In 2004, Vision 100 legislation established the Voluntary Airport Low Emissions (VALE) Program to encourage airport sponsors to implement clean technology projects that improve air quality.

VALE is available to commercial service airports located in areas that are in non-attainment or maintenance of National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS). Eligible project types include mobile and stationary equipment that reduce on-airport emissions, such as low-emission vehicles and infrastructure upgrades.

Airport sponsors can fund VALE projects using Passenger Facility Charges (PFCs) or Airport Improvement Program (AIP) grants. Both entitlements and discretionary AIP funds may be available for VALE projects.

Fees associated with preparing the VALE application and project engineering/design are reimbursable if a grant is ultimately awarded.

VALE projects also generate Airport Emission Reduction Credits (AERCs) that are recognized by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and State Air Quality Agencies. Airport sponsors can use AERCs to meet future air emission regulation requirements for future capital projects.

In addition to standard FAA airport improvement grant assurances, airport sponsors must also agree to the following special conditions when implementing a VALE project:

1. All VALE-funded equipment must remain at the airport for its useful life,
2. The airport sponsor must track and maintain records of VALE-funded equipment use, and
3. The airport sponsor must maintain VALE-funded equipment in use during the equipment’s useful life. This includes replacing damaged or inoperable equipment.

ELIGIBLE PROJECT

- **Alternative Fuel Vehicles**—VALE incentivizes airport sponsors by funding the incremental cost of alternative fuel vehicles instead of conventionally-powered diesel and gasoline vehicles. Alternative fuels include compressed natural gas (CNG), electricity, hybrid technologies, and hydrogen. The supporting recharging/refueling infrastructure is also eligible for funding.

- **Gate Electrification**—Electric Pre-conditioned Air (PCA) (point-of-use or centralized) and ground power converter units (mobile or fixed) significantly reduce emissions associated with aircraft auxiliary power unit (APU) usage. Necessary upgrades to the supporting electrical infrastructure to operate the equipment are also eligible for funding.

- **Remote Ground Power**—Electric ground power converter units reduce aircraft APU emissions by providing clean electricity to remote parking positions for remain-over-night (RON), cargo, and maintenance operations. The necessary upgrades to the supporting electrical infrastructure are also eligible for funding.
The City of Philadelphia partnered with US Airways and United Airlines to implement an airport-wide initiative to replace 228 pieces of conventionally-powered Ground Support Equipment (GSE) with zero-emission Electric Ground Support Equipment (eGSE) at Philadelphia International Airport. The FAA awarded a total of $7.9 million in VALE funds in two grants in FY 2008 and FY 2009 for the purchase and installation of rechargers and necessary upgrades to the electrical infrastructure to support the eGSE, while the electric bag tugs and belt loaders were purchased by the airlines. Due to the sheer size of the project, the City funded the project using four VALE grants and implemented the project in phases to correspond with the airlines’ schedule for the purchase and delivery of the eGSE.

The City’s electrification initiative demonstrates (1) a successful low-emission partnership between an airport and multiple airlines and (2) the magnitude of environmental benefits resulting from a large scale clean technology project. Over 730 tons of oxides of nitrogen (NO\textsubscript{x}) are expected to be avoided during the life of the project.

Remote Ground Power – Metropolitan Oakland International Airport

In FY 2010, the Port of Oakland sought VALE funding to reduce on-airport emissions resulting from remain-over-night and cargo operations. The FAA awarded a $2.5 million grant to support the purchase and installation of ground power converter units and supporting electrical infrastructure at cargo and remain-over-night parking positions. The equipment provides a zero-emission power source for cargo airlines during loading/unloading of aircraft and for passenger airlines during overnight cleaning or maintenance activities.

If VALE funds had not been available, the power needs would have been met via diesel ground power units and/or aircraft APUs, resulting in significant emissions...
Overview of the VALE Application Process

Airport sponsor discusses proposed VALE project with FAA and then submits pre-application

FAA notifies project sponsors if they can proceed to final proposals

Airport submits application to local air quality agency for AERC letter of assurance and goes out for bids

Airport sponsor submits final full VALE application to FAA for review

FAA reviews final application and decides on grant issuance. Grantees must track emission reductions

Airport sponsors must prepare a VALE application conforming to the guidelines set forth in the VALE Technical Report (see the link: http://www.faa.gov/airports/environmental/vale.)

VALE requires a letter of assurance from the EPA-designated State Air Quality Agency before the FAA can approve funding. This letter of assurance confirms that the propose project is eligible to receive Airport Emission Reduction Credits or AERCs.

A sample letter of assurance meeting FAA and EPA requirements is included in the VALE Technical Report.

The FAA must approve the VALE application prior to the airport sponsor receiving an AIP grant or collecting PFCs for the project.

The following outlines key steps in the process to implement a VALE project:

STEP 1 – Early Coordination and Pre-Application

After consulting with FAA, the airport sponsors submit a 2-3 page pre-application that describes the project proposal, emissions reduction benefits, and the funding request to FAA.

FAA determines the project’s scope, discusses application requirements, and reviews project eligibility prior to the airport sponsor committing the resources for application preparation.

In FY 2007, the FAA awarded Wayne County Airport Authority $3.7 in VALE Program funding for the purchase and installation of an underground hydrant fueling system.

The purpose of any hydrant fueling system is to provide fuel to aircraft via valves in underground structures located at the terminal gates. While parked at the terminal, an aircraft is connected to the valves via a hose and a hydrant cart. At the Airport, the hydrant fueling system project services aircraft at the Airport’s North Terminal. Emission reductions are achieved by replacing large fuel trucks with zero-emission, electric fueling carts.

In FY 2010, the City of Portland sought VALE Program assistance to incorporate “green” components into a new terminal expansion at Portland International Jetport. The FAA awarded $2.5 million in VALE Program funding to support the purchase and installation of a geothermal heating system.

Geothermal systems use a heat pump mechanism similar to that found in air conditioners, but are more efficient because they utilize the earth’s latent heat as a temperature reservoir. The City’s geothermal system consists of 120 500-foot wells that circulate fluid through a 22-mile closed loop piping system between the well field and the nearby terminal expansion. The geothermal system significantly reduces fuel oil consumption and associated air emissions.

As with the Portland project, a well field can be located beneath pavement, thus its presence will not preclude most future aeronautical uses. Because the piping was installed during the terminal expansion construction project, the City’s geothermal project is an example of how an airport sponsor can successfully incorporate a VALE project into an ongoing development project.
Overview of the VALE Application Process

Airport sponsors are encouraged to include proposed VALE projects in their Capital Improvement Program (CIP) submittals to the FAA.

**STEP 2 — Notification to Proceed**

After review, the FAA will tell the airport sponsor if they were selected to proceed to final application or not. After notification to proceed, the sponsor should get the Air Quality Agency Concurrence and go out for bids.

**STEP 3 — Air Quality Agency Concurrence and Bidding**

The approved draft should then be submitted to the local air quality agency to request an Airport Emission Reduction Credit (AERC) letter of assurance. The letter should state that the proposed project is eligible for AERCs. The agency will review the proposal’s emission reduction calculation methodology and ensure that any credits generated are not already counted under the State Implementation Plan or any other approval process.

**STEP 4 — Full VALE Application**

The airport must submit a complete VALE application to the FAA RO or ADO. The FAA must concur with the scope of the project and the emissions reductions estimates and methodology. The final application must include the AERC letter of assurance and winning bid obtained according to the FAA’s approved bid process.

**STEP 5 — Project Approval**

FAA will review final applications for emission reductions, cost and other requirements such as bidding and “Buy American” procedures. Those projects selected after final review will receive a grant. Grant issuance will require that the sponsor’s track emission reductions.

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**APPLICATION TIMELINES**

Application timelines and processing differ according to the funding source desired for the VALE project. The FAA will accept and process VALE application documents throughout the Federal Fiscal Year for projects funded solely with Passenger Facility Charges (PFCs). AIP entitlement and discretionary funding follows established AIP grant timelines:

- **Pre-Applications:** Now due in November of the Fiscal Year of funding.
- **FAA Decision on Pre-Applications:** Between late-January and early-March.
- **Full Applications:** Typically due between early-May and late-June.
- **Grant issued:** Before the end of the Federal Fiscal Year.

Contact your local Airports District Office (ADO) or Regional Office (RO) for specific details.

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**For more information please contact:**

**VALE Program Managers**
Federal Aviation Administration
Office of Airports
Airport Planning and Environmental Division (APP-400)
800 Independence Avenue, SW
Washington, D.C. 20591

**Phone:**
(202) 267-3263

**VALE Website:**
Includes program guidance and forms, and information on previous projects:

http://www.faa.gov/airports/environmental/vale/