# FAA HOLDOVER TIME GUIDELINES REGRESSION INFORMATION



# WINTER 2023-2024 ORIGINAL ISSUE: AUGUST 2, 2023

# The content of this document is the official FAA winter 2023-2024 holdover time guidelines regression information.

Questions concerning FAA aircraft ground de/anti-icing requirements or Flight Standards policies should be addressed to charles.j.enders@faa.gov or 202-267-4557.

Questions on the technical content of the holdover time tables or regression information should be addressed to warren.underwood@faa.gov or 404-305-7267.

Questions regarding editorial content or web access issues should be addressed to sung.shin@faa.gov or 202-267-8086.

The Holdover Times Tables and related information can be found at the FAA's Aircraft Ground Deicing website.

To receive notifications on updates to the Holdover Times Tables and related information, subscribe to the Aircraft Ground Deicing website by clicking on this link.

# **CHANGE CONTROL RECORDS**

This page indicates any changes made to individual pages within the document. Changed pages have the appropriate revision date in the footer. Sidebars are shown to assist in identifying where changes have been made on these pages.

It is the responsibility of the end user to periodically check the following website for updates: <a href="https://www.faa.gov/other-visit/aviation-industry/airline-operators/airline-safety/deicing/">https://www.faa.gov/other-visit/aviation-industry/airline-operators/airline-safety/deicing/</a>.

REVISION	DATE	DESCRIPTION OF CHANGES	AFFECTED PAGES	AUTHOR

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

Change Control Records	. 2
Fable of Contents	
_ist of Tables	
Highlights and Changes for Winter 2023-2024	
Guidance for Using Regression Information	
Regression Information Tables for Winter 2023-2024	

# **LIST OF TABLES**

Table 1-1: Generic Type I (Aluminum Wing Surfaces)	10
Table 1-2: Generic Type I (Composite Wing Surfaces)	11
Table 2-1: ABAX ECOWING AD-2	12
Table 2-2: Aviation Xi'an High-Tech Cleanwing II	13
Table 2-3: Clariant Safewing MP II FLIGHT	14
Table 2-4: Clariant Safewing MP II FLIGHT PLUS	15
Table 2-5: Cryotech Polar Guard® II	16
Table 2-6: JSC RCP NORDIX Defrost PG 2	17
Table 2-7: Kilfrost ABC-K Plus	18
Table 2-8: Kilfrost Ice Clear II	19
Table 2-9: MKS DevO COREICEPHOB Type II	20
Table 2-10: Newave Aerochemical FCY-2	21
Table 2-11: ROMCHIM ADD-PROTECT NG Type II	22
Table 2-12: ROMCHIM ADD-PROTECT Type II	23
Table 2-13: Type II Generic	24
Table 3-1: AllClear AeroClear MAX, Applied Unheated on Low Speed Aircraft	25
Table 3-2: AllClear AeroClear MAX, Applied Unheated on Middle Speed Aircraft	26
Table 3-3: AllClear AeroClear MAX, Applied Unheated on High Speed Aircraft	
Table 4-1: ABAX ECOWING AD-49	28
Table 4-2: ALAB International PROFLIGHT EG4	
Table 4-3: AllClear ClearWing ECO	
Table 4-4: AllClear ClearWing EG	
Table 4-5: ASGlobal 4Flite EG	
Table 4-6: ASGlobal 4Flite PG	33
Table 4-7: AVIAFLUID AVIAFlight EG	34
Table 4-8: AVIAFLUID AVIAFlight PG	35
Table 4-9: CHEMCO ChemR EG IV	
Table 4-10: CHEMCO ChemR Nordik IV	37
Table 4-11: Clariant Max Flight AVIA	38
Table 4-12: Clariant Max Flight SNEG	39
Table 4-13: Clariant Safewing EG IV NORTH	
Table 4-14: Clariant Safewing MP IV LAUNCH	
Table 4-15: Clariant Safewing MP IV LAUNCH PLUS	
Table 4-16: Cryotech Polar Guard® Advance	
Table 4-17: Cryotech Polar Guard® Xtend	44
Table 4-18: Dow Chemical UCAR Endurance™ EG106	
Table 4-19: Dow Chemical UCAR™ FlightGuard™ AD-49	46
Table 4-20: Inland Technologies ECO-SHIELD®	
Table 4-21: JSC RCP NORDIX Defrost ECO 4	
Table 4-22: JSC RCP NORDIX Defrost NORTH 4	
Table 4-23: Kilfrost ABC-S Plus	
Table 4-24: Newave Aerochemical FCY 9311	
Table 4-25: Newave Aerochemical FCY-EGIV	
Table 4-26: Type IV Generic	
Table 5: Lowest Usable Precipitation Rates in Snow	
Table 6: Highest Usable Precipitation Rates in Snow	56

# **HIGHLIGHTS AND CHANGES FOR WINTER 2023-2024**

The principal changes from the previous year are briefly indicated herein.

# Type I Fluid

The Type I regression coefficients are unchanged.

#### Type II Fluid

- The regression coefficients table and verification table for Newave Aerochemical FCY-2 Bio+ have been removed.
- A change was made to the Type II generic holdover times for winter 2023-2024. The Type II generic verification table has been updated accordingly.

### Type III Fluid

• The Type III regression coefficients are unchanged.

# Type IV Fluid

- Regression coefficients tables and verification tables have been added for the one new Type IV fluids, added to the holdover time (HOT) guidelines for winter 2023-2024: ALAB International, PROFLIGHT EG4.
- The regression coefficient tables and verification tables for Clariant Produkte Max Flight 04, JSC RCP Nordix Defrost EG 4, and Shaanxi Cleanway Aviation Chemical Cleansurface IV have been removed.
- Several changes were made to the Type IV generic holdover times for winter 2023-2024. The Type IV generic verification table has been updated accordingly.

#### Guidance

The guidance section remains unchanged.

# **GUIDANCE FOR USING REGRESSION INFORMATION**

In recent years, several companies have been developing systems that measure precipitation rate in real-time. These systems, referred to as liquid water equivalent systems (LWES), can be used by check-time determination systems (CTDS) and holdover time determination systems (HOTDS) to calculate more precise holdover times than can be obtained from the holdover time guidelines. They do this using the weather data they collect and the regression information underlying the holdover time guidelines.

As a result of the development of LWES, CTDS and HOTDS, the FAA is making the regression coefficients and equations underlying the holdover time tables available to users. The purpose of this document is to provide the holdover time guidelines regression information for the 2023-2024 holdover time guidelines and to provide guidance on its usage.

The sources of the regression data, along with a history of the publication of regression information, are documented in the Transport Canada report, *Regression Coefficients and Equations Used to Develop the Winter 2021-22 Aircraft Ground Deicing Holdover Time Tables*. This document can be referenced for further information if required.

Use of these systems is authorized through the FAA Advisory Circular (AC) 120-112 *Use of Liquid Water Equivalent System (LWES) to Determine Holdover Times or Check Times for Anti-icing Fluids* (latest version). Throughout this document, AC 120-112 is referred as the FAA LWES AC. For further information contact AFS-220 Ground Deicing Focal Charles J. Enders, phone 202-267-4557, email charles.j.enders@faa.gov.

## **Interpreting Regression Coefficients Tables**

Regression information is provided in this document in a series of regression coefficients tables. Each regression coefficients table shows the regression coefficients and equations that are to be used to calculate holdover times at specific outside air temperatures, under specific precipitation types, with specific fluid dilutions (as applicable for Type II/III/IV fluids).

Each regression coefficients table is presented in the format of its corresponding holdover time table. (One exception is the Type II and Type IV regression coefficients tables, which have a single temperature band (below -3 to -14°C) which provides the regression coefficients for both the below -3 to -8°C and below -8 to -14°C temperature bands in the Type II and Type IV holdover time tables.) A footnote is provided at the top of each column to indicate the form of the regression equation for the cells in that column. The regression coefficients required for the equation are given in the corresponding cells below.

The coefficients provided in each table cell are valid only for the conditions (temperature, precipitation type, fluid dilution) of that cell. In cells where no temperature coefficient (coefficient "B") is provided, temperature is not an input into the equation.

### **Applicability of Regression Coefficients Tables**

The Type I generic regression coefficients tables are applicable for all Type I fluids. Fluid-specific regression coefficients tables are available and applicable for all Type II, Type III, and Type IV fluids. If the specific fluid being used is not known, the methodology for calculating Type II or Type IV generic holdover times must be followed (see next page).

To use the regression information provided in this document to obtain holdover times that are valid for operations in which flaps/slats are deployed prior to de/anti-icing: use the regression information applicable to the fluid and weather condition and multiply the result obtained by 76%.

#### Calculating Type II and Type IV Generic Holdover Times

Generic Type II and Type IV holdover times are used when a flight crew is unaware of the specific fluid that has been used to de/anti-ice their aircraft. The generic values represent the shortest possible holdover time of either

all Type II or all Type IV fluids available. The following methodologies must be applied to CTDS/HOTDS programming to enable the systems to determine generic Type II and Type IV holdover times.

Type II: To calculate Type II generic holdover times, the CTDS/HOTDS must be programmed to calculate the holdover time for each Type II fluid on the FAA list of fluids tested for anti-icing performance and aerodynamic acceptance and return the shortest holdover time calculated. This is the generic Type II holdover time.

<u>Type IV</u>: To calculate Type IV generic holdover times, the CTDS/HOTDS must be programmed to calculate the holdover time for each Type IV fluid on the FAA list of fluids tested for anti-icing performance and aerodynamic acceptance and return the shortest holdover time calculated. This is the generic Type IV holdover time.

#### **Verification Tables**

Verification tables are provided for each of the regression coefficients tables and also for the generic Type II and generic Type IV holdover times. Each verification table provides verification values for select boundary conditions in the associated holdover time table. For Type II, III and IV fluids, the verification tables also include verification values for the lowest usable precipitation rate in snow.

**NOTE**: CTDS/HOTDS manufacturers may find it useful to use these verification tables as an aid in verifying the implementation of their software algorithms. However, CTDS/HOTDS manufacturers are cautioned that these tables are not all encompassing and that they must develop comprehensive verification and validation methods to ensure the adequacy of their software algorithms.

### Lowest and Highest Usable Precipitation Rates in Snow (Table 5 and Table 6)

Snow test data for some fluids is not sufficient to support extrapolation of the regression curves to very low and/or very high rates of precipitation. The lowest usable precipitation rates (LUPRs) and highest usable precipitation rates (HUPRs) in snow have been identified and are included in Table 5 (LUPRs) and Table 6 (HUPRs) for Type II, III and IV fluids (Type I fluids are not affected). The LUPRs and HUPRs differ by fluid brand, fluid dilution and temperature.

**NOTE**: At this time LUPRs and HUPRs are provided for snow only; LUPRs and HUPRs are not provided for any other precipitation type. The lowest and highest precipitation rates that can be used in other precipitation types are specified in the FAA LWES AC.

# **Limitations of Regression Information**

Users are cautioned that care must be taken in the application of the regression information. There are a number of rules, exceptions and cautions detailed in this document, the holdover time guidelines, and the FAA LWES AC that must be considered.

Several limitations on the usage of the regression information are listed below.

- The regression coefficients can only be used with liquid water equivalent information that is provided by a CTDS or HOTDS in accordance with the FAA LWES AC.
- Regression equations which include a temperature coefficient cannot be populated with temperature data greater than or equal to 2°C. This is a limitation of the form of the equation. The FAA LWES AC instructs that 0°C be input into the equation when temperature is above 0°C.
- Regression data is developed for specific fluid dilutions. The data cannot be interpolated to determine holdover times for use with dilutions other than the standard 100/0, 75/25 and 50/50 mixtures.
- The regression coefficients are based on best-fit power-law curves and the shape of these curves can
  result in extreme values outside the precipitation rate limits at which endurance time tests are conducted.
  Therefore, these values are not necessarily accurate. Caution must therefore be exercised when using

the regression equations to calculate holdover times outside of the precipitation rate limits used in the development of holdover time tables, especially at precipitation rates below the lower precipitation rate limit, where the power-law curves give much longer holdover times.

- The lowest precipitation rate to be used as an input to the snow regression equations (this does not apply
  to other precipitation types) is constrained by the higher of the following:
  - Minimum demonstrated precipitation measuring equipment rates in accordance with the FAA LWES AC (which shall not be less than 2.0 g/dm²/h); and
  - Lowest usable precipitation rate (LUPR) for each fluid/dilution/temperature as defined in Table 5
    of this document. The LUPR is the lowest precipitation rate for which sufficient snow data exists
    to support use of the regression coefficients.
- The highest precipitation rate to be used as an input to the snow regression equations (this does not apply
  to other precipitation types) is constrained by the lower of the following:
  - 1. The highest precipitation rate for snow stated in the FAA LWES AC (50 g/dm²/h); and
  - 2. The highest usable precipitation rate (HUPR) for each fluid/dilution/temperature as defined in Table 6 of this document. The HUPR is the highest precipitation rate for which sufficient snow data exists to support use of the regression coefficients.
- All other lowest and highest precipitation rates to be used as inputs to the regression equations are
  precipitation type dependent and provided in the FAA LWES AC.
- As regression coefficients and equations are not currently used in the determination of frost holdover times, regression coefficient information is not provided for frost.
- As regression coefficients and equations are not used in the determination of the allowance times
  provided for ice pellets, small hail and ice pellets mixed with other types of precipitation, regression
  coefficient information is not provided for allowance times.

# **REGRESSION INFORMATION TABLES FOR WINTER 2023-2024**

The regression information for winter 2023-2024 is presented in a series of tables on the following pages. The regression information tables are presented first and are followed by the tables of highest and lowest usable precipitation rates.

The regression information tables are sorted by fluid type (Type I, then Type II, then Type III, then Type IV). Within each fluid type group, the tables are arranged in alphabetical order. The tables are as follows:

- Tables 1-1 to 1-2: Type I Fluid Regression Information Tables
- Tables 2-1 to 2-13: Type II Fluid Regression Information Tables
- Tables 3-1 to 3-3: Type III Fluid Regression Information Tables
- Tables 4-1 to 4-26: Type IV Fluid Regression Information Tables

The tables of highest and lowest usable precipitation rates are presented following the regression information. The tables are as follows:

- Table 5: Lowest Usable Precipitation Rates
- Table 6: Highest Usable Precipitation Rates

# TABLE 1-1: GENERIC TYPE I (ALUMINUM WING SURFACES)

	Regress	ion Coefficients for	Calculating Holdov	ver Times Under Va	rious Weather Con	ditions
Outside Air Temperature	Freezing Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals¹	Snow, Snow Grains or Snow Pellets <sup>2,3</sup>	Freezing Drizzle¹	Light Freezing Rain¹	Rain on Cold Soaked Wing¹	Other
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	I = 1.3735 A = -0.4751	I = 2.0072 A = -0.5752 B = -0.5585	I = 1.3829 A = -0.3848	I = 1.4688 A = -0.6200	I = 0.9355 A = -0.3384	
below -3 to -6 °C (below 27 to 21 °F)	I = 1.2734 A = -0.5299	I = 2.0072 A = -0.5752 B = -0.5585	I = 1.3842 A = -0.6152	I = 1.4688 A = -0.6200		
below -6 to -10 °C (below 21 to 14 °F)	I = 1.1678 A = -0.5575	I = 2.0072 A = -0.5752 B = -0.5585	I = 1.2545 A = -0.5857	I = 2.2598 A = -1.4012	CAUT No hol time gui exi	dover delines
below -10 °C (below 14 °F)	I = 1.1473 A = -0.6415	I = 2.0072 A = -0.5752 B = -0.5585				

<sup>3</sup> Type I aluminum snow values are rounded down to the nearest one minute (e.g. 6.5 mins = 6 mins, 18.6 mins = 18 mins) to determine holdover time table values

			HOTDS				Weather C	,	minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Air Temp. Freezing Mist,  (°C) or Ice Crystals  (g/dm²/h)		Snow, Snow Grains or Snow Pellets (g/dm²/h)			Dri	ezing zzle m²/h)	Freezi	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	on Cold d Wing m²/h)
	5	2	25	10	4	13	5	25	13	75	5
+1 / -3 *	11.0	17.0	6.5	11.0	18.6	9.0	13.0	2.0	5.0	2.0	5.0
-6	8.0	13.0	5.0	8.5	14.3	5.0	9.0	2.0	5.0		
-10	6.0	10.0	4.0	6.7	11.4	4.0	7.0	2.0	5.0		
-25	5.0	9.0	2.5	4.3	7.3						

<sup>\*</sup> Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>1</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^1$  R<sup>A</sup>, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) 2 Regression Equation:  $t = 10^1$  R<sup>A</sup> (2-T)<sup>B</sup>, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

# TABLE 1-2: GENERIC TYPE I (COMPOSITE WING SURFACES)

	Regress	sion Coefficients for	Calculating Holdov	ver Times Under Va	rious Weather Con	ditions
Outside Air Temperature	Freezing Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals¹	Snow, Snow Grains or Snow Pellets <sup>2,3</sup>	Freezing Drizzle¹	Light Freezing Rain¹	Rain on Cold Soaked Wing¹	Other
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	I = 1.3931 A = -0.6279	I = 1.6656 A = -0.7424 B = -0.2094	I = 1.4691 A = -0.5081	I = 1.4688 A = -0.6200	I = 1.1144 A = -0.5943	
below -3 to -6 °C (below 27 to 21 °F)	I = 0.9976 A = -0.3140	I = 1.6656 A = -0.7424 B = -0.2094	I = 1.3842 A = -0.6152	I = 1.4688 A = -0.6200		
below -6 to -10 °C (below 21 to 14 °F)	I = 1.1308 A = -0.7565	I = 1.6656 A = -0.7424 B = -0.2094	I = 1.2545 A = -0.5857	I = 2.2598 A = -1.4012	CAUT No holi time guid exi:	dover delines
below -10 °C (below 14 °F)	I = 1.0289 A = -0.6107	I = 2.0072 A = -0.5752 B = -0.5585				

<sup>3</sup> Type I composite snow values below 10 mins are rounded down to the nearest one minute (e.g. 2.5 mins = 2 mins) to determine holdover time table values

			HOTDS				Weather C	,	minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Air Temp.  (°C)  Freezing Mist  or Ice Crystals  (g/dm²/h)		Snow, Snow Grains or Snow Pellets (g/dm²/h)			Dri	ezing zzle m²/h)	Freezi	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	on Cold d Wing m²/h)
	5	2	25	10	4	13	5	25	13	75	5
+1 / -3 *	9.0	16.0	3.0	6.0	11.8	8.0	13.0	2.0	5.0	1.0	5.0
-6	6.0	8.0	2.7	5.4	10.7	5.0	9.0	2.0	5.0		
-10	4.0	8.0	2.5	5.0	9.8	4.0	7.0	2.0	5.0		
-25	4.0	7.0	2.5	4.3	7.3						

<sup>\*</sup> Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>1</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^1$  R<sup>A</sup>, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) 2 Regression Equation:  $t = 10^1$  R<sup>A</sup> (2-T)<sup>B</sup>, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

# **TABLE 2-1: ABAX ECOWING AD-2**

		Regres	ssion Coefficie	nts for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Unde	r Various Wea	ther Condition	ns
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets <sup>2,3</sup>	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
remperature	Bilditoli	Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals <sup>1</sup>	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle <sup>1</sup>	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing¹	Other
	100/0	I = 2.5300 A = -0.8946	I = 2.7889 A = -0.7155 B = -0.2871	I = 2.7889 A = -0.7155 B = -0.2871	I = 2.7889 A = -0.7155 B = -0.2871	I = 2.6240 A = -0.8987	I = 2.5285 A = -0.7682	I = 2.4977 A = -0.8034	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	I = 1.9838 A = -0.1716	I = 2.5435 A = -0.7664 B = -0.0812	I = 2.5435 A = -0.7664 B = -0.0812	I = 2.5435 A = -0.7664 B = -0.0812	= 2.2055  A = -0.5820	I = 2.2411 A = -0.6851	I = 2.3107 A = -0.8650	
	50/50	I = 1.6478 A = -0.5976	I = 2.0999 A = -0.7867 B = -0.1524	I = 2.0999 A = -0.7867 B = -0.1524	I = 2.0999 A = -0.7867 B = -0.1524	I = 1.6770 A = -0.6366	= 1.5734 A = -0.5302		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	= 2.5699 A = -1.2862	I = 2.7889 A = -0.7155 B = -0.2871	I = 2.7889 A = -0.7155 B = -0.2871	I = 2.7889 A = -0.7155 B = -0.2871	= 2.6096 A = -1.0768	= 2.3302 A = -0.7561		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	I = 2.4425 A = -1.2784	I = 2.5435 A = -0.7664 B = -0.0812	I = 2.5435 A = -0.7664 B = -0.0812	I = 2.5435 A = -0.7664 B = -0.0812	I = 2.7079 A = -1.3713	I = 2.3728 A = -0.7324	CAUTIO No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 1.8390 A = -0.8725	I = 2.1496 A = -1.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 1.9908 A = -1.1457 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2123 A = -1.3672 B = 0.0000			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.8390 A = -0.8725	I = 2.0233 A = -1.7757 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -27 °C (below -13 to -17 °F)	100/0	= 1.8390 A = -0.8725	I = 1.4031 A = -1.1696 B = 0.0000	I = 1.7565 A = -1.7565 B = 0.0000	I = 5.0259 A = -5.0259 B = 0.0000				

<sup>1</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^1 \, R^A$ , where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h)

<sup>3</sup> CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezii or Ice (	ng Fog, ng Mist, Crystals m²/h)	Snow, Snow Grains or Snow Pellets (g/dm²/h)			Freezing Drizzle (g/dm²/h)		Light Freezing Rain (g/dm²/h)		Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)	
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	80.3	182.3	38.7	74.6	176.5	42.0	99.0	28.5	47.1	9.8	86.3
+1 / -3 **	75/25	73.1	85.5	26.0	52.5	132.2	36.1	62.9	19.2	30.1	4.9	50.8
	50/50	17.0	29.4	7.8	16.1	41.5	9.3	17.1	6.8	9.6		
-8	100/0	46.9	152.3	31.7	61.1	144.7	25.7	71.9	18.8	30.8		
-0	75/25	35.4	114.2	24.6	49.6	124.9	15.1	56.2	22.3	36.1		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	46.9	152.3	27.7	53.4	126.4	25.7	71.9	18.8	30.8		
-10 / -14	75/25	35.4	114.2	23.7	47.8	120.2	15.1	56.2	22.3	36.1		
-18	100/0	16.9	37.7	2.0	7.0	30.0						
-25	100/0	16.9	37.7	1.0	3.0	15.0						
-27	100/0	16.9	37.7	0.0	1.0	7.0						

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

<sup>2</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^{l} R^{A} (2-T)^{B}$ , where t = holdover time (minutes),  $R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h) and <math>T = temperature (^{\circ}C)$ 

<sup>\*\*</sup> Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup> Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

# **TABLE 2-2: AVIATION XI'AN HIGH-TECH CLEANWING II**

		Regres	ssion Coefficie	nts for Calcul	ating Holdove	r Times Under	· Various Wea	ther Condition	ns
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets <sup>2,3</sup>	Freezina	Light	Rain on	
. oporataro		Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals <sup>1</sup>	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle <sup>1</sup>	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing <sup>1</sup>	Other
		I = 2.2573	I = 2.6057	I = 2.6057	I = 2.6057	I = 2.1979	I = 2.2567	I = 2.1512	
	100/0	A = -0.7407	A = -0.6656	A = -0.6656	A = -0.6656	A = -0.5728	A = -0.6317	A = -0.6064	
			B = -0.3133	B = -0.3133	B = -0.3133				
-3 °C and above		I = 2.0742	I = 2.3044	I = 2.3044	I = 2.3044	I = 2.1475	I = 2.2158	= 2.1568	
(27 °F and above)	75/25	A = -0.5411	A = -0.6229	A = -0.6229	A = -0.6229	A = -0.5338	A = -0.6683	A = -0.6861	
(2 a.i.a assis)			B = -0.0204	B = -0.0204	B = -0.0204				
		I = 1.9836	I = 2.5060	I = 2.5060	I = 2.5060	I = 2.0341	I = 2.1847		
	50/50	A = -0.6276	A = -0.7213	A = -0.7213	A = -0.7213	A = -0.6288	A = -0.7830		
			B = -0.5237	B = -0.5237	B = -0.5237				
		I = 2.3283	I = 2.6057	I = 2.6057	I = 2.6057	I = 2.1441	I = 1.8282		
	100/0	A = -0.9431	A = -0.6656	A = -0.6656	A = -0.6656	A = -0.6033	A = -0.4021		
below -3 to -14 °C			B = -0.3133	B = -0.3133	B = -0.3133				
(below 27 to 7 °F)		I = 2.3328	I = 2.3044	I = 2.3044	I = 2.3044	I = 1.6685	I = 1.7474	CAUTIC No holdo	
	75/25	A = -1.0611	A = -0.6229	A = -0.6229	A = -0.6229	A = -0.1061	A = -0.3274	time guide	
			B = -0.0204	B = -0.0204	B = -0.0204			exist	
below -14 to -18 °C		I = 1.9950	I = 4.0861	I = 4.0861	I = 4.0861				
(below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	A = -0.9540	A = -0.7279	A = -0.7279	A = -0.7279				
,			B = -1.5166	B = -1.5166	B = -1.5166				
below -18 to -25 °C		I = 1.9950	I = 4.0861	I = 4.0861	I = 4.0861				
(below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	A = -0.9540	A = -0.7279	A = -0.7279	A = -0.7279				
( 5 := .5 . )			B = -1.5166	B = -1.5166	B = -1.5166				

<sup>1</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^1 \, \text{R}^A$ , where t = holdover time (minutes) and  $R = \text{precipitation rate (g/dm}^2/h)$ 

<sup>3</sup> CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve		Times Und alculated fr				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals (g/dm²/h) 5 2		Snow, Snow Grains or Snow Pellets (g/dm²/h)			Freezing Drizzle (g/dm²/h)		Light Freezing Rain (g/dm²/h)		Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)	
				25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	54.9	108.2	28.6	52.6	117.3	36.3	62.7	23.6	35.7	10.3	53.4
+1 / -3 **	75/25	49.7	81.5	26.3	46.5	98.4	35.7	59.5	19.1	29.6	7.4	47.6
	50/50	35.1	62.3	13.5	26.2	62.5	21.6	39.3	12.3	20.5		
0	100/0	46.7	110.8	23.0	42.3	94.4	29.7	52.8	18.5	24.0		
-8	75/25	39.0	103.1	25.9	45.8	97.0	35.5	39.3	19.5	24.1		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	46.7	110.8	19.9	36.5	81.4	29.7	52.8	18.5	24.0		
-10 / -14 ****	75/25	39.0	103.1	25.6	45.4	96.1	35.5	39.3	19.5	24.1		
-18	100/0	21.3	51.0	12.5	24.3	58.3						
-25	100/0	21.3	51.0	7.9	15.4	37.0						

<sup>2</sup> Regression Equation: t = 10<sup>1</sup> R<sup>A</sup> (2-T)<sup>B</sup>, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow \*\* Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

# **TABLE 2-3: CLARIANT SAFEWING MP II FLIGHT**

			Regression	on Coefficients	for Calculati	ng Holdover Times Under	Various Wea	ther Conditions	
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing	Snow, Snow	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets <sup>2,3</sup>	Freezing	Light Freezing	Rain on Cold Soaked	Other
		Mist, or Ice Crystals <sup>1</sup>	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle <sup>1</sup>	Rain <sup>1</sup>	Wing <sup>1</sup>	Other
	100/0	I = 2.4369 A = -0.1630	I = 2.7425 A = -0.5435 B = -0.3120	I = 2.7425 A = -0.5435 B = -0.3120	= 2.7425 A = -0.5435 B = -0.3120	I = 2.6541 A = -0.6697	I = 2.9080 A = -0.8860	I = 2.4810 A = -0.7583	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	I = 2.3415 A = -0.4326	I = 3.0163 A = -0.7162 B = -0.5615	I = 3.0163 A = -0.7162 B = -0.5615	I = 3.0163 A = -0.7162 B = -0.5615	I = 2.1306 A = -0.2689	I = 2.5596 A = -0.7512	I = 2.5884 or 4 I = 2.2277 A = -0.9638 A = -0.7375	
	50/50	I = 2.2250 A = -0.6732	I = 2.2879 A = -0.7080 B = -0.2971	I = 2.2879 A = -0.7080 B = -0.2971	I = 2.2879 A = -0.7080 B = -0.2971	I = 1.7413 A = -0.3693	I = 1.9070 A = -0.6463		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.2233 A = -0.6827	I = 2.7425 A = -0.5435 B = -0.3120	I = 2.7425 A = -0.5435 B = -0.3120	I = 2.7425 A = -0.5435 B = -0.3120	I = 2.6220 A = -0.9557	I = 2.5701 A = -0.8095		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	I = 2.1182 A = -1.0244	I = 3.0163 A = -0.7162 B = -0.5615	I = 3.0163 A = -0.7162 B = -0.5615	I = 3.0163 A = -0.7162 B = -0.5615	= 2.6085     = 2.7141   A = -1.2023	I = 2.3076 A = -0.6932	CAUTION: No holdover	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 1.8996 A = -0.6356	I = 6.2483 A = -1.1556 B = -2.8476	I = 6.2483 A = -1.1556 B = -2.8476	I = 6.2483 A = -1.1556 B = -2.8476			time guidelines exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.8996 A = -0.6356	I = 6.2483 A = -1.1556 B = -2.8476	I = 6.2483 A = -1.1556 B = -2.8476	I = 6.2483 A = -1.1556 B = -2.8476				
below -25 to -29 °C (below -13 to -20 °F)	100/0	I = 1.8996 A = -0.6356	I = 6.2483 A = -1.1556 B = -2.8476	I = 6.2483 A = -1.1556 B = -2.8476	= 6.2483 A = -1.1556 B = -2.8476				

<sup>1</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^{1} \, \text{R}^{\text{A}}$ , where t = holdover time (minutes) and  $R = \text{precipitation rate (g/dm}^2/h)$ 

<sup>4</sup> Calculate value using both sets of coefficients; take shortest holdover time calculated

			•	HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezii or Ice	ng Fog, ng Mist, Crystals m²/h)		w, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Driz	z <b>ing</b> zzle m²/h)	Freezir	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	on Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	210.4	244.2	58.2	95.7	184.1	80.9	153.5	46.7	83.4	11.5	89.3
+1 / -3 **	75/25	109.4	162.7	41.9	80.8	191.5	67.8	87.6	32.3	52.8	6.0	51.5
	50/50	56.8	105.3	12.3	23.6	55.3	21.4	30.4	10.1	15.4		
-8	100/0	55.7	104.2	46.9	77.1	148.3	36.1	89.9	27.4	46.6		
-0	75/25	25.2	64.5	28.4	54.8	129.7	23.7	71.4	21.8	34.3		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	55.7	104.2	40.5	66.6	128.1	36.1	89.9	27.4	46.6		
-10 / -14	75/25	25.2	64.5	21.8	42.1	99.6	23.7	71.4	21.8	34.3		
-18	100/0	28.5	51.1	8.5	24.4	98.2						
-25	100/0	28.5	51.1	3.6	10.4	41.8						
-29	100/0	28.5	51.1	2.4	7.0	28.2						

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

<sup>2</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^1 R^A (2-T)^B$ , where t = holdover time (minutes),  $R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and <math>T = temperature (^{\circ}C)$ 

<sup>3</sup> CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star\star}$  Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

# **TABLE 2-4: CLARIANT SAFEWING MP II FLIGHT PLUS**

		Regression	Coefficients for C	alculating Hold	over Times Unde	er Various Weath	er Conditions
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals¹	Snow, Snow Grains or Snow Pellets <sup>2,3</sup>	Freezing Drizzle¹	Light Freezing Rain¹	Rain on Cold Soaked Wing¹	Other
	100/0	I = 2.5234 A = -0.4612	I = 3.1605 A = -0.8880 B = -0.3275	I = 2.4469 A = -0.4650	I = 2.2484 A = -0.4093	I = 2.6707 A = -0.8193	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	I = 2.5521 A = -0.5255	I = 2.6834 A = -0.6171 B = -0.0598	I = 2.3720 A = -0.3524	I = 2.6120 A = -0.6593	I = 2.3026 A = -0.5932	
	50/50	I = 2.4106 A = -0.8778	I = 2.6120 A = -0.6769 B = -0.7145	I = 2.3447 A = -0.7750	= 1.8799  A = -0.5318		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.5312 A = -1.2991	I = 3.1605 A = -0.8880 B = -0.3275	I = 2.6242 A = -0.9778	I = 2.5660 A = -0.7490		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	I = 2.4057 A = -1.2869	I = 2.6834 A = -0.6171 B = -0.0598	I = 2.5280 A = -0.9864	I = 2.1271 A = -0.4438		ITION: oldover
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 1.8877 A = -0.8771	I = 2.2123 A = -1.3672 B = 0.0000			J	uidelines kist
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.8877 A = -0.8771	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -29 °C (below -13 to -20 °F)	100/0	I = 1.8877 A = -0.8771	I = 5.0259 A = -5.0259 B = 0.0000				

<sup>1</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^1 \, R^A$ , where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h)

<sup>3</sup> CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezii or Ice	ng Fog, ng Mist, Crystals m²/h)		w, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Driz	z <b>zing</b> zzle m²/h)	Freezi	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	on Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	158.9	242.4	49.0	110.6	249.4	84.9	132.4	47.4	62.0	13.6	125.3
+1 / -3 **	75/25	153.0	247.7	60.1	105.8	222.4	95.4	133.6	49.0	75.4	15.5	77.3
	50/50	62.7	140.1	14.7	27.3	50.7	30.3	63.5	13.7	19.4		
-8	100/0	42.0	138.1	39.1	88.1	198.8	34.3	87.2	33.0	53.9		
-0	75/25	32.1	104.3	57.7	101.5	213.4	26.9	69.0	32.1	42.9		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	42.0	138.1	33.5	75.5	170.4	34.3	87.2	33.0	53.9		
-10 / -14	75/25	32.1	104.3	56.1	98.7	207.5	26.9	69.0	32.1	42.9		
-18	100/0	18.8	42.0	2.0	7.0	7.0						
-25	100/0	18.8	42.0	1.0	3.0	3.0						
-29	100/0	18.8	42.0	0.0	1.0	1.0						

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

<sup>2</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^{l} R^{A} (2-T)^{B}$ , where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h) and <math>T = temperature (°C)

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star\star}$  Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

# **TABLE 2-5: CRYOTECH POLAR GUARD® II**

		Regres	sion Coefficie	nts for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Unde	r Various Wea	ther Condition	าร
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing	Snow, Snow	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets <sup>2,3</sup>	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
remperature	Bilditoli	Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals <sup>1</sup>	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle <sup>1</sup>	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing <sup>1</sup>	Other
	100/0	I = 2.5794 A = -0.5025	I = 2.9600 A = -0.5988 B = -0.4378	I = 2.9600 A = -0.5988 B = -0.4378	I = 2.9600 A = -0.5988 B = -0.4378	I = 2.2682 A = -0.2524	I = 2.2584 A = -0.2806	I = 2.6661 A = -0.7999	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	= 2.5776 A = -0.5705	I = 2.9905 A = -0.8191 B = -0.3466	I = 2.9905 A = -0.8191 B = -0.3466	I = 2.9905 A = -0.8191 B = -0.3466	I = 2.2204 A = -0.1898	I = 2.8328 A = -0.8896	I = 2.6248 A = -0.8807	
	50/50	I = 2.1254 A = -0.6271	I = 2.8810 A = -1.0631 B = -0.5673	I = 2.8810 A = -1.0631 B = -0.5673	I = 2.8810 A = -1.0631 B = -0.5673	I = 2.2943 A = -0.9086	I = 2.3695 A = -0.9996		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.5101 A = -1.1145	I = 2.9600 A = -0.5988 B = -0.4378	I = 2.9600 A = -0.5988 B = -0.4378	I = 2.9600 A = -0.5988 B = -0.4378	I = 2.7077 A = -1.0390	I = 2.0801 A = -0.3886		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	I = 2.2594 A = -0.9785	I = 2.9905 A = -0.8191 B = -0.3466	I = 2.9905 A = -0.8191 B = -0.3466	I = 2.9905 A = -0.8191 B = -0.3466	I = 2.4495 A = -0.9076	I = 2.0483 A = -0.3597	CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9253 A = -0.6979	I = 6.4718 A = -1.1603 B = -2.9134	I = 6.4718 A = -1.1603 B = -2.9134	I = 6.4718 A = -1.1603 B = -2.9134			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9253 A = -0.6979	I = 6.4718 A = -1.1603 B = -2.9134	I = 6.4718 A = -1.1603 B = -2.9134	I = 6.4718 A = -1.1603 B = -2.9134				
below -25 to -30.5 °C (below -13 to -23 °F)	100/0	= 1.9253 A = -0.6979	I = 2.0544 A = -1.1592 B = 0.0000	I = 2.0544 A = -1.1592 B = 0.0000	I = 2.0544 A = -1.1592 B = 0.0000				

<sup>1</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^1 \, R^A$ , where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h)

<sup>3</sup> CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve				Weather (		(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezii or Ice (	ng Fog, ng Mist, Crystals m²/h)		w, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Driz	z <b>zing</b> z <b>zle</b> m²/h)	Freezii	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	on Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	169.1	268.0	65.6	113.6	233.5	97.1	123.5	73.5	88.3	14.7	127.9
+1 / -3 **	75/25	151.0	254.6	40.1	84.9	227.7	102.1	122.4	38.8	69.5	9.4	102.1
	50/50	48.6	86.4	10.0	26.4	94.9	19.2	45.6	9.4	18.0		
-8	100/0	53.8	149.5	48.4	83.8	172.4	35.5	95.8	34.4	44.4		
-0	75/25	37.6	92.2	31.5	66.8	179.1	27.4	65.3	35.1	44.4		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	53.8	149.5	39.4	68.2	140.3	35.5	95.8	34.4	44.4		
-10 / -14	75/25	37.6	92.2	26.8	56.8	152.2	27.4	65.3	35.1	44.4		
-18	100/0	27.4	51.9	11.5	33.2	134.2						
-25	100/0	27.4	51.9	4.8	13.8	56.0						
-30.5	100/0	27.4	51.9	2.7	7.9	31.7						

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

<sup>2</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^{l} R^{A} (2-T)^{B}$ , where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h) and <math>T = temperature (°C)

<sup>\*\*</sup> Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup> Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

# **TABLE 2-6: JSC RCP NORDIX DEFROST PG 2**

		Regres	sion Coefficie	nts for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Unde	r Various Wea	ther Condition	ns
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing	Snow, Snow	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets <sup>2,3</sup>	Eroozina	Light	Rain on	
remperature	Bilditoli	Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals <sup>1</sup>	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Freezing Drizzle <sup>1</sup>	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing <sup>1</sup>	Other
	100/0	I = 2.2918 A = -0.8145	I = 2.7346 A = -0.7309 B = -0.3571	I = 2.7346 A = -0.7309 B = -0.3571	I = 2.7346 A = -0.7309 B = -0.3571	I = 2.2402 A = -0.6580	I = 2.3748 A = -0.7498	I = 2.4186 A = -0.7567	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	I = 2.2699 A = -0.6569	I = 2.9389 A = -0.8579 B = -0.5828	I = 2.9389 A = -0.8579 B = -0.5828	I = 2.9389 A = -0.8579 B = -0.5828	I = 2.0887 A = -0.5872	I = 2.4497 A = -0.9006	I = 1.9718 A = -0.6216	
	50/50	I = 2.2311 A = -0.6560	I = 2.7673 A = -0.7928 B = -0.2600	I = 2.7673 A = -0.7928 B = -0.2600	I = 2.7673 A = -0.7928 B = -0.2600	I = 2.1018 A = -0.5878	I = 2.3509 A = -0.8146		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.0963 A = -0.5196	I = 2.7346 A = -0.7309 B = -0.3571	I = 2.7346 A = -0.7309 B = -0.3571	I = 2.7346 A = -0.7309 B = -0.3571	I = 1.9595 A = -0.3909	I = 2.1235 A = -0.5815		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	I = 2.1158 A = -0.7229	I = 2.9389 A = -0.8579 B = -0.5828	I = 2.9389 A = -0.8579 B = -0.5828	I = 2.9389 A = -0.8579 B = -0.5828	I = 1.9013 A = -0.4425	I = 1.8645 A = -0.4846	CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 2.0196 A = -0.6831	I = 2.1496 A = -1.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 1.9908 A = -1.1457 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2123 A = -1.3672 B = 0.0000			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 2.0196 A = -0.6831	I = 2.0233 A = -1.7757 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -27 °C (below -13 to -17 °F)	100/0	I = 2.0196 A = -0.6831	I = 1.4031 A = -1.1696 B = 0.0000	= 1.7565 A = -1.7565 B = 0.0000	I = 5.0259 A = -5.0259 B = 0.0000				

<sup>1</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^1 \, R^A$ , where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h)

<sup>3</sup> CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezii or Ice	ng Fog, ng Mist, Crystals m²/h)		w, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Free Driz (g/dr	•	Freezii	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	on Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	52.8	111.3	29.1	56.8	136.9	32.2	60.3	21.2	34.6	10.0	77.6
+1 / -3 **	75/25	64.7	118.1	21.5	47.2	132.5	27.2	47.7	15.5	28.0	6.4	34.5
	50/50	59.2	108.0	30.0	62.1	161.2	28.0	49.1	16.3	27.8		
-8	100/0	54.1	87.1	22.7	44.3	106.8	33.4	48.6	20.4	29.9		
-0	75/25	40.8	79.1	14.3	31.5	88.5	25.6	39.1	15.4	21.1		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	54.1	87.1	19.2	37.5	90.3	33.4	48.6	20.4	29.9		
-10 / -14	75/25	40.8	79.1	10.9	23.9	67.3	25.6	39.1	15.4	21.1		
-18	100/0	34.8	65.2	2.0	7.0	30.0						
-25	100/0	34.8	65.2	1.0	3.0	15.0						
-27	100/0	34.8	65.2	0.0	1.0	7.0						

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

<sup>2</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^{l} R^{A} (2-T)^{B}$ , where t = holdover time (minutes),  $R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h) and <math>T = temperature (^{\circ}C)$ 

<sup>\*\*</sup> Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup> Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

# **TABLE 2-7: KILFROST ABC-K PLUS**

		Regression	Coefficients for C	Calculating Hold	over Times Unde	er Various Weath	er Conditions
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals <sup>1</sup>	Snow, Snow Grains or Snow Pellets <sup>2,3</sup>	Freezing Drizzle¹	Light Freezing Rain¹	Rain on Cold Soaked Wing¹	Other
	100/0	I = 2.5148 A = -0.5532	I = 2.6804 A = -0.5771 B = -0.1414	I = 2.2527 A = -0.1978	I = 2.5473 A = -0.5588	I = 2.6523 A = -0.7393	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	I = 2.3020 A = -0.4342	I = 2.5273 A = -0.6849 B = -0.0149	I = 2.3200 A = -0.3522	I = 2.4709 A = -0.5601	I = 2.5956 A = -0.7470	
	50/50	I = 1.9950 A = -0.6463	I = 2.3972 A = -0.8261 B = -0.5288	I = 1.7256 A = -0.3910	I = 2.0364 A = -0.7354		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.0780 A = -0.8928	I = 2.6804 A = -0.5771 B = -0.1414	I = 2.4865 A = -0.9979	I = 3.2510 A = -1.5260		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	I = 2.3405 A = -1.3357	I = 2.5273 A = -0.6849 B = -0.0149	I = 2.4921 A = -1.0863	I = 3.6906 A = -1.9574		ITION: oldover
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9498 A = -0.6590	I = 2.2123 A = -1.3672 B = 0.0000			•	uidelines xist
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9498 A = -0.6590	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -29 °C (below -13 to -20 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9498 A = -0.6590	I = 5.0259 A = -5.0259 B = 0.0000				

<sup>1</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^1 \, R^A$ , where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h)

<sup>3</sup> CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezii or Ice (	ng Fog, ng Mist, Crystals m²/h)		w, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Driz	z <b>zing</b> zzle m²/h)	Freezi	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	on Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	134.3	223.0	59.5	101.0	202.4	107.7	130.1	58.4	84.1	18.5	136.6
+1 / -3 **	75/25	99.7	148.4	36.3	67.9	127.2	84.7	118.5	48.7	70.3	15.7	118.4
	50/50	34.9	63.2	7.5	15.9	43.0	19.5	28.3	10.2	16.5		
-8	100/0	28.4	64.5	54.0	91.6	183.5	23.7	61.5	13.1	35.6		
-0	75/25	25.5	86.8	35.9	67.2	125.9	19.1	54.1	9.0	32.4		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	28.4	64.5	50.5	85.7	171.7	23.7	61.5	13.1	35.6		
-10 / -14	75/25	25.5	86.8	35.6	66.8	125.0	19.1	54.1	9.0	32.4		
-18	100/0	30.8	56.4	2.0	7.0	7.0						
-25	100/0	30.8	56.4	1.0	3.0	3.0						
-29	100/0	30.8	56.4	0.0	1.0	1.0						

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

<sup>2</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^{l} R^{A} (2-T)^{B}$ , where t = holdover time (minutes),  $R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h) and <math>T = temperature (^{\circ}C)$ 

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star\star}$  Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

# **TABLE 2-8: KILFROST ICE CLEAR II**

		Regres	sion Coefficier	nts for Calculat	ing Holdover	Times Under V	arious Weath	er Conditions	
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing	Snow, Snow	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets <sup>2,3</sup>	Fue emission or	Light	Rain on	
romperature	Dilation	Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals <sup>1</sup>	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Freezing Drizzle <sup>1</sup>	Freezing Rain <sup>1</sup>	Cold Soaked Wing <sup>1</sup>	Other
	100/0	I = 2.3507 A = -0.6180	I = 2.6644 A = -0.6692 B = -0.1515	I = 2.6644 A = -0.6692 B = -0.1515	I = 2.6644 A = -0.6692 B = -0.1515	I = 2.3449 A = -0.5100	I = 2.6586 A = -0.7656	I = 2.6138 A = -0.7538	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.4722 A = -0.9547	I = 2.6644 A = -0.6692 B = -0.1515	I = 2.6644 A = -0.6692 B = -0.1515	I = 2.6644 A = -0.6692 B = -0.1515	I = 2.5827 A = -1.0030	I = 2.3138 A = -0.5303		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 1.7916 A = -0.3979	I = 4.8747 A = -0.6830 B = -2.0987	I = 4.8747 A = -0.6830 B = -2.0987	I = 4.8747 A = -0.6830 B = -2.0987			time guide exist	lines
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.7916 A = -0.3979	= 4.8747   A = -0.6830   B = -2.0987	I = 4.8747 A = -0.6830 B = -2.0987	I = 4.8747 A = -0.6830 B = -2.0987				
below -25 to -28 °C (below -13 to -18 °F)	100/0	I = 1.7916 A = -0.3979	= 4.8747   A = -0.6830   B = -2.0987	= 4.8747 A = -0.6830 B = -2.0987	= 4.8747 A = -0.6830 B = -2.0987				

<sup>1</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^1 R^A$ , where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h)

<sup>2</sup> Regression Equation: t = 10<sup>l</sup> R<sup>A</sup> (2-T)<sup>B</sup>, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)
3 CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS		Times Und			•	minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezir or Ice (	ng Fog, ng Mist, Crystals m²/h)		w, Snow G Snow Pello (g/dm²/h)		Driz	ezing zzle m²/h)		ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	on Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	82.9	146.1	42.0	77.5	173.5	59.8	97.4	38.8	63.9	15.9	122.2
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-8	100/0	63.8	153.0	37.8	69.8	156.2	29.2	76.1	37.4	52.9		
-0	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	63.8	153.0	35.2	65.0	145.4	29.2	76.1	37.4	52.9		
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-18	100/0	32.6	47.0	15.5	28.9	65.8						
-25	100/0	32.6	47.0	8.2	15.4	35.1						
-28	100/0	32.6	47.0	6.6	12.3	28.1						

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

<sup>\*\*</sup> Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

# **TABLE 2-9: MKS DEVO COREICEPHOB TYPE II**

		Regres	sion Coefficien	nts for Calculat	ing Holdover	Times Under \	arious Weath	er Conditions	
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets <sup>2,3</sup>	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
remperature	Dilution	Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals <sup>1</sup>	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle <sup>1</sup>	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing <sup>1</sup>	Other
		I = 2.3217	I = 2.9268	I = 2.9268	I = 2.9268	I = 2.4040	I = 2.5645	I = 2.4656	
	100/0	A = -0.3631	A = -0.6775 B = -0.4716		A = -0.6775 B = -0.4716	A = -0.4677	A = -0.6443	A = -0.7099	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	I = 2.1717 A = -0.5171	I = 2.4249 A = -0.6155 B = -0.0410		I = 2.4249 A = -0.6155 B = -0.0410	I = 2.2073 A = -0.4575	I = 2.3968 A = -0.6952		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.3168 A = -0.8411	I = 2.9268 A = -0.6775 B = -0.4716	I = 2.9268 A = -0.6775 B = -0.4716	I = 2.9268 A = -0.6775 B = -0.4716	I = 2.4949 A = -0.9099	I = 2.3371 A = -0.7041		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 1.6667 A = -0.5734	I = 6.1052 A = -0.6203 B = -3.2300	I = 6.1052 A = -0.6203 B = -3.2300	= 6.1052 A = -0.6203 B = -3.2300			time guide exist	lines
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.6667 A = -0.5734	I = 6.1052 A = -0.6203 B = -3.2300	I = 6.1052 A = -0.6203 B = -3.2300	I = 6.1052 A = -0.6203 B = -3.2300				
below -25 to -27 °C (below -13 to -17 °F)	100/0	I = 1.6667 A = -0.5734	I = 6.1052 A = -0.6203 B = -3.2300	I = 6.1052 A = -0.6203 B = -3.2300	I = 6.1052 A = -0.6203 B = -3.2300				

<sup>1</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^{1} \, \text{R}^{\text{A}}$ , where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h)

<sup>3</sup> CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS \				Weather C	,	minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezir or Ice C	ng Fog, ng Mist, Crystals m²/h)		w, Snow G Snow Pello (g/dm²/h)		Dri	ezing zzle m²/h)	Freezi	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	n Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	116.9	163.1	44.7	83.1	187.9	76.4	119.4	46.1	70.3	13.6	93.2
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	64.6	103.8	34.3	60.4	126.6	49.9	77.2	26.6	41.9		
-8	100/0	53.6	115.8	32.2	59.9	135.5	30.3	72.3	22.5	35.7		
-0	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	53.6	115.8	25.8	48.0	108.6	30.3	72.3	22.5	35.7		
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-18	100/0	18.4	31.2	10.9	19.2	40.4						
-25	100/0	18.4	31.2	4.1	7.3	15.3						
-27	100/0	18.4	31.2	3.3	5.8	12.2						

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

<sup>2</sup> Regression Equation: t = 10<sup>t</sup> R<sup>A</sup> (2-T)<sup>B</sup>, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

<sup>\*\*</sup> Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

# **TABLE 2-10: NEWAVE AEROCHEMICAL FCY-2**

		Regression	Coefficients for C	Calculating Hold	over Times Unde	er Various Weath	er Conditions
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals <sup>1</sup>	Snow, Snow Grains or Snow Pellets <sup>2,3</sup>	Freezing Drizzle¹	Light Freezing Rain¹	Rain on Cold Soaked Wing¹	Other
	100/0	I = 2.3831 A = -0.7394	I = 2.7862 A = -0.6652 B = -0.5351	I = 2.3424 A = -0.7349	I = 2.1756 A = -0.5685	I = 2.0886 A = -0.6241	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	I = 2.1617 A = -0.6765	I = 2.6255 A = -0.6413 B = -0.5531	I = 2.1241 A = -0.6856	I = 2.6154 A = -1.0787	I = 1.8312 A = -0.6039	
	50/50	I = 1.6808 A = -0.3883	I = 2.1561 A = -0.7445 B = 0.0000	I = 1.7656 A = -0.6698	= 1.6020  A = -0.5128		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.1844 A = -0.7552	I = 2.7862 A = -0.6652 B = -0.5351	I = 2.2637 A = -0.8968	I = 1.6935 A = -0.3738		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	I = 2.0300 A = -0.7545	I = 2.6255 A = -0.6413 B = -0.5531	I = 2.0031 A = -0.7745	I = 2.0994 A = -0.8524		TION: oldover
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 1.7388 A = -0.5485	I = 2.2123 A = -1.3672 B = 0.0000			J	uidelines kist
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.7388 A = -0.5485	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -28 °C (below -13 to -18 °F)	100/0	I = 1.7388 A = -0.5485	I = 5.0259 A = -5.0259 B = 0.0000				

<sup>1</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^1 \, R^A$ , where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h)

<sup>3</sup> CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezii or Ice (	ng Fog, ng Mist, Crystals m²/h)		w, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Free Driz (g/dr	•	Freezi	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	on Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	73.5	144.7	30.4	55.8	124.4	33.4	67.4	24.0	34.9	8.3	44.9
+1 / -3 **	75/25	48.8	90.8	22.0	39.6	85.7	22.9	44.1	12.8	25.9	5.0	25.7
	50/50	25.7	36.6	13.0	25.8	63.2	10.5	19.8	7.7	10.7		
-8	100/0	45.3	90.6	21.0	38.5	85.8	18.4	43.3	14.8	18.9		
-0	75/25	31.8	63.5	15.0	27.0	58.4	13.8	29.0	8.1	14.1		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	45.3	90.6	16.3	30.0	66.8	18.4	43.3	14.8	18.9		
-10 / -14	75/25	31.8	63.5	11.6	20.8	45.0	13.8	29.0	8.1	14.1		
-18	100/0	22.7	37.5	2.0	7.0	7.0						
-25	100/0	22.7	37.5	1.0	3.0	3.0						
-28	100/0	22.7	37.5	0.0	1.0	1.0						

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

<sup>2</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^{l} R^{A} (2-T)^{B}$ , where t = holdover time (minutes),  $R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h) and <math>T = temperature (^{\circ}C)$ 

<sup>\*\*</sup> Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

# **TABLE 2-11: ROMCHIM ADD-PROTECT NG TYPE II**

		Regres	sion Coefficie	nts for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Unde	r Various Wea	ther Condition	ns
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing	Snow, Snow	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets <sup>2,3</sup>	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
remperature	Bilditoli	Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals <sup>1</sup>	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle <sup>1</sup>	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing <sup>1</sup>	Other
	100/0	I = 2.3974 A = -0.7794	I = 3.0299 A = -0.8381 B = -0.4851	I = 3.0299 A = -0.8381 B = -0.4851	I = 3.0299 A = -0.8381 B = -0.4851	I = 2.3113 A = -0.5668	I = 2.2728 A = -0.5113	I = 2.4042 A = -0.8164	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	I = 2.2548 A = -0.6819	I = 2.8970 A = -0.8514 B = -0.4622	I = 2.8970 A = -0.8514 B = -0.4622	I = 2.8970 A = -0.8514 B = -0.4622	I = 2.3252 A = -0.6462	I = 2.3988 A = -0.7047	I = 2.2378 A = -0.7242	
	50/50	= 2.0350 A = -0.9539	= 2.3515 A = -0.7025 B = -0.2827	= 2.3515 A = -0.7025 B = -0.2827	= 2.3515 A = -0.7025 B = -0.2827	= 1.9619 A = -0.6157	I = 2.0649 A = -0.7375		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.1684 A = -0.6263	I = 3.0299 A = -0.8381 B = -0.4851	I = 3.0299 A = -0.8381 B = -0.4851	I = 3.0299 A = -0.8381 B = -0.4851	= 2.3829   A = -0.7538	I = 2.1520 A = -0.5404		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	I = 2.1020 A = -0.5437	I = 2.8970 A = -0.8514 B = -0.4622	I = 2.8970 A = -0.8514 B = -0.4622	I = 2.8970 A = -0.8514 B = -0.4622	I = 2.4793 A = -0.9714	I = 2.3197 A = -0.7496	CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 1.4934 A = -0.5224	I = 2.1496 A = -1.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 1.9908 A = -1.1457 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2123 A = -1.3672 B = 0.0000			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.4934 A = -0.5224	I = 2.0233 A = -1.7757 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -28 °C (below -13 to -18 °F)	100/0	= 1.4934 A = -0.5224	I = 1.4031 A = -1.1696 B = 0.0000	= 1.7565 A = -1.7565 B = 0.0000	I = 5.0259 A = -5.0259 B = 0.0000				

<sup>1</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^1 \, R^A$ , where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h)

<sup>3</sup> CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezii or Ice (	ng Fog, ng Mist, Crystals m²/h)		v, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Driz	z <b>zing</b> z <b>zle</b> m²/h)	Freezii	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	on Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	71.2	145.5	33.1	71.2	195.4	47.9	82.2	36.1	50.5	7.5	68.2
+1 / -3 **	75/25	60.0	112.1	24.2	52.8	147.1	40.3	74.7	25.9	41.1	7.6	53.9
	50/50	23.3	56.0	14.9	28.3	65.9	18.9	34.0	10.8	17.5		
-8	100/0	53.8	95.5	23.6	50.9	139.6	34.9	71.8	24.9	35.5		
-0	75/25	52.7	86.8	17.6	38.3	106.8	25.0	63.1	18.7	30.5		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	53.8	95.5	18.8	40.5	111.1	34.9	71.8	24.9	35.5		
-10 / -14	75/25	52.7	86.8	14.1	30.8	85.9	25.0	63.1	18.7	30.5		
-18	100/0	13.4	21.7	2.0	7.0	30.0						
-25	100/0	13.4	21.7	1.0	3.0	15.0						
-28	100/0	13.4	21.7	0.0	1.0	7.0						

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

<sup>2</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^{l} R^{A} (2-T)^{B}$ , where t = holdover time (minutes),  $R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h) and <math>T = temperature (^{\circ}C)$ 

<sup>\*\*</sup> Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

# **TABLE 2-12: ROMCHIM ADD-PROTECT TYPE II**

		Regres	sion Coefficie	nts for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Unde	r Various Wea	ther Condition	ns
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing	Snow, Snow	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets <sup>2,3</sup>	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
romporataro	Silation	Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals <sup>1</sup>	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle <sup>1</sup>	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing <sup>1</sup>	Other
	100/0	I = 2.5740 A = -0.8251	I = 2.8637 A = -0.7431 B = -0.5033	I = 2.8637 A = -0.7431 B = -0.5033	I = 2.8637 A = -0.7431 B = -0.5033	I = 2.6191 A = -0.9213	I = 2.4792 A = -0.7630	I = 2.1185 A = -0.6149	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	I = 2.0354 A = -0.6203	I = 2.5210 A = -0.6815 B = -0.4862	I = 2.5210 A = -0.6815 B = -0.4862	I = 2.5210 A = -0.6815 B = -0.4862	I = 2.0120 A = -0.5901	I = 2.1011 A = -0.6689	= 1.7686  A = -0.5325	
	50/50	= 1.7404 A = -0.6221	I = 1.9864 A = -0.5840 B = -0.2529	I = 1.9864 A = -0.5840 B = -0.2529	I = 1.9864 A = -0.5840 B = -0.2529	I = 2.0897 A = -0.9018	I = 1.7429 A = -0.6010		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	= 1.8401 A = -0.5735	I = 2.8637 A = -0.7431 B = -0.5033	I = 2.8637 A = -0.7431 B = -0.5033	I = 2.8637 A = -0.7431 B = -0.5033	= 2.2574 A = -0.7754	I = 2.0901 A = -0.5723		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	I = 1.9219 A = -0.6509	I = 2.5210 A = -0.6815 B = -0.4862	I = 2.5210 A = -0.6815 B = -0.4862	I = 2.5210 A = -0.6815 B = -0.4862	I = 1.8894 A = -0.5596	I = 1.8836 A = -0.5597	CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 1.5810 A = -0.5714	I = 2.1496 A = -1.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 1.9908 A = -1.1457 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2123 A = -1.3672 B = 0.0000			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.5810 A = -0.5714	I = 2.0233 A = -1.7757 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -28 °C (below -13 to -18 °F)	100/0	= 1.5810 A = -0.5714	I = 1.4031 A = -1.1696 B = 0.0000	= 1.7565 A = -1.7565 B = 0.0000	I = 5.0259 A = -5.0259 B = 0.0000				

<sup>1</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^1 \, R^A$ , where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h)

<sup>3</sup> CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezii or Ice	ng Fog, ng Mist, Crystals m²/h)		w, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Driz	zing zzle m²/h)	Freezi	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	on Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	99.4	211.7	29.7	58.7	143.7	39.2	94.4	25.9	42.6	9.2	48.8
+1 / -3 **	75/25	40.0	70.6	16.9	31.6	71.8	22.6	39.8	14.7	22.7	5.9	24.9
	50/50	20.2	35.7	9.8	16.8	34.0	12.2	28.8	8.0	11.8		
-8	100/0	27.5	46.5	21.0	41.4	101.4	24.8	51.9	19.5	28.4		
-0	75/25	29.3	53.2	12.1	22.6	51.2	18.5	31.5	12.6	18.2		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	27.5	46.5	16.6	32.7	80.0	24.8	51.9	19.5	28.4		
-10 / -14	75/25	29.3	53.2	9.6	17.9	40.8	18.5	31.5	12.6	18.2		
-18	100/0	15.2	25.6	2.0	7.0	30.0						
-25	100/0	15.2	25.6	1.0	3.0	15.0						
-28	100/0	15.2	25.6	0.0	1.0	7.0						

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

<sup>2</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^{l} R^{A} (2-T)^{B}$ , where t = holdover time (minutes),  $R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h) and <math>T = temperature (^{\circ}C)$ 

<sup>\*\*</sup> Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

# **TABLE 2-13: TYPE II GENERIC**

# **VERIFICATION TABLE**

			Н	IOTDS Verif	ication Time As Calcula		rious Weatl		ns (minutes	5)	
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezir or Ice C	ng Fog, ng Mist, Crystals m²/h)	or Snov	ow Grains v Pellets m²/h)	Driz	zzing zzle m²/h)	Freezir	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	on Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	52.8	108.2	28.6	52.6	32.2	60.3	21.2	34.6	7.5	44.9
+1 / -3 *	75/25	40.0	70.6	16.9	31.6	22.6	39.8	12.8	22.7	4.9	24.9
	50/50	17.0	29.4	7.5	15.9	9.3	17.1	6.8	9.6		
-8	100/0	27.5	46.5	21.0	38.5	18.4	43.3	13.1	18.9		
-0	75/25	25.2	53.2	12.1	22.6	13.8	29.0	8.1	14.1		
-10 / -14 **	100/0	27.5	46.5	16.3	30.0	18.4	43.3	13.1	18.9		
-10 / -14	75/25	25.2	53.2	9.6	17.9	13.8	29.0	8.1	14.1		
-18	100/0	13.4	21.7	2.0	7.0						
-25	100/0	13.4	21.7	1.0	3.0						

<sup>\*</sup> Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>\*\*</sup> Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

# TABLE 3-1: ALLCLEAR AEROCLEAR MAX, APPLIED UNHEATED ON LOW SPEED AIRCRAFT

		Regres	ssion Coefficients f	or Calculating Hold	over Times Under \	/arious Weather C	onditions¹
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals <sup>2</sup>	Snow, Snow Grains or Snow Pellets <sup>3,4</sup>	Freezing Drizzle²	Light Freezing Rain²	Rain on Cold Soaked Wing²	Other
	100/0	I = 2.3532 A = -0.9867	I = 2.4111 A = -0.8236 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2733 A = -0.8172	I = 2.4359 A = -0.9105	I = 2.1350 A = -0.7258	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
below -3 to -10°C	100/0	I = 2.2318 A = -0.7815	I = 2.4111 A = -0.8236 B = 0.0000	I = 2.1031 A = -0.6645	I = 2.2245 A = -0.7407	-	JTION: ioldover
(below 27 to 14 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	_	uidelines exist
below -10 to -16 °C (below 14 to 3 °F)	100/0	I = 2.3342 A = -1.0165	I = 2.4111 A = -0.8236 B = 0.0000				

<sup>1</sup> CAUTION: Fluid must be applied unheated on aircraft conforming to the SAE AS5900 low speed aerodynamic test criterion to use these regression coefficients

<sup>4</sup> CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve			er Various om Regress			(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Ci	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		, Snow Gra now Pelle (g/dm²/h)		Free Driz (g/dr	U	Freezir	ght ng Rain n²/h)	Soake	on Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	46.1	113.8	18.2	38.7	104.3	23.1	50.4	14.6	26.4	5.9	42.4
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
10	100/0	48.5	99.2	18.2	38.7	104.3	23.1	43.5	15.5	25.1		
-10	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-25	100/0	42.0	106.7	18.2	38.7	104.3						

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

<sup>2</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^1 R^A$ , where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h)

<sup>3</sup> Regression Equation: t = 10<sup>1</sup> R<sup>A</sup> (2-T)<sup>8</sup>, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

<sup>\*\*</sup> Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

# TABLE 3-2: ALLCLEAR AEROCLEAR MAX, APPLIED UNHEATED ON MIDDLE SPEED AIRCRAFT

		Regres	sion Coefficients fo	or Calculating Holdo	over Times Under Va	arious Weather Con	ditions¹
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals <sup>2</sup>	Snow, Snow Grains or Snow Pellets <sup>3,4</sup>	Freezing Drizzle²	Light Freezing Rain²	Rain on Cold Soaked Wing²	Other
	100/0	I = 2.3532 A = -0.9867	I = 2.4111 A = -0.8236 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2733 A = -0.8172	I = 2.4359 A = -0.9105	I = 2.1350 A = -0.7258	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
below -3 to -10°C	100/0	I = 2.2318 A = -0.7815	I = 2.4111 A = -0.8236 B = 0.0000	I = 2.1031 A = -0.6645	I = 2.2245 A = -0.7407		JTION: oldover
(below 27 to 14 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		uidelines xist
below -10 to -20.5 °C (below 14 to -5 °F)	100/0	I = 2.3342 A = -1.0165	I = 2.4111 A = -0.8236 B = 0.0000				

<sup>1</sup> CAUTION: Fluid must be applied unheated on aircraft conforming to the SAE AS5900 low speed aerodynamic test criterion to use these regression coefficients

<sup>4</sup> CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Ice Crystals (g/dm²/h)		Driz	zzing zzle m²/h)	Freezii	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)				
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	46.1	113.8	18.2	38.7	104.3	23.1	50.4	14.6	26.4	5.9	42.4
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
40	100/0	48.5	99.2	18.2	38.7	104.3	23.1	43.5	15.5	25.1		
-10	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-25	100/0	42.0	106.7	18.2	38.7	104.3						

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

<sup>2</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^1 R^A$ , where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h)

<sup>3</sup> Regression Equation: t = 10<sup>t</sup> R<sup>A</sup> (2-T)<sup>B</sup>, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star\star}$  Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

# TABLE 3-3: ALLCLEAR AEROCLEAR MAX, APPLIED UNHEATED ON HIGH SPEED AIRCRAFT

		Regres	ssion Coefficients f	or Calculating Hold	over Times Under \	Various Weather C	onditions¹
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals <sup>2</sup>	Snow, Snow Grains or Snow Pellets <sup>3,4</sup>	Freezing Drizzle²	Light Freezing Rain²	Rain on Cold Soaked Wing²	Other
	100/0	I = 2.3532 A = -0.9867	I = 2.4111 A = -0.8236 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2733 A = -0.8172	I = 2.4359 A = -0.9105	I = 2.1350 A = -0.7258	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
below -3 to -10°C	100/0	I = 2.2318 A = -0.7815	I = 2.4111 A = -0.8236 B = 0.0000	I = 2.1031 A = -0.6645	I = 2.2245 A = -0.7407	_	JTION: noldover
below -3 to -10°C (below 27 to 14 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	_	uidelines exist
below -10 to -25 °C /below 14 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 2.3342 A = -1.0165	I = 2.4111 A = -0.8236 B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -35 °C (below -13 to -31 °F)	100/0	I = 2.1252 A = -1.0990	I = 2.1551 A = -0.8234 B = 0.0000				

<sup>1</sup> CAUTION: Fluid must be applied unheated on aircraft conforming to the SAE AS5900 high speed aerodynamic test criterion to use these regression coefficients

<sup>4</sup> CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

					HOTDS Ve			ler Various		Conditions cients	(minutes)		,	
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Cr	Freezing Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals (g/dm²/h)		Snow, Snow Grains or Snow Pellets (g/dm²/h)				Freezing Drizzle (g/dm²/h)		Light Freezing Rain (g/dm²/h)		Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)	
		5	2	25	10	4	3	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	46.1	113.8	18.2	38.7	82.3	104.3	104.3	23.1	50.4	14.6	26.4	5.9	42.4
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-10	100/0	48.5	99.2	18.2	38.7	82.3	104.3	104.3	23.1	43.5	15.5	25.1		
-10	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-25	100/0	42.0	106.7	18.2	38.7	82.3	104.3	104.3						
-35	100/0	22.8	62.3	10.1	21.5	45.6	57.8	57.8						

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

<sup>2</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^1 R^A$ , where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h)

<sup>3</sup> Regression Equation: t = 10<sup>1</sup> R<sup>A</sup> (2-T)<sup>8</sup>, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

<sup>\*\*</sup> Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

# **TABLE 4-1: ABAX ECOWING AD-49**

		Regres	sion Coefficie	nts for Calcul	ating Holdove	r Times Unde	r Various Wea	ther Condition	ıs
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets <sup>2,3</sup>	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
. oporatano		Mist, or Ice Crystals <sup>1</sup>	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle <sup>1</sup>	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing <sup>1</sup>	Other
	100/0	I = 2.4713 A = -0.2370	I = 3.0052 A = -0.7148 B = -0.3380	I = 3.0052 A = -0.7148 B = -0.3380	I = 3.0052 A = -0.7148 B = -0.3380	I = 2.3729 A = -0.3927	I = 2.4943 A = -0.5000	I = 2.6531 A = -0.8558	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.5177 A = -1.7715	I = 3.0052 A = -0.7148 B = -0.3380	I = 3.0052 A = -0.7148 B = -0.3380	I = 3.0052 A = -0.7148 B = -0.3380	I = 2.8172 A = -1.2681	I = 1.9828 A = -0.5016		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	CAUTIC No holdd	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	= 1.7838 A = -0.5976	I = 2.3257 A = -1.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2682 A = -1.3140 B = 0.0000	I = 2.5957 A = -1.6415 B = 0.0000			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	= 1.7838 A = -0.5976	I = 2.4506 A = -2.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 1.7911 A = -1.3140 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -26 °C (below -13 to -15 °F)	100/0	= 1.7838 A = -0.5976	I = 1.5915 A = -1.2398 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6682 A = -1.3672 B = 0.0000	I = 6.0834 A = -5.7824 B = 0.0000				

<sup>1</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^1 \, \text{R}^A$ , where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h)

<sup>3</sup> CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Cr	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		v, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Driz	zzing zzle m²/h)	Freezi	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	on Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	202.1	251.2	58.8	113.3	267.9	86.2	125.4	62.4	86.6	11.2	113.5
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-8	100/0	19.0	96.5	46.6	89.6	211.9	25.4	85.3	19.1	26.5		
-0	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	19.0	96.5	39.7	76.5	180.8	25.4	85.3	19.1	26.5		
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-18	100/0	23.2	40.2	2.0	9.0	45.0						
-25	100/0	23.2	40.2	1.0	3.0	20.0						
-26	100/0	23.2	40.2	0.0	2.0	10.0						

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

<sup>2</sup> Regression Equation: t = 10<sup>1</sup> R<sup>A</sup> (2-T)<sup>B</sup>, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

<sup>\*\*</sup> Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup> Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

# **TABLE 4-2: ALAB INTERNATIONAL PROFLIGHT EG4**

		Regres	ssion Coefficier	nts for Calculat	ting Holdover	Times Under V	arious Weath	er Conditions	
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing	Snow, Snow	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets <sup>2,3</sup>	Freezina	Light	Rain on	
Temperature	Dilation	Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals <sup>1</sup>	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Freezing Drizzle <sup>1</sup>	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing <sup>1</sup>	Other
	100/0	I = 2.5877 A = -0.6853	I = 2.5931 A = -0.6981 B = 0.1589	I = 2.5931 A = -0.6981 B = 0.1589	I = 2.5931 A = -0.6981 B = 0.1589	I = 2.4963 A = -0.6246	I = 2.3516 A = -0.5633	I = 2.7073 A = -0.8545	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.5765 A = -0.6884	I = 2.5931 A = -0.6981 B = 0.1589	I = 2.5931 A = -0.6981 B = 0.1589	I = 2.5931 A = -0.6981 B = 0.1589	I = 2.7340 A = -0.8584	I = 2.2087 A = -0.3708		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 2.3194 A = -1.2392	I = 2.2480 A = -0.9120 B = 0.0000	I = 2.1544 A = -0.7565 B = 0.0000	I = 2.3979 A = -1.0000 B = 0.0000			time guide exist	lines
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 2.3194 A = -1.2392	I = 2.2685 A = -1.1070 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2465 A = -1.0704 B = 0.0000	I = 2.3751 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -26 °C (below -13 to -15 °F)	100/0	I = 2.3194 A = -1.2392	I = 2.1021 A = -1.1696 B = 0.0000	I = 2.1466 A = -1.2435 B = 0.0000	I = 2.4160 A = -1.5129 B = 0.0000				

<sup>3</sup> CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS V				Weather C		(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Cr	ng Fog, Mist, or ystals m²/h)		w, Snow G Snow Pello (g/dm²/h)		Dri	ezing zzle m²/h)	Freezin	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	n Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	128.4	240.7	53.5	101.4	235.0	63.2	114.7	36.7	53.0	12.7	128.8
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-8	100/0	124.5	234.0	59.7	113.2	262.4	60.0	136.1	49.0	62.5		
-0	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	124.5	234.0	64.3	122.0	282.7	60.0	136.1	49.0	62.5		
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-18	100/0	28.4	88.4	10.0	25.0	65.0						
-25	100/0	28.4	88.4	5.0	15.0	55.0						
-26	100/0	28.4	88.4	2.0	8.0	35.0						

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

<sup>1</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^{1}$  R<sup>A</sup>, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate  $(g/\text{dm}^2/\text{h})$ 2 Regression Equation:  $t = 10^{1}$  R<sup>A</sup>  $(2-T)^B$ , where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate  $(g/\text{dm}^2/\text{h})$  and T = temperature (°C)

<sup>\*\*</sup> Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

# **TABLE 4-3: ALLCLEAR CLEARWING ECO**

		Regres	sion Coefficie	nts for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Unde	r Various Wea	ther Condition	ns
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing	Snow, Snow	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets <sup>2,3</sup>	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
		Mist, or Ice Crystals <sup>1</sup>	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle <sup>1</sup>	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing <sup>1</sup>	Other
	100/0	I = 2.6504 A = -0.8265	I = 3.1180 A = -0.7762 B = -0.4483	I = 3.1180 A = -0.7762 B = -0.4483	I = 3.1180 A = -0.7762 B = -0.4483	I = 2.3553 A = -0.2823	I = 2.4131 A = -0.3736	I = 2.6188 A = -0.7057	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.4735 A = -0.9792	I = 3.1180 A = -0.7762 B = -0.4483	I = 3.1180 A = -0.7762 B = -0.4483	I = 3.1180 A = -0.7762 B = -0.4483	I = 2.6806 A = -0.8496	I = 2.7686 A = -0.7996		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	= 1.9001 A = -0.7542	I = 5.5630 A = -0.7248 B = -2.5547	I = 5.5630 A = -0.7248 B = -2.5547	I = 5.5630 A = -0.7248 B = -2.5547			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9001 A = -0.7542	I = 5.5630 A = -0.7248 B = -2.5547	I = 5.5630 A = -0.7248 B = -2.5547	I = 5.5630 A = -0.7248 B = -2.5547				
below -25 to -26 °C (below -13 to -15 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9001 A = -0.7542	I = 5.5630 A = -0.7248 B = -2.5547	I = 5.5630 A = -0.7248 B = -2.5547	I = 5.5630 A = -0.7248 B = -2.5547				

<sup>1</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^1 \, R^A$ , where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h)

<sup>3</sup> CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve				Weather (		(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Cı	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		w, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Driz	<b>zing</b> zzle m²/h)	Light Freezing Rain (g/dm²/h)		Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)	
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	118.2	252.1	52.4	106.8	271.8	109.9	143.9	77.8	99.3	19.8	133.5
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-8	100/0	61.5	150.9	38.4	78.3	199.2	54.2	122.1	44.8	75.5		
-8	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	61.5	150.9	31.1	63.4	161.4	54.2	122.1	44.8	75.5		
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-18	100/0	23.6	47.1	16.8	32.7	78.2						
-25	100/0	23.6	47.1	7.8	15.2	36.3						
-26	100/0	23.6	47.1	7.1	13.8	33.1						

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

<sup>2</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^{l} R^{A} (2-T)^{B}$ , where t = holdover time (minutes),  $R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h) and <math>T = temperature (^{\circ}C)$ 

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star\star}$  Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

# **TABLE 4-4: ALLCLEAR CLEARWING EG**

		Regres	sion Coefficie	nts for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Unde	r Various Wea	ther Condition	ns
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing	Snow, Snow	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets <sup>2,3</sup>	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
. Composition		Mist, or Ice Crystals <sup>1</sup>	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle <sup>1</sup>	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing <sup>1</sup>	Other
	100/0	I = 2.4808 A = -0.6236	I = 2.7895 A = -0.7766 B = -0.1648	I = 2.7895 A = -0.7766 B = -0.1648	I = 2.7895 A = -0.7766 B = -0.1648	I = 2.2517 A = -0.3764	I = 3.1105 A = -1.1890	I = 2.4690 A = -0.7435	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		•
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.6368 A = -0.9489	I = 2.7895 A = -0.7766 B = -0.1648	I = 2.7895 A = -0.7766 B = -0.1648	I = 2.7895 A = -0.7766 B = -0.1648	I = 2.1945 A = -0.3445	I = 2.8711 A = -0.9900		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 2.3601 A = -0.9134	I = 4.7809 A = -0.8032 B = -1.7747	I = 4.7809 A = -0.8032 B = -1.7747	I = 4.7809 A = -0.8032 B = -1.7747			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 2.3601 A = -0.9134	I = 4.7809 A = -0.8032 B = -1.7747	I = 4.7809 A = -0.8032 B = -1.7747	I = 4.7809 A = -0.8032 B = -1.7747				
below -25 to -29 °C (below -13 to -20 °F)	100/0	I = 2.3601 A = -0.9134	I = 4.7809 A = -0.8032 B = -1.7747	I = 4.7809 A = -0.8032 B = -1.7747	I = 4.7809 A = -0.8032 B = -1.7747				

<sup>1</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^1 R^A$ , where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h)

<sup>2</sup> Regression Equation: t = 10<sup>1</sup> R<sup>A</sup> (2-T)<sup>8</sup>, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)
3 CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)	-	
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Ci	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		w, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Driz	Freezing Drizzle (g/dm²/h)		ght ng Rain m²/h)	Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)	
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	110.9	196.4	38.8	79.0	201.3	68.0	97.4	28.1	61.1	11.9	89.0
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-8	100/0	94.1	224.5	34.6	70.5	179.5	64.7	89.9	30.7	58.7		
-0	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	94.1	224.5	32.0	65.2	166.2	64.7	89.9	30.7	58.7		
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-18	100/0	52.7	121.7	22.3	46.6	122.7						
-25	100/0	52.7	121.7	13.1	27.4	72.0						
-29	100/0	52.7	121.7	10.3	21.4	56.4						

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

<sup>\*\*</sup> Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

# **TABLE 4-5: ASGLOBAL 4FLITE EG**

		Regres	sion Coefficier	nts for Calculat	ting Holdover	Times Under V	arious Weath	er Conditions	
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets <sup>2,3</sup>	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
Tomporataro	Direction	Mist, or Ice Crystals <sup>1</sup>	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle <sup>1</sup>	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing <sup>1</sup>	Other
	100/0	I = 2.5283 A = -0.7924	I = 2.7028 A = -0.7583 B = -0.2145	I = 2.7028 A = -0.7583 B = -0.2145	I = 2.7028 A = -0.7583 B = -0.2145	I = 2.2777 A = -0.6136	I = 2.5046 A = -0.8767	I = 2.3356 A = -0.7595	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.4381 A = -0.7329	I = 2.7028 A = -0.7583 B = -0.2145	I = 2.7028 A = -0.7583 B = -0.2145	I = 2.7028 A = -0.7583 B = -0.2145	I = 2.2338 A = -0.5642	I = 2.4121 A = -0.7932		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 2.0968 A = -0.5619	I = 3.3322 A = -0.7962 B = -0.6729	I = 3.3322 A = -0.7962 B = -0.6729	I = 3.3322 A = -0.7962 B = -0.6729			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 2.0968 A = -0.5619	I = 3.3322 A = -0.7962 B = -0.6729	I = 3.3322 A = -0.7962 B = -0.6729	I = 3.3322 A = -0.7962 B = -0.6729				
below -25 to -30 °C (below -13 to -22 °F)	100/0	I = 2.1030 A = -0.9200	I = 2.2062 A = -0.7962 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2062 A = -0.7962 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2062 A = -0.7962 B = 0.0000				

<sup>1</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^1 R^A$ , where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h)

<sup>3</sup> CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS V		Times Und				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Cr	ng Fog, y Mist, or ystals m²/h)		w, Snow G Snow Pello (g/dm²/h)		Dri	ezing zzle m²/h)	Light Freezing Rain (g/dm²/h)		Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)	
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	94.3	194.9	31.1	62.3	155.3	39.3	70.6	19.0	33.7	8.2	63.8
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-8	100/0	84.3	165.0	26.8	53.7	133.8	40.3	69.1	20.1	33.8		
-0	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	84.3	165.0	24.2	48.6	121.0	40.3	69.1	20.1	33.8		
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-18	100/0	50.6	84.7	22.1	45.8	119.4						
-25	100/0	50.6	84.7	18.0	37.4	97.5						
-30	100/0	28.8	67.0	12.4	25.7	67.0						

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

<sup>2</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^{l}$  R<sup>A</sup>  $(2-T)^{B}$ , where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

<sup>\*\*</sup> Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

# **TABLE 4-6: ASGLOBAL 4FLITE PG**

	Fluid Dilution	Regres	sion Coefficier	nts for Calculat	ing Holdover	Γimes Under V	arious Weath	er Conditions			
Outside Air Temperature		Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets <sup>2,3</sup>	Fue emises	Light	Rain on			
remperature	Dilution	Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals <sup>1</sup>	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Freezing Drizzle <sup>1</sup>	Freezing Rain <sup>1</sup>	Cold Soaked Wing <sup>1</sup>	Other		
		I = 2.4855	= 2.9661	I = 2.9661	I = 2.9661	I = 2.1915	I = 2.5200	= 2.2831			
	100/0	A = -0.6410	A = -0.6490 B = -0.4864	A = -0.6490 B = -0.4864	A = -0.6490 B = -0.4864	A = -0.3146	A = -0.6341	A = -0.5569			
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a			
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a				
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.2316 A = -0.5964	I = 2.9661 A = -0.6490 B = -0.4864	I = 2.9661 A = -0.6490 B = -0.4864	I = 2.9661 A = -0.6490 B = -0.4864	I = 2.0710 A = -0.3106	I = 2.4941 A = -0.6796				
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	CAUTIC No holdo			
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 1.8152 A = -0.5003	I = 4.7113 A = -0.7433 B = -1.8834	I = 4.7113 A = -0.7433 B = -1.8834	I = 4.7113 A = -0.7433 B = -1.8834			time guide exist	lines		
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.8152 A = -0.5003	= 4.7113   A = -0.7433   B = -1.8834	I = 4.7113 A = -0.7433 B = -1.8834	I = 4.7113 A = -0.7433 B = -1.8834						
below -25 to -26 °C (below -13 to - 15°F)	100/0	I = 1.8152 A = -0.5003	I = 4.7113 A = -0.7433 B = -1.8834	I = 4.7113 A = -0.7433 B = -1.8834	I = 4.7113 A = -0.7433 B = -1.8834						

<sup>1</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^{l} R^{A}$ , where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h)

<sup>3</sup> CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	HOTDS Verification Times Under Various Weather Conditions (minutes)  As Calculated from Regression Coefficients												
		Freezing Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals (g/dm²/h)		Snow, Snow Grains or Snow Pellets (g/dm²/h)			Freezing Drizzle (g/dm²/h)		Light Freezing Rain (g/dm²/h)		Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)			
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5		
	100/0	109.0	196.1	52.3	94.9	207.2	69.4	93.7	43.0	65.1	17.3	78.3		
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a				
-8	100/0	65.3	112.7	37.4	67.7	147.9	53.1	71.4	35.0	54.6				
-0	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a				
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	65.3	112.7	29.7	53.9	117.7	53.1	71.4	35.0	54.6				
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a				
-18	100/0	29.2	46.2	16.7	32.9	80.6								
-25	100/0	29.2	46.2	9.5	18.7	45.8								
-26	100/0	29.2	46.2	8.8	17.5	42.8								

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

<sup>2</sup> Regression Equation: t = 10<sup>1</sup> R<sup>A</sup> (2-T)<sup>B</sup>, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

<sup>\*\*</sup> Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

# **TABLE 4-7: AVIAFLUID AVIAFLIGHT EG**

		Regres	sion Coefficie	nts for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Unde	r Various Wea	ther Condition	ns	
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets <sup>2,3</sup>	Freezing	Light	Rain on		
		Mist, or Ice Crystals <sup>1</sup>	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle <sup>1</sup>	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing <sup>1</sup>	Other	
	100/0	I = 2.4936 A = -0.7662	I = 2.5416 A = -0.5966 B = -0.1650	I = 2.5416 A = -0.5966 B = -0.1650	I = 2.5416 A = -0.5966 B = -0.1650	I = 2.5110 A = -0.6263	I = 2.6126 A = -0.8113	I = 2.6633 A = -0.8384		
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		•	
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.5170 A = -0.8812	I = 2.5416 A = -0.5966 B = -0.1650	I = 2.5416 A = -0.5966 B = -0.1650	I = 2.5416 A = -0.5966 B = -0.1650	I = 2.2536 A = -0.4445	I = 2.4418 A = -0.6514			
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	CAUTIC No holdo		
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	= 2.3805 A = -1.1620	= 3.4362 A = -0.7022 B = -0.7851	= 3.4362   A = -0.7022   B = -0.7851	I = 3.4362 A = -0.7022 B = -0.7851		time guidelines exist			
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 2.3805 A = -1.1620	I = 3.4362 A = -0.7022 B = -0.7851	I = 3.4362 A = -0.7022 B = -0.7851	I = 3.4362 A = -0.7022 B = -0.7851					
below -25 to -31 °C (below -13 to -24 °F)	100/0	I = 2.0469 A = -0.7482	I = 1.9668 A = -0.7022 B = 0.0000	I = 1.9668 A = -0.7022 B = 0.0000	I = 1.9668 A = -0.7022 B = 0.0000					

<sup>1</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^1 \, R^A$ , where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h)

<sup>3</sup> CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution		HOTDS Verification Times Under Various Weather Conditions (minutes)  As Calculated from Regression Coefficients												
		Freezing Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals (g/dm²/h)		Snow, Snow Grains or Snow Pellets (g/dm²/h)			Freezing Drizzle (g/dm²/h)		Light Freezing Rain (g/dm²/h)		Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)				
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5			
	100/0	90.8	183.2	39.1	67.6	138.6	65.1	118.4	30.1	51.2	12.3	119.5			
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a			
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a					
-8	100/0	79.6	178.5	34.9	60.3	123.6	57.3	87.7	34.0	52.0					
-0	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a					
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	79.6	178.5	32.3	55.8	114.4	57.3	87.7	34.0	52.0					
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a					
-18	100/0	37.0	107.3	27.1	51.6	120.2									
-25	100/0	37.0	107.3	21.4	40.8	94.9									
-31	100/0	33.4	66.3	9.7	18.4	42.8									

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

<sup>2</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^{l} R^{A} (2-T)^{B}$ , where t = holdover time (minutes),  $R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h) and <math>T = temperature (^{\circ}C)$ 

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star\star}$  Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

# **TABLE 4-8: AVIAFLUID AVIAFLIGHT PG**

	Florid	Regres	sion Coefficie	nts for Calcul	ating Holdove	r Times Unde	r Various Wea	ther Condition	ns		
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets <sup>2,3</sup>	Freezing	Light	Rain on			
. oporataro		Mist, or Ice Crystals <sup>1</sup>	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle <sup>1</sup>	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing <sup>1</sup>	Other		
	100/0	= 2.7578 A = -0.8947	= 3.0863 A = -0.6642 B = -0.6086	I = 3.0863 A = -0.6642 B = -0.6086	I = 3.0863 A = -0.6642 B = -0.6086	I = 2.0792 A = 0.0000	I = 2.8829 A = -0.7432	I = 2.5971 A = -0.6957			
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a			
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a				
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.3529 A = -0.7865	I = 3.0863 A = -0.6642 B = -0.6086	I = 3.0863 A = -0.6642 B = -0.6086	I = 3.0863 A = -0.6642 B = -0.6086	I = 2.9286 A = -1.2431	I = 2.4317 A = -0.5672				
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	CAUTIC No holdo			
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	= 1.7548 A = -0.7332	I = 5.2600 A = -0.6724 B = -2.4320	I = 5.2600 A = -0.6724 B = -2.4320	I = 5.2600 A = -0.6724 B = -2.4320			time guidelines exist			
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.7548 A = -0.7332	I = 5.2600 A = -0.6724 B = -2.4320	I = 5.2600 A = -0.6724 B = -2.4320	I = 5.2600 A = -0.6724 B = -2.4320						
below -25 to -25.5 °C (below -13 to -14 °F)	100/0	= 1.7548 A = -0.7332	I = 5.2600 A = -0.6724 B = -2.4320	I = 5.2600 A = -0.6724 B = -2.4320	I = 5.2600 A = -0.6724 B = -2.4320						

<sup>1</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^1 R^A$ , where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h)

<sup>2</sup> Regression Equation: t = 10 R<sup>A</sup> (2-T)<sup>B</sup>, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

3 CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution		HOTDS Verification Times Under Various Weather Conditions (minutes)  As Calculated from Regression Coefficients												
		Freezing Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals (g/dm²/h)		Snow, Snow Grains or Snow Pellets (g/dm²/h)			Freezing Drizzle (g/dm²/h)		Light Freezing Rain (g/dm²/h)		Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)				
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5			
	100/0	135.7	307.9	54.0	99.2	220.8	120.0	120.0	69.8	113.5	19.6	129.1			
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a			
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a					
-8	100/0	63.6	130.7	35.4	65.1	144.8	35.0	114.7	43.5	63.1					
-0	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a					
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	63.6	130.7	26.6	48.9	108.8	35.0	114.7	43.5	63.1					
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a					
-18	100/0	17.5	34.2	14.3	26.5	59.6									
-25	100/0	17.5	34.2	6.9	12.8	28.7									
-25.5	100/0	17.5	34.2	6.6	12.2	27.5									

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

<sup>\*\*</sup> Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

# **TABLE 4-9: CHEMCO CHEMR EG IV**

	Fluid Dilution	Regres	sion Coefficie	nts for Calcul	ating Holdove	r Times Unde	r Various Wea	ther Condition	ıs
Outside Air Temperature		Freezing Fog, Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets <sup>2,3</sup>	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
		Mist, or Ice Crystals <sup>1</sup>	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle <sup>1</sup>	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing <sup>1</sup>	Other
		= 2.5221	I = 2.8018	I = 2.8018	I = 2.8018	I = 2.5776	I = 2.3603	I = 2.6437	
	100/0	A = -0.6191	A = -0.9158	A = -0.9158	A = -0.9158	A = -0.8305	A = -0.6816	A = -0.8858	
			B = 0.0000	B = 0.0000	B = 0.0000				
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
		I = 2.6566	I = 2.8018	I = 2.8018	I = 2.8018	I = 2.3439	I = 2.3463		
	100/0	A = -1.0376	A = -0.9158	A = -0.9158	A = -0.9158	A = -0.5194	A = -0.5867		
below -3 to -14 °C			B = 0.0000	B = 0.0000	B = 0.0000				
(below 27 to 7 °F)		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
	75/25							CAUTIO No holdo	
h-l 44 h- 40 °C		I = 2.1693	I = 2.3992	I = 2.3992	I = 2.3992			time guide	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	A = -0.8359	A = -0.7726	A = -0.7726	A = -0.7726			exist	
,			B = 0.0000	B = 0.0000	B = 0.0000				
below -18 to -25 °C		I = 2.1693	I = 2.3992	I = 2.3992	I = 2.3992				
(below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	A = -0.8359	A = -0.7726	A = -0.7726	A = -0.7726				
,			B = 0.0000	B = 0.0000	B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -27 °C		I = 2.1693	I = 2.3992	I = 2.3992	I = 2.3992				
(below -13 to -17 °F)	100/0	A = -0.8359	A = -0.7726	A = -0.7726	A = -0.7726				
			B = 0.0000	B = 0.0000	B = 0.0000				

<sup>1</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^1 R^A$ , where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h)

<sup>2</sup> Regression Equation: t = 10 R<sup>A</sup> (2-T)<sup>B</sup>, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

3 CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution		HOTDS Verification Times Under Various Weather Conditions (minutes)  As Calculated from Regression Coefficients												
		Freezing Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals (g/dm²/h)		Snow, Snow Grains or Snow Pellets (g/dm²/h)			Freezing Drizzle (g/dm²/h)		Light Freezing Rain (g/dm²/h)		Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)				
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5			
	100/0	122.8	216.6	33.2	76.9	231.7	44.9	99.3	25.6	39.9	9.6	105.8			
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a			
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a					
-8	100/0	85.4	220.9	33.2	76.9	231.7	58.3	95.7	33.6	49.3					
-0	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a					
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	85.4	220.9	33.2	76.9	231.7	58.3	95.7	33.6	49.3					
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a					
-18	100/0	38.5	82.7	20.9	42.3	107.3									
-25	100/0	38.5	82.7	20.9	42.3	107.3									
-27	100/0	38.5	82.7	20.9	42.3	107.3									

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

<sup>\*\*</sup> Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

# **TABLE 4-10: CHEMCO CHEMR NORDIK IV**

		Regres	sion Coefficie	nts for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Unde	r Various Wea	ther Condition	ns
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing	Snow, Snow	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets <sup>2,3</sup>	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
, opo		Mist, or Ice Crystals <sup>1</sup>	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle <sup>1</sup>	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing <sup>1</sup>	Other
	100/0	I = 2.6325 A = -0.7158	I = 2.7042 A = -0.6856 B = 0.0000	I = 2.7042 A = -0.6856 B = 0.0000	I = 2.7042 A = -0.6856 B = 0.0000	I = 2.6092 A = -0.6398	I = 2.4979 A = -0.5367	I = 2.5308 A = -0.6285	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.6790 A = -0.9206	I = 2.7042 A = -0.6856 B = 0.0000	I = 2.7042 A = -0.6856 B = 0.0000	I = 2.7042 A = -0.6856 B = 0.0000	I = 2.5682 A = -0.6212	I = 2.7893 A = -0.7992		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	= 2.2331 A = -0.9189	I = 4.2171 A = -0.7360 B = -1.1607	I = 4.2171 A = -0.7360 B = -1.1607	I = 4.2171 A = -0.7360 B = -1.1607			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 2.2331 A = -0.9189	I = 4.2171 A = -0.7360 B = -1.1607	I = 4.2171 A = -0.7360 B = -1.1607	I = 4.2171 A = -0.7360 B = -1.1607				
below -25 to -29 °C (below -13 to -20 °F)	100/0	I = 2.2331 A = -0.9189	I = 4.2171 A = -0.7360 B = -1.1607	I = 4.2171 A = -0.7360 B = -1.1607	I = 4.2171 A = -0.7360 B = -1.1607				

<sup>1</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^{l} \, R^{A}$ , where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h)

<sup>3</sup> CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve				Weather (		(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Cı	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		w, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Driz	z <b>zing</b> z <b>zle</b> m²/h)	Freezi	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	on Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	135.6	261.2	55.7	104.4	238.3	78.8	145.2	55.9	79.4	22.5	123.5
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-8	100/0	108.5	252.3	55.7	104.4	238.3	75.2	136.1	47.0	79.3		
-0	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	108.5	252.3	55.7	104.4	238.3	75.2	136.1	47.0	79.3		
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-18	100/0	39.0	90.5	47.7	93.5	226.9						
-25	100/0	39.0	90.5	33.6	66.0	160.2						
-29	100/0	39.0	90.5	28.7	56.2	136.4						

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

<sup>2</sup> Regression Equation: t = 10<sup>t</sup> R<sup>A</sup> (2-T)<sup>B</sup>, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

<sup>\*\*</sup> Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup> Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

# **TABLE 4-11: CLARIANT MAX FLIGHT AVIA**

		Regres	sion Coefficie	nts for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Unde	r Various Wea	ther Condition	ns
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets <sup>2,3</sup>	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
remperature	Bildiloii	Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals <sup>1</sup>	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle <sup>1</sup>	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing <sup>1</sup>	Other
	100/0	I = 2.4864 A = -0.3214	I = 2.8243 A = -0.6182 B = -0.2788	I = 2.8243 A = -0.6182 B = -0.2788	I = 2.8243 A = -0.6182 B = -0.2788	I = 2.5168 A = -0.5284	I = 2.2295 A = -0.3416	I = 2.8870 A = -1.0183	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.6347 A = -0.8798	I = 2.8243 A = -0.6182 B = -0.2788	I = 2.8243 A = -0.6182 B = -0.2788	I = 2.8243 A = -0.6182 B = -0.2788	I = 2.5583 A = -0.6474	I = 2.7838 A = -0.7360		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 2.1916 A = -0.8933	I = 2.2480 A = -0.9120 B = 0.0000	I = 2.1544 A = -0.7565 B = 0.0000	I = 2.3979 A = -1.0000 B = 0.0000			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 2.1916 A = -0.8933	I = 2.2685 A = -1.1070 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2465 A = -1.0704 B = 0.0000	I = 2.3751 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -28.5 °C (below -13 to -19 °F)	100/0	= 2.1916 A = -0.8933	I = 2.1021 A = -1.1696 B = 0.0000	= 2.1466   A = -1.2435   B = 0.0000	I = 2.4160 A = -1.5129 B = 0.0000				

<sup>1</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^1 \, R^A$ , where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h)

<sup>3</sup> CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve				Weather (		(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Ci	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		w, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Freezing Drizzle (g/dm²/h)		Light Freezing Rain (g/dm²/h)		Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)	
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	182.7	245.3	58.2	102.6	216.0	84.8	140.4	56.5	70.6	9.5	149.7
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-8	100/0	104.7	234.3	48.0	84.6	178.1	68.7	127.6	56.9	92.0		
-8	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	104.7	234.3	42.1	74.2	156.2	68.7	127.6	56.9	92.0		
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-18	100/0	36.9	83.7	10.0	25.0	65.0						
-25	100/0	36.9	83.7	5.0	15.0	55.0						
-28.5	100/0	36.9	83.7	2.0	8.0	35.0						

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

<sup>2</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^{l}$  R<sup>A</sup>  $(2-T)^{B}$ , where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate  $(g/dm^{2}/h)$  and T = temperature (°C)

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star\star}$  Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

# **TABLE 4-12: CLARIANT MAX FLIGHT SNEG**

		Regres	sion Coefficie	nts for Calcul	ating Holdove	r Times Unde	r Various Wea	ther Condition	ıs
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets <sup>2,3</sup>	Eroozina	Light	Rain on	
romporataro	Silation	Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals <sup>1</sup>	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Freezing Drizzle <sup>1</sup>	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing¹	Other
	100/0	I = 2.5734 A = -0.5916	I = 2.8863 A = -0.6493 B = -0.3359	I = 2.8863 A = -0.6493 B = -0.3359	I = 2.8863 A = -0.6493 B = -0.3359	I = 2.1201 A = -0.0318	I = 3.1463 A = -1.0213	I = 2.3856 A = -0.6074	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	I = 2.3956 A = -0.0226	I = 2.6974 A = -0.5329 B = -0.3096	I = 2.6974 A = -0.5329 B = -0.3096	I = 2.6974 A = -0.5329 B = -0.3096	I = 2.3595 A = -0.3733	I = 2.1906 A = -0.2633	I = 2.5045 A = -0.7062	
	50/50	= 2.6114 A = -0.9560	I = 2.5982 A = -0.9523 B = 0.0000	I = 2.5982 A = -0.9523 B = 0.0000	I = 2.5982 A = -0.9523 B = 0.0000	= 2.3438 A = -0.7175	= 2.7427 A = -1.1421		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	= 2.5197 A = -1.2481	I = 2.8863 A = -0.6493 B = -0.3359	= 2.8863   A = -0.6493   B = -0.3359	I = 2.8863 A = -0.6493 B = -0.3359	= 2.7003 A = -1.0853	= 2.6961   A = -0.9598		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	I = 2.2989 A = -1.2091	I = 2.6974 A = -0.5329 B = -0.3096	I = 2.6974 A = -0.5329 B = -0.3096	I = 2.6974 A = -0.5329 B = -0.3096	I = 2.5864 A = -1.1239	I = 2.7996 A = -1.0818	CAUTIO No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	= 1.9524 A = -0.8898	I = 2.3257 A = -1.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2682 A = -1.3140 B = 0.0000	I = 2.5957 A = -1.6415 B = 0.0000			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	= 1.9524 A = -0.8898	I = 2.4506 A = -2.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 1.7911 A = -1.3140 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -29 °C (below -13 to -20 °F)	100/0	= 1.9524 A = -0.8898	I = 1.5915 A = -1.2398 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6682 A = -1.3672 B = 0.0000	I = 6.0834 A = -5.7824 B = 0.0000				

<sup>1</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^1 \, \text{R}^A$ , where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h)

<sup>3</sup> CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Ci	reezing Fog, ezing Mist, or Ice Crystals (g/dm²/h)  Snow, Snow Grains or Snow Pellets (g/dm²/h)		Freezing Drizzle (g/dm²/h)		Freezi	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Rain on Col Soaked Wir (g/dm²/h)			
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	144.5	248.5	55.4	100.5	219.6	121.5	125.3	52.3	102.0	17.6	91.4
+1 / -3 **	75/25	239.8	244.8	54.5	88.7	168.6	87.8	125.5	66.5	78.9	15.1	102.5
	50/50	87.7	210.7	18.5	44.2	139.3	35.0	69.5	14.0	29.5		
-8	100/0	44.4	139.3	43.9	79.6	174.0	31.0	87.4	22.6	42.4		
-0	75/25	28.4	86.1	43.9	71.6	136.0	21.6	63.2	19.4	39.3		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	44.4	139.3	37.5	68.0	148.6	31.0	87.4	22.6	42.4		
-10 / -14	75/25	28.4	86.1	38.0	61.9	117.6	21.6	63.2	19.4	39.3		
-18	100/0	21.4	48.4	2.0	9.0	45.0						
-25	100/0	21.4	48.4	1.0	3.0	20.0						
-29	100/0	21.4	48.4	0.0	2.0	10.0						

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

<sup>2</sup> Regression Equation: t = 10<sup>1</sup> R<sup>A</sup> (2-T)<sup>B</sup>, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

<sup>\*\*</sup> Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup> Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

# **TABLE 4-13: CLARIANT SAFEWING EG IV NORTH**

		Regres	ssion Coefficie	nts for Calcul	ating Holdove	r Times Unde	r Various Wea	ther Condition	ns
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets <sup>2,3</sup>	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
remperature	Bilditoli	Mist, or Ice Crystals <sup>1</sup>	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle <sup>1</sup>	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing <sup>1</sup>	Other
		= 2.5514	= 2.7261	= 2.7261	= 2.7261	I = 2.4593	I = 2.0514	I = 2.7876	
	100/0	A = -0.5862	A = -0.6800 B = -0.0814	A = -0.6800 B = -0.0814	A = -0.6800 B = -0.0814	A = -0.4518	A = -0.2650	A = -0.9859	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
		I = 2.6521	I = 2.7261	I = 2.7261	I = 2.7261	I = 2.4417	I = 2.7481		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	A = -0.9130	A = -0.6800 B = -0.0814	A = -0.6800 B = -0.0814	A = -0.6800 B = -0.0814	A = -0.5677	A = -0.7299		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 2.1343 A = -0.7329	I = 2.2480 A = -0.9120 B = 0.0000	I = 2.1544 A = -0.7565 B = 0.0000	I = 2.3979 A = -1.0000 B = 0.0000			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 2.1343 A = -0.7329	I = 2.2685 A = -1.1070 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2465 A = -1.0704 B = 0.0000	I = 2.3751 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -30 °C (below -13 to -22 °F)	100/0	I = 2.1343 A = -0.7329	I = 2.1021 A = -1.1696 B = 0.0000	I = 2.1466 A = -1.2435 B = 0.0000	I = 2.4160 A = -1.5129 B = 0.0000				

<sup>1</sup> Regression Equation: t = 10<sup>l</sup> R<sup>A</sup>, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h)

<sup>2</sup> Regression Equation: t = 10<sup>1</sup> R<sup>A</sup> (2-T)<sup>8</sup>, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

3 CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve				Weather (		(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Cı	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		v, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Driz	zzing zzle m²/h)	Freezii	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	on Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	138.6	237.1	52.3	97.5	221.2	90.4	139.2	48.0	57.0	8.7	125.5
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-8	100/0	103.3	238.4	49.4	92.2	209.1	64.5	110.9	53.4	86.1		
-6	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	103.3	238.4	47.6	88.7	201.2	64.5	110.9	53.4	86.1		
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-18	100/0	41.9	82.0	10.0	25.0	65.0						
-25	100/0	41.9	82.0	5.0	15.0	55.0						
-30	100/0	41.9	82.0	2.0	8.0	35.0						

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

<sup>\*\*</sup> Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup> Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

# **TABLE 4-14: CLARIANT SAFEWING MP IV LAUNCH**

		Regres	ssion Coefficie	nts for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Under	Various Wea	ther Condition	ns
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets <sup>2,3</sup>	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
		Mist, or Ice Crystals <sup>1</sup>	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle¹	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing <sup>1</sup>	Other
	100/0	I = 2.3942 A = 0.0152	I = 2.7218 A = -0.5330 B = -0.2408	I = 2.7218 A = -0.5330 B = -0.2408	I = 2.7218 A = -0.5330 B = -0.2408	I = 2.7789 A = -0.7426	I = 2.9492 A = -0.8489	I = 2.5170 A = -0.7291	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	I = 2.4388 A = -0.1431	I = 2.7841 A = -0.6180 B = -0.2044	I = 2.7841 A = -0.6180 B = -0.2044	I = 2.7841 A = -0.6180 B = -0.2044	I = 2.7945 A = -0.7101	I = 2.7548 A = -0.7917	I = 2.6192 A = -0.8499	
	50/50	I = 2.4323 A = -0.7333	I = 2.3978 A = -0.6703 B = -0.1021	I = 2.3978 A = -0.6703 B = -0.1021	I = 2.3978 A = -0.6703 B = -0.1021	I = 2.0818 A = -0.5727	I = 1.7686 A = -0.3607		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.2823 A = -0.7333	I = 2.7218 A = -0.5330 B = -0.2408	I = 2.7218 A = -0.5330 B = -0.2408	I = 2.7218 A = -0.5330 B = -0.2408	I = 2.7424 A = -1.0767	I = 2.6379 A = -0.8846		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	I = 2.1203 A = -0.7220	I = 2.7841 A = -0.6180 B = -0.2044	I = 2.7841 A = -0.6180 B = -0.2044	I = 2.7841 A = -0.6180 B = -0.2044	I = 2.6204 A = -1.0940	I = 2.4901 A = -0.7708	CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 1.8894 A = -0.6349	I = 6.5565 A = -1.3090 B = -2.9993	I = 6.5565 A = -1.3090 B = -2.9993	I = 6.5565 A = -1.3090 B = -2.9993			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.8894 A = -0.6349	I = 6.5565 A = -1.3090 B = -2.9993	I = 6.5565 A = -1.3090 B = -2.9993	I = 6.5565 A = -1.3090 B = -2.9993				
below -25 to -28.5 °C (below -13 to -19 °F)	100/0	I = 1.8894 A = -0.6349	I = 6.5565 A = -1.3090 B = -2.9993	I = 6.5565 A = -1.3090 B = -2.9993	I = 6.5565 A = -1.3090 B = -2.9993				

<sup>1</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^{1} \, R^A$ , where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h)

<sup>3</sup> CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Ci	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		w, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Driz	z <b>zing</b> z <b>zle</b> m²/h)	Light Freezing Rain (g/dm²/h)		Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)	
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	254.0	250.5	64.3	104.8	199.2	89.5	181.9	57.9	100.8	14.1	101.7
+1 / -3 **	75/25	218.2	248.7	59.9	105.5	222.0	100.8	198.7	44.5	74.6	10.6	106.0
	50/50	83.1	162.8	24.5	45.3	101.5	27.8	48.0	18.4	23.3		
-8	100/0	58.8	115.2	54.4	88.7	168.5	34.9	97.7	25.2	44.9		
-0	75/25	41.3	80.0	52.0	91.6	192.7	25.2	71.7	25.9	42.8		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	58.8	115.2	48.6	79.2	150.5	34.9	97.7	25.2	44.9		
-10 / -14	75/25	41.3	80.0	47.2	83.2	175.0	25.2	71.7	25.9	42.8		
-18	100/0	27.9	49.9	6.7	22.1	107.1						
-25	100/0	27.9	49.9	2.7	9.0	43.5						
-28.5	100/0	27.9	49.9	1.9	6.2	30.2						

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

<sup>2</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^{1} R^{A} (2-T)^{B}$ , where t = holdover time (minutes),  $R = \text{precipitation rate (g/dm}^{2}/h)$  and T = temperature (°C)

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star\star}$  Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

# **TABLE 4-15: CLARIANT SAFEWING MP IV LAUNCH PLUS**

		Regres	sion Coefficie	nts for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Unde	r Various Wea	ther Condition	ns
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing	Snow, Snow	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets <sup>2,3</sup>	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
		Mist, or Ice Crystals <sup>1</sup>	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle <sup>1</sup>	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing <sup>1</sup>	Other
	100/0	I = 2.3920 A = -0.0283	I = 3.2161 A = -0.8902 B = -0.3284	I = 3.2161 A = -0.8902 B = -0.3284	I = 3.2161 A = -0.8902 B = -0.3284	I = 2.1074 A = -0.0294	I = 3.1822 A = -0.9927	I = 2.5435 A = -0.6674	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	I = 2.3948 A = -0.0330	I = 3.2776 A = -0.9501 B = -0.3856	I = 3.2776 A = -0.9501 B = -0.3856	I = 3.2776 A = -0.9501 B = -0.3856	I = 2.0839 A = -0.0124	I = 2.0297 A = -0.0872	I = 2.4962 A = -0.6485	
	50/50	= 2.1682 A = -0.4153	I = 2.6868 A = -0.8488 B = -0.2819	I = 2.6868 A = -0.8488 B = -0.2819	I = 2.6868 A = -0.8488 B = -0.2819	= 2.4651 A = -0.9953	I = 1.8233 A = -0.4948		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.4166 A = -0.9721	I = 3.2161 A = -0.8902 B = -0.3284	I = 3.2161 A = -0.8902 B = -0.3284	I = 3.2161 A = -0.8902 B = -0.3284	I = 2.8810 A = -1.3058	I = 2.2126 A = -0.5630		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	I = 2.4251 A = -1.1486	I = 3.2776 A = -0.9501 B = -0.3856	I = 3.2776 A = -0.9501 B = -0.3856	I = 3.2776 A = -0.9501 B = -0.3856	I = 2.5583 A = -1.0902	I = 2.1385 A = -0.5738	CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	= 1.9339 A = -0.8158	= 6.5722 A = -1.2696 B = -3.0196	= 6.5722 A = -1.2696 B = -3.0196	= 6.5722 A = -1.2696 B = -3.0196			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9339 A = -0.8158	I = 6.5722 A = -1.2696 B = -3.0196	I = 6.5722 A = -1.2696 B = -3.0196	I = 6.5722 A = -1.2696 B = -3.0196				
below -25 to -29 °C (below -13 to -20 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9339 A = -0.8158	I = 6.5722 A = -1.2696 B = -3.0196	I = 6.5722 A = -1.2696 B = -3.0196	I = 6.5722 A = -1.2696 B = -3.0196				

<sup>1</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^1 \, R^A$ , where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h)

<sup>3</sup> CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Cr	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		w, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Freezing Drizzle (g/dm²/h)		Light Freezing Rain (g/dm²/h)		Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)	
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	235.6	241.8	55.2	124.8	364.6	118.8	122.1	62.3	119.2	19.6	119.4
+1 / -3 **	75/25	235.4	242.6	47.9	114.3	358.7	117.5	118.9	80.9	85.6	19.1	110.4
	50/50	75.5	110.5	20.1	43.7	121.6	22.7	58.8	13.5	18.7		
-8	100/0	54.6	133.0	44.0	99.4	290.4	26.7	93.0	26.6	38.5		
-0	75/25	41.9	120.0	36.6	87.5	274.6	22.1	62.6	21.7	31.6		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	54.6	133.0	37.7	85.2	248.8	26.7	93.0	26.6	38.5		
-10 / -14	75/25	41.9	120.0	30.6	73.0	229.1	22.1	62.6	21.7	31.6		
-18	100/0	23.1	48.8	7.4	23.7	109.1						
-25	100/0	23.1	48.8	3.0	9.6	44.1						
-29	100/0	23.1	48.8	2.0	6.3	29.0						

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

<sup>2</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^{l}$  R<sup>A</sup>  $(2-T)^{B}$ , where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate  $(g/dm^{2}/h)$  and T = temperature (°C)

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star\star}$  Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

# **TABLE 4-16: CRYOTECH POLAR GUARD® ADVANCE**

		Regres	sion Coefficie	nts for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Unde	r Various Wea	ther Condition	ns
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing	Snow, Snow	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets <sup>2,3</sup>	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
romporataro	2 ii a ii o ii	Mist, or Ice Crystals <sup>1</sup>	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle <sup>1</sup>	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing <sup>1</sup>	Other
	100/0	I = 2.5794 A = -0.5025	I = 2.9600 A = -0.5988 B = -0.4378	I = 2.9600 A = -0.5988 B = -0.4378	I = 2.9600 A = -0.5988 B = -0.4378	I = 2.2682 A = -0.2524	I = 2.2584 A = -0.2806	I = 2.6661 A = -0.7999	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	I = 2.5776 A = -0.5705	I = 2.9905 A = -0.8191 B = -0.3466	I = 2.9905 A = -0.8191 B = -0.3466	I = 2.9905 A = -0.8191 B = -0.3466	I = 2.2204 A = -0.1898	I = 2.8328 A = -0.8896	I = 2.6248 A = -0.8807	
	50/50	= 2.1254 A = -0.6271	I = 2.8810 A = -1.0631 B = -0.5673	I = 2.8810 A = -1.0631 B = -0.5673	I = 2.8810 A = -1.0631 B = -0.5673	= 2.2943 A = -0.9086	I = 2.3695 A = -0.9996		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.5101 A = -1.1145	I = 2.9600 A = -0.5988 B = -0.4378	I = 2.9600 A = -0.5988 B = -0.4378	I = 2.9600 A = -0.5988 B = -0.4378	I = 2.7077 A = -1.0390	I = 2.0801 A = -0.3886		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	I = 2.2594 A = -0.9785	I = 2.9905 A = -0.8191 B = -0.3466	I = 2.9905 A = -0.8191 B = -0.3466	I = 2.9905 A = -0.8191 B = -0.3466	I = 2.4495 A = -0.9076	I = 2.0483 A = -0.3597	CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	= 1.9253 A = -0.6979	= 6.4718 A = -1.1603 B = -2.9134	= 6.4718 A = -1.1603 B = -2.9134	I = 6.4718 A = -1.1603 B = -2.9134			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9253 A = -0.6979	I = 6.4718 A = -1.1603 B = -2.9134	I = 6.4718 A = -1.1603 B = -2.9134	I = 6.4718 A = -1.1603 B = -2.9134				
below -25 to -30.5 °C (below -13 to -23 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9253 A = -0.6979	I = 2.0544 A = -1.1592 B = 0.0000	I = 2.0544 A = -1.1592 B = 0.0000	I = 2.0544 A = -1.1592 B = 0.0000				

<sup>1</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^1 \, R^A$ , where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h)

<sup>3</sup> CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Ci	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		w, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Freezing Drizzle (g/dm²/h)		Light Freezing Rain (g/dm²/h)		Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)	
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	169.1	268.0	65.6	113.6	233.5	97.1	123.5	73.5	88.3	14.7	127.9
+1 / -3 **	75/25	151.0	254.6	40.1	84.9	227.7	102.1	122.4	38.8	69.5	9.4	102.1
	50/50	48.6	86.4	10.0	26.4	94.9	19.2	45.6	9.4	18.0		
-8	100/0	53.8	149.5	48.4	83.8	172.4	35.5	95.8	34.4	44.4		
-0	75/25	37.6	92.2	31.5	66.8	179.1	27.4	65.3	35.1	44.4		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	53.8	149.5	39.4	68.2	140.3	35.5	95.8	34.4	44.4		
-10 / -14	75/25	37.6	92.2	26.8	56.8	152.2	27.4	65.3	35.1	44.4		
-18	100/0	27.4	51.9	11.5	33.2	134.2						
-25	100/0	27.4	51.9	4.8	13.8	56.0						
-30.5	100/0	27.4	51.9	2.7	7.9	31.7						

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

<sup>2</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^{l} R^{A} (2-T)^{B}$ , where t = holdover time (minutes),  $R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h) and <math>T = temperature (^{\circ}C)$ 

<sup>\*\*</sup> Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

# **TABLE 4-17: CRYOTECH POLAR GUARD® XTEND**

		Regres	sion Coefficie	nts for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Unde	r Various Wea	ther Condition	ıs
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets <sup>2,3</sup>	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
. oporataro		Mist, or Ice Crystals <sup>1</sup>	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle <sup>1</sup>	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing <sup>1</sup>	Other
	100/0	I = 2.5325 A = -0.5036	I = 2.9681 A = -0.6559 B = -0.3399	I = 2.9681 A = -0.6559 B = -0.3399	I = 2.9681 A = -0.6559 B = -0.3399	I = 2.0792 A = 0.0000	I = 3.0299 A = -0.8932	I = 2.4479 A = -0.6234	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.2661 A = -0.7204	I = 2.9681 A = -0.6559 B = -0.3399	I = 2.9681 A = -0.6559 B = -0.3399	I = 2.9681 A = -0.6559 B = -0.3399	I = 2.7919 A = -1.1481	I = 1.9558 A = -0.1963		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	CAUTIC No holdd	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	= 1.7603 A = -0.5578	I = 6.6792 A = -0.8166 B = -3.2905	= 6.6792 A = -0.8166 B = -3.2905	I = 6.6792 A = -0.8166 B = -3.2905			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.7603 A = -0.5578	I = 6.6792 A = -0.8166 B = -3.2905	I = 6.6792 A = -0.8166 B = -3.2905	I = 6.6792 A = -0.8166 B = -3.2905				
below -25 to -29 °C (below -13 to -20 °F)	100/0	I = 1.7603 A = -0.5578	I = 6.6792 A = -0.8166 B = -3.2905	I = 6.6792 A = -0.8166 B = -3.2905	I = 6.6792 A = -0.8166 B = -3.2905				

<sup>1</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^1 \, \text{R}^A$ , where t = holdover time (minutes) and  $R = \text{precipitation rate (g/dm}^2/h)$ 

<sup>3</sup> CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Cr	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		v, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Freezing Drizzle (g/dm²/h)		Light Freezing Rain (g/dm²/h)		Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)	
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	151.5	240.4	65.1	118.7	261.6	120.0	120.0	60.4	108.4	19.0	102.8
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-8	100/0	57.9	112.0	51.4	93.8	206.7	32.6	97.6	48.0	54.6		
-8	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	57.9	112.0	43.8	80.0	176.1	32.6	97.6	48.0	54.6		
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-18	100/0	23.5	39.1	18.1	38.2	102.0						
-25	100/0	23.5	39.1	6.7	14.2	38.0						
-29	100/0	23.5	39.1	4.3	9.0	24.1						

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

<sup>2</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^{l}$  R<sup>A</sup>  $(2-T)^{B}$ , where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h) and T = temperature (°C)

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star\star}$  Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

# TABLE 4-18: DOW CHEMICAL UCAR ENDURANCE™ EG106

		Regres	sion Coefficie	nts for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Unde	r Various Wea	ther Condition	ns
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets <sup>2,3</sup>	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
		Mist, or Ice Crystals <sup>1</sup>	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle <sup>1</sup>	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing <sup>1</sup>	Other
	100/0	I = 2.4198 A = -0.4664	I = 2.8358 A = -0.7951 B = -0.1996	I = 2.8358 A = -0.7951 B = -0.1996	I = 2.8358 A = -0.7951 B = -0.1996	I = 2.4460 A = -0.5295	I = 2.5011 A = -0.5672	I = 2.5903 A = -0.7102	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.4942 A = -0.6588	I = 2.8358 A = -0.7951 B = -0.1996	I = 2.8358 A = -0.7951 B = -0.1996	I = 2.8358 A = -0.7951 B = -0.1996	I = 2.5065 A = -0.6779	I = 2.6525 A = -0.7145		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	= 2.0589 A = -0.7941	I = 3.3185 A = -0.8385 B = -0.6048	I = 3.3185 A = -0.8385 B = -0.6048	I = 3.3185 A = -0.8385 B = -0.6048			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 2.0589 A = -0.7941	I = 3.3185 A = -0.8385 B = -0.6048	I = 3.3185 A = -0.8385 B = -0.6048	I = 3.3185 A = -0.8385 B = -0.6048				
below -25 to -29 °C (below -13 to -20 °F)	100/0	I = 2.0589 A = -0.7941	I = 3.3185 A = -0.8385 B = -0.6048	I = 3.3185 A = -0.8385 B = -0.6048	I = 3.3185 A = -0.8385 B = -0.6048				

<sup>1</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^1 \, R^A$ , where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h)

<sup>3</sup> CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve				Weather (		(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Ci	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		w, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Freezing Drizzle (g/dm²/h)		Light Freezing Rain (g/dm²/h)		Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)	
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	124.1	190.3	38.4	79.6	207.5	71.8	119.1	51.1	74.0	18.1	124.1
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-8	100/0	108.1	197.6	33.5	69.4	180.7	56.4	107.8	45.0	71.9		
-0	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	108.1	197.6	30.5	63.1	164.5	56.4	107.8	45.0	71.9		
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-18	100/0	31.9	66.0	22.9	49.3	135.4						
-25	100/0	31.9	66.0	19.1	41.1	112.9						
-29	100/0	31.9	66.0	17.6	37.8	103.9						

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

<sup>2</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^{l} R^{A} (2-T)^{B}$ , where t = holdover time (minutes),  $R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h) and <math>T = temperature (^{\circ}C)$ 

<sup>\*\*</sup> Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

# TABLE 4-19: DOW CHEMICAL UCAR™ FLIGHTGUARD™ AD-49

		Regres	sion Coefficie	nts for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Unde	r Various Wea	ther Condition	ns
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing	Snow, Snow	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets <sup>2,3</sup>	Fin	Light	Rain on	
romporataro	Silation	Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals <sup>1</sup>	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Freezing Drizzle <sup>1</sup>	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing <sup>1</sup>	Other
	100/0	I = 2.4713 A = -0.2370	I = 3.0052 A = -0.7148 B = -0.3380	I = 3.0052 A = -0.7148 B = -0.3380	I = 3.0052 A = -0.7148 B = -0.3380	I = 2.3729 A = -0.3927	I = 2.4943 A = -0.5000	I = 2.6531 A = -0.8558	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		•
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.5177 A = -1.7715	I = 3.0052 A = -0.7148 B = -0.3380	I = 3.0052 A = -0.7148 B = -0.3380	I = 3.0052 A = -0.7148 B = -0.3380	I = 2.8172 A = -1.2681	I = 1.9828 A = -0.5016		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 1.7838 A = -0.5976	I = 2.3257 A = -1.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2682 A = -1.3140 B = 0.0000	I = 2.5957 A = -1.6415 B = 0.0000			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.7838 A = -0.5976	I = 2.4506 A = -2.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 1.7911 A = -1.3140 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -26 °C (below -13 to -15 °F)	100/0	I = 1.7838 A = -0.5976	I = 1.5915 A = -1.2398 B = 0.0000	= 1.6682 A = -1.3672 B = 0.0000	I = 6.0834 A = -5.7824 B = 0.0000				

<sup>1</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^1 R^A$ , where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h)

<sup>3</sup> CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Ci	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		w, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Driz	zzing zzle m²/h)	Light Freezing Rain (g/dm²/h)		Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)	
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	202.1	251.2	58.8	113.3	267.9	86.2	125.4	62.4	86.6	11.2	113.5
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-8	100/0	19.0	96.5	46.6	89.6	211.9	25.4	85.3	19.1	26.5		
-0	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	19.0	96.5	39.7	76.5	180.8	25.4	85.3	19.1	26.5		
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-18	100/0	23.2	40.2	2.0	9.0	45.0						
-25	100/0	23.2	40.2	1.0	3.0	20.0						
-26	100/0	23.2	40.2	0.0	2.0	10.0						

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

<sup>2</sup> Regression Equation: t = 10<sup>1</sup> R<sup>A</sup> (2-T)<sup>B</sup>, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

<sup>\*\*</sup> Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

# **TABLE 4-20: INLAND TECHNOLOGIES ECO-SHIELD®**

		Regres	ssion Coefficie	ents for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Unde	r Various Wea	ther Condition	ns
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets <sup>2,3</sup>	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
		Mist, or Ice Crystals <sup>1</sup>	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle <sup>1</sup>	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing <sup>1</sup>	Other
	100/0	I = 2.4628 A = -0.8425	I = 2.6693 A = -0.6224 B = -0.2015	I = 2.6693 A = -0.6224 B = -0.2015	I = 2.6693 A = -0.6224 B = -0.2015	I = 2.5329 A = -0.8434	I = 1.8305 A = -0.1843	I = 2.4740 A = -0.7236	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.4493 A = -0.8541	I = 2.6693 A = -0.6224 B = -0.2015	I = 2.6693 A = -0.6224 B = -0.2015	I = 2.6693 A = -0.6224 B = -0.2015	I = 2.3150 A = -0.5411	I = 1.9809 A = -0.3441		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9894 A = -0.6913	I = 2.3257 A = -1.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2682 A = -1.3140 B = 0.0000	I = 2.5957 A = -1.6415 B = 0.0000			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9894 A = -0.6913	I = 2.4506 A = -2.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 1.7911 A = -1.3140 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -25.5 °C (below -13 to -14 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9894 A = -0.6913	I = 1.5915 A = -1.2398 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6682 A = -1.3672 B = 0.0000	I = 6.0834 A = -5.7824 B = 0.0000				

<sup>1</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^1 \, R^A$ , where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h)

<sup>3</sup> CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Ci	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		w, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Freezing Drizzle (g/dm²/h)		Light Freezing Rain (g/dm²/h)		Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)	
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	74.8	161.9	45.5	80.5	170.4	39.2	87.8	37.4	42.2	13.1	92.9
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-8	100/0	71.2	155.7	39.6	70.0	148.2	51.6	86.5	31.6	39.6		
-0	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	71.2	155.7	36.0	63.7	134.8	51.6	86.5	31.6	39.6		
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-18	100/0	32.1	60.4	2.0	9.0	45.0						
-25	100/0	32.1	60.4	1.0	3.0	20.0						
-25.5	100/0	32.1	60.4	0.0	2.0	10.0						

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

<sup>2</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^{l}$  R<sup>A</sup>  $(2-T)^{B}$ , where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate  $(g/dm^{2}/h)$  and T = temperature (°C)

<sup>\*\*</sup> Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

# **TABLE 4-21: JSC RCP NORDIX DEFROST ECO 4**

		Regres	sion Coefficie	ents for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Unde	r Various Wea	ther Condition	ns
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets <sup>2,3</sup>	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
remperature	Bilditoli	Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals <sup>1</sup>	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle <sup>1</sup>	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing <sup>1</sup>	Other
	100/0	I = 2.4080 A = -0.6597	I = 2.7595 A = -0.7621 B = -0.1757	I = 2.7595 A = -0.7621 B = -0.1757	I = 2.7595 A = -0.7621 B = -0.1757	I = 2.1497 A = -0.2970	I = 2.5972 A = -0.7187	I = 2.2932 A = -0.6241	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.5248 A = -1.1145	I = 2.7595 A = -0.7621 B = -0.1757	I = 2.7595 A = -0.7621 B = -0.1757	I = 2.7595 A = -0.7621 B = -0.1757	I = 2.2310 A = -0.4646	I = 2.2288 A = -0.4780		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	CAUTIC No holdd	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	= 1.8711 A = -0.5814	I = 2.3257 A = -1.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2682 A = -1.3140 B = 0.0000	I = 2.5957 A = -1.6415 B = 0.0000			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.8711 A = -0.5814	I = 2.4506 A = -2.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 1.7911 A = -1.3140 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -25.5 °C (below -13 to -14 °F)	100/0	= 1.8711 A = -0.5814	= 1.5915 A = -1.2398 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6682 A = -1.3672 B = 0.0000	I = 6.0834 A = -5.7824 B = 0.0000				

<sup>1</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^1 \, R^A$ , where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h)

<sup>3</sup> CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Ci	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		w, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Freezing Drizzle (g/dm²/h)		Light Freezing Rain (g/dm²/h)		Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)	
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	88.5	162.0	37.3	74.9	187.5	65.9	87.5	39.1	62.6	13.3	71.9
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-8	100/0	55.7	154.6	33.0	66.3	166.0	51.7	80.6	36.4	49.7		
-0	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	55.7	154.6	30.4	61.1	152.9	51.7	80.6	36.4	49.7		
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-18	100/0	29.2	49.7	2.0	9.0	45.0						
-25	100/0	29.2	49.7	1.0	3.0	20.0						
-25.5	100/0	29.2	49.7	0.0	2.0	10.0						

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

<sup>2</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^{l}$  R<sup>A</sup>  $(2-T)^{B}$ , where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate  $(g/dm^{2}/h)$  and T = temperature (°C)

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star\star}$  Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

# **TABLE 4-22: JSC RCP NORDIX DEFROST NORTH 4**

		Regres	sion Coefficie	nts for Calcul	ating Holdove	r Times Unde	r Various Wea	ther Condition	18
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets <sup>2,3</sup>	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
. oporataro		Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals <sup>1</sup>	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle <sup>1</sup>	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing <sup>1</sup>	Other
		I = 2.6515	I = 2.7447	I = 2.7447	I = 2.7447	I = 2.6377	I = 2.4403	I = 2.7110	
	100/0	A = -0.7575	A = -0.8267 B = 0.0000	A = -0.8267 B = 0.0000	A = -0.8267 B = 0.0000	A = -0.7492	A = -0.6778	A = -0.9348	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	= 2.6157  A = -0.5906	= 2.7447 A = -0.8267 B = 0.0000	I = 2.7447 A = -0.8267 B = 0.0000	I = 2.7447 A = -0.8267 B = 0.0000	= 2.6041   A = -0.7058	= 2.5954 A = -0.7285		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	= 2.3727 A = -1.0450	I = 2.2480 A = -0.9120 B = 0.0000	I = 2.1544 A = -0.7565 B = 0.0000	I = 2.3979 A = -1.0000 B = 0.0000			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 2.3727 A = -1.0450	I = 2.2685 A = -1.1070 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2465 A = -1.0704 B = 0.0000	I = 2.3751 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -26 °C (below -13 to -15 °F)	100/0	I = 2.3727 A = -1.0450	I = 2.1021 A = -1.1696 B = 0.0000	I = 2.1466 A = -1.2435 B = 0.0000	I = 2.4160 A = -1.5129 B = 0.0000				

<sup>1</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^1 R^A$ , where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h)

<sup>2</sup> Regression Equation: t = 10 R<sup>A</sup> (2-T)<sup>B</sup>, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h) and T = temperature (°C)

3 CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve				Weather (		(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Cı	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		v, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Dri	ezing zzle m²/h)	Freezi	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	on Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	132.4	265.1	38.8	82.8	224.0	63.6	130.0	31.1	48.4	9.1	114.2
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-8	100/0	159.5	274.1	38.8	82.8	224.0	65.7	129.1	37.8	60.8		
-6	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	159.5	274.1	38.8	82.8	224.0	65.7	129.1	37.8	60.8		
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-18	100/0	43.9	114.3	10.0	25.0	65.0						
-25	100/0	43.9	114.3	5.0	15.0	55.0						
-26	100/0	43.9	114.3	2.0	8.0	35.0						

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

<sup>\*\*</sup> Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

# **TABLE 4-23: KILFROST ABC-S PLUS**

		Regres	sion Coefficie	ents for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Unde	r Various Wea	ther Condition	ns
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets <sup>2,3</sup>		Light	Rain on	
remperature	Bilduoii	Fog, Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals <sup>1</sup>	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Freezing Drizzle <sup>1</sup>	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing <sup>1</sup>	Other
	100/0	I = 2.5882 A = -0.6773	I = 2.7997 A = -0.5886 B = -0.1639	I = 2.7997 A = -0.5886 B = -0.1639	I = 2.7997 A = -0.5886 B = -0.1639	I = 2.1349 A = -0.0810	I = 3.2080 A = -1.0102	= 2.5437 A = -0.6337	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	I = 2.4204 A = -0.6975	I = 2.5586 A = -0.5815 B = -0.1638	I = 2.5586 A = -0.5815 B = -0.1638	I = 2.5586 A = -0.5815 B = -0.1638	I = 2.1108 A = -0.2951	I = 2.5019 A = -0.7097	I = 2.4230 A = -0.7288	
	50/50	I = 1.8988 A = -0.5888	I = 2.1742 A = -0.6668 B = 0.0000	I = 2.1742 A = -0.6668 B = 0.0000	I = 2.1742 A = -0.6668 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2203 A = -0.8993	I = 1.7490 A = -0.4516		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	= 2.7468 A = -1.4224	I = 2.7997 A = -0.5886 B = -0.1639	I = 2.7997 A = -0.5886 B = -0.1639	I = 2.7997 A = -0.5886 B = -0.1639	= 2.9992 A = -1.4676	I = 2.3542 A = -0.7931		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	= 2.3554 A = -1.0359	I = 2.5586 A = -0.5815 B = -0.1638	= 2.5586   A = -0.5815   B = -0.1638	I = 2.5586 A = -0.5815 B = -0.1638	= 2.8273 A = -1.3891	= 2.1553 A = -0.6538	CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9370 A = -0.5185	I = 2.3257 A = -1.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 2.2682 A = -1.3140 B = 0.0000	I = 2.5957 A = -1.6415 B = 0.0000			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9370 A = -0.5185	I = 2.4506 A = -2.4094 B = 0.0000	I = 1.7911 A = -1.3140 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6761 A = -1.1990 B = 0.0000				
below -25 to -28 °C (below -13 to -18 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9370 A = -0.5185	I = 1.5915 A = -1.2398 B = 0.0000	I = 1.6682 A = -1.3672 B = 0.0000	I = 6.0834 A = -5.7824 B = 0.0000				

<sup>1</sup> Regression Equation: t = 10<sup>l</sup> R<sup>A</sup>, where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm²/h)

<sup>2</sup> Regression Equation: t = 10<sup>1</sup> R<sup>A</sup> (2-T)<sup>B</sup>, where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h) and T = temperature (°C)

3 CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Cı	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		v, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Driz	z <b>zing</b> zzle m²/h)	Freezi	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Soake	on Cold d Wing m²/h)
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	130.3	242.3	72.8	124.9	253.7	110.8	119.8	62.5	121.0	22.7	126.1
+1 / -3 **	75/25	85.7	162.3	42.8	72.9	146.8	60.5	80.3	32.3	51.4	11.4	82.0
	50/50	30.7	52.7	17.5	32.2	71.8	16.5	39.1	13.1	17.6		
-8	100/0	56.6	208.3	65.0	111.5	226.4	23.1	94.1	17.6	29.6		
-0	75/25	42.8	110.6	38.2	65.1	131.0	19.1	71.8	17.4	26.7		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	56.6	208.3	60.2	103.2	209.7	23.1	94.1	17.6	29.6		
-10 / -14	75/25	42.8	110.6	35.4	60.2	121.3	19.1	71.8	17.4	26.7		
-18	100/0	37.5	60.4	2.0	9.0	45.0						
-25	100/0	37.5	60.4	1.0	3.0	20.0						
-28	100/0	37.5	60.4	0.0	2.0	10.0						

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow \*\* Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup> Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

# **TABLE 4-24: NEWAVE AEROCHEMICAL FCY 9311**

		Regres	sion Coefficie	nts for Calcula	ating Holdove	r Times Unde	r Various Wea	ther Condition	ns
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing	Snow, Snow	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets <sup>2,3</sup>	Freezing	Light	Rain on	
Тотрогили		Mist, or Ice Crystals <sup>1</sup>	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle <sup>1</sup>	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing <sup>1</sup>	Other
	100/0	I = 2.6186 A = -0.7874	I = 2.8340 A = -0.7480 B = -0.3361	I = 2.8340 A = -0.7480 B = -0.3361	I = 2.8340 A = -0.7480 B = -0.3361	I = 2.5218 A = -0.6026	I = 2.7035 A = -0.8019	I = 2.4128 A = -0.6988	
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
below -3 to -14 °C	100/0	I = 2.4840 A = -1.3099	I = 2.8340 A = -0.7480 B = -0.3361	I = 2.8340 A = -0.7480 B = -0.3361	I = 2.8340 A = -0.7480 B = -0.3361	I = 2.4894 A = -0.8313	I = 2.3272 A = -0.7195		
(below 27 to 7 °F)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	CAUTIC No holdo	
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	= 1.9261 A = -0.6637	= 4.8041 A = -0.8155 B = -1.9481	I = 4.8041 A = -0.8155 B = -1.9481	I = 4.8041 A = -0.8155 B = -1.9481			time guide exist	
below -18 to -25 °C (below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9261 A = -0.6637	I = 4.8041 A = -0.8155 B = -1.9481	I = 4.8041 A = -0.8155 B = -1.9481	I = 4.8041 A = -0.8155 B = -1.9481				
below -25 to -29.5 °C (below -13 to -21 °F)	100/0	I = 1.9261 A = -0.6637	I = 1.9749 A = -0.8155 B = 0.0000	I = 1.9749 A = -0.8155 B = 0.0000	I = 1.9749 A = -0.8155 B = 0.0000				

<sup>1</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^1 \, R^A$ , where t = holdover time (minutes) and R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h)

<sup>3</sup> CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Cı	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)	Snow, Snow Grains or Snow Pellets (g/dm²/h)		Freezing Drizzle (g/dm²/h)		Freezi	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)		
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	117.0	240.8	35.8	71.0	174.7	70.9	126.1	38.2	64.6	12.7	84.0
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-8	100/0	37.0	122.9	28.3	56.2	138.4	36.6	81.0	21.0	33.6		
-0	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	37.0	122.9	24.2	48.0	118.1	36.6	81.0	21.0	33.6		
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-18	100/0	29.0	53.2	13.5	28.4	75.9						
-25	100/0	29.0	53.2	7.5	15.9	42.3						
-29.5	100/0	29.0	53.2	6.8	14.4	38.5						

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

<sup>2</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^{l} R^{A} (2-T)^{B}$ , where t = holdover time (minutes),  $R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h) and <math>T = temperature (^{\circ}C)$ 

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star\star}$  Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

# **TABLE 4-25: NEWAVE AEROCHEMICAL FCY-EGIV**

		Regres	sion Coefficie	ents for Calcula	ating Holdove	lover Times Under Various Weather Conditions				
Outside Air Temperature	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Fog, Freezing	Snow, Snov	v Grains or Sn	ow Pellets <sup>2,3</sup>	Freezing	Light	Rain on		
		Mist, or Ice Crystals <sup>1</sup>	< 4 g/dm²/h	4 to <10 g/dm²/h	≥ 10 g/dm²/h	Drizzle <sup>1</sup>	Freezing Rain¹	Cold Soaked Wing <sup>1</sup>	Other	
		I = 2.7246	I = 2.9022	I = 2.9022	I = 2.9022	I = 2.5738	I = 2.6083	I = 2.6420		
	100/0	A = -0.7713	A = -0.8496	A = -0.8496	A = -0.8496	A = -0.6025	A = -0.7282	A = -0.7798		
			B = -0.2809	B = -0.2809	B = -0.2809					
-3 °C and above (27 °F and above)	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a			
		I = 2.6090	I = 2.9022	I = 2.9022	I = 2.9022	I = 2.8537	I = 2.4852			
	100/0	A = -0.9888	A = -0.8496	A = -0.8496	A = -0.8496	A = -1.0325	A = -0.6098			
below -3 to -14 °C			B = -0.2809	B = -0.2809	B = -0.2809					
(below 27 to 7 °F)		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a			
	75/25							CAUTIC No holdo		
		I = 2.4392	I = 3.8875	I = 3.8875	I = 3.8875			time guide		
below -14 to -18 °C (below 7 to 0 °F)	100/0	A = -1.2580	A = -0.9433	A = -0.9433	A = -0.9433			exist		
(below 7 to 0 1)			B = -1.0268	B = -1.0268	B = -1.0268					
below -18 to -25 °C		I = 2.4392	I = 3.8875	I = 3.8875	I = 3.8875					
(below 0 to -13 °F)	100/0	A = -1.2580	A = -0.9433	A = -0.9433	A = -0.9433					
( )			B = -1.0268	B = -1.0268	B = -1.0268					
below -25 to -29 °C		I = 2.4392	I = 3.8875	I = 3.8875	I = 3.8875					
(below -13 to -20 °F)	100/0	A = -1.2580	A = -0.9433	A = -0.9433	A = -0.9433					
, ,			B = -1.0268	B = -1.0268	B = -1.0268					

<sup>1</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^1 \, \text{R}^A$ , where t = holdover time (minutes) and  $R = \text{precipitation rate (g/dm}^2/h)$ 

<sup>3</sup> CAUTION: Use of these coefficients is limited by the lowest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 5 and the highest usable precipitation rates provided in Table 6

				HOTDS Ve		Times Und				(minutes)		
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	Freezing Ice Ci	ng Fog, g Mist, or rystals m²/h)		w, Snow G Snow Pell (g/dm²/h)		Driz	z <b>zing</b> z <b>zle</b> m²/h)	Freezii	ght ng Rain m²/h)	Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)	
		5	2	25	10	LUPR*	13	5	25	13	75	5
	100/0	153.3	310.8	33.0	71.8	199.8	79.9	142.1	38.9	62.7	15.1	125.0
+1 / -3 **	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	50/50	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-8	100/0	82.8	204.8	27.1	59.1	164.4	50.5	135.5	42.9	64.0		
-0	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-10 / -14 ***	100/0	82.8	204.8	23.8	51.8	144.1	50.5	135.5	42.9	64.0		
-10 / -14	75/25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
-18	100/0	36.3	114.9	17.1	40.6	126.3						
-25	100/0	36.3	114.9	12.6	29.8	92.8						
-29	100/0	36.3	114.9	10.9	25.9	80.6						

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  Refer to Table 5 for the lowest usable precipitation rates in snow

<sup>2</sup> Regression Equation:  $t = 10^{l}$  R<sup>A</sup>  $(2-T)^{B}$ , where t = holdover time (minutes), R = precipitation rate (g/dm<sup>2</sup>/h) and T = temperature (°C)

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star\star}$  Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1°C; all other conditions calculated at -3°C

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

# **TABLE 4-26: TYPE IV GENERIC**

#### **VERIFICATION TABLE**

			HOTDS Verification Times Under Various Weather Conditions (minutes)  As Calculated from Regression Coefficients										
Outside Air Temp. (°C)	Fluid Dilution	on Freezing Mist, or Ice Crystals (g/dm²/h)			w, Snow G Snow Pello (g/dm²/h)		Freezing Drizzle (g/dm²/h)		Light Freezing Rain (g/dm²/h)		Rain on Cold Soaked Wing (g/dm²/h)		
		5	2	25	10	3	13	5	25	13	75	5	
	100/0	74.8	161.9	31.1	62.3	138.6	39.2	70.6	19.0	33.7	8.2	63.8	
+1 / -3 *	75/25	85.7	162.3	40.1	72.9	146.8	60.5	80.3	32.3	51.4	9.4	82.0	
	50/50	30.7	52.7	10.0	26.4	71.8	16.5	39.1	9.4	17.6			
-8	100/0	19.0	96.5	26.8	53.7	123.6	23.1	69.1	17.6	26.5			
-6	75/25	28.4	80.0	31.5	65.1	131.0	19.1	62.6	17.4	26.7			
-10 / -14 **	100/0	19.0	96.5	23.8	48.0	108.8	23.1	69.1	17.6	26.5			
-10/-14	75/25	28.4	80.0	26.8	56.8	117.6	19.1	62.6	17.4	26.7			
-18	100/0	17.5	34.2	2.0	9.0	45.0							
-25	100/0	17.5	34.2	1.0	3.0	20.0							

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  Rain on cold soaked wing calculated at +1  $^{\circ}\text{C};$  all other conditions calculated at -3  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

<sup>\*\*</sup> Freezing fog and snow calculated at -14°C; freezing drizzle and light freezing rain calculated at -10°C

# TABLE 5: LOWEST USABLE PRECIPITATION RATES IN SNOW1

Type II De/Anti-Icing Fluids									
FLUID DILUTION	100	0/0	75/25	50/50					
TEMPERATURE	-14°C AND ABOVE	BELOW -14°C	-14°C AND ABOVE	-3°C AND ABOVE					
ABAX ECOWING AD-2	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h					
Aviation Xi'an High-Tech Cleanwing II	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h					
Clariant Safewing MP II FLIGHT	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h					
Clariant Safewing MP II FLIGHT PLUS	4 g/dm²/h	10 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	4 g/dm²/h					
Cryotech Polar Guard® II	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h					
JSC RCP NORDIX Defrost PG 2	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h					
Kilfrost ABC-K Plus	3 g/dm²/h	10 g/dm²/h	4 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h					
Kilfrost Ice Clear II	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable					
MKS DevO COREICEPHOB Type II	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	3 g/dm²/h					
Newave Aerochemical FCY-2	3 g/dm²/h	10 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h					
ROMCHIM ADD-PROTECT NG Type II	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h					
ROMCHIM ADD-PROTECT Type II	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h					

Type III De/Anti-Icing Fluids								
FLUID DILUTION	100	0/0	75/25	50/50				
TEMPERATURE	-25°C AND ABOVE	BELOW -25°C	-10°C AND ABOVE	-3°C AND ABOVE				
AllClear AeroClear MAX	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable				

<sup>1</sup> The lowest precipitation rate to be used as an input to the snow regression equations is constrained by the higher of: (1) the minimum demonstrated precipitation measuring equipment rates in accordance with the FAA LWES AC (in no case less than 2.0 g/dm²/h) or (2) the lowest usable precipitation rate (LUPR) for the fluid/dilution/temperature as defined in this table.

<sup>2</sup> Type I fluids are limited only by the general precipitation rate limitations set out in the FAA LWES AC.

# TABLE 5: LOWEST USABLE PRECIPITATION RATES IN SNOW¹ (cont'd)

Type IV De/Anti-Icing Fluids									
FLUID DILUTION	100	)/0	75/25	50/50					
TEMPERATURE	-14°C AND ABOVE	BELOW -14°C	-14°C AND ABOVE	-3°C AND ABOVE					
ABAX ECOWING AD-49	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable					
ALAB International PROFLIGHT EG4	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable					
AllClear ClearWing ECO	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable					
AllClear ClearWing EG	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable					
ASGlobal 4Flite EG	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable					
ASGlobal 4Flite PG	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable					
AVIAFLUID AVIAFlight EG	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable					
AVIAFLUID AVIAFlight PG	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable					
CHEMCO ChemR EG IV	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable					
CHEMCO ChemR Nordik IV	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable					
Clariant Max Flight AVIA	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable					
Clariant Max Flight SNEG	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h					
Clariant Safewing EG IV NORTH	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable					
Clariant Safewing MP IV LAUNCH	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h					
Clariant Safewing MP IV LAUNCH PLUS	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h					
Cryotech Polar Guard® Advance	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h					
Cryotech Polar Guard® Xtend	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable					
Dow UCAR Endurance™ EG106	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable					
Dow UCAR <sup>™</sup> FlightGuard <sup>™</sup> AD-49	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable					
Inland Technologies ECO-SHIELD®	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable					
JSC RCP NORDIX Defrost ECO 4	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable					
JSC RCP NORDIX Defrost NORTH 4	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable					
Kilfrost ABC-S Plus	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h					
Newave Aerochemical FCY 9311	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable					
Newave Aerochemical FCY-EGIV	3 g/dm²/h	3 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable					

<sup>1</sup> The lowest precipitation rate to be used as an input to the snow regression equations is constrained by the higher of: (1) the minimum demonstrated precipitation measuring equipment rates in accordance with the FAA LWES AC (in no case less than 2.0 g/dm²/h) or (2) the lowest usable precipitation rate (LUPR) for the fluid/dilution/temperature as defined in this table.

<sup>2</sup> Type I fluids are limited only by the general precipitation rate limitations set out in the FAA LWES AC.

# TABLE 6: HIGHEST USABLE PRECIPITATION RATES IN SNOW1

Type II De/Anti-Icing Fluids							
FLUID DILUTION	100/0		75/25	50/50			
TEMPERATURE	-14°C AND ABOVE	BELOW -14°C	-14°C AND ABOVE	-3°C AND ABOVE			
ABAX ECOWING AD-2	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h			
Aviation Xi'an High-Tech Cleanwing II	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h			
Clariant Safewing MP II FLIGHT	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h	40 g/dm²/h			
Clariant Safewing MP II FLIGHT PLUS	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h	40 g/dm²/h			
Cryotech Polar Guard® II	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h			
JSC RCP NORDIX Defrost PG 2	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h			
Kilfrost ABC-K Plus	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h			
Kilfrost Ice Clear II	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable			
MKS DevO COREICEPHOB Type II	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	50 g/dm²/h			
Newave Aerochemical FCY-2	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h			
ROMCHIM ADD-PROTECT NG Type II	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h			
ROMCHIM ADD-PROTECT Type II	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h			

Type III De/Anti-Icing Fluids							
FLUID DILUTION	100/0		75/25	50/50			
TEMPERATURE	-25°C AND ABOVE	BELOW -25°C	-10°C AND ABOVE	-3°C AND ABOVE			
AllClear AeroClear MAX	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable			

<sup>1</sup> The highest precipitation rate to be used as an input to the snow regression equations is constrained by the lower of: (1) the maximum allowable precipitation rate for snow specified in the FAA LWES AC (50 g/dm²/h) or (2) the highest usable precipitation rate (HUPR) for the fluid/dilution/temperature as defined in this table.

<sup>2</sup> Type I fluids are limited only by the general precipitation rate limitations set out in the FAA LWES AC.

# TABLE 6: HIGHEST USABLE PRECIPITATION RATES IN SNOW¹ (cont'd)

Type IV De/Anti-Icing Fluids							
FLUID DILUTION	100/0		75/25	50/50			
TEMPERATURE	-14°C AND ABOVE	BELOW -14°C	-14°C AND ABOVE	-3°C AND ABOVE			
ABAX ECOWING AD-49	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable			
ALAB International PROFLIGHT EG4	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable			
AllClear ClearWing ECO	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable			
AllClear ClearWing EG	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable			
ASGlobal 4Flite EG	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable			
ASGlobal 4Flite PG	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable			
AVIAFLUID AVIAFlight EG	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable			
AVIAFLUID AVIAFlight PG	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable			
CHEMCO ChemR EG IV	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable			
CHEMCO ChemR Nordik IV	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable			
Clariant Max Flight AVIA	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable			
Clariant Max Flight SNEG	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h			
Clariant Safewing EG IV NORTH	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable			
Clariant Safewing MP IV LAUNCH	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h			
Clariant Safewing MP IV LAUNCH PLUS	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h			
Cryotech Polar Guard® Advance	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h			
Cryotech Polar Guard® Xtend	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable			
Dow UCAR Endurance™ EG106	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable			
Dow UCAR™ FlightGuard™ AD-49	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable			
Inland Technologies ECO-SHIELD®	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable			
JSC RCP NORDIX Defrost ECO 4	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable			
JSC RCP NORDIX Defrost NORTH 4	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable			
Kilfrost ABC-S Plus	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h	50 g/dm²/h			
Newave Aerochemical FCY 9311	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable			
Newave Aerochemical FCY-EGIV	50 g/dm²/h	25 g/dm²/h	not applicable	not applicable			

<sup>1</sup> The highest precipitation rate to be used as an input to the snow regression equations is constrained by the lower of: (1) the maximum allowable precipitation rate for snow specified in the FAA LWES AC (50 g/dm²/h) or (2) the highest usable precipitation rate (HUPR) for the fluid/dilution/temperature as defined in this table.

 $<sup>{\</sup>small 2\ \ Type\ I\ fluids\ are\ limited\ only\ by\ the\ general\ precipitation\ rate\ limitations\ set\ out\ in\ the\ FAA\ LWES\ AC.}$