

CACI – Primary Hemochromatosis Worksheet

(Updated 04/13/2022)

To determine the applicant's eligibility for certification, the AME must review a [current, detailed Clinical Progress Note](#) generated from a clinic visit with the treating physician or specialist **no more than 90 days prior** to the AME exam. If the applicant **meets ALL the acceptable certification criteria** listed below, the Examiner can issue. Applicants for first- or second-class must provide this information annually; applicants for third-class must provide the information with each required exam.

AME MUST REVIEW	ACCEPTABLE CERTIFICATION CRITERIA
Treating physician finds the condition is: - Stable and asymptomatic; NOT due to a secondary hemochromatosis; and - No treatment changes recommended	☐ Yes
Treating physician documents NO evidence of: - Arthropathy; - Cardiomyopathy or other cardiac disease; - Cirrhosis or other hepatic disease; - CNS disease (including cognitive deficits); - Endocrine disease including diabetes; hypopituitarism, hypogonadism, or hypothyroidism - Kidney disease; and/or - Polycythemia or other condition requiring multiple transfusions	☐ Yes
Labs (within past 90 days): - Hemoglobin 11 g/dL or higher - Ferritin level less than or equal to 150 ng/mL	☐ Yes
Current treatment: Note: Maintain hydration following phlebotomy and no fly for 24 hours. If more than one unit of blood is removed (greater than 500mL), no fly time is 72 hours.	☐ None or dietary changes OR ☐ Phlebotomy no more frequently than monthly

AME MUST NOTE in Block 60 one of the following:

☐ CACI qualified Primary Hemochromatosis

☐ Has current OR previous SI/AASI but now CACI qualified Primary Hemochromatosis.

☐ NOT CACI qualified Primary Hemochromatosis. I have deferred. (Submit supporting documents.)