projected IOC on 4/30/2024
- Tampa (TPA) projected IOC on 7/23/2024



TFDM Build 2 Near-term Waterfall

Airport	Airport ID	City, State	Initial Operating Capability
Charlotte Douglas International Airport	CLT	Charlotte, North Carolina	March 2024
Phoenix Sky Harbor International Airport	PHX	Phoenix, Arizona	December 2024
McCarren International Airport	LAS	Las Vegas, Nevada	February 2025
Los Angeles International Airport	LAX	Los Angeles, California	April 2025
Seattle—Tacoma International Airport	SEA	Seattle, Washington	March 2025
San Francisco International Airport	SFO	San Francisco, California	April 2025

TFDM Implementation Map and Timeline | Federal Aviation Administration (faa.gov)

TFDM Services Overview

TFDM Terminal Publication (TTP) Service

TFDM Terminal Publication Service (TTP) is a collection of 6 SWIM business functions:

Business Function	Explanation	Data Examples	Intended Users
Airport Information (AI)	TFDM derived airport data	Active Runway Configuration, Rates, Airport Delays, Runway Closures	FAA & Flight / Ramp / Airport Operators
Flight Data	TFDM flight data	Block Times, Takeoff Times, ATC Flight State, Runway Assignments	FAA & Flight / Ramp / Airport Operators
Traffic Management Restrictions (TMR)	Airport specific traffic management restrictions and impacted flights	MIT, MINIT, Departure Stop	FAA & Flight / Ramp / Airport Operators
Flight Delay	Airport specific flights in delays with delay information	Flight ID info, delay duration, reason	FAA and CDM participants
Operational Metrics (OM)	Airport based operational metrics	Data Quality, Off Block Accuracy, TMAT Compliance, Emissions	FAA and CDM participants
Surface Metering Program (SMP)	SMP information (only 27 Configuration A sites)	SMP information (e.g. start/stop time), lists of impacted flights	FAA and CDM participants

TFDM TTP service will be available to consumers when TFDM sites reach Build 2. The first TFDM Build 2 site will be CLT in April 2024. Testing in FNTB is only mandatory if the consumer has never SWIM tested their Solace Client. Otherwise, consumer testing in the WJHTC FNTB lab is optional.



TFDM FOS Collaboration Service (TFCS)

TFDM FOS Collaboration Service (TFCS)

- Consists of 2 SWIM Request/Reply Business Functions for CDM members
- Flight Substitution
 - Can submit Surface Metering Program (SMP) Flight Substitution Requests
- Airport Data
 - Can submit status on airport resources such as ramps, non-movement areas, etc.
 - Can submit Gridlock status

Business Function	Explanation	Data Examples	Intended Users
Flight Substitution	TFDM flight substitution service (only 27 Configuration A sites)	Substitution requests / responses	FAA & Flight / Ramp / Airport Operators
Airport Data	Submission of Gridlock, ramp status (only 27 Configuration A sites)	Ramp closure(s), Gridlock status	FAA & Flight / Ramp / Airport Operators

TFDM TFCS SWIM service requires testing with the TFDM program in the WJHTC lab. The testing is mandatory before Ops on-ramping and use.

TFDM VLab Demo

Demo of TFDM

- Scheduling
- Airport Configurations (ACs)
- Traffic Management Initiatives (TMIs)
- Surface Metering Programs (SMPs)

Pre-NAS Deployment Testing

- FOS Testbed (Optional)
 - Non-FAA test facility
 - Leidos support
 - Does not require a SWIM subscription
 - Opportunity to exchange TFDM messages in a lab environment
 - Recorded data is available for repeatable result
 - Currently, CLT airport adapted, but other sites will be available in the future
 - Live, public data available for real-time data flow (CLT, PHX, others to follow)
- FTI National Test Bed (FNTB) (Mandatory for TFCS; Optional for TTP)
 - FAA WJHTC test facility
 - FAA and Leidos support
 - Requires Lab SWIM subscription
 - Lab duplicates NAS Ops environment to high extent
 - Scenarios cover a wide range of test cases and include CDM data
 - Must complete SWIM Request/Reply testing in FNTB prior to onboarding TFCS in Ops
 - Currently, CLT airport adapted, but other sites will be available in the future

Stakeholder Input on TFCS Permissions

Initial TFCS Permissions

- TFCS permissions are specified in TFDM National adaptation
 - Any authorization for a flight substitution would apply to all TFDM airports
 - Example: If AAL is allowed to act for DAL at CLT, AAL could act for DAL at DEN
 - Interim approach to restrict global permissions
 - Restrict to per-airport using airport specific SWIM user-ids for each airline or third party vendor
 - May not accommodate all the complexity of stakeholder and third-party relationships
 - Not scalable as TFDM or SWIM final solution
- TFCS resource status reporting has similar permission granularity challenges

Stakeholder Input on Permissions

- Stakeholder input is needed
 - To support the range of stakeholder relationships that have evolved in the NAS over time
 - To support planned, future stakeholder relationships
- TFDM Interface Team is requesting individual meetings with stakeholders
 - To develop use cases that support the range of stakeholder relationships
 - To specify those relationships in on-boarding for FNTB and Ops
 - To test permissions in mandatory TFCS Request/Reply testing in FNTB
- TFDM will help stakeholders document/formalize permission relationships
 - Agreements between stakeholders is required to instantiate permissions in TFDM local/national adaptation
 - For example authority to act for another party for a specified resource at a specified site, etc.
- Gathering feedback from airlines/airports
 - Initially, TFDM Interface Team collects permission use cases for TFDM design from individual stakeholders
 - SCT will collect national/local adaptation data as specified by TFDM resulting design over TFDM waterfall

Next Steps

Stakeholder Permission Development

- Identify technical resources to collaborate on permission use cases
- Setup appt with TFDM Interface Team to discuss stakeholder needs
- TFDM Contacts:
 - Sharon Ledgister-Reid, FAA, TFDM Interface Lead, Sharon.Ledgister-Reid@faa.gov
 - Kathleen Venemon, Wydah, TFDM Interface Support Lead, kvenemon@wydah.com

Stakeholder On-Boarding

- SWIM Contact for FNTB and Ops On-Boarding
 - David Wickes, SWIM External User Support, <u>David.CTR.Wickes@faa.gov</u>
- TFDM supports SWIM office in developing On-Ramping Forms (ORFs) for TFDM for TTP consumers and TFCS participants in FNTB and Ops

Information Resources

- TFDM Familiarization
 - Video
 - TFDM Overview
 - EFS and SMN
 - · Animated Storyboard
 - CDM Website
 - · Data Operational User Guide
 - Surface Working Group Guide
 - CSIT Tech Talks
- TFDM Tech Resources
 - SWIM Portal (SWIFT)
 - https://portal.swim.faa.gov/
 - NAS Service Repository and Registry (NSRR)
 - https://nsrr.faa.gov/
 - TTP and TFCS JMSDDs



Questions?

Lunch

(We'll return at 1:10pm EST)

SCDS Updates

SWIFT 21 Update



Operational Cost Management

Keeping SCDS Free

- SCDS provides robust SWIM data for public users that is free to consume, but the FAA pays for data egress, storage, maintenance, portal support, etc.
- SCDS costs are increasing, while the FAA has new budget constraints. Continued
 quality of service requires cost reduction.
- A sizeable cost-saving measure is to get users on board with ways of accessing data that help save us money.
- In early 2024, all SCDS users will be required to sign new Service Access Agreements (SAAs) that contain new SCDS Policy.

Cost-Saving Measures

Three new data access policies that save the FAA money:

- Data Compression
- Messaging APIs that support compression
- Internal Redistribution (High Data Consumer)



Community Engagement

- Has your organization successfully implemented internal data redistribution?
- Share your technical/architectural ideas with the SCDS community!
 - Email <u>scds@faa.gov</u>, subject line "SCDS Internal Redistribution Solutions", to join the effort.
- Stay tuned for further communications.

SWIFT Portal Version 4 Demo

SWIFT Portal Update

SWIFT Portal v4 provides a streamlined and modern user experience by providing expedient subscription approvals.

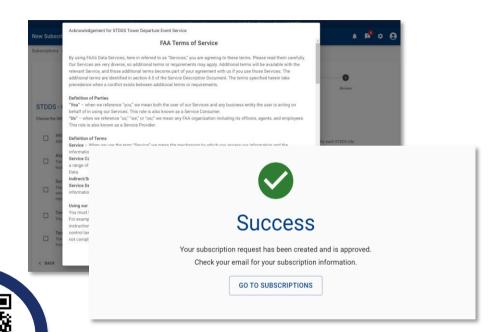
- Service Access Agreements (SAAs) have been migrated directly into the SWIFT Portal, and we can now provide automatic subscription approval.
- Users no longer need to visit a separate SAA portal.





Version 4 Demo

- SAA signing is built into the subscription wizard now to ensure you can find and sign them easily.
- Subscriptions are automatically created and approved, providing a true self-service experience.



For More Information





NAS Service Registry Repository (NSRR)

 SWIM-enabled services registered in the <u>NAS</u> <u>Service Registry & Repository (NSRR)</u>.

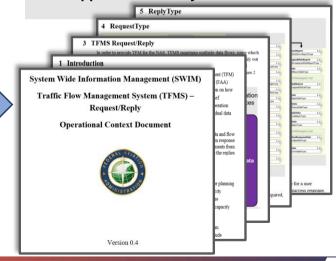
 Here, you can find information on SWIM services including Ops Context Documents for each service



NSRR

https://nsrr.faa.gov/

- 1. Introduction
- 2. TFMS & TFMData Service OverviewIncludes References
- 3. Request Type
- 4. Reply Type
- 5. Appendix Acronyms & Definitions

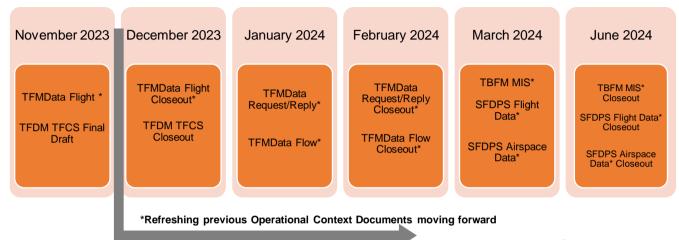


November 9, 202

SWIFT # 21

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Document Re-release Schedule



- Will begin document refresh TFMData Flight and Flow Nov and Dec 2023.
- Targeting document refresh for TFMData Request/Reply Jan 24
- Schedule subject to change if service updates are released and existing Operational Context documents need to be updated
- Coordinating with service's producer program to finalize drafts and get documents uploaded to NSR,

Contact Us:

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Ray.Mitchell@Istechllc.com



Information Services on SWIM



WEATHER

Radar, PIREPS, windshear, microburst predictions, storm cell, and lightning information



FLIGHT/FLOW

Aircraft scheduling, routing, and positional information

AERONAUTICAL

NOTAMS, Airport reference and configuration data, Special Activity Airspace (SAA), Temporary Flight Restriction (TFR)



SURVEILLANCE

En Route: aircraft position, beacon codes, handoff status

Surface: movement, approach radar, departure event data



FENS/SWIM Program Overview

SWIFT 21 Update



Agenda

- Program Descriptions/Status
- FENS/IMS Relationship
- Program Schedule
- Transition Strategy
- Operational Environment
- User Community Expectations
- Questions



Definition of Program FENS Program Overview

- Replaces 21+ year old FAA Telecommunications Infrastructure (FTI) leased services contract (~30,000 services at over 4,600 sites)
 - 15-year performance-based leased services contract with vendor incentives for performance and collaboration
 - Offers price stability and predictability through negotiated fixed prices with built-in technology refresh



- ✓ Provides highly-available and secure communications, information services and networking capabilities featuring requirements developed with extensive industry input
 - Meets FAA telecommunications requirements
 - Supports new operating environments, added security and government mandates
 - Enables faster provisioning with modern industry methods/tools for ordering based on a simplified managed services contract structure
- Enables the FAA to adopt advances in the commercial telecommunications market enables innovation and competition and insulates FAA from industry sunsetting



Definition of ProgramSWIM Segment 2 (S2D) Program Overview

- **Yellow** Provides funding for Information Management Services (IMS) on the FAA Enterprise Network Services (FENS) contract
- **◯** Develops IMS on FENS to replace NEMS on FTI, with a fully service-based contract
 - Resulting in newer technologies and greater capabilities at lower cost
- **◯** Expands SWIM's operational capabilities into the FAA's cloud
 - Planned ESCS capabilities will be met and enhanced in S2D
 - Reduces dependency and costs of VPNs through ability to exchange data from external partners over the internet
 - Enables international Air Navigation Service Providers (ANSPs) exchanges with NAS systems
- Supports Efficiency Critical RMA messaging infrastructure
 - Required by systems such as TBFM, TFDM, FMDS, CSS-FD, and SWIM Segment 3
 - Supports the Mission Essential Operating Environment (ME-OE)
- **ॲ** Provides internal FAA and external user portals
 - Easier on-boarding







FENS Addresses a Changing Landscape

An Unparalleled Shift in the Commercial Telecommunications Industry from older TDM technology to modern IP networks

Evolution of Commercial Telecom Services

- Broadband access high-speed last-mile
- Emergence of wireless services 4G/LTE, 5G, SATCOM
- Zero-Trust security architecture
- "Smart Networks" Software Defined Networking, Machine Learning, Analytics
- Proactive management predictive analytics, Operations Support System/Business Support System (OSS/BSS)
- Network Function Virtualization
- Continuous diagnostics and mitigation

New and Evolving Missions Supported by the NAS

- Increasing demands air traffic volume, bandwidth, resiliency
- Information Management System (IMS)/System Wide Information Management (SWIM)
- FAA Cloud Services
- UAS/UAV
- Commercial Space



FENS Will Meet Existing Requirements



All Services that operate on FTI will be available on FENS

- The number of NAS services and proportions that are TDM will change
- Security controls will evolve



Existing user requirements will not change from a performance standpoint, e.g., availability, latency, etc. will be supported

- Bandwidth for those services may increase
- High-availability and other services requiring diversity will be supported
- TDM and other legacy interfaces will be supported



Systems need to be native IP to take advantage of all FENS operational benefits and avoid future transition costs (FAA side TDM-IP Migration)



Existing Enterprise Service requirements for SWIM, DNS, NTP, etc. will be supported on FENS



IMS - More Robust and Accessible SWIM Infrastructure



IMS infrastructure to support Efficiency Critical level of messaging

- Required by systems such as TBFM, TFDM, FMDS, CSS-FD, and SWIM Segment 3
- Efficiency-critical messaging to be available both on-premise and in cloud



IMS-in-the-Cloud (IMS-C) expands FAA's cloud messaging capability to include

- Web Services as well as JMS
- Ingestion of content external Producers
 e.g., international Air Navigation Service Providers (ANSPs)



Enhanced IMS user portal capabilities

- Expanded external IMS user portal capabilities supporting enhanced cloud messaging
- New internal portal providing NAS IMS users with similar self-management capabilities



FENS Program Status

FENS will modernize the FAA's network architecture and technology, enabling the innovation needed to support NextGen operations and meet evolving security and resiliency needs while addressing the impacts of industry TDM discontinuances to the NAS.

•Delivers 30,000+ Services across 4,600+ sites featuring:







•Advanced Network Management



•Zero Trust Security Solutions

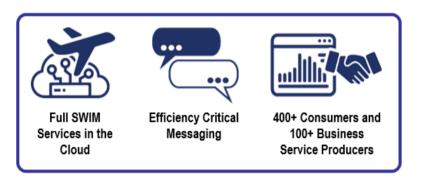
Current Status (as of November 6, 2023)

- Final Investment Decision (FID) to proceed with tailored FENS Alternative and approve initial spending through December 2023 was approved on February 28, 2023.
- FENS contract was awarded on March 27, 2023, to Verizon Business Network Services, LLC.
- Over the first 18 months, the FAA is:
 - Validating and testing the vendor's solutions
 - Preparing FAA sites for new services
 - Preparing for transition activities, and
 - Establishing schedule and implementation/operations processes between FAA and selected vendor
- The FAA has established key sites in the Indianapolis airspace to test a representative sample of operations services to support an In-Service Decision (ISD) in the fall of 2024.
- FENS is segmenting our test approach to prioritize
 FAA TDM services in the test plan to achieve ISD and provide a solution for future TDM discontinuances in the near term.



IMS Program Status

•IMS supports Efficiency Critical RMA messaging infrastructure and provides internal FAA and external user portals. Includes two-way communication functionality and sensitive data.

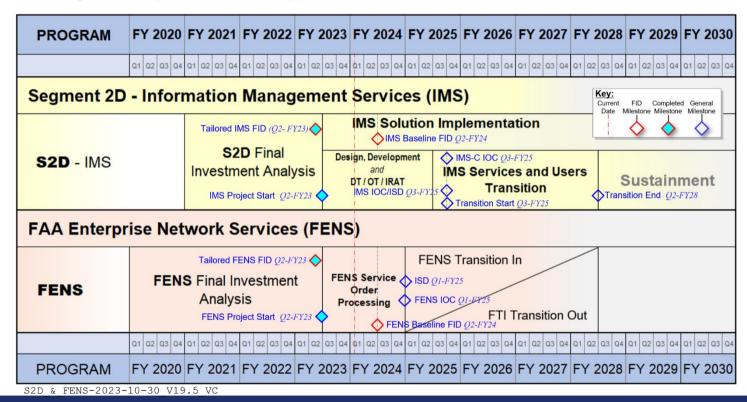


Current Status

- Solution Review with vendor (in progress)
- Next Steps:
 - Finalize implementation and transition schedule
 - Communicate transition planning:
 - User impacts
 - Anticipated changes for uninterrupted service
 - Timeframe programs will need to be ready to move over to the new system

Program on a Page – S2D and FENS

Pending final implementation approach*



*Dates are notional



FENS/IMS Relationship

FENS/IMS Relationship

- FENS is an investment that replaces FAA Telecommunications Infrastructure (FTI) capabilities with FENS networking and enterprise services capabilities.
- FTI NAS Enterprise Messaging Service (NEMS) infrastructure and associated services will be replaced by FENS Information Management Services (IMS).
- SWIM Segment 2D acquisition appropriates funding for IMS, IMS-related portions of FENS, and transition of SWIM users.

IMS Implementation

- IMS will be developed and deployed by the vendor (Saab/Verizon).
- IMS uses commercial appliances, tools and new software with significant development, configuration management and testing phases.
- IMS in the cloud (IMS-C) includes two-way communication functionality and sensitive data.



Transition Planning Objectives (Goals)

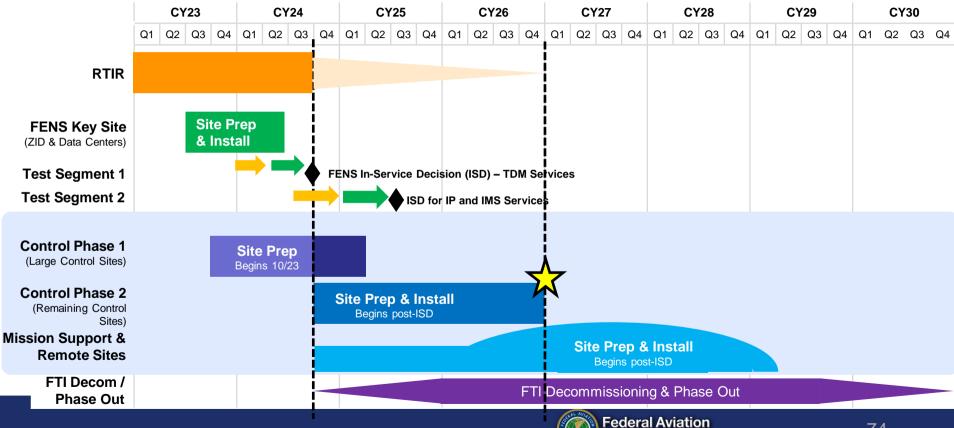


Design a FENS deployment strategy to address NAS-wide TDM discontinuance

- Deploy FENS as safely and quickly as possible
- Manage and minimize operational risk, both NAS and Mission Support
- Avoid additional investments in FTI as much as possible
- Minimize dual operations costs of maintaining two telco infrastructures simultaneously
- Leverage lessons learned from the FTI transition (i.e., expected site transition rate, personnel resource constraints, etc.)
- Maximize the use of currently available Tech Ops personnel resources

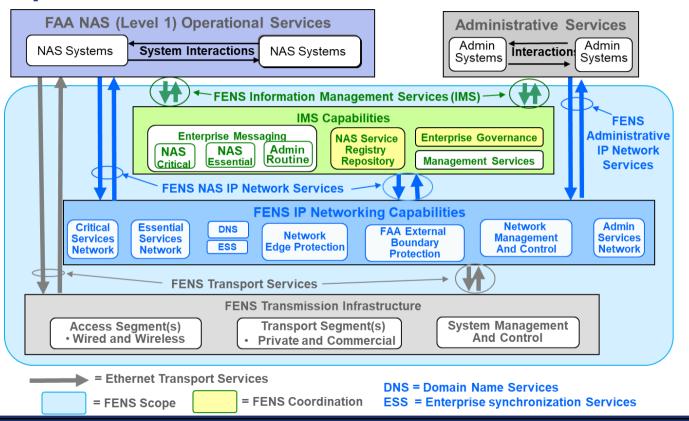


FENS Testing & Transition Plan Timeline



Administration

FENS Operational Environment





User Community Expectations

IMS users will be expected to...

- Keep their contact information up-to-date in the SWIFT Portal or with their SWIM POC (depending on how they receive data today)
- Anticipate changes to client libraries to be used, potential minimal code changes in their client code, authentication mechanism changes/credential information changes, etc.
 - Some work may be required on the user's end to integrate with the new messaging infrastructure.
- Anticipate potential re-testing in a test environment for users who provide data to the FAA
- Look out for notices of future forums/meetings on user transition



Questions



SWIFT 21

Presenter: Mark Hopkins – LS Technologies

John Kelley – LS Technologies Xavier Pratt – LS Technologies

Date: November 9, 2023







Purpose of SWIM Widgets

- Subscribed SWIM data may be leveraged for general visualizations but may not be the most functional based on the specific operational need. For example:
 - A moving map of en route aircraft
 - Weather map of CONUS
- In the past, widgets have been developed to visualize SWIM data in operationally-actionable ways
 - Enable faster, more accurate decisions based on useful visualizations of data
- Widgets are lightweight web-based applications that can be scaled to user desktop or mobile devices to address user operations

In practice...

- Widget applications offer a means to leverage SWIM Information Services and related lessons learned with the community
- Community-driven solutions to solve real-world operational problems via relevant SWIM data / NAS systems

SWIFT

SWIFT # 21

Case Study Recap

Scenario Summary

- JFK MIA Flight Ops
 - · How best to adjust operations to adapt to dynamic environment
 - Each user and flight may have different priorities. TOS are submitted to allow for collaborative solutions including the abilities to prioritize options on individual flight basis
 - Constraints
 - Planned Space Launch operations near JAX; airspace resource impacted
 - TMIs implemented as WAVEY and RBV resources become congested
 - Ground and departure congestion at JFK

Problem Statement

• Timely awareness of changes to en route and arrival environments. Airspace Users/Operators need access to rich, timely data to efficiently plan, execute and deliver operations which support more predictable 4D-trajectory outcomes.

Proposed Problem Mitigation

- Aggregated view of data to correlate time elements with physical elements from DEPT to ARR
- View should permit users to correlate how TOS routes / user submitted preferences are impacted by constraints

November 9, 2023 SWIFT # 21

Case Study Notional Widget

User Widget Dashboard

TBFM MIS

Widget should consider user critical meter reference elements (MRE) as listed below

- ACID
- Meter points (MRE)
- · Meter Fixes (MRE)
- Runway threshold (MRE)
- Scheduled time of arrival (time)
- Estimated time of arrival (time)

TFMData

Widget should consider constraint impacts from traffic volume and events such as Space launch Ops

- ACID
- Flow Constrained Area (FCA)
- Flow Evaluation Area (FEA)
- TMI / Control Times Information

SFDPS

Widget should data relevant to user flights or enroute airspace of interest.

- ACID
- Flight Plan Information
- Expected Departure Information
- Sector Assignment
- Adapted ARR/DEP Routes/Route Status

STDDS

Widget should consider user arrival airport traffic information and departure events.

- ACID
- Airport Traffic
- Track and Flight Plan Data
- Surveillance Data for Traffic Insight

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November 9, 2023 SWIFT # 21

TBM Widget Mockup Example

•Meter Reference Elements comes from TBFM MIS message "air" message category. Airport arrival configuration and runway information is also available in the "con" message category.

Departure Airport	Arrival Airport	ACID	Meter Point	Arrival Meter Fix	STA	ETA
KJFK	KMIA	SWF123	FLL	PRCHE	2023-09-21 12:23	2023-09-21 12:34
KLGA	KMIA	SWF456	FLL	PRCHE	2023-09-21 12:48	2023-09-21 12:57
KJFK	KJAX	SWF789	CRG	LUNNI	2023-09-21 12:31	2023-09-21 12:40

 Constraints **Dashboard View**

•Flight / Time-Based Ribbon View

<< Select ACID to</p> toggle views >>

> •Evaluate constraint delay based on TOS Option/OOI times

Flight ID	Trajectory	Block Time Calc.	Assigned Enroute Delay Change
SWF123	TOS A	-	-7 mins
	TOS B	-	+12 min
	TOS C	-	- 4 mins

Widget Key Takeaways:

- An API that allow users to consume data for analysis of benefits and delays
- Users would likely make their own determination on how best to utilize the raw data

•View raw SWIM data such as advisory messages for FCAs

INCLUDE TRAFFIC: /ZDC/ZTL/ZNY/ZMA DEPARTURES TO MIA/JAX/ATL/PHL/DC/ ACILITIES INCLUDED: /ZDC/ZNY/Z3X/ZBW/ZTL

DYNAMIC LIST FOR UPDATES. REPLACES ADVZY 060 TO CHANGE

82

TMI ID: RRDCC064

CONSTRAINED AREA: ZTL/ZJX



Discussion

- The TBM widget is an example of a widget that may be applied to address information gaps related to the JFK-MIA case study.
- Other SWIM services can be leveraged to enhance widgets, depending on user needs for this case study. For example:
 - ARR/DEP fix status?
 - Airport resource status?
- What other desired information/topics would you like to see covered?

•Note: In lieu of upcoming TFDM SWIM services (TTP and TFCS), STDDS data can currently be used to supplement ground/surface Ops information

Next Steps

- Latest session held September 28, 2023. Next tag-up TBD.
- In the interim, the Flight Data & TBO Microsoft Teams channel is active. Volunteers are encouraged to use this space for:
 - Announcements and General Discussions
 - Document Sharing (background information, technical exchange, presentations)
 - Stakeholder Feedback and Engagement

Contacts:

- Mark Hopkins / <u>Mark.Hopkins_NLST@IstechIlc.com</u>
- John Kelley / <u>John.Kelley@lstechllc.com</u>
- David Almeida / <u>David.Almeida@Istechllc.com</u>
- Xavier Pratt / <u>Xavier.Pratt@lstechllc.com</u>
- Stefanie Calabrese / Stefanie.C.Calabrese@faa.gov



VIFT # 21

Time Based Flow Management (TBFM)

Release 4.15



Agenda

- TBFM MIS Overview
- MIS 4.15 Data Enhancements
- MIS Mediation for Consumers
- Current Status of Consumers
- Testing R4.15 in FNTB

TBFM MIS Overview

- The Time Based Flow Management (TBFM) Metering Information Service (MIS) provides the following data products via SWIM:
 - Scheduled Times of Arrival (STAs) to the runway threshold, meter fix and all arcs,
 - Estimated Times of Arrival (ETAs) to the runway threshold, meter fix and all arcs,
 - Airport Configurations presently in effect at every ARTCC
 - Airport Acceptance Rates and flow settings (e.g. runway buffer) in effect at every ARTCC
 - En Route Departure Capability (EDC) aircraft departure times When and where
 Adjacent Center Metering (ACM) is occurring and at which sites
- TBFM MIS 4.3.2 is the current version
- TBFM MIS 4.15 is the updated version



MIS 4.15 Data Enhancements

- TBFM Release 4.15 provides new JMSDD properties for enhanced filtering, additional flight data, and additional documentation fixes including:
 - Departure Airport and Destination Airports information
 - Heartbeat messages
 - Identification information (Computer Identifier (CID),
 Global Unique Flight Identifier (GUFI))
 - Versioning information



MIS 4.15 Deployment Schedule

- **4.15 Key Site –** ZTL 5/1
- **4.15 Key Site** ZAB 5/8
- 4.15 Phase 2 Mediation mid-June
- Mediation sunset for all consumers TBD

Current Status of Consumers

- NAS Enterprise Service Gateway (NESG) users had their subscriptions updated to receive an automated mediated feed for the current version of R4.3.2 if they didn't update to R4.15
- SWIM Cloud Distribution Service (SCDS) users will need to update to R4.15, as they aren't being auto-mediated to R4.15
- The automated mediated feed will be sunset in TBD.



Consumer Testing of R4.15

- 24/7 4.15 MIS Publisher in the FAA National Test Bed (FNTB)
 - 1-hour of data available via the NAS Service Registry and Repository (NSRR) to support consumer testing of R4.15 MIS

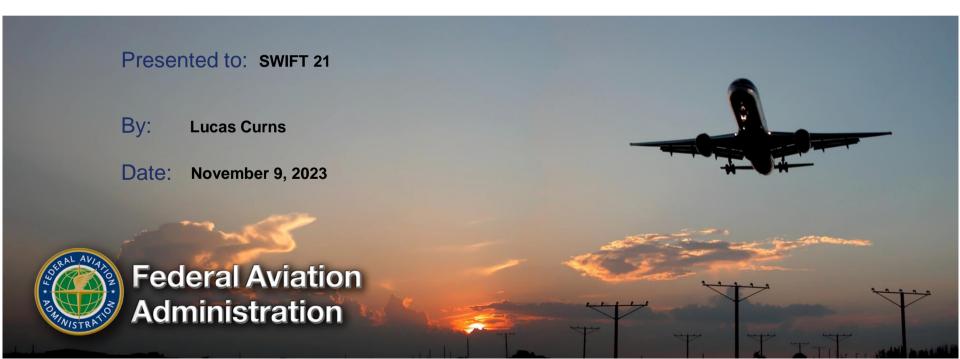
Contact Info





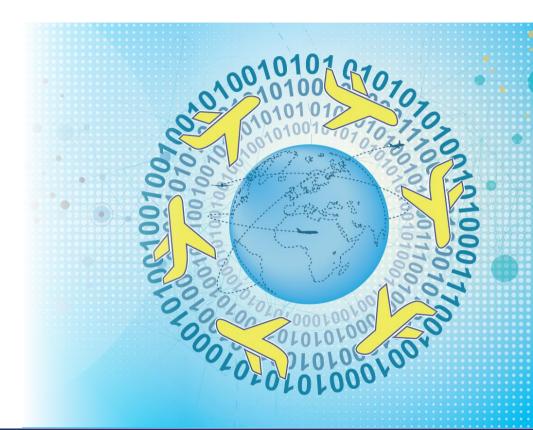
Common Support Services - Flight Data (CSS-FD)

SWIFT 21 Update



Agenda

 Common Support Services – Flight Data (CSS-FD) Overview & Status Update





CSS-FD is the set of services that will deliver modern flight information management and facilitate the transition to the new FF-ICE information exchange environment



Establishes standards-based flight planning and filing environment



Allows for early constraint evaluation and flight specific feedback through trial requests and preliminary flight plans



Provides single common reference for flight data sharing and management



Supports international data exchange standards



Enhances collaborative decision making



ICAO FF-ICE (R1) Services

Mandatory

Filing Service



 Related Messages: (Filed Flight Plan, Flight Plan Update, Flight Cancellation, Submission Response, Filing Status)

Flight Data Request Service

 Related Messages: (Flight Data Request, Submission Response, Flight Data Response)



rial Service

 Related Messages: (Trial Request, Submission Response, Trial Response)

Data Publication Service

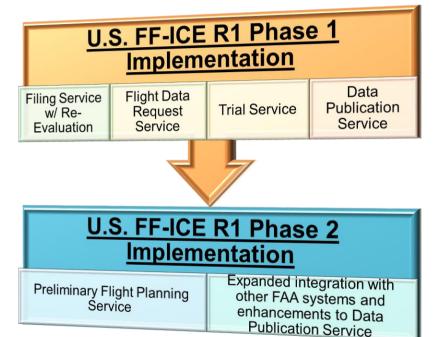
•eASP will indicate the events and/or criteria to which a subscriber can subscribe

Planning Service

 Related Messages: (Preliminary Flight Plan Flight Plan Update, Flight Cancellation, Submission Response, Planning Status)

Notification Service: (not in current CSS-FD

CSS-FD FF-ICE (R1) Services (Planned)



*CSS-FD Scope being finalized and may be adjusted before implementation



CSS-FD Phase 1: Key NAS Benefits

- CSS-FD is a cornerstone for the Info-Centric NAS and on the critical path for Performance Based Operations
 - Reduces duplicate/multiple flight plans, improves safety and increases productivity
 - Improves flight planning through sharing of flight data
 - Enables richer flight information exchanges amongst stakeholders
 - Supports a Collaborative Decision Making (CDM) Environment
- Benefits realized with CSS-FD
 - More accurate and robust Flight Plans to create better trajectories
 - More efficient flow planning (Additional data elements, 4DT and Performance Models)
 - Trial Requests allow for improved planning

Richer Flight Information

Improved Planning

More Informed Decision Making

4DT for Improved Flow Management

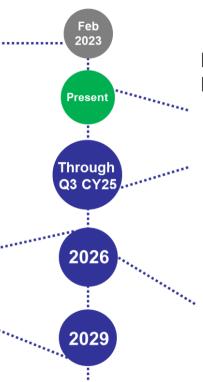


Where is CSS-FD now?

CSS-FD Risk Reduction Activity (prototype)







Phase 1 Final Investment Decision

- Defining Architecture and Functionality/Services
- Continuing Collaboration and Outreach
- Finalizing scope and schedule
- Writing acquisition documents and conducting proposal evaluation

Determine Phase 2 scope and schedule



Outreach & Collaboration Call to Action!

- Stakeholder input is critical to understanding your needs and concerns
 - Received feedback from FIXMCCB-CFSP Round table and from the CSS-FD RRA continues to drive discussions regarding harmonization between EUROCONTROL and the FAA



- Please continue to help us understand how FF-ICE implementation will impact you
 - We will need data to quantify these benefits
 - We would like to understand what is most important to you
- There will be multiple ways to communicate/collaborate with us
 - SWIFT User Forums / Focus Groups
 - Small group / one on one meetings
 - CSS-FD Web page (coming soon)
 - Emails & Surveys



Contact

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SWIM Program Manager
kristin.m.cropf@faa.gov

Lucas Curns
CSS-FD Lead
lucas.a.curns@faa.gov

Cora Buck
CSS-FD RRA Lead
cora.buck@faa.gov



TFMS, TBFM and TBFM Listening Session

- ATC Perspective on Flight Data and Trajectory Management
- NAS User Perspective on Flight Data and Trajectory Management

SWIFT # 2

Meet the Panel!

ATO Program Management Office

• Joshua Gustin – Director, Telecommunications Integrated Services Office (AJM-5)

TFMS Program

• Tracy Coleman - FAA Traffic Flow Management System Sustainment (FAA ATCSCC Desk)

TBFM Program

• Shakeela Bader – Systems Engineer, TBFM Program Office (JMA Solutions)

TFDM Program

• Lidiya Gavrilenko – Terminal Flight Data Manager Program System Engineer (AJM-224)

Airline ATM & Advanced Operations

• Mark Hopkins – CDM / ATM & Advanced Operations Specialist (LS Technologies)

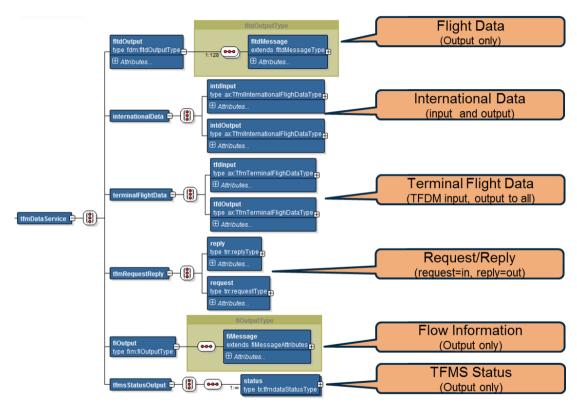


SWIFT # 21

TFMData Operational Context

TFMData is composed of six Business Functions

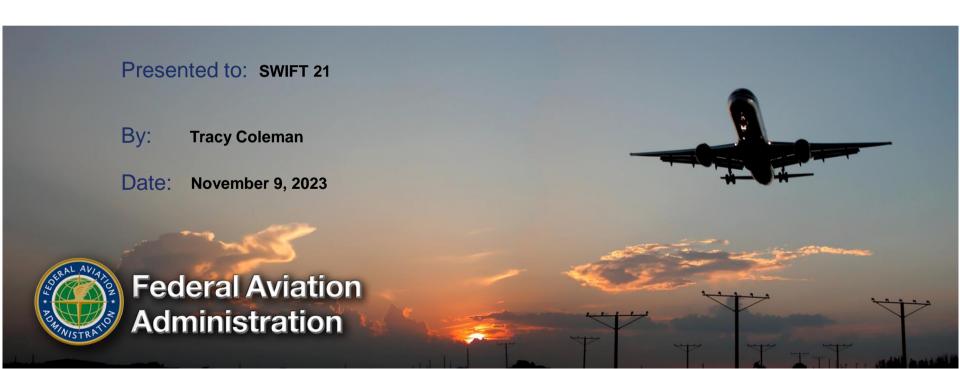
- TFMS includes multiple messages with large data sets, sent through the TFMData service
- TFMData sends/receives data from multiple SWIM services, which impact the information that TFMS produces
- TFMData Status business function provides status of all of the data flows that directly or indirectly contribute to TFMS, this includes both TFMS and non-TFMS data flows.





TFMS FDFE Decommission

SWIFT 21

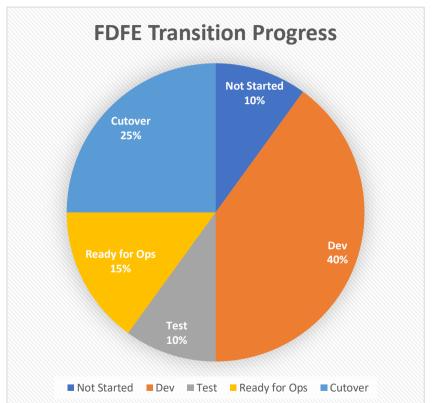


Retirement of the FDFE TFMS Direct Service (Legacy)

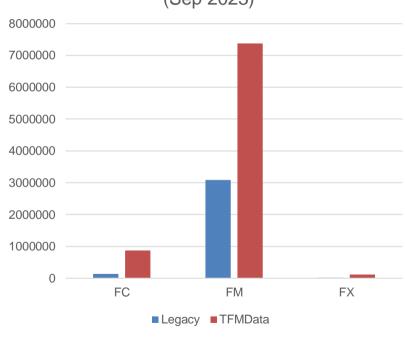
- FAA is planning a new investment to replace the TFMS system and interfaces
- Retirement of the FDFE/ADLFE legacy (direct services) interface will be a critical dependency
 - TFMdata Request/Reply was initially deployed in 2016 as part of Release
 13
 - All FDFE data exchange capabilities are replicated in the TFMData Request/Reply FDBlock for submission of Flight Create (FC), Flight Modify (FM) and Flight Cancel (FX)
 - FDFE to TFMData FDBlock transition deadline is 12/31/2023
 - FDFE to TFMData SSBlock is the next transition target (TBD)
 - CTOP (legacy) to TFMData (TBD)
 - FSM/ADL is currently in solution discovery phase (TBD)



Retirement of the FDFE TFMS Direct Service (Legacy)







CDM Questions & Concerns

FAA Documentation

- Noted lack of best practice (playbook).
 - TFMS has presented at various Industry days, SWIFT meetings and workshops going back to ~2017 to give CDM members context and direction on the various R/R functions. Additionally, FAA has provided Ops Context documents, sample messages and test cases/procedures to airlines to assist with development.
- Message/Function not aligned as expected within documentation.
 - There have been a small number of deficiencies that have been documented and addressed with updates to the JMSDD or temporary workarounds – please provide examples of issues impacting members transition to FDBlock
- Is a common algorithm possible so all carriers are using same similar data?
 - We understand that this question is not directed towards the FDBlock transition but the greater set of available TFMData service codes. The FAA has taken this under advisement and will be looking to provide guidance on additional services provided through TFMData. ADL/FSM does not presently have a transition date.

CDM Questions & Concerns

- FTI National Testbed (FNTB)
 - Ease of carrier access to FNTB to test and follow on access to FTNB is noted as challenging and difficult.
 - Please provide details on what is difficult with regard to connectivity and testing. Most CDM
 members have had access to FNTB prior to Nov 2021, when the FDFE decommission date was first
 announced. The TFMS testing schedule still contains many openings between now and the
 decommission date.
 - Suitable number of staff to support the number of carriers in the testing process to meet the FAA's
 12/31/23 timeline.
 - R14 FNTB queue requests submitted to SWIM have all been completed.
 - R14 Ops queue requests are in process.
 - FAA is working with L3H to fill staffing vacancies in FNTB, and L3H is leveraging their Melbourne staff to help in FNTB.
 - If carriers are not able to make the deadline, please notify TFMS as soon as possible.

CDM Questions & Concerns

FAA Moratorium

- How will testing and transition will be affected?
 - Testing will not be impacted, but Ops cutovers will not be possible during the moratorium periods.
 If any airlines have concerns that they will be unable to complete the transition in time, they should reach out to the FAA.

Looking into 2024

- Do members need to sustain their Legacy connection(s) to FDFE Legacy services once established on the SWIM feed.
 - No, the expectation is that CDM members disable their legacy services when they begin publishing on SWIM. Publishing data via both legacy and TFMData may result in 'race conditions' with undesirable results.
- What will the expected contingency plan be if the SWIM feed fails?
 - The legacy system will be available for fallback should the user have issues with their SWIM client. Note that the SWIM system has more redundancy and a quicker failover than the legacy FDFE.

FAA Focus Areas

- What lessons learned can we apply to better facilitate two-way communication of transition plans and status moving forward?
 - The FAA is mindful that CDM members require sufficient lead times to make interface changes
 - The FAA will avoid yead-end transition dates to avoid impacts from holiday moratoriums

Support Contact Information

TFMS Direct Services		
	Operations	Test or General Support
Contact	TFMS Help Desk	TFMS Second Level Engineering
Email	9-ACT-TPC@faa.gov	9-AWA-ATCSCC-SLE-Support@faa.gov
Phone	609-485-9601	540-422-4171
SWIM TFMData		
	Operations	Test or General Support
Contact	NEMC – Enterprise Services	SWIM POC (your individually assigned contact)
Email	NEO-ES@faa.gov	Data-To-Industry@faa.gov
Phone	855-322-NEMC (6362) Option 3 then Option 1	

TBFM Operational Context

TBFM MIS publishes five categories of messages

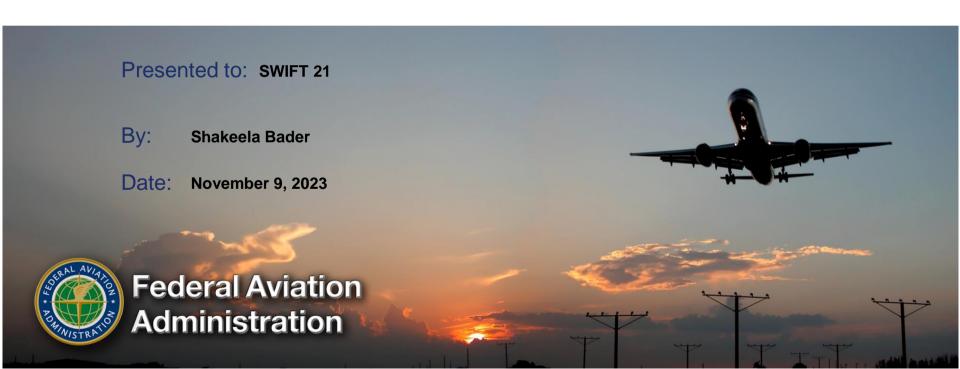
• TBFM MIS publishes metering information to allow the TBFM system, FAA systems (e.g. TFMS), and industry to collaborate, share TBFM data and be informed of TBFM STAs that are in effect during metering events.

Message Name	Description
Aircraft Information <air></air>	Provides metering information about an aircraft; specifically: flight plan (relevant subset), STAs, ETAs, Meter Reference Elements (MREs) Assignments, and scheduling group information
Configuration Information <con></con>	Provides metering information about the configuration of the system; specifically: airport configurations, airport acceptance rates, TRACON acceptance rates, gate acceptance rates, Meter Point acceptance rates, runway acceptances rates, super stream class configurations, and satellite airport configurations
Other Information <oth></oth>	Provides metering information about the status of metering and the status of system interfaces
Adaptation Information <adp></adp>	Provides information about applicable system adaptation to include TRACON names, gate names, configuration names, Meter Reference Point names, and stream class names
Synchronization Information	Sent only to indicate an impending refresh of all TBFM data, either as a result of system startup or a periodic synchronization event.

SWIFT #21

TBFM Metering Information Service

SWIFT 21



TBFM MIS Overview

- The Time Based Flow Management (TBFM) Metering Publication Service (MIS) provides the following data products via SWIM:
 - Scheduled Times of Arrival (STAs) to the runway threshold, meter fix and all arcs,
 - Estimated Times of Arrival (ETAs) to the runway threshold, meter fix and all arcs,
 - Airport Configurations presently in effect at every ARTCC
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 - En Route Departure Capability (EDC) aircraft departure times When and where
 Adjacent Center Metering (ACM) is occurring and at which sites
- TBFM MIS 4.3.2 is the current version
- TBFM MIS 4.15 is the updated version



TBFM MIS Overview Cont...

Message Category	Message Group	Message
"air"	<flt></flt>	Flight Plan Information
(Aircraft Information)	<trk></trk>	Tracking Information
	<mrp></mrp>	Meter Reference Element (MRE) Assignments
	<eta></eta>	Estimated Time of Arrival (ETA)s
	<sta></sta>	Scheduled Time of Arrival (STA)s
	<sch></sch>	Scheduling Information
"con"	<aac></aac>	Arrival Airport Configuration Information
(Configuration Information)	<mar></mar>	Meter Point Acceptance Rate
	<sac></sac>	Satellite Airport Configuration
	<rar></rar>	Runway Acceptance Rate
	<aar></aar>	Airport Acceptance Rate
	<scc></scc>	Super Stream Class Configuration
	<tar></tar>	TRACON Acceptance Rate
	<gar></gar>	Gate Acceptance Rate
"oth"	<int></int>	TBFM Interface Status Information Group
(Other Information)		TBFM Metering Status Information Group
"adp"	<trn></trn>	TRACON Name Group
(Adaptation Information)	<gans></gans>	Gate Names
	<apns></apns>	Airport/Runway/Configuration Names
	<mrns></mrns>	MRE Names
	<scns></scns>	Stream Class Names
"sync"	<system_start></system_start>	
Synchronization Information	<periodic_start></periodic_start>	Periodic Sync Start
	<periodic_end></periodic_end>	Periodic Sync End



Contact Info

✓ Yong Li

TBFM Project Lead

yong.li@faa.gov



TFDM TTP Operational Context

- TFDM Terminal Publication Service is a collection of TFDM related SWIM Services (pub/sub)
 - Airport Information
 - Active Runway Configuration, Rates, Airport Delays, Runway Closures
 - Flight Data
 - Block Times, Takeoff Times, ATC Flight State, Runway Assignments
 - Flight Delay
 - Flight ID info, delay duration, reason

- Operational Metrics
 - Data Quality, Off Block Accuracy, TMAT Compliance, Emissions
- Traffic Management Restrictions
 - MIT, MINIT, Departure Stop
- Surface Management Programs
 - SMP information (e.g. start/stop time), lists of impacted flights
- The TFDM FOS Collaboration Services (TFCS) handles requests submitted by the Flight Operator System group of users. Functionality categorized into Airport Data requests and Surface Metering Program (SMP) Flight Substitution Requests
 - Flight Substitution
 - Substitution requests / responses
 - Airport Data
 - Ramp closure(s), Gridlock status
 - Data Exchange (Request/Reply)



SWIFT #21

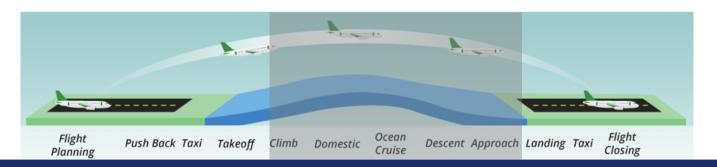
TFDM Management of Flight Trajectory Data

SWIFT 21

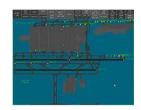


TFDM Management of Flight Trajectory Data

- TFDM is the new FAA system dedicated to surface management, a key component of a gate-to-gate operations
- Creating and maintaining a surface schedule and integration with other FAA systems are some of the key TFDM capabilities
- TFDM will leverage key data from the users (operators) submitted to TFMS via SWIM to support surface scheduling and metering
 - TFDM predicts and assigns departure times to get from gate to spot to runway to fit into the overhead stream
 - TFDM predicts ETA to assigned runway and provides shared situational awareness of arrival intent



TFDM Data Exchange: Key Interfaces



Airport Surface Detection Equipment, Model X (ASDE-X)











TFMS Traffic Flow Management Data (TFMData)



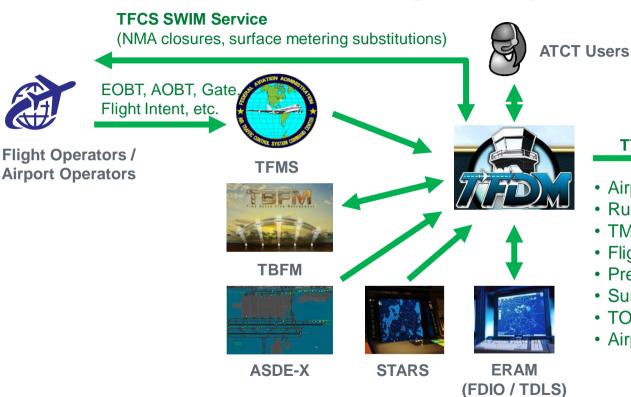
Standard Terminal Automation Replacement System (STARS)



En Route Automation Modernization (ERAM) (via FDIO / TDLS systems)



TFDM Data Exchange: Key Interfaces



TTP SWIM Service

Surface Stakeholders

- Airport Configuration
- Runway assignment
- TMIs with affected flight lists
- Flight state
- Predicted runway schedule (ETD / ETA)*
- Surface metering programs*
- TOBTs / TMATs*
- Airport resource closures

*Config A sites



Final Announcements



SWIFT 22:

• TBD

SWIFT Site Information

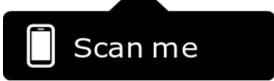
SWIFT@faa.gov

- Any SWIFT-related questions
- Sign up for SWIFT mailing list

https://www.faa.gov/air traffic/technology/swim/swift

- Register for future SWIFT meetings
- Stay up to date with SWIFT
- Past meeting slides







SWIFT Contact Information

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Back Up Slides

Ops Issues Focus Group

Leads: Chris Gottlieb (JBU) and Xavier Pratt

(LST) (Contract Support)

Background & Purpose Recap:

Ops Analysis

- Address NAS-wide operational issues that might benefit from information sharing between organizations
- Identify SWIM services, messages and data elements to resolve NAS user challenges

SWIM Data Use Cases

- Explore Ops issues through use case studies
- Leverage SWIM Operational Context documents and SWIM Info-services Roadmap to inform user investment decisions

Want to join us? Contact Us:

Chris Gottlieb - Christopher.Gottlieb@jetblue.com

Xavier Pratt - Xavier.Pratt@IstechIlc.com

Bolded Issues – actively engaged

Current Prioritized Ops Issues:

- Flight Planning over IP (SWA)
 - <u>Status</u>: CSS-FD Engineering Team finalizing requirements to support user FP filing, planning and data sharing needs through SWIM
 - Outreach to SWIFT Community encouraged to join discussion and activities
- Early Planning for Disruptions
 - Early Detection of Deviations over a Fix (JBU)
 - Early Detection of Airport Surface Delays (JBU)
 - Taxi Out Return to Gate tracking / visibility (DAL)
- Long taxi issues at JFK (JBU)
 - <u>Status:</u> NY/North TX Prediction Model developed to apply SWIM data context to assess arrival deviation impacts on ground taxi times, during convective weather

Flight Data & Trajectory Based Operations (NEW!)

- Status: Introduce Operational Context Study at SWIFT #20
- Socialize study through OIFG to promote discussion and collaboration
- TBFM delay (UAL) who, what, why it matters
 - Status: TBD



Development & Analytics Focus Group (DAFG)

Leads: Erin Cobbett (DAL), Mike Jagmin (UAL) and Xavier Pratt (LST) (Contract Support)

Background & Purpose Recap:

Data Analytics

- Identify smaller scale data, operational, and analytical problems that already exist in the community
- Identify services, messages, data elements, logical transformations to solve problems

Development

- Create logical software design to solve problems
- Develop physical representations of data as designed by group

Want to join us? Contact Us:

Erin Cobbett - erin.cobbett@delta.com

Mike Jagmin - michael.jagmin@united.com or Xavier Pratt - xavier.pratt@lstechllc.com

Current Prioritized Ops Issues:

- Flight Data & Trajectory Based Operations (NEW!)
 - <u>Status</u>: Introduce Operational Context Study at SWIFT #20
 - Socialize study through Focus Groups to promote discussion and collaboration
- TBFM "Best" Estimated Times
 - Status: TBFM Program incorporating Focus Group/Airline feedback into planned changes for TBFM MIS next release version schema
- Developers Webinars & Workshop
 - <u>Status</u>: Completed Developers Workshop Webinar Series and Developers Workshop
 - Future events TBD



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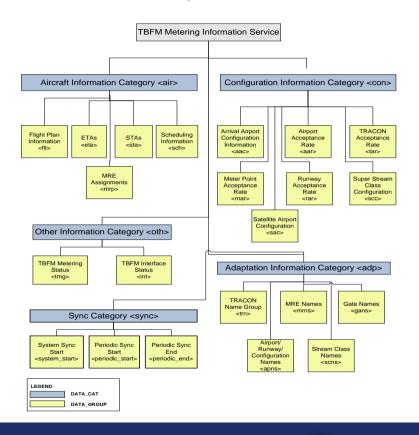
MIS 4.3.2 Data

Message Category	Message Group	Message
	<flt></flt>	Flight Plan Information
	<trk></trk>	Tracking Information
"air"	<mrp></mrp>	Meter Reference Element (MRE) Assignments
(Aircraft Information)	<eta></eta>	Estimated Time of Arrival (ETA)s
	<sta></sta>	Scheduled Time of Arrival (STA)s
	<sch></sch>	Scheduling Information
	<aac></aac>	Arrival Airport Configuration Information
	<mar></mar>	Meter Point Acceptance Rate
	<sac></sac>	Satellite Airport Configuration
"con"	<rar></rar>	Runway Acceptance Rate
(Configuration Information)	<aar></aar>	Airport Acceptance Rate
	<scc></scc>	Super Stream Class Configuration
	<tar></tar>	TRACON Acceptance Rate
	<gar></gar>	Gate Acceptance Rate
"oth"	<int></int>	TBFM Interface Status Information Group
(Other Information)	<tmg></tmg>	TBFM Metering Status Information Group
	<trn></trn>	TRACON Name Group
"adp"	<gans></gans>	Gate Names
(Adaptation Information)	<apns></apns>	Airport/Runway/Configuration Names
	<mrns></mrns>	MRE Names
	<scns></scns>	Stream Class Names
"sync"	<system_start></system_start>	System Sync Start
(Synchronization)	<pre><periodic_start></periodic_start></pre>	Periodic Sync Start
	<periodic_end></periodic_end>	Periodic Sync End

MIS 4.15 Data Enhancements

Update	Message Group	Nature of the Update	Message Type	Data Format/Range
Versioning		MIS JMS Header Update	All Message Types	N.N.N, where each N can range from 0-99
Departure Airport Information	<dap></dap>	MIS JMS Header Update	Air Information (all); Configuration Information (subset of messages)	3-4 characters
Destination Airport Information	<apt></apt>	MIS JMS Header Update	Air Information (all); Configuration Information (subset of messages)	3-4 characters
Computer ID (CID)	<cid></cid>	New Aircraft Information Data	Aircraft Information Data	3 alphanumeric ASCII Character
GUFI (Global Unique Flight Indicator)	<gufi></gufi>	New Aircraft Information Data	Aircraft Information Data	10 character ASCII string with 10 characters: A-Z or 0-9
Heartbeat Message	<hb></hb>	New Message for MIS Info	Heartbeat Data	Not Applicable
DEX_SOURCE_TYPE		Identifier used to group messages for a SWIM service utilizing the value of 'TBFM'		

MIS 4.3.2 Taxonomy



MIS Data Category

MIS Data Category (Message Types)	MIS Messages
Aircraft information	Flight Plan Information, ETAs, STAs, Meter Reference Element (MRE) information, and Scheduling information
Configuration information	Arrival Airport Configuration Information, Airport Acceptance Rate Group, TRACON Acceptance Rate Group, Meter Point Acceptance Rate Group, Runway Acceptance Rate Group, Super Stream Class Configuration Group, and Satellite Airport Configuration Group
Status Group/Other	TBFM Metering Status, TBFM Interface Status
Adaptation Information	TRACON Name, Gate Name, Arrival Airport Information, Airport Configuration, and MRE Information
Synchronization	System Sync Start, Periodic Sync Start, Periodic Sync End
Heartbeat Message	Sync message body
	*Image taken from ATCA newsletter



MIS Mediation for SCDS & NESG Consumers

- To mitigate impact of MIS 4.15 deployment, the FAA is in the process of implementing a Mediation capability, that will transform MIS 4.15 taxonomy to the 4.3.2 format
- MIS 4.15/ 4.3.2 Mediation deployment will consist of two phases:
 - Phase 1:
 - Application of XML stylesheets to mediate 4.15 message payload to 4.3.2 taxonomy
 - FAA has already updated Consumer subscriptions to consume Mediated 4.15
 - Already deployed for SCDS and NESG Consumers
 - Phase 2:
 - Mediate JMS Properties from 4.15 taxonomy to the 4.3.2 format
 - Will be deployed Mid-June 2023
 - No further Consumer subscription updates are required to receive Phase 2 of the MIS Mediation



4.15 JMS Property	4.15-to-4.3.2 Mediation Logic Phase 1 (May 2nd 2023 - June 14th 2023)
DEX_SOURCE_TYPE	Not specified by 4.3.2 JMSDD, Mediation converts to TBFM432
SEC_LEVEL	If value is "NAS_Only", convert to "NAS Only", else pass-thru.
DATA_CAT	If value is not hb, Pass-thru. Drop hb messages.
DATA_GROUP	Pass-thru. hb messages dropped.
STDCHG	DATA_CAT: air - STDCHG = TRUE, FALSE (only in <fit> data group), STDCHG (in all data groups except <fit>) DATA_CAT: con, oth, adp, sync, hb - STDCHG = STDCHG</fit></fit>
ARTCC	Pass-thru Pass-thru
SYNC	DATA_CAT: sync - SYNC = SYS (only for DATA_GROUP=system_start) PER, RTM (for DATA_GROUP other than system_start) DATA_CAT: air, con, oth, adp - SYNC = PER, RTM DATA_CAT: hb - SYNC = RTM
VERSION	Pass-thru (New Property)
DEPART_APT	Pass-thru (New Property)
DEST_APT	Pass-thru (New Property)

4.15 JMS Property	4.15-to-4.3.2 Mediation Logic Phase 2 (Starting June 15th 2023)
DEX_SOURCE_TYPE	Not specified by 4.3.2 JMSDD, Mediation converts to TBFM432
SEC_LEVEL	If value is "NAS_Only", convert to "NAS Only", else pass-thru.
DATA_CAT	If value is not hb, Pass-thru. Drop hb messages.
DATA_GROUP	Pass-thru. hb messages dropped.
STDCHG	DATA_CAT: air - STDCHG = TRUE, FALSE (only in <fit> data group), STDCHG convert to "null" (in all data groups except <fit>) DATA_CAT: con, oth, adp, sync, hb - STDCHG = STDCHG convert to "null"</fit></fit>
ARTCC	Pass-thru Pass-thru
SYNC	DATA_CAT: sync – SYNC = SYS (only for DATA_GROUP=system_start) PER, RTM convert to "null" (for DATA_GROUP other than system_start) DATA_CAT: air, con, oth, adp – SYNC = PER, RTM convert to "null" DATA_CAT: hb – SYNC = RTM convert to "null"
VERSION	Pass-thru (New Property)
DEPART_APT	Pass-thru (New Property)
DEST_APT	Pass-thru (New Property)

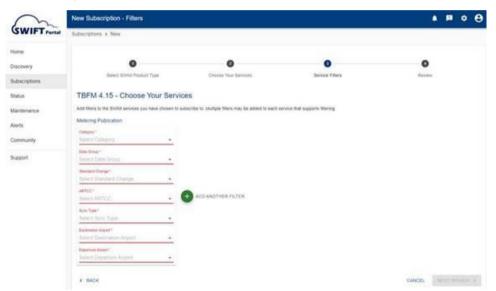


TBFM MIS 4.15 Deployment Impacts

- On May 2 and May 8, when ZTL and ZAB ARTCCs switch to MIS 4.15, there will be several minutes of service interruption for both NESG and SCDS Consumers
- Additionally, during the three-day testing window at each site, and while on Phase 1 of MIS Mediation, there will be taxonomy differences in JMS properties between 4.15 and 4.3.2, as depicted in the first table on the previous slide

MIS 4.15 SCDS Updates

- MIS 4.15/ 4.3.2 Mediation has been deployed by default to ALL SCDS Consumers
 - Phase 1 of MIS 4.15/ 4.3.2 Mediation has already been deployed, with Phase 2 scheduled for mid-June
- At the end of the summer, exact date to be announced later, SWIM will update the SCDS self-provisioning portal to allow Consumers to select whether they want to consume Mediated 4.15 or native 4.15





NAS Service Registry Repository (NSRR)

 SWIM-enabled services registered in the <u>NAS</u> <u>Service Registry & Repository (NSRR)</u>.

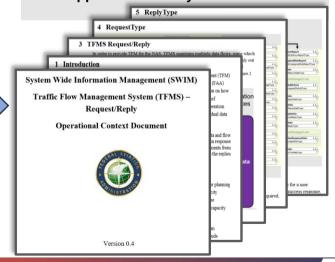
 Here, you can find information on SWIM services including Ops Context Documents for each service



NSRR

https://nsrr.faa.gov/

- 1. Introduction
- 2. TFMS & TFMData Service OverviewIncludes References
- 3. Request Type
- 4. Reply Type
- 5. Appendix Acronyms & Definitions



SWIFT

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SWIM Information Services Roadmap

TFMS Information Service



- Flow Service: Publishes TFMS TFM initiatives and definitions. Correlate ZNYbound traffic deviations with changes in restriction times in N90 environment
- <u>Flight Service:</u> Publishes TFMS Flight Information and CDM data for LGA,TEB, JFK bound flights to observe ZNY traffic flow

SFDPS Information Service



- <u>Airspace Data</u>: En Route Airspace Data Publication (ERADP) provides Airspace Assignment from ERAM /HADDS. Examine ZNY-bound flights impacts in N90 environment
- <u>Flight Data</u>: En Route Flight Data Publication (ERFDP) publishes filed and active FPs and flight tracks from ERAM/HADDS. Identify ZNYbound flight deviations at ZOB-ZNY boundary:

STDDS Information Service



- <u>Airport Flight Tracks:</u> Terminal Automation Information Service (TAIS) publishes live FP, track data and traffic count data from STARS
- <u>Airport Movement:</u> Surface movement Event Service (SMES) publishes aircraft movement from JFK, LGA, and TEB aircraft track positions (ASDE-X/ASSC)
- <u>Airport Departures:</u> Tower Departure Event Service (TDES) publishes EFSTS & D-ATIS N90 departure events

TFDM - TTP (Case Study Enhancement)

 <u>Surface Management:</u> TTP Build 1 will enhance the prediction model by providing N90 Airport and Flight Information along with specific demand/delay information and airport-initiated departure stop restrictions



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