

**AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENT OF
THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND
THE GOVERNMENT OF SWEDEN FOR PROMOTION OF AVIATION SAFETY**

The Government of the United States of America and the Government of Sweden, hereinafter referred as the Contracting Parties,

Desiring to promote aviation safety and environmental quality,

Noting common concerns for the safe operation of civil aircraft,

Recognizing the emerging trend toward multinational design, production, and interchange of civil aeronautical products,

Desiring to enhance cooperation and increase efficiency in matters relating to civil aviation safety,

Considering the possible reduction of the economic burden imposed on the aviation industry and operators by redundant technical inspections, evaluations, and testing,

Recognizing the mutual benefit of improved procedures for the reciprocal acceptance of airworthiness approvals, environmental testing and development of reciprocal recognition procedures for approval and monitoring of flight simulators, aircraft maintenance facilities, maintenance personnel, airmen, and flight operators,

Have agreed as follows:

ARTICLE I – DEFINITIONS

For the purposes of this Agreement

- A. “Airworthiness approval” means a finding that the design or change to a design of a civil aeronautical product meets standards agreed between the Contracting Parties or that a product conforms to a design that has been found to meet those standards, and is in a condition for safe operation.
- B. “Alterations or modifications” means making a change to the construction, configuration, performance, environmental characteristics, or operating limitations of the affected civil aeronautical product.
- C. “Approval of flight operations” means the technical inspections and evaluations conducted by a Contracting Party, using standards agreed between the

Parties, of and entity providing commercial air transportation of passengers or cargo, or the finding that the entity complies with those standards.

D. "Civil aeronautical product" means any civil aircraft, aircraft engine, or propeller or subassembly, appliance, material, part or component to be installed thereon.

E. "Environmental approval" means a finding that a civil aeronautical product complies with standards agreed between the Contracting Parties concerning noise and/or exhaust emissions. "Environmental testing" means a process by which a civil aeronautical product is evaluated for compliance with those standards, using procedures agreed between the Contracting Parties.

F. "Flight simulator qualification evaluations" means the process by which a flight simulator is assessed by comparison to the aircraft it simulates, in accordance with standards agreed between the Contracting Parties, or the finding that it complies with those standards.

G. "Maintenance" means the performance of inspection overhaul, repair, preservation, and the replacement of parts, materials, appliances, or components of a civil aeronautical product to assure the continued airworthiness of that product, but excludes alterations or modifications.

H. "Monitoring" means the periodic surveillance by a Contracting Party's civil aviation authority to determine continuing compliance with the appropriate standards.

I. "Crew" means pilots, flight engineers, flight radio operators, flight navigators and flight attendants.

ARTICLE II – PURPOSES

A. The Contracting Parties agree:

1. To facilitate acceptance by each Contracting Party of the other Party's

(a) airworthiness approvals and environmental testing and approval of civil aeronautical products, and

(b) qualification evaluations of flight simulators;

2. To facilitate acceptance by the Contracting Parties of the approvals and monitoring of maintenance facilities and alteration or modification facilities,

maintenance personnel, airmen, aviation training establishments, and flight operations of the other Party;

3. To provide for cooperation in sustaining an equivalent level of safety and environmental objectives with respect to aviation safety.

B. Each Contracting Party shall designate its civil aviation authority as the executive agent to implement this Agreement. For the United States of America, the executive agent shall be the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) of the Department of Transportation. For the Government of Sweden, the executive agent shall be Luftfartsverket, Luftfartsinspektionen (LFV), i.e. the Swedish Civil Aviation Administration, Aviation Safety Department.

ARTICLE III – SCOPE

A. The Contracting Parties' civil aviation authorities shall conduct technical assessments and work cooperatively to develop an understanding of each other's standards and systems in the following areas:

1. Airworthiness approvals of civil aeronautical products;
2. Environmental approval and environmental testing;
3. Approval of maintenance facilities, maintenance personnel, and airmen;
4. Approval of flight operations;
5. Evaluation and qualification of flight simulators; and
6. Approval of aviation training establishments.

B. When the civil aviation authorities of the Contracting Parties agree that the standards, rules, practices, procedures, and systems of both Contracting Parties in one of the technical specialties listed in paragraph (A) of this Article are sufficiently equivalent or compatible to permit acceptance of findings of compliance made by one Contracting Party for the other Contracting Party to the agreed-upon standards, the civil aviation authorities shall execute written Implementation Procedures describing the methods by which such reciprocal acceptance shall be made respect to that technical specialty.

C. The Implementation Procedures shall include at a minimum:

1. Definitions;

2. A descriptions of the scope of the particular area of civil aviation to be addressed;
3. Provisions for reciprocal acceptance of civil aviation authority actions such as test witnessing, inspections, qualifications, approvals, and certifications;
4. Accountability;
5. Provisions for mutual cooperation and technical assistance;
6. Provisions for periodic evaluations; and
7. Provisions for amendments to or termination of the Implementation Procedures.

ARTICLE IV – SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES

Any disagreement regarding the interpretation or application of this Agreement or its Implementation Procedures shall be resolved by consultation between the Contracting Parties or their civil aviation authorities, respectively.

ARTICLE V – ENTRY INTO FORCE, TERMINATION, AND AMENDMENT

This agreement shall enter into force upon signature and shall remain in force until terminated by either Contracting Party. Such termination shall be effected by sixty days' written notification to the other Contracting Party. Such termination will also act to terminate all existing Implementation Procedures executed in accordance with this Agreement. This Agreement may be amended by the written agreement of the Contracting Parties. Individual Implementation Procedures may be terminated or amended by the civil aviation authorities in accordance with provisions developed pursuant to Article III, section C (7).

ARTICLE VI – 1973 AGREEMENT

The Agreement for reciprocal acceptance of airworthiness certifications, effected by exchange of notes at Stockholm, on April 24 and 26, 1973, shall remain in force until terminated by an exchange of notes following completion by the Contracting Parties' civil aviation authorities of the technical assessments and Implementation Procedures concerning airworthiness certification, as described in Article III. In the event of any inconsistency between the Agreement of April 24 and 26, 1973, and this present Agreement, the Contracting Parties shall consult.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned, being duly authorized by their respective Governments, have signed this Agreement.

DONE at Washington, this 9 day of February 1998, in duplicate, each in the English and Swedish languages, both texts being equally authentic.

FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

[Original Signed by: Lyndon L. Olson, Jr.]

FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF
SWEDEN

[Original Signed: by Ines Uusman]