

New Entrants Division Overview July 2020

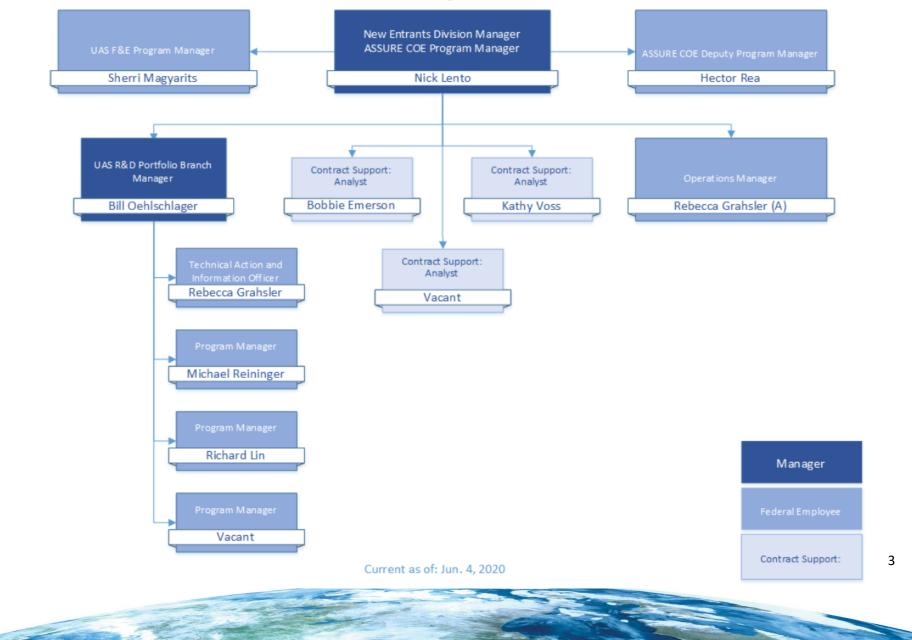
Presented by Nick Lento, New Entrants Division Manager and Center of Excellence for Unmanned Aircraft Program Manager

Overview

The New Entrants Division supports the evolution of the National Airspace System (NAS) by integrating Research and Development (R&D) to refine NAS operational requirements, influence NAS operational improvements and sustainments, and managing the FAA's Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS) R&D portfolios. This includes program management responsibility for the execution of relative R&D to support both Aviation Safety and NextGen requirements for UAS integration into the NAS. Within the scope of its portfolios, this Division manages the FAA's Center of Excellence for UAS and plays a leading role in collaborating with external domestic and international partners, such as the U.S. Department of Defense, NASA, and the European Organization for the Safety of Air Navigation (EUROCONTROL), to leverage relevant R&D to support the FAA's goals.



ANG-C2 Management Team



The FAA Reauthorization Act of 2018 H.R. 302 Legislation Related to UAS Research

- Sec. 343: UAS Test Sites
 - Requires the FAA to carry out certain activities and programs in support of the FAA UAS Test Sites
 - COE and IPP Participants are partnered with Test Sites for research activities
- Sec. 345: Small Unmanned Aircraft Safety Standards
 - Establish a process to accept risk-based consensus safety standards
 - Research activities inform safety standards and rule making
- Sec. 351: UAS Integration Pilot Program (IPP)
 - Codifies pilot program. Notify Congress before initiating any additional rounds of selections/participation
- Sec. 359: Study on Fire Department and Emergency Service Agency Use of UAS
 - Report to Congress on use of UAS by fire and emergency service agencies
 - Initiating research effort on use of UAS for Disaster Preparedness & Response
- Sec. 364: U.S. Counter-UAS System Review of Inter-Agency Coordination Processes;
 - Review interagency coordination process and standards for operating C-UAS systems
- Sec. 365: Cooperation Related to Certain Counter-UAS Technology
 - Requires the FAA to work with government security partners for counter-UAS coordination & system deployment
 - Research activities will support ASH with counter-UAS responsibilities
- Sec. 376: Plan for Full Operational Capability of UTM
 - Requires the FAA to create a comprehensive plan for the implementation of UTM systems
 - Completion of UTM Pilot Program (UPP) will inform FAA's UTM Comprehensive Plan
- Sec. 383: Airport Safety and Airspace Hazard Mitigation and Enforcement
 - Includes testing and evaluation of detection and mitigation technologies at five airports

3-Year UAS RE&D Appropriations

FY17 Appropriation



Unmanned aircraft systems research.—The agreement provides \$20,035,000 for Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS) Research, an increase of \$2,670,000 above the fiscal year 2016 enacted level, to address the host of research challenges associated with the integration of UAS into the NAS system. Of this amount, \$3,650,000 is provided to the NextGen integrated laboratories, in





Unmanned aircraft systems (UAS) research.—The agreement provides \$24,035,000, an increase of \$17,248,000 above the budget request. Of the funds provided, \$12,035,000 is to support the expanded role of the UAS Center of Excellence, \$2,000,000 is to expand the Center's role in transportation disaster preparedness and response, and \$10,000,000 is to support UAS research activities at the FAA technical center and other FAA facilities.

FY19 Appropriation



Unmanned aircraft systems (UAS) research.—The conferees provide \$24,035,000 for UAS research, including \$12,035,000 for the UAS center of excellence in UAS research, \$2,000,000 to expand the center's role in transportation disaster preparedness and response, and \$10,000,000 to support UAS research activities at the FAA technical center and other FAA facilities.

UAS Stakeholders

- AFRL: Air Force Research Lab
- ANSI: American National Standards
 Institute
- APAC: ICAO Asia and Pacific Office
- ASEB: NAS Aeronautics and Space Engineering Board
- ASSURE: Alliance for System Safety of UAS through Research Excellence
- CANSO: Civil Air Navigation Services
 Organization
- CTA: Consumer Technology Association
- **REDAC**: Research and Development Advisory Committee
- EASA: European Aviation Safety Agency
- **EuroCAE**: European Organisation for Civil Aviation Equipment
- EXCOM SSG SARP: Executive Committee Senior Steering Group – Science And Research Panel
- FAA CAMI: Civil Aerospace Medical Institute

- FAA WJHTC: William J. Hughes Technical Center
- ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization
- IEEE: Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers
- ITU: International Telecommunications Union
- JARUS: Joint Authorities for Rulemaking on Unmanned SAZA Systems
- MIT/LL: Massachusetts Institute of Technology Lincoln Laboratory
- MITRE CAASD: Center for Advanced Aviation System Development
- NAS: National Academy of Sciences
- NATO: North Atlantic Treaty Organization
- NSF: National Science Foundation
- NIST: National Institute of Standards and Technology
- SAE: Society of Automotive Engineers
- TRB: NAS Transportation Research Board



FAA UAS COE Overview

- Congress mandated under the Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2014
- August 2014, FAA issued a Final Competitive Solicitation for the UAS COE
- May 2015, DOT/FAA selected the Alliance for System Safety of UAS through Research Excellence (ASSURE) led by Mississippi State University as the FAA's first COE for UAS
- The UAS COE was to focus on research, education and training in areas critical to the safe and successful integration of UAS into the nation's airspace
- FAA and other government funding will be matched by the COE one-for-one

UAS COE Period of Performance

- Ten Years
- Two Phases
 - Phase I May 2015 through May 7, 2020
 - Phase II May 2020 through May 7, 2025
 - Pending successful evaluation of COE performance (technical, management, and fiscal)
 - $_{\odot}$ One year extension granted April 17, 2020

ASSURE Composition

www.ASSUREuas.org

Core Members (15)

- Mississippi State University Lead
- Drexel University
- Embry-Riddle Aeronautical Univ.
- Kansas State University
- Montana State University
- New Mexico State University
- North Carolina State University
- Oregon State University
- University of Alabama Huntsville
- University of Alaska Fairbanks
- University of Kansas
- University of North Dakota
- Wichita State University
- Ohio State University
- University of California Davis

Affiliate Members (8)

- Auburn University
- Concordia University Canada *
- Louisiana Tech University
- Tuskegee University
- Indiana State University
- University of Southampton UK *
- Sinclair Community College (added September 2015)
- Technion Israel Institute of Technology Israel * (added August 2016)
- Nanyang Technological University Singapore * (added April 2020)
- * International Partners

Corporate Partners (114+)

 Visit website for complete list http://www.assureuas.org/partners.php

Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UASs)

Very small UAVs (Micro or Nano UAVs):

• The very small UAV class applies to UAVs with dimensions ranging from the size of a large insect to 30-50 cm long.



<u>Medium UAVs</u>:

 UAVs that are too heavy to be carried by one person but are still smaller than a light aircraft. They usually have a wingspan of about 5-10 m and can carry payloads of 100 to 200 kg.





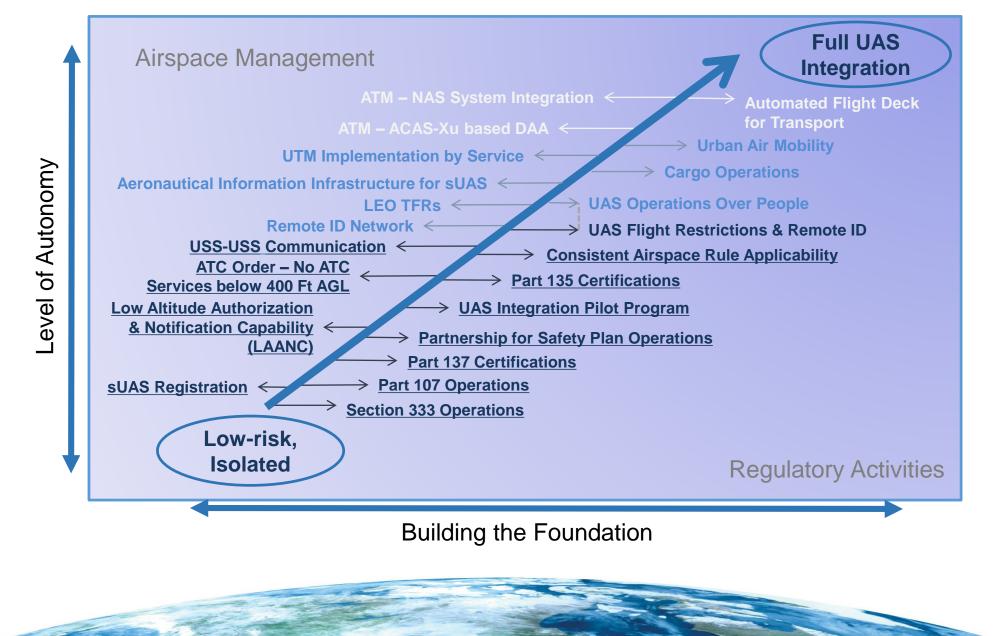
Large UAVs:

• The large UAV class applies to the large UAVs used mainly for combat operations by the military.

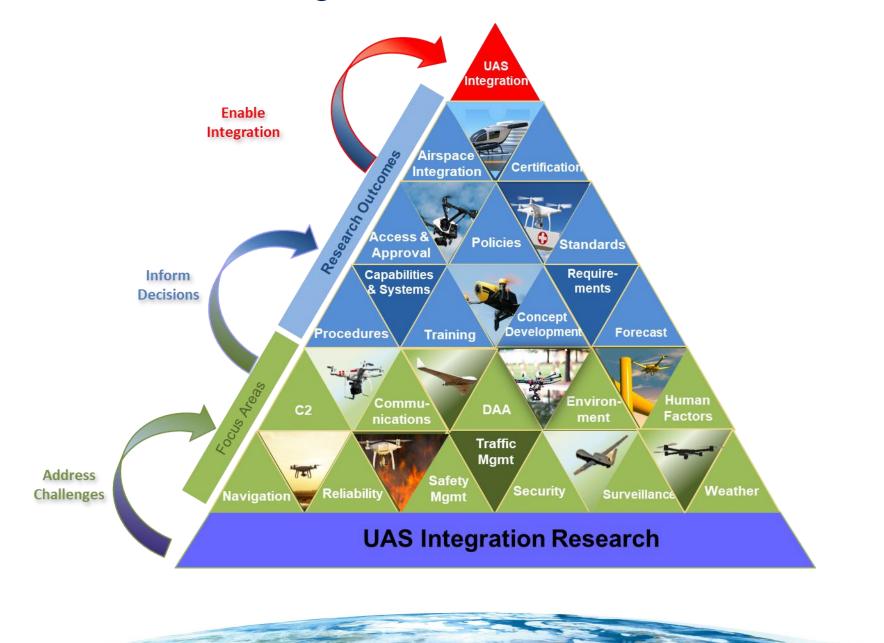




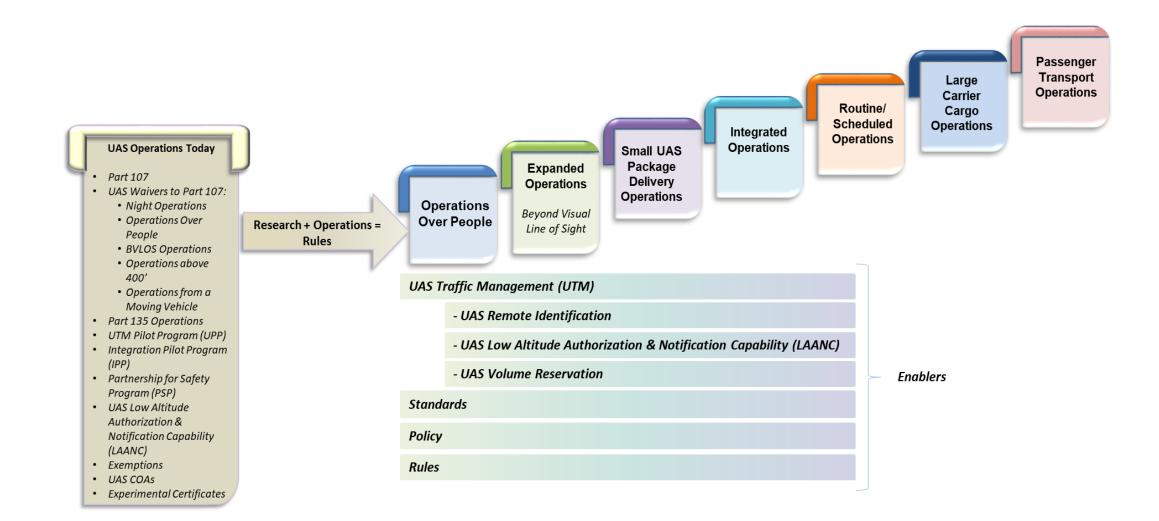
UAS Integration Strategy – 2019



FAA UAS Integration Research Functional Framework



UAS Integration Operational Capabilities



UAS Integration Operational Capabilities

Operations Over People	Expanded Operations	sUAS Package Delivery Operations	Integrated Operations	Routine/ Scheduled Operations	Large Carrier Cargo Operations	Passenger Transport Operations
A11L.UAS.7_A34	A11L.UAS.22_A18	A11L.UAS.52_A22	A11L.UAS.2	A11L.UAS.43_A20	A11L.UAS.44	A11L.UAS.61
				A11L.UAS.43_A49		A11L.UAS.76_A36
	A11L.UAS.53_A29	A11L.UAS.77_A37	A11L.UAS.31			A11L.UAS.78_A38
	A11L.UAS.55_A40	A11L.UAS.89_A47	A11L.UAS.47			
	A11L.UAS.56		A11L.UAS.50_A19			
	A11L.UAS.69_A21		A11L.UAS.50_A24			
	A11L.UAS.71_A27		A11L.UAS.55_A23			
	A11L.UAS.73_A25		A11L.UAS.58_A17			
	A11L.UAS.87_A45		A11L.UAS.60_A16			
	A11L.UAS.88_A46		A11L.UAS.68_A28			
			A11L.UAS.70_A33			
			A11L.UAS.72_A31			
			A11L.UAS.75_A35			
			A11L.UAS.79			
			A11L.UAS.83_A41			
			A11L.UAS.84_A42			
			A11L.UAS.85_A43			
			A11L.UAS.86_A44		Leg	<u>end</u>
			A11L.UAS.90_A48		Active Projects	
			UAS.ATO_A30		Projects In Coordina	tion

ANG-C21 Research Projects (Active)

Project Identification	Research Title	Operational Capability	Performers
A11L.UAS.2	Multi-Sensor Data Fusion Strategies	Integrated Operations	FAA WJHTC
A11L.UAS.7_A34	Operations Over People	Operations Over People	ASSURE COE
A11L.UAS.22_A18	BVLOS – Separation Requirements and Testing	Expanded Operations	ASSURE COE
		Integrated Operations	
A11L.UAS.31	High Visual Contrast	Integrated Operations	CAMI
A11L.UAS.38	UAS Fuel Cells	Expanded Operations	FAA WJHTC
A11L.UAS.39	UAS Lithium Batteries	Operations Over People	FAA WJHTC
A11L.UAS.43_A20	ASIAS	Routine/ Scheduled Operations	ASSURE COE
A11L.UAS.44	UAS Air Carrier Ops	Large Carrier Cargo Operations	CAMI
A11L.UAS.47	Flight Path Display	Integrated Operations	CAMI
A11L.UAS.50_A19	Flight Test Data Collection	Integrated Operations	ASSURE COE
A11L.UAS.50_A24	Safety Case Development	Integrated Operations	ASSURE COE
A11L.UAS.52_A22	eCommerce	sUAS Package Delivery Operations	ASSURE COE
A11L.UAS.53_A29	STEM III	Expanded Operations	ASSURE COE

Operations Over People Expanded Operations sUAS Package Delivery Operations Integrated Operations

Routine/ Scheduled Operations Large Carrier Cargo Operations

ANG-C21 Research Projects (Active)

Project Identification	Research Title	Operational Capability	Performers
A11L.UAS.56	SARP Well Clear Research	Expanded Operations	MIT/LL
		Integrated Operations	
A11L.UAS.60_A16	Airborne Collision: Structural Impact	Integrated Operations	ASSURE COE
A11L.UAS.61	Automation and Autonomy	Passenger Transport Operations	FAA, NASA
A11L.UAS.68_A28	Disaster Prep	Integrated Operations	FAA WJHTC, ASSURE COE
A11L.UAS.69_A21	Expanded and Non-Segregated Ops	Expanded Operations	ASSURE COE
A11L.UAS.71_A27	Risk-Based Thresholds	Expanded Operations	ASSURE COE
A11L.UAS.73_A25	Waiver Case Study Review	Expanded Operations	ASSURE COE
A11L.UAS.74_A26	Pilot Proficiency Requirements	sUAS Package Delivery Operations	ASSURE COE
A11L.UAS.79	Section 383 UAS Detection at Airports	Integrated Operations	FAA WJHTC
UAS.ATO_A30	ATO Large UAS Collision	Integrated Operations	ASSURE COE

Operations Over People Expanded Operations sUAS Package Delivery Operations Integrated Operations

Routine/ Scheduled Operations Large Carrier Cargo Operations

ANG-C21 Research In Coordination

Project Identification	Research Title	Operational Capability	Performers
A11L.UAS.43_A49	UAS Flight Data Research in Support of ASIAS	Routine/ Scheduled Operations	ASSURE COE
A11L.UAS.55_A23	Validation of Low-Altitude Detect and Avoid Standards - Safety Research Center	Integrated Operations	ASSURE COE
A11L.UAS.55_A40	Validation of American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) Remote ID Standards - Safety Research Center	Expanded Operations	ASSURE COE
A11L.UAS.70_A33	Science and Research Panel (SARP) Support	Integrated Operations	ASSURE COE
A11L.UAS.72_A31	Safety Risks and Mitigations for UAS Operations On and Around Airports	Integrated Operations	ASSURE COE
A11L.UAS.75_A35	Identify Wake Turbulence and Flutter Testing Requirements for UAS	Integrated Operations	ASSURE COE
A11L.UAS.76_A36	Urban Air Mobility (UAM): Safety Standards, Aircraft Certification and Impact on Market Feasibility and Growth Potentials	Passenger Transport Operations	ASSURE COE
A11L.UAS.77_A37	UAS Standards Tracking, Mapping, and Analysis	sUAS Package Delivery Operations	ASSURE COE
A11L.UAS.78_A38	CyberSecurity and Safety Literature Review	Passenger Transport Operations	ASSURE COE

Operations Over People Expanded Operations sUAS Package Delivery Operations Integrated Operations

Routine/ Scheduled Operations Large Carrier Cargo Operations

ANG-C21 Research In Coordination

Project Identification	Research Title	Operational Capability	Performers
A11L.UAS.83_A41	Investigate and Identify the Key Differences Between Commercial Air Carrier Operations and Unmanned Transport Operations	Integrated Operations	ASSURE COE
A11L.UAS.84_A42	From Manned Cargo to UAS Cargo Operations: Future Trends, Performance, Reliability, and Safety Characteristics Towards Integration into the NAS	Integrated Operations	ASSURE COE
A11L.UAS.85_A43	High-Bypass UAS Engine Ingestion Test	Integrated Operations	ASSURE COE
A11L.UAS.86_A44	Mitigating GPS and ADS-B risks for UAS	Integrated Operations	ASSURE COE
A11L.UAS.87_A45	Shielded UAS Operations - Shielded UAS Operations (DAA)	Expanded Operations	ASSURE COE
A11L.UAS.88_A46	Validation of Visual Operation Standards for Small UAS (sUAS)	Expanded Operations	ASSURE COE
A11L.UAS.89_A47	sUAS Mid-Air Collision (MAC) Likelihood	sUAS Package Delivery Operations	ASSURE COE
A11L.UAS.90_A48	Evaluation of Unmanned Aircraft System(s) (UAS) Detection and Counter-UAS (C-UAS) Technologies & Enforcement Actions in the National Airspace System (NAS) Program	Integrated Operations	ASSURE COE

Operations Over People Expanded Operations sUAS Package Delivery Operations Integrated Operations

Routine/ Scheduled Operations Large Carrier Cargo Operations

Back Up





Operations Over People

Lithium Batteries for UAV Systems and Aerospace Applications (A11L.UAS.39)



Lithium Batteries and Battery Systems for UAV A11L.UAS.39

Overview

Need - UAS Li Battery requirement but will focus on a more detailed	Activity			
developing consistent testing app	proaches leading to increa	ased safety for	Final Draft report	
aerospace vehicles.	aerospace venicies.			
Approach - The program will have Commercial Advisory Board (CAE Phantom Works.				
Legislative Direction – N/A.				
Perioo	l of Performance		Issues & Risks	
FYZ	2016 – FY2020		COVID-19 has caused delays in the editing of the report.	
Program Manager	Operational	Capability		
Sponsor	Partr	ners		
-				
-				
Research Performers				
WJHTC – Mike Walz, ANG-E232		Ref		
	The second second			

Activity	Status
Final Draft report	Complete
Report in Editing for publication	On going
Issues & Risks	
 COVID-19 has caused delays in the research team meeting to editing of the report. 	o finish the



Expanded Operations

sUAS Detect and Avoid Beyond Visual Line of Sight (BVLOS) (A11L.UAS.22_A18) Fuel Cell Energy Supply Systems for UAV Systems and Aerospace Applications (A11L.UAS.38) Minority Outreach -- UAS as a STEM Minority Outreach Learning Platform for K-12 (A11L.UAS.53_A29) sUAS Well Clear Definition in "under flight" conditions in Class B/C/D airspace (A11L.UAS.56) Integrating Expanded & Non-Segregated UAS Operations into the NAS: Impact on Traffic Trends and Safety (A11L.UAS.69_A21) Establish Risk-based Thresholds for Approvals Needed to Certify UAS for Safe Operation) (A11L.UAS.71_A27) Develop Risk-Based Training and Standards for Waiver Review and Issuance) (A11L.UAS.73_A25)

sUAS Detect and Avoid Beyond Visual Line of Sight (BVLOS) A11L.UAS.22

Overview

	NAS and still achieve	Activity		
a level of safety	y equivalent to mann	ned aircraft operating in	a sımılar manner.	Task 4: Develo
Approach – Define an operational framework and conduct a comparison of approaches that support development of standards for sUAS DAA systems and development of proposed operating rules, limitations, and guidelines for sUAS				Task 5: Develo
BVLOS operation				Task 6: Testing
	tion – Supports H.R. mall Unmanned Aircr	302 – The FAA Reautho aft Safety Standards	rization Act of 2018,	Task 7: Final R
			1	
	Period of	Performance		Issues & Ris
	FY201	16- FY2021		COVID-19 restriction
Program	n Manager	Operational	Capability	Some Team
				• Flight
Spc	onsor	Partn	ers	
Research	Performers			
ASSURE Lead – Ma	ark Askelson, UND			
UND, MSU, KSU	J, NMSU, OSU, UAF			
			and the second	
			Carlos and the second s	and the second se

Major Activities

Activity	Status
Task 4: Development of the Separation Framework	Complete – 2/20/2020
Task 5: Development of a Testing Plan	Delayed – August 2020
Task 6: Testing of a) recommended DAA test plan, b) candidate DAA systems	Delayed – 9/21-25/2020
Task 7: Final Report	Delayed – May 2021

lisks

19 delayed testing due to social distancing requirements and travel ons due to limit the size of large gatherings.

- e travel restrictions for the participating schools have been eased.
- n planning for remote observation for FAA
- t testing resumes Sept. 21-25, 2020 in Grand Forks, ND.

Fuel Cell Energy Supply Systems for UAV Systems and Aerospace Applications A11L.UAS.38

Major Activities

Overview

Need - This research will search, test, and develop data and recommendations for FAA and global partners to create appropriate standards, regulations, and means of demonstrating safe compliance of UAS fuel cells.		Activity	Status	
Approach - Leverage the work in the Electrical System TCRG and target UAV system applications of fuel cell systems.				
Legislative Direction – N/A				
Period	of Performance		Issues & Risks	
FY2016 – FY2019			• No Issues or Risks impacting progra	mmatic progress at this time
Program Manager	Operational	Capability		
Mike Reininger, ANG-C21	Expanded Operations			
Sponsor	Partn	ers		
Stephen Slotte, ANM-11	S&T Electrical and Wiri	ng Systems		
Wes Ryan, ACE-113 Interagency Group		Aviation Rulemaking		
Research Performers	Committee	g		
WJHTC – Mike Walz, ANG-E232	SAE AE7 Fuel			

Minority Outreach -- UAS as a STEM Minority Outreach Learning Platform for K-12 A11L.UAS.53

Overview

- **Need** This is the third phase of the FAA's program to provide Science, Technology, Engineering, and Math (STEM) minority outreach, using Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS) as the central learning platform
- Approach Research for the STEM III effort will be conducted in five key categories:1.
 Educator based STEM outreach programs 2. Rural community education and outreach
 3. UAS-centered summer camps 4. After-school programs 5. In school immersion
 programs
- Legislative Direction Supports: H.R. 302 The FAA Reauthorization Act of 2018, Section 350: The Use of UAS at Institutions of Higher Education 'Consolidated Appropriation Act of 2014 directs COEs to conduct STEM Outreach'



Major Activities

Activity	Status
University of Alabama Huntsville Space Camp for Educators	Postponed – 7/2019
New Mexico State University STEM Summer Camps	Postponed – 7/2019
University of Alaska Fairbanks UAS Roadshows	Postponed – 7/2019
Ohio State University TEK8 Engineering Design Challenge	Postponed – 7/2019
	Postponed – 7/2019

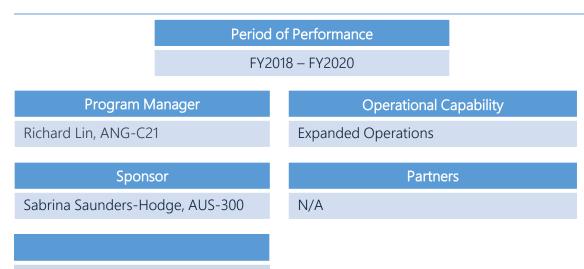
Issues & Risks

- Issue COVID-19 has caused events to be postponed or canceled.
 - Schools are looking to reschedule or change to online formats.

sUAS Well Clear Definition in "under flight" conditions in Class B/C/D airspace A11L.UAS.56

Overview

- **Need** Provide research focused on gaps supporting the Science and Research Panel (SARP) including collision avoidance thresholds for UAS-to-UAS coordination.
- **Approach** The SSG has prioritized UAS research gaps including: Government, industry, and academic research on small-UAS-to-small-UAS coordination is evolving in multiple directions with different assumptions and technologies.
- Legislative Direction Supports: H.R. 302 The FAA Reauthorization Act of 2018, Section 345: Small Unmanned Aircraft Safety Standards



Major Activities

Activity	Status
Task 1: TIM examining Use Cases	Completed - 7/2019
Task 2: sUAS Encounters transition path	Completed – 7/2019
Task 3: V2V Communication Report	Completed – 8/2019
Task 4: Transition to Support Industry Report	Completed – 12/2019
Task 5: Report detailing simplified CA threshold	Completed – 3/2020
Task 6: Report detailing NMAC recommendation	Completed – 4/2020
Task 7: Report detailing V2V link performance for CA	On Track 9/2020

Issues & Risks

• No Issues or Risks impacting programmatic progress at this time

MIT/LL – Rodney Cole

Integrating Expanded and Non-Segregated UAS Operations into the NAS: Impact on Traffic Trends and Safety A11L.UAS.69

Overview

DU, ERAU, KSU, NMSU, OSU, UAH,

UAF, UND

Need – Provide further insight into the safe integration of UAS through forecasting of expanded and non-segregated UAS operations and subsequently collecting data to inform FAA's risk-based approach to safety rules, regulations and revising SMS based on forecasted UAS operational needs and characteristics. Approach – Using a wide range of data, the research will (1) evaluate of data and establish quantitative impacts of expanded operations, (2) forecast and establish scope of non-segregated operations, and (3) formulate a risk management strategy for nonsegregated operations Legislative Direction - Supports: H.R. 302 - The FAA Reauthorization Act of 2018, Section 345: Small Unmanned Aircraft Safety Standards Period of Performance FY2019 - FY2021 **Program Manager Operational Capability** Phil Maloney, ANG-C35 **Expanded Operations** Sponsor Partners Mike Lukacs, APO-100 N/A **Research Performers** ASSURE Lead–Philip Smith, OSU

Major Activities

Activity	Status
Phase 1 Technical Report	Ongoing, Interim Deliverables Submitted
Phase 2 Data Catalogue Report & Materials	Ongoing, On Track
Phase 2 Whitepaper on Forecasted UAS Operations	Ongoing, On Track
Phase 3 Technical Report on Automation & Incidents	Not Started
Phase 3 Technical Report on 'De Minimis' Risk	Not Started
Phase 3 Technical Report on SMS recommendations	Not Started

Issues & Risks

No Issues or Risks impacting programmatic progress at this time

Establish Risk-based Thresholds for Approvals Needed to Certify UAS for Safe Operation A11L.UAS.71

Overview

- **Need** The certification test case will validate sUAS industry standards and certification strategies for their safe integration into the NAS
- Approach Through a case study, establish a framework for a performance based airworthiness criteria to achieve a consistent means of compliance for waiver exemptions under 14 CFR Part 107

Legislative Direction -N/A



Major Activities

Activity	Status
Task 1 Literature Review	Completed -1/2020
Task 2 Durability and Reliable Type Certification	In Progress -11/2020
Task 3 UAS Pilot Operational Training Requirements	In Progress -4/2021
Task 4 Waiver Applications and Submissions	In Coordination
Task 5 Final Report	In Coordination

Issues & Risks

• No Issues or Risks impacting programmatic progress at this time

Develop Risk-Based Training and Standards for Waiver Review and Issuance A11L.UAS.73

Major Activities

Overview

Need – Validate sUAS industry standard		Activity	Status
and waiver strategies for sUAS, necessary for their safe integration in the NAS		Task 1: Literature Review and Framework Development	4/2021
Approach – Provide a standardized risk-based process for assessing operational risk when reviewing and approving 14 CFR Part 107 waiver applications.		Task 2: Write and Submit Part 107 Waivers	8/2021
Legislative Direction – N/A		Task 3: Reporting. Write the final report that captures the findings of this research.	12/2021
Legislative Direction – N/A		Task 4: Peer Review	1/2022
		Task 5: Program Management and Completed Final Report	2/2022
		Issues & Risks	
FY2020	Performance - FY2022	 Issue None Risk Sponsor wants to refocus the work after the literature retaken place and added a small subtask. Delayed the Scoping a sounds of months. 	eview had already g Peer Review by
Program Manager	Operational Capability	 a couple of months. Closely monitor the scoping changes and ensure it is well questions don't arise at the end. 	Il documented so
Sponsor	Partners		
Research Performers			
ASSURE Lead – Tom Haritos, KSU			
KSU, UAF, UND			



sUAS Package Delivery Operations

eCommerce, Emerging UAS Network and Implications on NAS Integration (A11L.UAS.52_A74) Establish Pilot Proficiency Requirements) (A11L.UAS.74_A26)



eCommerce, Emerging UAS Network and Implications on NAS Integration A11L.UAS.52

Overview

Need – Gather and survey market and business intelligence, existing data and sources for UAS commercial delivery operations to support risk and hazard analysis for safety goals. Approach – Analyze and compile data on sUAS use of terminal areas and populated areas in their use of delivery mode so that the implications of integration can be better understood, regulated, and designed. Legislative Direction – N/A Period of Performance FY2019 - FY2021 **Program Manager Operational Capability** Richard Lin, ANG-C21 sUAS Package Delivery Operations Sponsor Partners Mike Lukacs, APO-100 N/A

Major Activities

Activity	Status
Phase 1 Data Examination & Evaluation	In Progress – 9/2020
Phase 2 Network and Safety Analysis	In Progress – 10/2020
Phase 3 Emerging Network and NASA's UTM	In Progress – 4/2021
Phase 4 Emerging Network and Environment footprints	In Progress – 7/2021
Phase 5 Emerging Network and Regulatory Framework	In Progress - 7/2021

Issues & Risks

• No Issues or Risks impacting programmatic progress at this time

ASSURE – Dallas Brooks, MSU

Establish Pilot Proficiency Requirements A11L.UAS.74

Overview

- **Need** Address human factors safety concerns that are unique to UAS and perform research that supports development of standards, regulations, and guidance for civil UAS.
- **Approach** Identify knowledge gaps that are currently a barrier to the safe, efficient, and timely integration of systems composed of multiple unmanned aircraft (UAS) into the NAS.

Legislative Direction -

- H.R. 302 The FAA Reauthorization Act of 2018, Section 343: UAS Test Sites
- H.R. 302 The FAA Reauthorization Act of 2018, Section 345: Small Unmanned Aircraft Safety Standards



Major Activities

Activity	Status
Task 1: Literature Review	10/2020
Task 2: Other potential Multi-UAS research areas	11/2020
Task 3: Determine and assess the human factors limitations to monitoring multiple UAS.	8/2021
Task 4: Determine and assess the human factors limitations to monitoring multiple UAS.	8/2021
Task 5: Conduct a HITL simulation exploring human factor considerations of one pilot to many vehicles.	5/2022
Task 6: Final Report	7/2022

Issues & Risks

• No Issues or Risks impacting programmatic progress at this time



Integrated

Detect and Avoid (DAA) Multi-Sensor Surveillance Data Fusion Strategies (A11L.UAS.2) UAS Command and Control Link Compatibility Testing (A11L.UAS.23) High Visual Contrast for UAS (A11L.UAS.31) Minimum Detect and Avoid (DAA) Display and Flight Path Information (A11L.UAS.47) UAS Safety Case Development, Process Improvement, and Data Collection (A11L.UAS.50_A19_A24) Airborne Collision Severity Evaluation-Engine Ingestion) (A11L.UAS.58_A17) UAS Airborne Collision Hazard Severity Evaluation- Structural Impact) (A11L.UAS.60_A16) Disaster Preparedness and Response) (A11L.UAS.68 A28) Section 383 Detection at Airports) (A11L.UAS.79) Airborne Collision Severity Evaluation - ATO Sefety Office Study) (UAS.ATO)

Detect and Avoid (DAA) Multi-Sensor Data Fusion Strategies A11L.UAS.2

Overview

overview		
Need – To comply with 14CFR Part 91.113 and 91.111, an UAS DAA system must provide UAS pilot the ability to detect and avoid collisions with other aircraft. This research supports the development of surveillance performance requirements and then develops ALL software models and trackers required to provide a track to the DAA algorithm to make the required decision.		
Approach - SMEs of research task participate in SC-228 DAA WG1 and SC-147 Committees to provide insight as well as gather insight and feedback from members in order to develop all products. Important deliverables are included as Appendix to MOPS documents.		Final version of surveillance sensor models, trackers and test vectors developed in support of SC-228 DAA WG1 and SC-147 ACAS Xu MOPS
Legislative Direction – N/A		Further enhancement of UAS terminal encounter model and research into viability of utilizing an Omni antenna for small UAS (55lbs and up).
		Issues & Risks
	-	 Research task is conducted in sync with RTCA Committee schedule and deliverables. A slide/delay in their schedule can affect the research task. Due to COVID 19 situation, all efforts are ongoing to keep deliverables on
Program Manager	Operational Capability	schedule. However, since we rely on other entities to provide input, there is a
Deepak Chauhan, ANG-C35	Integrated Operations	 possibility of delay. Contractual: No issues at the moment. However delays in administering
Sponsor	Partners	support contracts and/or continuation can cause drop in support of research.
Sheila Mariano, AIR-6B4	NASA and RTCA Committee Members	
Research Performers WJHTC		

UAS Command and Control Link Compatibility Testing A11L.UAS.23

Overview

Payload Communications (CNPC) st	validation efforts for Control and Non andards by evaluating the operating C-Band avionics equipment. Further 28.	Activity	Status
	n-the-loop laboratory environment and ected equipment of interests (i.e. TACAN,		
Legislative Direction – Supports H.R Section 345: Small Unmanned Aircra	. 302 – The FAA Reauthorization Act of 2018, Ift Safety Standards		
Period c	f Performance	Issues & Risks	
FY20	16 – FY2018	• No Issues or Risks impacting programmatic progress at	this time
Program Manager	Operational Capability		
Melanie Flavin, ANG-C35	Expanded Operations		
Sponsor	Partners		
Steve VanTrees, AIR-130 (RTCA SC- 228, WG2-C2 Co-chair	TBD		
Research Performers			
WJHTC & Various			

High Visual Contrast for UAS A11L.UAS.31

Overview

Need – This research determines possible methods to increase visual conspicuity sUAS to visual observers on the ground and to pilots of manned aircraft.

Approach – Due to COVID-19, Research Performers will be using a computer based study to investigate the following variables of interest:

- Day Night
- Light Intensity
- Light Flash Rate

Legislative Direction – N/A.



uity	Activity	Status	
	Computer Based Study	In process	
	Issues & Risks		
	 Issue Due to COVID-19 participants are not permitted to travel and participate in in-person study. 		
	 Mitigation: Study will be performed using computer based study. Risk Limited screen size and un-calibrated monitors can result in errors 		
	 Mitigation: Data collection with CAMI participants on calibrated machines to establish a performance baseline for comparison. 		

Minimum Detect and Avoid (DAA) Display and Flight Path Information A11L.UAS.47

Overview

Need – This research supports the development of minimum requirements for Activity Detect and Avoid (DAA) display and flight path guidance information required for UAS pilots to avoid collisions, remain well clear from other aircraft, and comply with right-of-way rules. **Approach** – Design and conduct experiment and analysis of human factors considerations of DAA alerting guidance used to maintain well clear during heading command changes and reversals. Legislative Direction – N/A **Issues & Risks** Period of Performance No Issues or Risks impacting programmatic progress at this time ٠ FY2019 - FY2020 **Program Manager Operational Capability** Sponsor Partners **Research Performers Civil Aerospace Medical Institute** (CAMI)

Major Activities

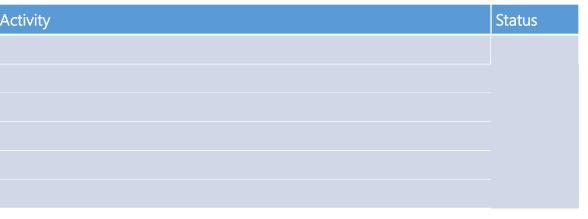
Status

UAS Safety Case Development, Process Improvement, and Data Collection A11L.UAS.50

Overview

Need – Development of the technical data requirements, risk management processes, data collection, and admin processes used to inform safety cases in support of UAS Integration.			Activity
Approach – Develop a safety case fran accompanying data schema. Have t revise accordingly.	mework for data collectic he FAA review the propo	on with sed framework and	
Legislative Direction – 2016 FAA Exter Legislation, specifically Section 343 Unmanned Aircraft Safety Standards Program)	nsion, Section 2211, 2018 (UAS Test Sites), Section s), and Section 351 (UAS	Reauthorization 345 (Small Integration Pilot	
Period	of Performance		Issues & Risks
FY20	20 – FY2022		No Issues o
Program Manager	Operational C	Capability	
Mike Reininger, ANG-C21	Integrated Operations		
Sponsor	Partne	rs	
Sabrina Saunders-Hodge, AUS-300	N/A		
Research Performers			
ASSURE Lead– Mark Askelson, UND			
UND, MSU, NMSU, UAF, KSU, OSU			
		and the second	

Major Activities



(S

or Risks impacting programmatic progress at this time

Airborne Collision Severity Evaluation-Engine Ingestion A11L.UAS.58

Overview

	resentative high bypass ratio fan and UAV to define best practices and fan models for	Act
Approach – Create a verifiable and me ingestion. This is a repeatable and re operating large bypass turbine engin	eliable model of a UAS ingestion into an	Exp Rep
	FAA Extension, Safety, and Security Act of aft Systems-Manned Aircraft Collision	
Period c	of Performance	lssu
FY20	18 – FY2021	•
Program Manager	Operational Capability	•
Sponsor	Partners	
Research Performers		
ASSURE Lead– Kiran D'Souza, OSU		
OSU, UAH, WSU		-
	The state of the	

Major Activities

Activity	Status
Experimental Validation of Component & Full Quadcopter Model	In Process/Oct 2020
Report of Findings and Release Results of study publicly	Jan 2021

ssues & Risks

Issue COVID-19 delays testing process-SME not available to travel to UAH

• Mitigation: UAH has been able to provide manpower and expertise and provide work arounds.

Risk COVID-19 continuing and impacting personnel availability.

UAS Airborne Collision Hazard Severity Evaluation - Structural Impact A11L.UAS.60

Overview

Need – Analyze the characteristics of s airframe of manned aircraft as a resu	mall UAS that contribute to damage of the Iting from an airborne collision.	Activity	Status
Approach – Develop high-fidelity com level tests to evaluate the severity of	puter models supported by component sUAS collisions with manned aircraft.	Public Release of Final Report	Jan 2021
	AA Extension, Safety, and Security Act of aft Systems-Manned Aircraft Collision		
Period o	f Performance	Issues & Risks	
	8 – FY2021	 Issue COVID-19 delays testing process-SME not ava Mitigation: UAH has been able to provide many work arounds. 	ilable to travel to UAH power and expertise and provide
Program Manager	Operational Capability		
		Risk Description COVID-19 continuing and impactin	g personnel availability
Sponsor	Partners		
Research Performers			
ASSURE Lead – Gerardo Olivares, WSU			
ERAU, UAH, MtSU, WSU			

Major Activities

Disaster Preparedness and Response A11L.UAS.68

Overview

- **Need** This research will investigate the roles of UAS aiding in disaster response operations.
- Approach Survey experts across state, local, and federal agencies for disaster response use case development. Develop CONOPS and ORAs by disaster. Determine coordination levels amongst federal agencies.
- Legislative Direction Directly fulfills direction in 2018 Omnibus Appropriation. Supports H.R. 302 – The FAA Reauthorization Act of 2018, Section 359: Study on Fire Department and Emergency Service Agency Use of UAS

Period	of Performance
FY2	020 – FY2022
Program Manager	Operational Capability
Mike Reininger, ANG-C21	Integrated Operations
Sponsor	Partners
Sabrina Saunders-Hodge, AUS-300	N/A
ASSURE Lead – Jerry Hendrix, UAH	
MSU, NMSU, NCSU, OrSU, UAH, UAF, ERAU	

Major Activities

Activity	Status
COE Tasks 1&2: Government Surveys	Upcoming – Jan. 2021
COE Task 3: Development of the CONOPS and ORAs by Disaster	Upcoming – July 2021
COE Task 4: Determine common risks and mitigations from Task 3	Upcoming – Sept. 2021
COE Task 5: Determine coordination level to conduct disaster response	Upcoming – Nov. 2021
COE Task 6: Study Fire Department and Emergency Service Agency Use of UAS	Upcoming – Apr. 2021

Issues & Risks

• No Issues or Risks impacting programmatic progress at this time

Section 383 Detection at Airports A11L.UAS.79

Overview

Need – Ensure that counter UAS (cUAS) technologies do not adversely impact or interfere with safe airport operations, air navigation, air traffic services, or the safe and efficient operation of the NAS. Identify standards necessary for the safe use of cUAS technologies in the NAS.			
Approach – Develop a plan for certifying, permitting, authorizing, or allowing the deployment of cUAS technologies or systems, and testing UAS detection and mitigation systems at five airports, including an airport that ranks in the top 10 of the FAA's most recent Passenger Boarding Data.			
Legislative Direction – Supports H.R. 302 FAA Reauthorization Act SEC. 383. airport safety and airspace hazard mitigation and enforcement			
Period o	f Performance		
FY2020 – FY2021			
FY202	20 – FY2021		
FY202 Program Manager	20 – FY2021 Operational Capability		
Program Manager	Operational Capability		
Program Manager Richard Lin, ANG-C21	Operational Capability Integrated Operations		
Program Manager Richard Lin, ANG-C21 Sponsor	Operational Capability Integrated Operations Partners		

Major Activities

Activity	Status
Draft Advisory Circular Framework	In Progress - 9/2020
Technical Screen	In Progress - 9/2020
Vendor Equipment Lease for ACY	In Progress - 1/2021
ACY Site Preparation	In Progress - 3/2021
UAS Pilot Services	In Progress - 3/2021
Equipment Lease for field sites	In Progress - 3/2021

Issues & Risks

- Risk COVID-19 may delay ability to install necessary infrastructure at ACY
 - Closely monitoring COVID protocol

Airborne Collision Severity Evaluation - ATO Safety Office Study

Overview

- **Need** Determine the potential severity of sUAS mid-air collisions with aircraft in order to define an Equivalent Level of Safety to manned aviation.
- **Approach** Use computer modeling and simulation to evaluate the damage done from various weights of fixed wing and quadcopter UAS colliding with aircraft mid-air.
- Legislative Direction Directly Fulfills: H.R. 636 The FAA Extension, Safety, and Security Act of 2016, Section 2212
- Supports: H.R. 302 The FAA Reauthorization Act of 2018, Section 345: Small Unmanned Aircraft Safety Standards

Period o	of Performance
FY20	19 – FY2020
Program Manager	Operational Capability
Richard Lin, ANG-C21	Integrated Operations
Sponsor	Partners
Pradip Som, AJI-331	N/A
Research Performers	
ASSURE – Gerardo Olivares, WSU	

Major Activities

Activity	Status
10 lbs UAS Analysis	Completed 5/2020
25 lbs UAS Analysis	Completed 6/2020
55 lbs UAS Analysis	In Progress 8/2020
Issues & Risks	

- ssues & Risks
- No Issues or Risks impacting programmatic progress at this time



Routine/Scheduled Operations

UAS Parameters, Exceedances, Recording Rates for ASIAS (A11L.UAS.43_A20)

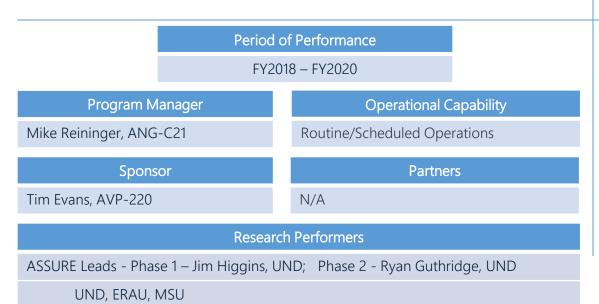


UAS Parameters, Exceedances, Recording Rates for ASIAS A11L.UAS.43

Overview

- **Need** Support aggregation of UAS flight data with commercial, general aviation and surveillance data, to develop enhanced safety analyses for NAS stakeholders.
- **Approach** The researcher will review current state-of-the-art Unmanned Flight Data Monitoring, identify benefits of UFDM, begin development of a UAS FDM data standard, identify data types unique to UAS, and map them to events to determine causal factors.

Legislative Direction - N/A



Major Activities

Activity	Status
Task 1: UFDM State of the Art Report	Completed - 3/2019
Task 2: UFDM Safety, Productivity, and Economic analysis report	Completed - 9/2019
Task 3: Unmanned Aircraft FDM report which lists the parameters, exceedances, and recording rates for ASIAS.	Completed - 6/2019
Task 4: Report detailing the common data types across commercial, GA, and unmanned aircraft.	Completed - 12/2019
Task 5: Final Report which maps types of events and causal factors. Include algorithms, source code, tests, and validation.	Complete – June 2020

Issues & Risks

• No Issues or Risks impacting programmatic progress at this time



Large Carrier Cargo Operations

Air Carrier Operational Considerations for Unmanned Aircraft Systems (A11L.UAS.44)



Air Carrier Operational Considerations for Unmanned Aircraft Systems A11L.UAS.44

Overview

		concerns specific to Air training, testing, duty, ar		Ao Ta
Approach – Perform literature reviews and surveys examining currently in use crew and staffing practices, duty and rest requirements, and knowledge, skills, and tests for operating UAS in various operations.			Ta Ta	
		02 FAA Reauthorization d aircraft systems into na		
	Period o	f Performance		lss
FY2019 – FY2020			•	
Program Ma	nager	Operational C	apability	
Sponso		Partne	rs	
Research Perf	ormers			
Civil Aerospace Medica (CAMI) – Kevin William				
				X

Major Activities

Activity	Status
Task 1: Market Survey/Literature Review on current crew and staffing practices	Completed – 5/2020
Task 2: Literature Review on required knowledge, skills, and tests for operating UAS	Completed – 5/2020
Task 3: Survey/Literature Review of duty and rest requirements	Delayed – 9/2020

ssues & Risks

- Issue Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) is causing major delays in the administration of a survey.
 - Closely examining alternatives while also continuing through with the PRA process.



Passenger Transport Operations

UAS Automation and Intelligent Systems (A11L.UAS.61)



UAS Automation and Intelligent Systems A11L.UAS.61

Overview

Need – This Research Requirement documents the need for research on automation and intelligent systems. The work will address systems certification criteria and preliminary human factors considerations together. This research will contribute to a long-term automation strategy for approval and certification of intelligent systems.		Activity
		Development & Integration of
		Develop Test Scenarios for N
		Conduct Study 1 on Test Sce
Approach – Phased approach beginning with UAS and moving toward cargo and passenger carrying aircraft while addressing both systems certification criteria and human factors considerations in coordination		Draft Report on Study 1
		Refine Test Scenarios for New
Legislative Direction – N/A.		Conduct Study 2 on Refined
		Final Report on recommende considerations on automatio
Period	of Performance	Issues & Risks
FY20	019 – FY2023	 Issue Covid-19 is prever NASA laboratories; proj
Program Manager	Operational Capability	 NASA is evaluating v is to begin work on a
Phil Maloney, ANG-C35	Passenger Transport Operations	Report) Mitigation
		Report) Mitigation
Phil Maloney, ANG-C35 Sponsor	Passenger Transport Operations Partners	Report) Mitigation
		Report) Mitigation
Sponsor	Partners	Report) Mitigation
Sponsor	Partners	Report) Mitigation

Major Activities

Activity	Status
Development & Integration of new Cockpit Interface in a Simulator	Complete
Develop Test Scenarios for New Aircraft & Automation Tech	Complete
Conduct Study 1 on Test Scenarios	Delayed
Draft Report on Study 1	Delayed
Refine Test Scenarios for New Aircraft & Automation Tech	TBD
Conduct Study 2 on Refined Test Scenarios	TBD
Final Report on recommended automation policy and human factors considerations on automation & intelligent systems	TBD

- **Issue** Covid-19 is preventing researches from conducting formal testing in NASA laboratories; project schedule delays expected.
 - NASA is evaluating when they can get back into the laboratory; their plan is to begin work on other deliverables in the meantime (e.g. Study 1 Report) Mitigation



Past Research



Past Research Activities

- UAS SAA System Certification Obstacles (UAS.1)
 - Objective: Determine certification criteria associated with operational and airworthiness approval that a SAA system will be required to address, and provide a means of compliance to 14 Code of Federal Regulation (CFR) Part 91
- Ground-to-Ground Communication Architecture Assessment (UAS.5)
 - Objective: Analyze architectural alternatives for Ground-to-Ground communication between a Pilot-in-Command at a UAS Control Station (CS) and Air Traffic Control (ATC)
- UAS Test Site Data Collection (UAS.6)
 - Objective: Collect and analyze data from UAS test site operations to determine technical and operational trends
- UAS System Safety Criteria (UAS.7)
 - Objective: Recommend safety thresholds for characteristics such as kinetic energy, structure, shape, or other safety features that can be utilized to identify threshold levels
 - Included Ground Collision Research and Airborne Collision Research with a Commercial Airliner and Business Jet
- Simulating UAS in NAS Operation (UAS.8)
 - Objective: Develop capability for FAA ATO to collect and analyze UAS safety data from COA and other sources to support safety oversight responsibilities for UAS
- Surveillance Criticality (UAS.9)

• Objective: Determine the sufficiency of exisiting airborne surveillance equipment to provide separation for UAS.

Past Research Activities, cont'd

- Integration of Collision Avoidance System (CAS) into Detect and Avoid (DAA) for Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS): (UAS.10)
 - Objective: Determine how a UAS DAA system might use CAS as part of its functionality in various classes of airspace
- Certification Test Case to Validate Industry Consensus Standards (UAS.11)
 - Objective: Utilize Industry Consensus Standards and try to go through a mock certification to identify gaps.
- UAS Maintenance, Modification, Repair, Inspection, Training and Certification Considerations (UAS.15)
 - Objective: Explore the maintenance, repair, modification, and inspection criteria, programs, procedures, and processes utilized by all sizes/types of UAS.
- UAS Human Factors Control Station Design Standards (UAS.24)
 - Objective: Provide input to recommended minimum standards and design guidelines for UAS control stations.
- Human Factors Considerations of UAS Procedures and Control Stations (UAS.30)
 - Objective: Develop recommendations for minimum UAS control station standards and guidelines.
- UAS Well Clear Definition (UAS.34)

• Objective: Recommend a well clear definition for sUAS to remain well clear of manned aircraft at low altitudes.

Past Research Activities, cont'd

- Secure C2 with Interference Mitigation (UAS.35)
 - Objective: Identify Interference cancellation and mitigation techniques to establish secure C2 between UAS and control station
- Airport Detection (UAS.36)
 - Objective: Assessment of newly emerging UAS detection system technologies in a variety of airport environments
- sUAS Part 107 Electronic Accident Reporting Portal (UAS.37)
 - Objective: Develop a viable tool that will comply with Part 107.9 UAS Accident Reporting.
- sUAS Part 107 Electronic Waiver Processing Development (UAS.40)
 - Objective: Develop a vialble tool that will comply with Part 107.200&205 UAS Waiver Requests.
- Part 107 Waiver Request (UAS.41)
 - Objective: Attempt an operations over people waiver to identify gaps in applicant understanding
- sUAS In and Around Busy Commercial Airspace (UAS.42)
 - Objective: Three primary purposes: (a) understand/integrate data across numerous uses/users; (b) understand and forecast UAS activities and operational implications of NAS integration; and (c) formulation of a quantitative framework to formulate/evaluate regulations.
- Assessing the Risk of UAS Integration (UAS.49)
 - Objective: This study will inform current and future rulemaking and the work of the new UAS Safety Team by focusing on methodologies to characterize the risk of UAS and manned aircraft interactions. The study also supports Section 2210 of the 2016 FAA Reauthorization.