

Pancreatitis		
All Classes Updated 06/24/2020		
DISEASE/CONDITION	EVALUATION DATA	DISPOSITION
A. Gallstone pancreatitis Single episode resolved	1 month recovery period after release from treating physician. Must have specific documentation from General Surgery (GS) or Gastroenterology (GI) verifying definitive treatment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Alcohol must be ruled out as a contributing factor (via hospital records or treating physician determination. If not available, AME should screen). • Common Bile Duct (CBD) was cleared of stones/debris; • Cholecystectomy; and • Off all pain medications 	ISSUE Summarize this history in Block 60.
B. Any others such as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Alcohol induced or contributing factor • CBD stricture/stenosis • Chronic pancreatitis • Recurrent pancreatitis • Retained stones • Secondary to elevated triglycerides • Etiology unknown • Other causes 	3 month recovery period then Submit the following for FAA review: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Current status report from treating Gastroenterologist (GI) describing: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cause of the condition, how long the condition has been stable, and prognosis; • If CBD stricture/stenosis or obstruction verify it has resolved; • If there is any evidence of alcohol involvement; and • Verify off all pain medication <input type="checkbox"/> Current Medication list <input type="checkbox"/> Lab (minimum amylase and lipase, from hospital admission, discharge, and current evaluation; <input type="checkbox"/> Operative notes, admission H&P and discharge summary, if applicable; and <input type="checkbox"/> Results of MRI/CT or other imaging, if performed. 	DEFER Submit the information to the FAA for review. Follow up Issuance Will be per the airman's authorization letter
Notes: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. This applies to CLINICAL PANCREATITIS ONLY, not isolated elevations in amylase/lipase due to a concurrent illness. 2. Gallstone pancreatitis with retained stones should NOT be certified by AME as the risk of recurrent pancreatitis with incapacitation remains. (Applicant may have had an endoscopic retrograde cholangio-pancreatography (ERCP) with ampulotomy and opened the CBD but etiology of pancreatitis (residual stone/microlith/sludge) likely not resolved without cholecystectomy). 		