

NAS Enterprise Architecture

Service Roadmaps v17.0



BASELINE

February 2025



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Service Roadmaps Overview

What are the Service Roadmaps?

- The NAS Service Roadmaps depict current NAS operations and the timeline for planned improvements that will deliver benefits to NAS users in pursuit of the Next Generation Air Transportation System (NextGen) vision and move towards a fully integrated information environment for select FAA services.
- The Service Roadmaps are updated annually as research and analyses more clearly define FAA service evolution.

Guidelines for Understanding the Roadmaps

- The Operational Improvement (OI) bars represent the date range within which an Operational Improvement is expected to be initially (e.g. at the first location) available to users. For OIs that are expected to be made operationally available incrementally, the range represents the earliest date for the first initial operational change to the latest date for the final operational change.
- Each Service Roadmap diagram is segmented by service capabilities, which are depicted by alternating gray and white backgrounds. The diagrams use segments with green background to capture Support Activities as needed.
- Appendix A contains the list of OIs that were completed and are no longer included on the current Service Roadmaps

Roadmap Legend

Roadmap Shape Information

2010	2011

Timeline (calendar year)



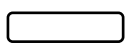
Current Operational Environment (COE)

Arrow indicates sustainment



Current Operation (CO)

Triangle indicates full operational availability



Operational Improvement (OI)

Fill color indicates status

Operational Improvements (OIs) by Status



OI with Initial Operational Availability
status



OI with Concept Exploration & Maturation
status

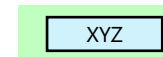


OI with Development status

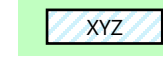


OI with Planned status

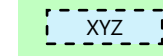
Support Activities (SAs)



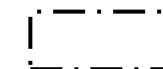
Support Activity which is **primarily tracked on Service Roadmaps**



Support Activity which is **primarily tracked on another NAS EA Roadmap**



Planned Support Activity



External Data Element being researched or developed by a NextGen partner agency/entity

Service Roadmaps Overview

OI Status Definitions

- OI status is determined by the most mature capability solution, until the most mature solution achieves Initial Operational Availability (IOA) status.
- Once the most mature capability solution achieves IOA, the OI will remain IOA until all capability solutions are complete, and then the OI will transition to a Current Operation (CO).

OI Status	Definition
Planned	No funding – either internally or externally (e.g. NASA or other partner agency) – has been allocated. The OI represents a potential future concept.
Concept Exploration & Maturation	Work is underway and funded to define the concept, develop acquisition artifacts, mitigate risks, and determine the options for the implementation strategy. Solutions under development to deliver this operational change are currently in either concept and requirement definition or investment analysis up until a final investment decision is achieved (or a comparable agreement on the scope/implementation).
Development	The most mature solutions to deliver the operational change are under development. There may be additional solutions needed to fully deliver this OI which are less mature.
Initial Operational Availability	At least one of the capability solutions needed to deliver the operational change has been achieved or approved for use at an initial site. IOA occurs after demonstration of initial operational capability at the key test site(s). An OI remains in IOA until all capability solutions have achieved operational use.
Current Operational Environment (COE)	The current operational state of FAA service delivery to NAS users.
Current Operation (CO)	All capability solutions needed to fully deliver the OI are complete.

Service Group 1:

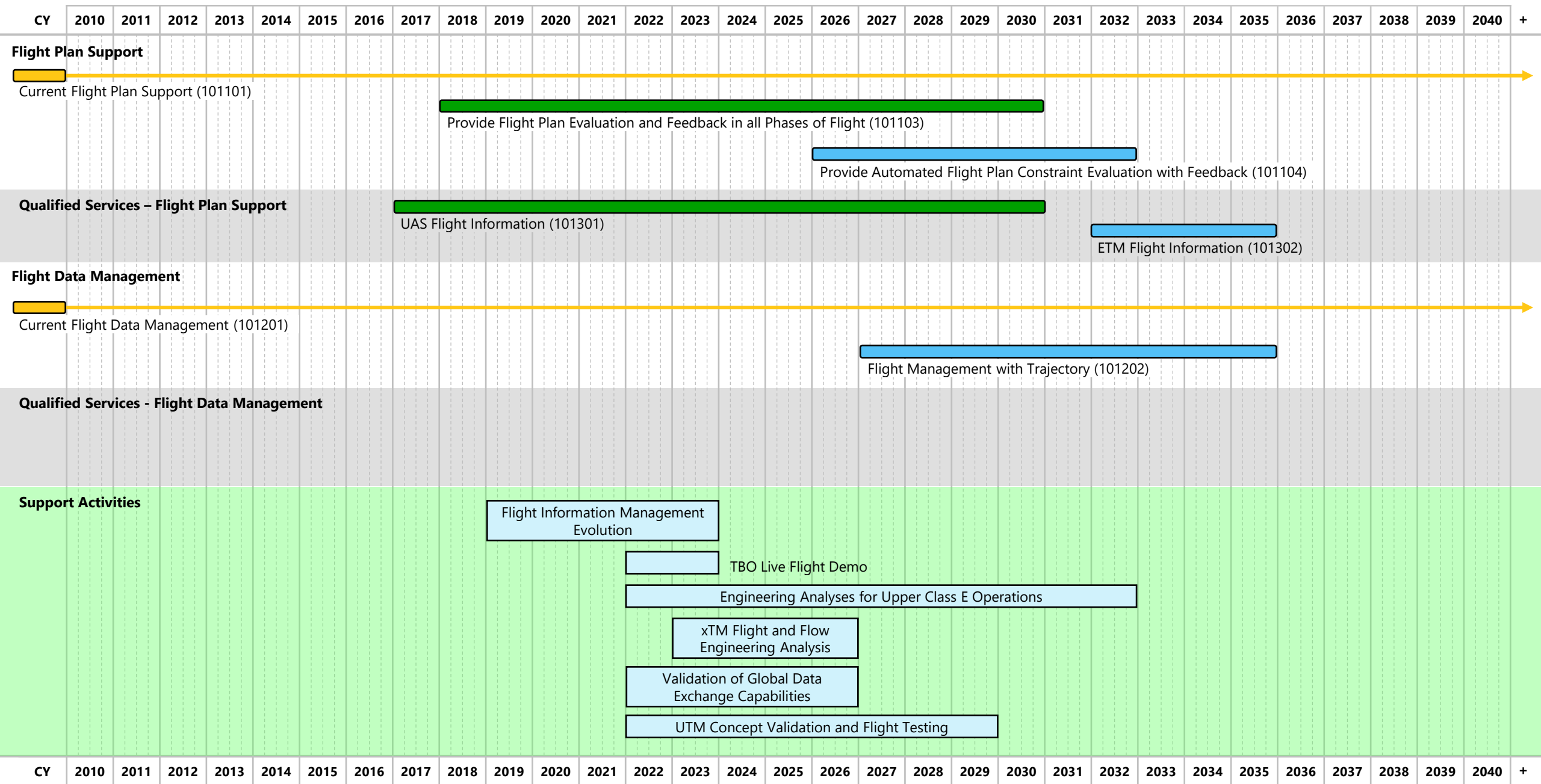
Air Traffic Management

Air traffic management encompasses all of the services required to provide air traffic services to users. It consists of all aspects of the operations required to ensure safety of flight operations. It consists of air traffic control aircraft separation services, air traffic control advisories, air traffic flow management services for effective planning to ensure a safe allocation of resources, and airspace management. The air traffic management service group includes provision of services to both commercial and general aviation operations under both positive control and the flight planning services provided to those flying under visual flight rules. It also includes the navigation services provided to all aircraft, as well as air traffic support to other government entities.

Service 101: Flight Planning

The Flight Planning Service provides both flight plan support and flight plan data processing to support the safe and efficient use of the nation's airspace through the development and use of coordinated flight plans. This includes preparing and conducting pre-flight and in-flight briefings, filing flight plans and amendments, managing flight plan evaluation and acceptance, preparing flight planning broadcast messages, managing and broadcasting flight status throughout the flight including changes, and maintaining flight-planning data archives. This service offers preparation to conduct a flight within the NAS and allows changes to flight profiles while operating within the NAS.

Flight Planning (1 of 1)

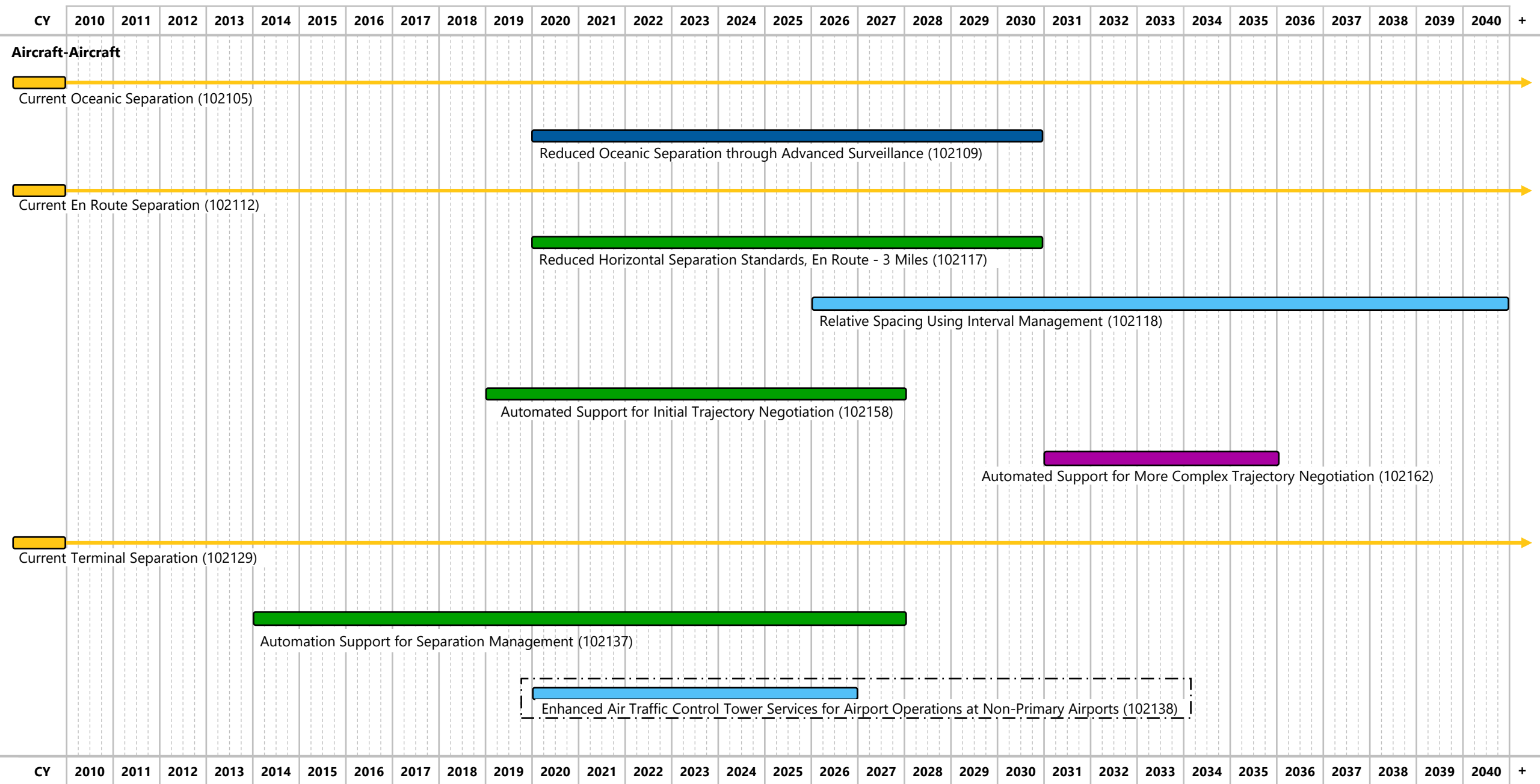


Service 102:

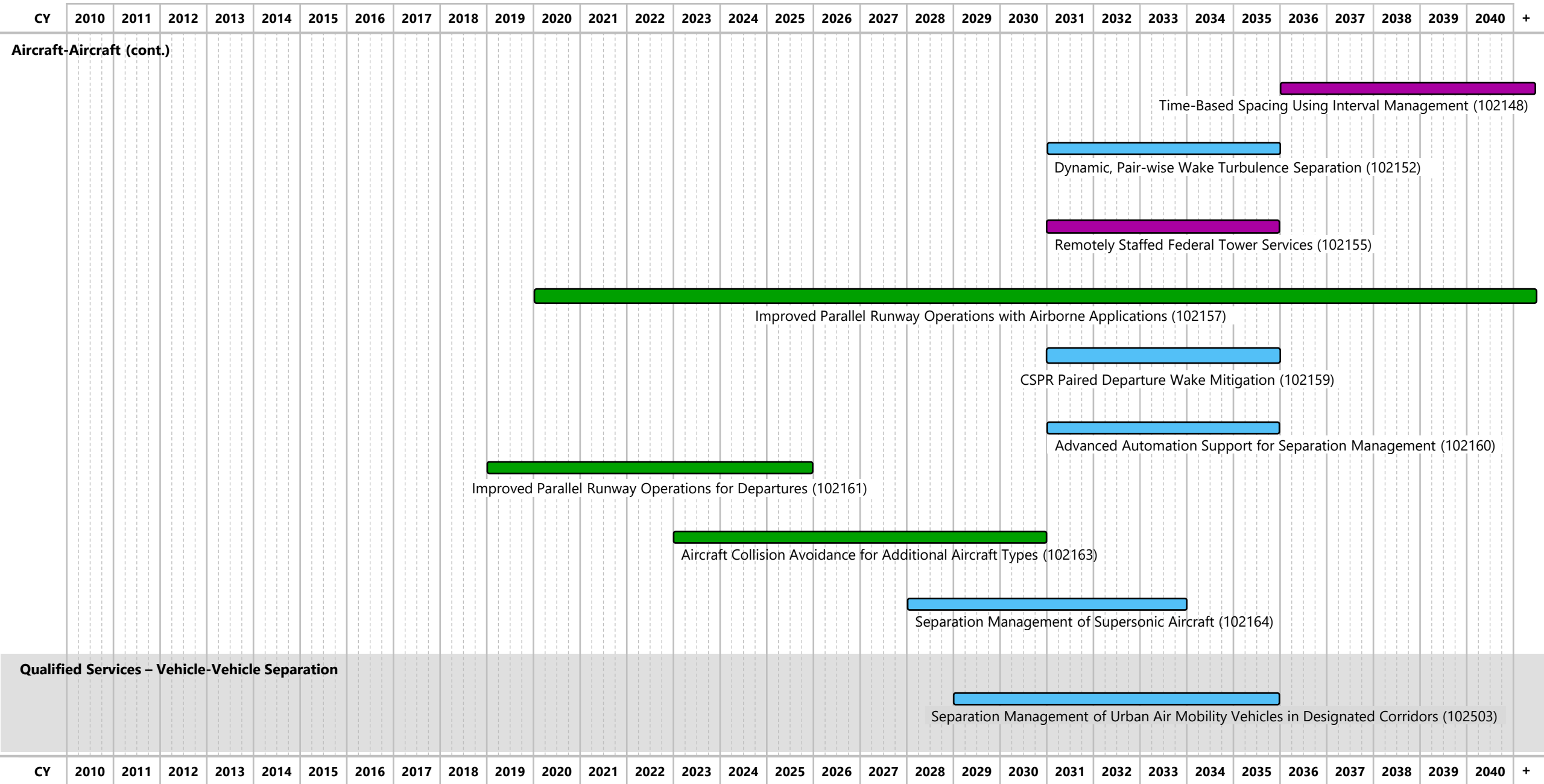
Air Traffic Control (ATC) – Separation Assurance

The separation assurance service ensures that aircraft maintain a safe distance from other aircraft, vehicles, terrain, obstacles, and certain airspace not designated for routine air travel. Separation assurance involves the application of separation standards to ensure safety. Standards are defined for aircraft based on the operating environment as well as aircraft type, size, and equipment. Controllers at ATC facilities are responsible for the safe separation of aircraft under their control using vertical, lateral, longitudinal or visual separation methods.

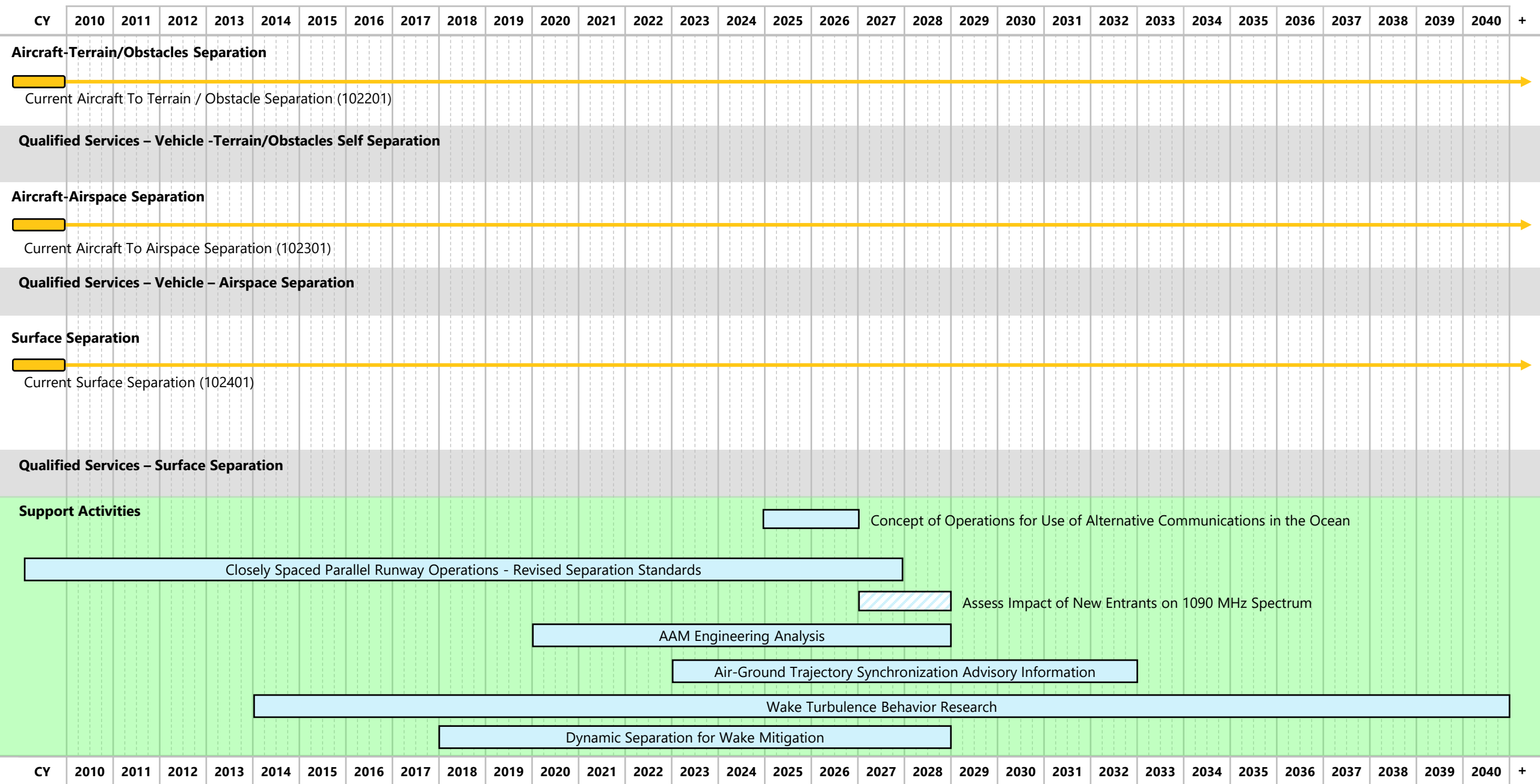
ATC – Separation Assurance (1 of 3)



ATC – Separation Assurance (2 of 3)



ATC – Separation Assurance (3 of 3)

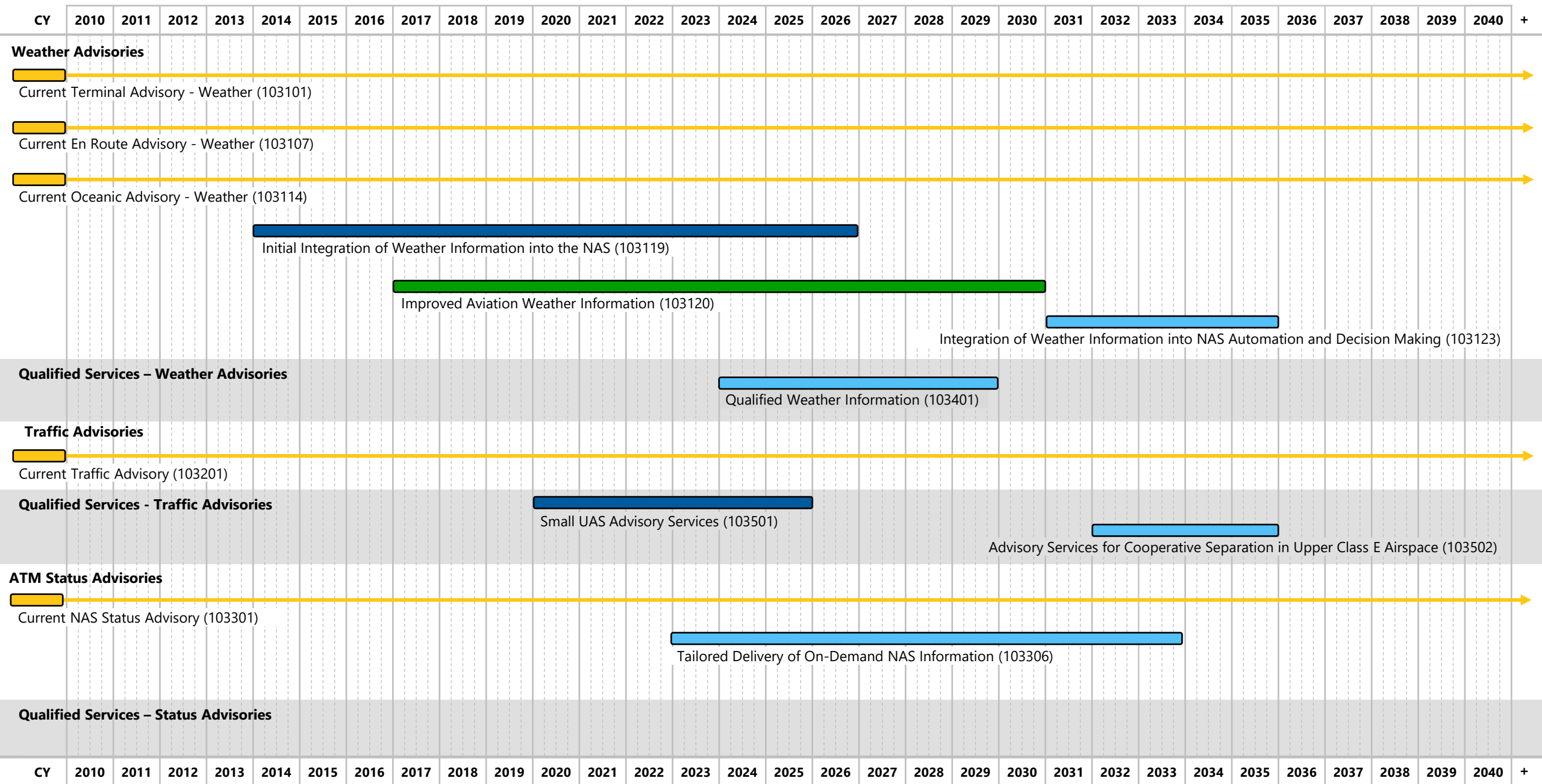


Service 103:

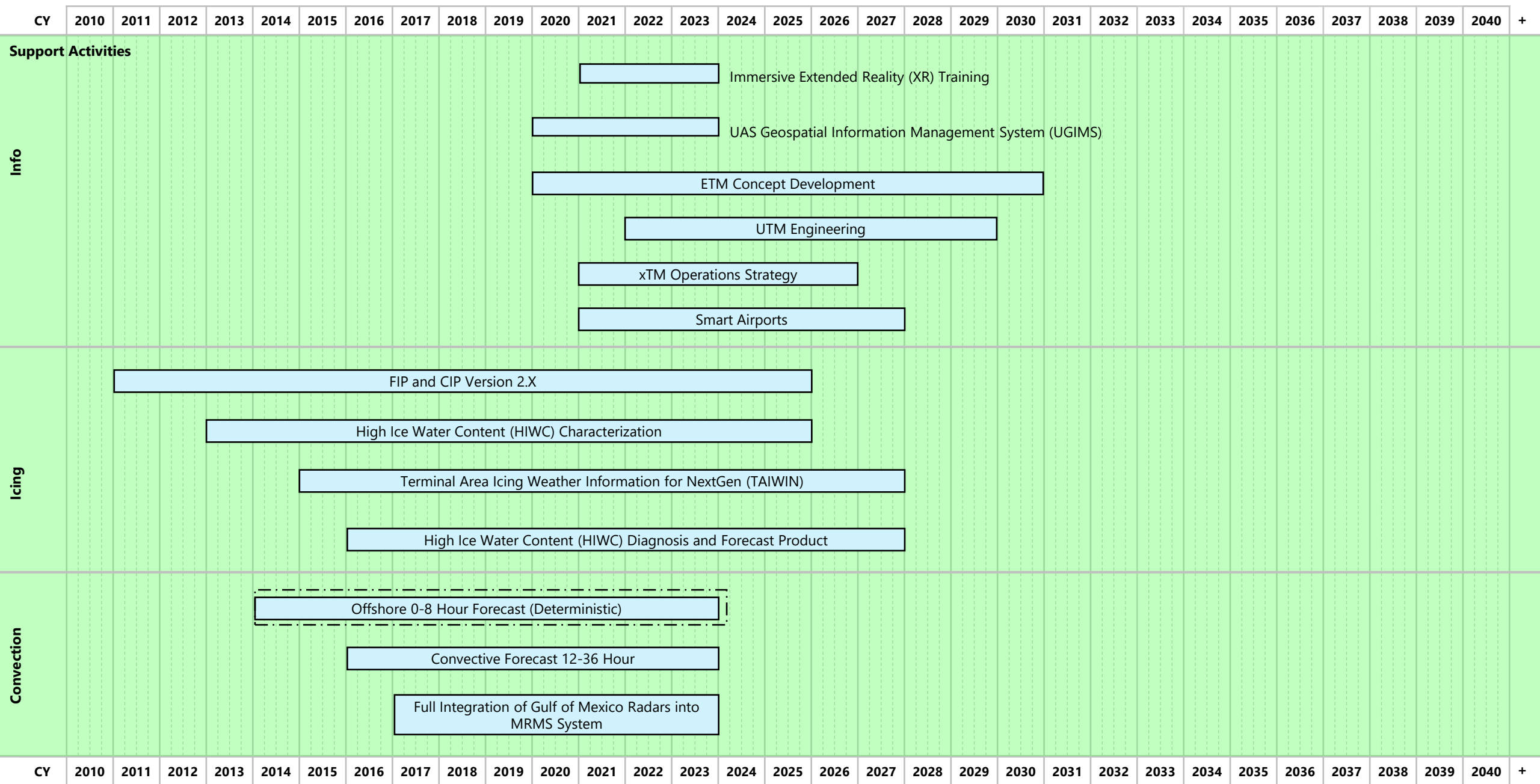
Air Traffic Control (ATC) – Advisory

Air traffic control and other facilities provide advice and information to assist pilots in the safe conduct of flight and aircraft movement. These advisories include providing weather information, traffic, and NAS status information to pilots, flight planners, and the general public. These advisories and information are either directed to a specific location or broadcast to any user in the area.

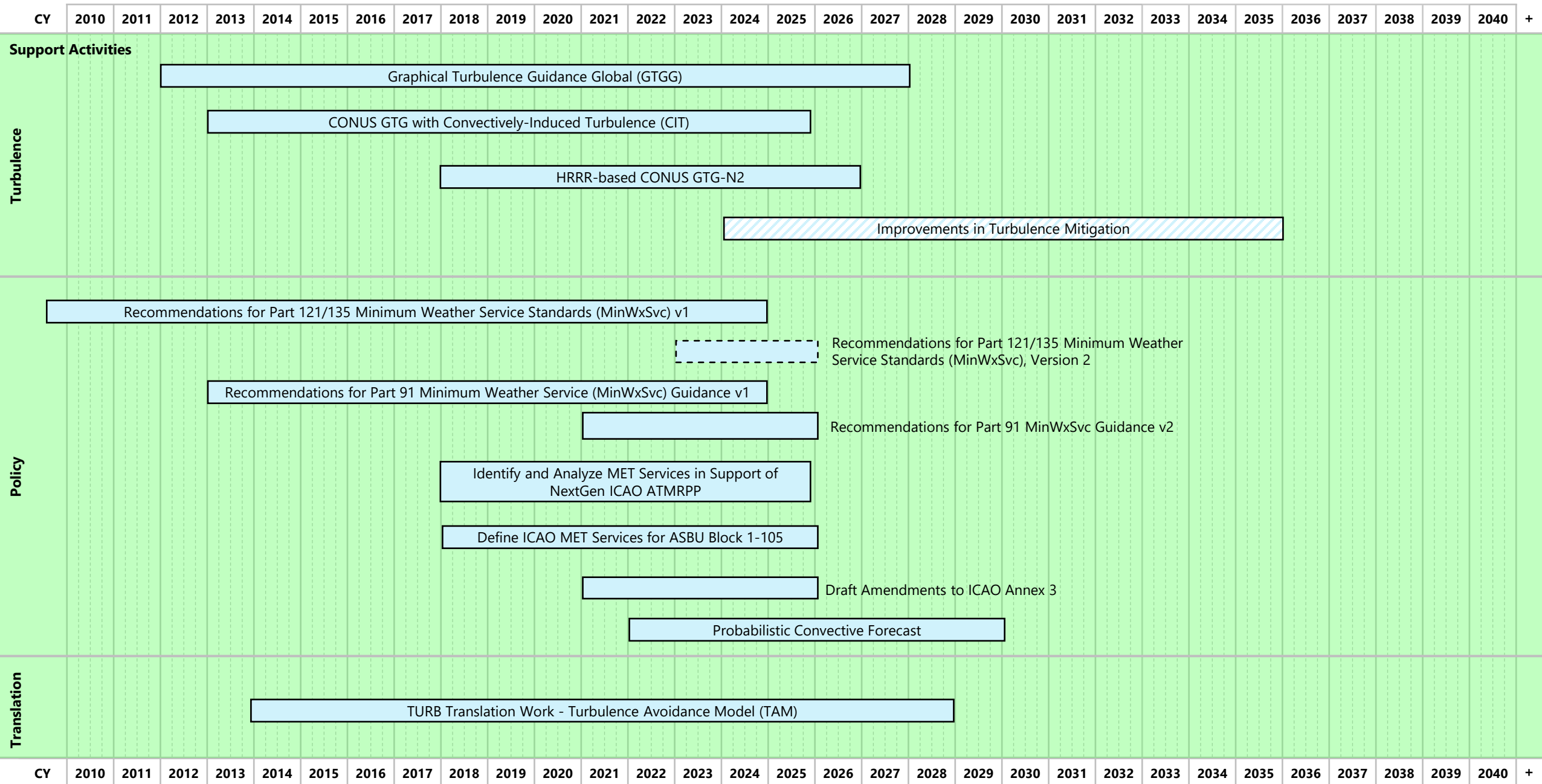
ATC – Advisory (1 of 3)



ATC – Advisory (2 of 3)



ATC – Advisory (3 of 3)

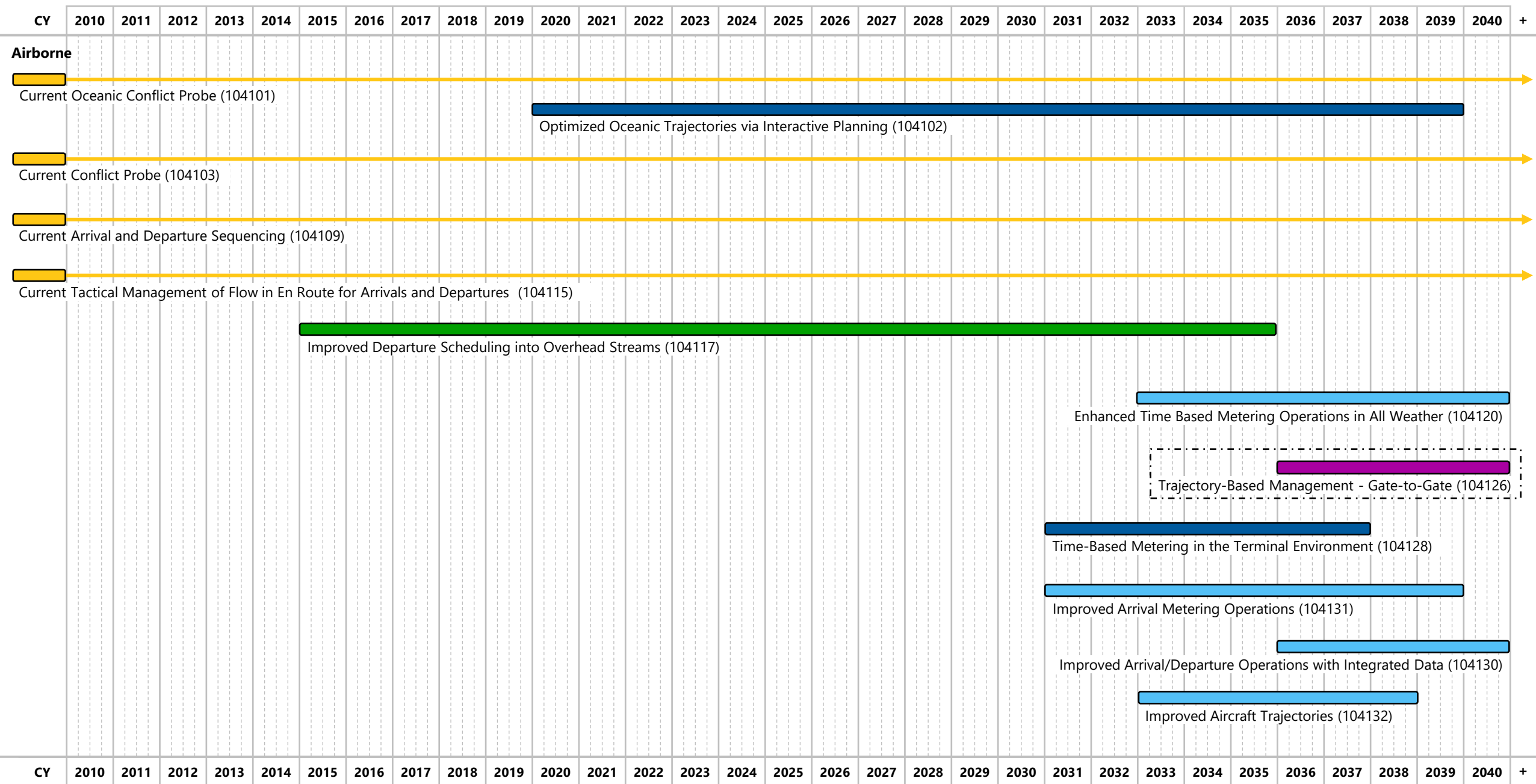


Service 104:

Traffic Management (TM) – Synchronization

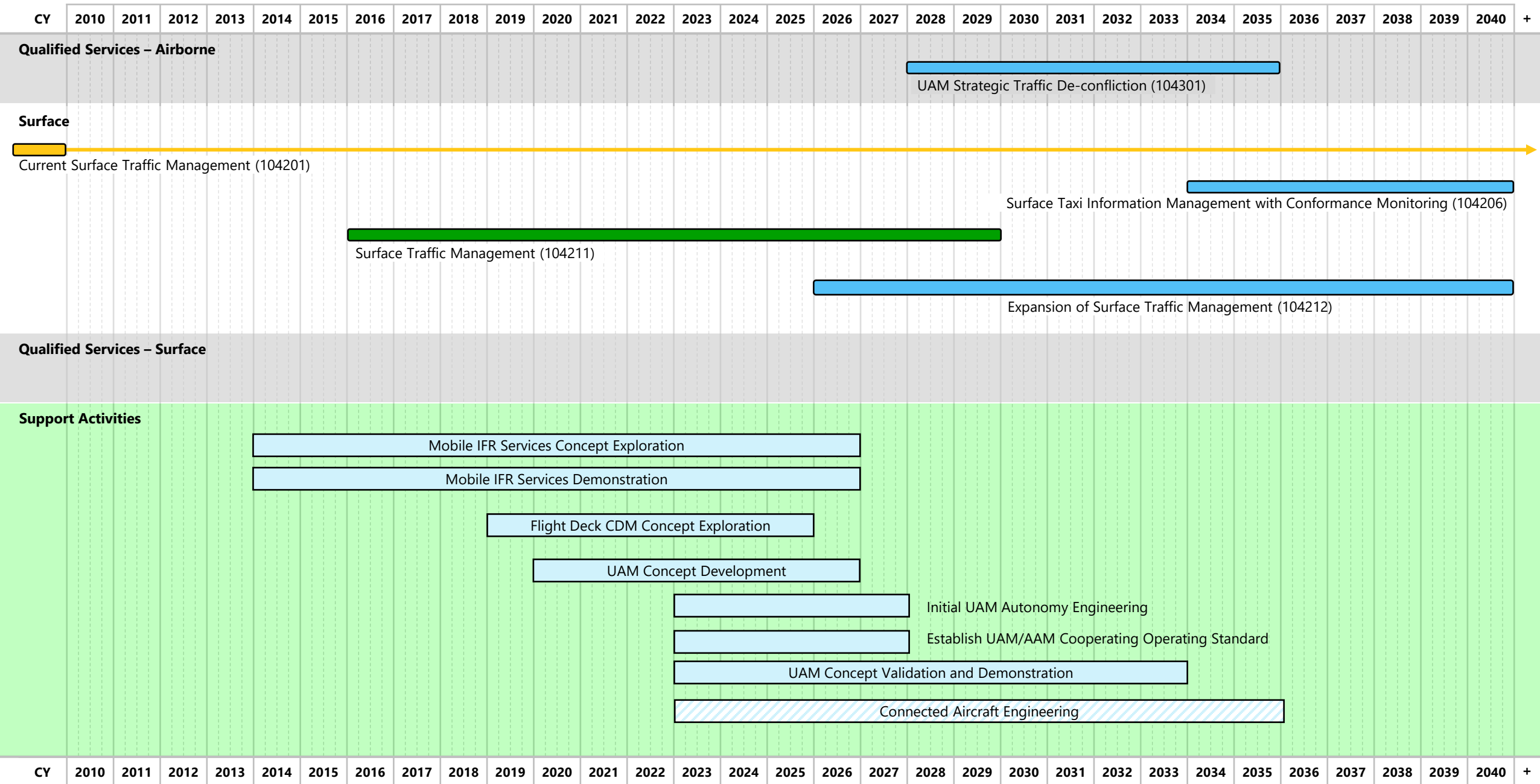
Traffic synchronization supports the expeditious flow of traffic for the large number of aircraft operations within the NAS during any given period of time. NAS processes maximize efficiency and capacity in response to weather, NAS infrastructure, runway availability or other conditions. Traffic synchronization focuses on the tactical portion of traffic management within a given traffic flow by providing sequencing, spacing, and routing of aircraft. Traffic synchronization activities are accomplished while maintaining separation assurance and implementing strategic flow management directives. The traffic synchronization service provides tactical instructions to optimize operations while airborne and on the surface.

TM – Synchronization (1 of 2)



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TM – Synchronization (2 of 2)

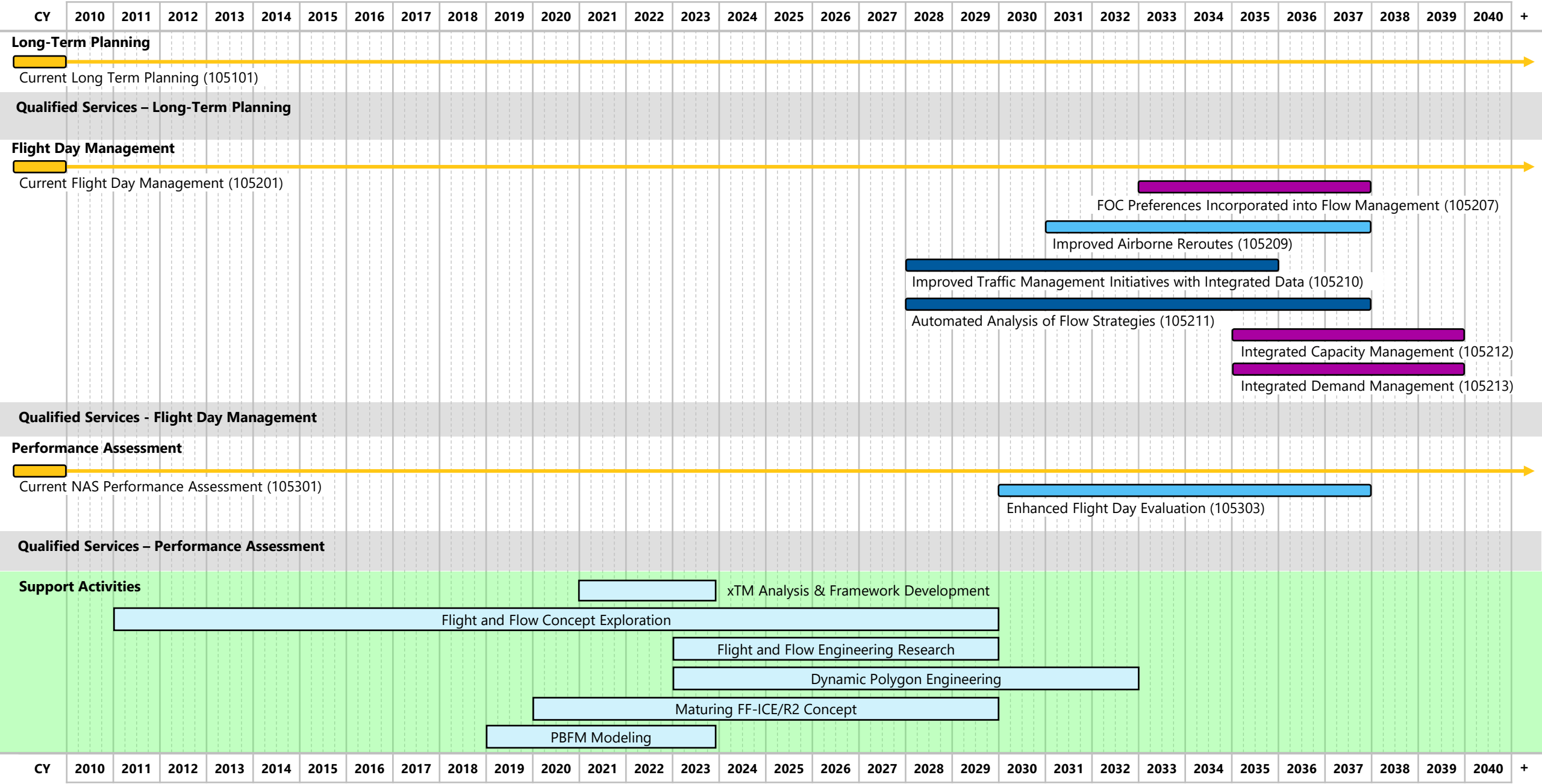


Service 105:

Traffic Management (TM) – Strategic Flow

The strategic flow service provides for orderly flow of air traffic across traffic flows from a system perspective. NAS demand and capacity are analyzed and balanced to minimize delays, avoid congestion, and maximize overall NAS throughput, flexibility, and predictability. Actual and predicted demand is compared to the current and predicted capacity of the airspace, airports and infrastructure to plan the overall NAS strategy. When necessary, traffic flow management (TFM) plans are developed collaboratively to optimize the flow of traffic while accommodating user requests and schedules, airspace, infrastructure, weather constraints, and other variables. The strategic flow service is comprised of long-term planning (more than one day in advance), flight-day traffic management (current 24-hour period) and performance assessment capabilities.

TM – Strategic Flow (1 of 1)



Service 106: Emergency and Alerting

The emergency and alerting service monitors the NAS for distress or urgent situations, evaluates the nature of the distress, and provides an appropriate response to the emergency. Applicable situations include those that occur on the ground or in-flight. Emergency services include emergency assistance and alerting support.

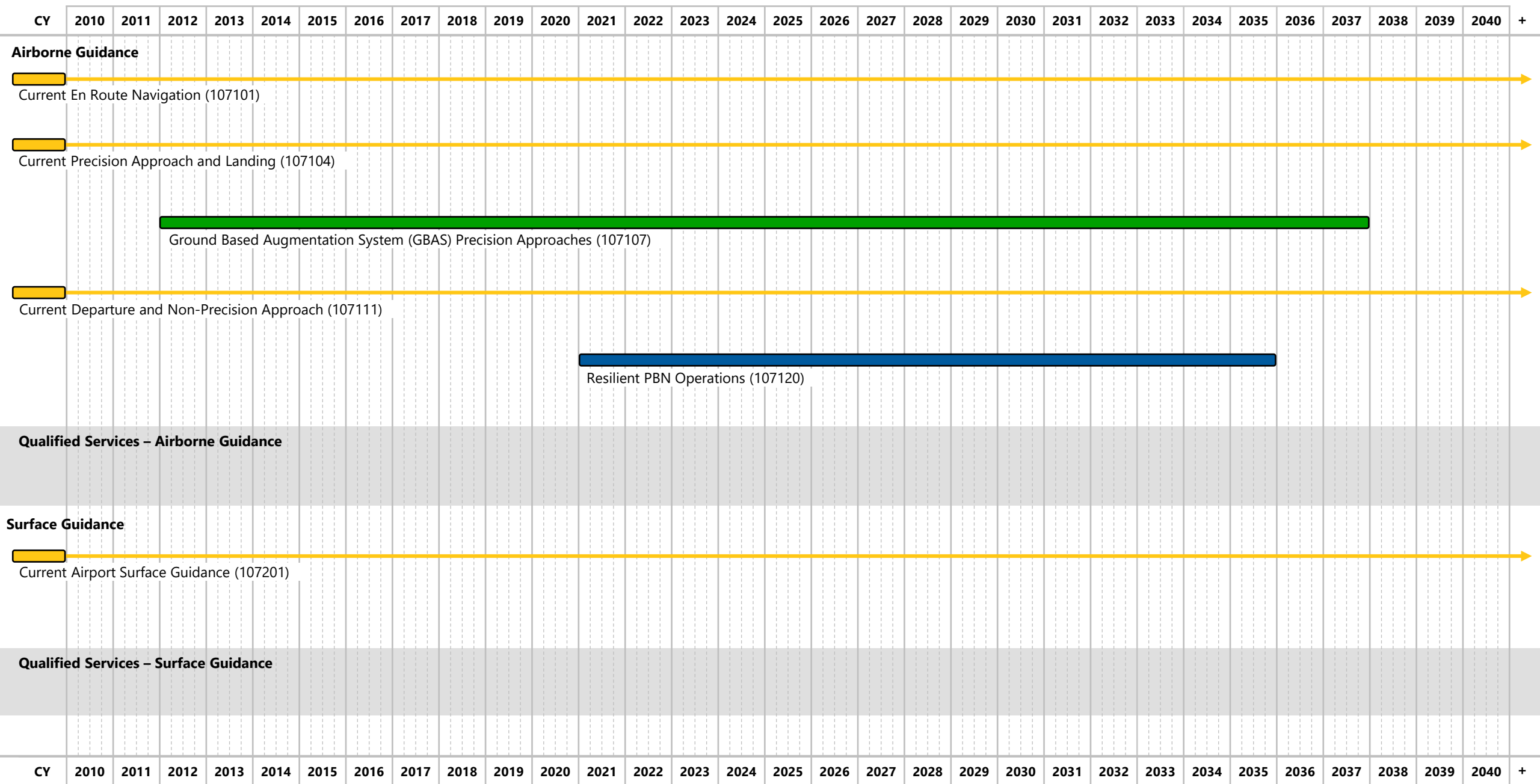
Emergency and Alerting (1 of 1)

CY	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	+
Emergency Assistance																																
<div></div> Current	Emergency Assistance (106101)																															
Qualified Services – Emergency Assistance																																
Alerting Support																																
<div></div> Current	Emergency Alerting Support (106201)																															
Qualified Services – Alerting Support																																
CY	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	+

Service 107: Navigation

The Navigation service provides electronic signals-in-space to enable suitably equipped NAS users to determine aircraft position and to operate safely and efficiently under most weather conditions. Avionics onboard the aircraft receive and process the signals to provide the current position, distance from a predefined or selected position, course selection, and course deviation. The Navigation service includes ground and space-based networks of electronic navigation aids (NAVAIDS), as well as visual NAVAIDS, in accordance with international standards. The network of NAVAIDS enables users to navigate during airborne operations (such as cruise, approach, and landing) and during surface operations.

Navigation (1 of 1)

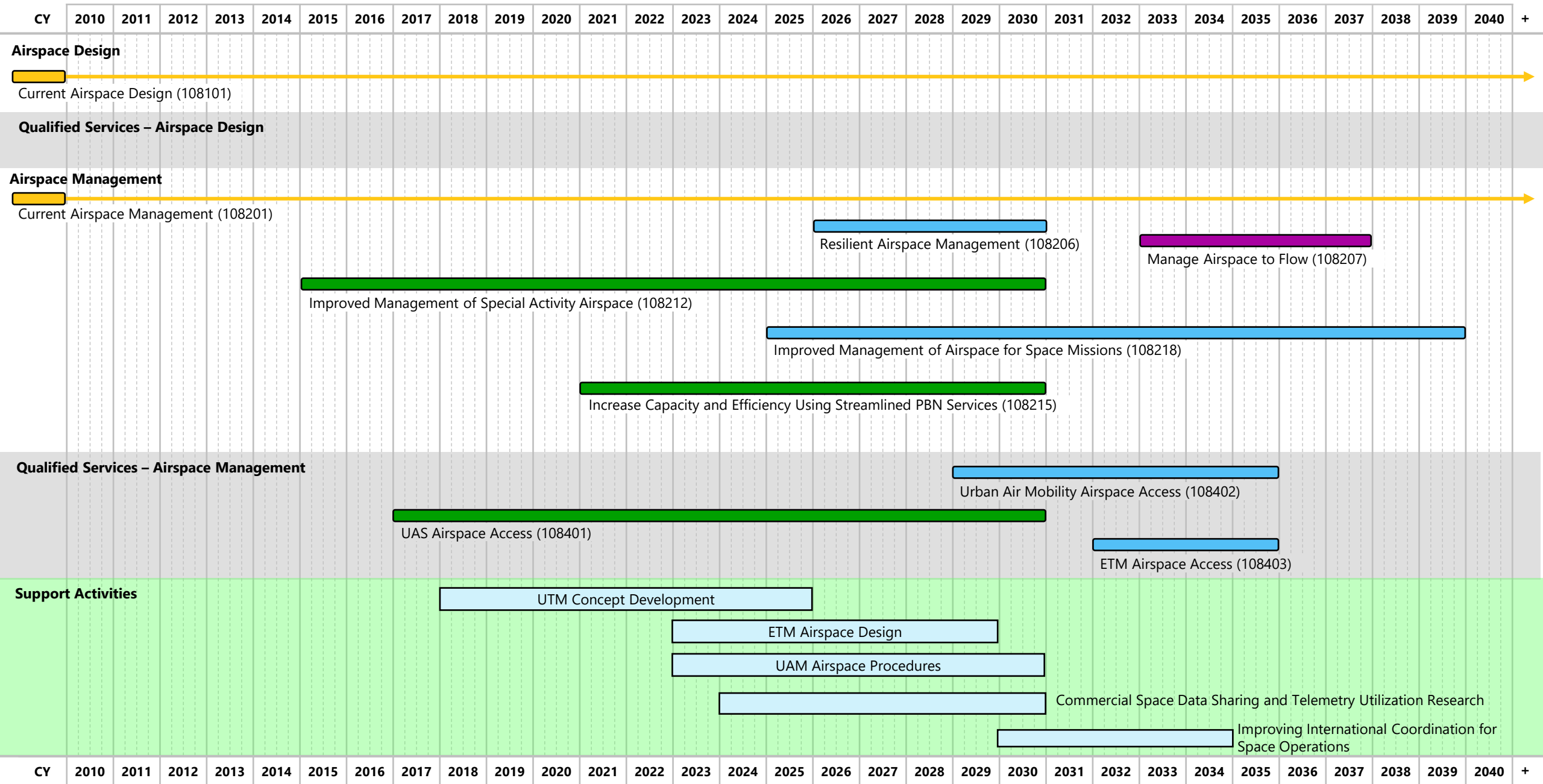


Service 108:

Airspace Design and Management

The airspace management service ensures the safe and efficient organization and use of the national airspace resource. Airspace management includes design, organization, and implementation of airspace structures in order to meet the needs of all public stakeholders. Airspace design establishes the guidelines for airspace structures in order to accommodate the different types of air activity, volume of traffic, and differing levels of service. Airspace organization and implementation is the process by which the airspace design options are selected and applied to meet the needs of the ATM community.

Airspace Design and Management (1 of 1)



Service 109: Government/Agency Support

Government/Agency Support provides information and coordination services. Government/agency support provides services to law enforcement missions, government land management agencies, natural disaster relief flights, medical emergency flights, aerial forest fire fighting, drug interdiction flights, state aviation authorities, National Transportation Safety Board, and military air defense operations while maintaining the safe and efficient use of the nation's airspace.

Government and Agency Support (1 of 1)

CY	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	+
Tactical and Strategic Support to Other Agencies																																
<div>Current</div>	Tactical and Strategic Support to Other Agencies (109103)																															

Service Group 6: Certification

Certification Services is responsible for developing regulations; certification, continued operational safety, production approval and airworthiness of aircraft; in addition to certification of pilots, mechanics, and others in safety-related positions; certification of all operational and maintenance enterprises in domestic civil aviation, certification and safety oversight of U.S. commercial airlines and air operators; and oversight for civil flight operations. Certification services also includes the risk-based decision making framework, tools, and processes used to improve aviation safety overall.

Service 601: Risk-Based Decision Making

Risk-based Decision Making Services build on safety management principles to proactively address emerging safety risk by using consistent, data-informed approaches to make smarter, system-level, risk based decisions.

Risk-Based Decision Making (1 of 1)

CY	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	+			
Data													Automated Safety Information Sharing and Analysis (601104)																						
													Predictive Analysis and Safety Information Sharing (601105)																						
Modeling					Integrated Safety Analysis and Modeling (601202)																														
Hazards																																			
Support Activities																																			
													Automate Discovery of Precursors																						
CY	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	+			

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Service Group 7: Environment and Energy

Environment and Energy Services provide environmental protection that allows sustained aviation growth. Environment and Energy Services address the environmental issues associated with aviation such as noise, air quality, climate, energy, and water quality. These services are provided through scientific research and tools for integrated environmental analysis, mature new aircraft technologies, development of aviation alternative fuels, and development of policies and environmental standards, market based measures, and an environmental management system.

Service 701: Science and Tools

Aviation environmental analyses, impact determinations, and mitigation decisions for NextGen activities must continue to be based on a solid scientific foundation. This will require continued investments in research to improve our scientific understanding of the impacts of aviation. This is particularly important with respect to aviation's effects on climate. It is also germane to gaining a more nuanced and multi-faceted understanding of noise impacts, given community concerns with aircraft noise and public pressures to mitigate noise at levels lower than current Federal guidelines. In addition, the development and use of advanced decision-support tools that account for interdependencies of impacts and cost-benefit analyses of potential solutions will facilitate more informed decision-making. Prospective solutions and combinations of solutions have different impacts, benefits, and costs. Some solutions have the ability to optimize for one area of environmental protection at the expense of another, and trade-offs should be as transparent as possible.

Science and Tools (1 of 1)

[illegible]

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Service 702: Technology

Historically, new technologies have offered the greatest success in reducing aviation's impacts. New engine/airframe technologies will need to play key roles in achieving aviation environment and energy goals. The U.S. will support advances in engine technology and airframe configurations to lay the foundation for the next generation of aircraft. Our technological strategy envisions a fleet of quieter, cleaner aircraft that operate more efficiently with less energy. The FAA and NASA, along with the Department of Defense, closely coordinate efforts on aeronautics technology research through the President's National Science and Technology Council's multi-agency National Aeronautics Research and Development Plan. Each agency focuses on different elements but they share the same national goals. The FAA's focus is on maturing technologies for near term application, while NASA focuses on a broader range of time frames of technology development. This includes future concepts such as electric aircraft.

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Service 703: Alternative Fuels

Sustainable alternative aviation fuels development and deployment offer prospects for enabling environmental improvements, energy security and economic stability for aviation. The aviation industry has made a commitment to convert its fuel supply to alternative fuels. Government and industry are working cooperatively with coordinating mechanisms such as the Commercial Aviation Alternative Fuels Initiative (CAAFI) and are supporting alternative fuels research. Near term efforts include adding new classes of fuels to the BASELINE alternative jet fuel standard by ASTM International, conducting aircraft flight tests using alternative fuels and ascertaining their emissions characteristics, lifecycle greenhouse gases, and sustainability. A number of challenges remain to sustainable alternative fuel deployment, including financing for commercial production.

Alternative Fuels (1 of 1)

CY	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	+
Alternative Fuels												<div><div></div><div>Sustainable Alternative Jet Fuels - Phase III (703104)</div></div>																				
Support Activities												<div><div></div><div>Alternative Jet Fuels Testing and Analysis</div></div>																				
CY	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	+

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Service 704: Policy Development

Development and implementation of appropriate policies, programs, and mechanisms are critical to support advantageous technology and operational innovations and accelerate their integration into the commercial fleet, the airport environment, and entire national aviation system. The NextGen EMS approach will integrate environmental protection objectives into NextGen and facilitate National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) reviews. Cooperative partnerships between government and industry can focus and leverage funding in ways that are beneficial for aviation and good for the environment. There is a need for continued and enhanced exploration of the most effective means to address residual aircraft noise impacts that cannot be reduced through technologies to guide capital investments in noise mitigation such as sound insulation, to encourage adequate land use planning, and to support other methods. Internationally, the U.S. is leading efforts at the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) to limit and reduce international aviation emissions, including development of a CO2 standard for aircraft, and a new particulate matter (PM) certification requirement for engines. ICAO has additionally agreed to explore more ambitious goals for the aviation sector, including carbon neutral growth in the mid-term and reductions in the long term. The U.S. is exploring the effectiveness of various policies, including economic incentives to limit and reduce CO2 emissions. The U.S. is also supporting studies to investigate the need, cost and trade-offs, and the technological feasibility of more stringent noise standards. Additionally, if we are to achieve environmental and energy goals beyond the near term, policies may be needed to accelerate the integration of new technologies into the civil fleet compared to the normal rate of introduction and replacement.

Policy Development (1 of 1)

[illegible]

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Appendix A – Completed Operational Improvements

What is this Appendix?

- This appendix to the National Airspace System (NAS) Enterprise Architecture (EA) Service Roadmaps depicts the list of OIs that were completed and are no longer included on the current Service Roadmaps.

Guidelines for Understanding the Appendix

- When an OI becomes operationally available in the NAS, it transitions to a CO. After it transitions to operations, COs are removed from the Service Roadmaps to streamline the diagrams to focus on future improvements to NAS service delivery. This appendix also includes OIs that were completed but did not transition to operational use.
- This appendix is organized by FAA Services and provides the CO number, title, and date of operational availability.

Legend

Roadmap Shape Information



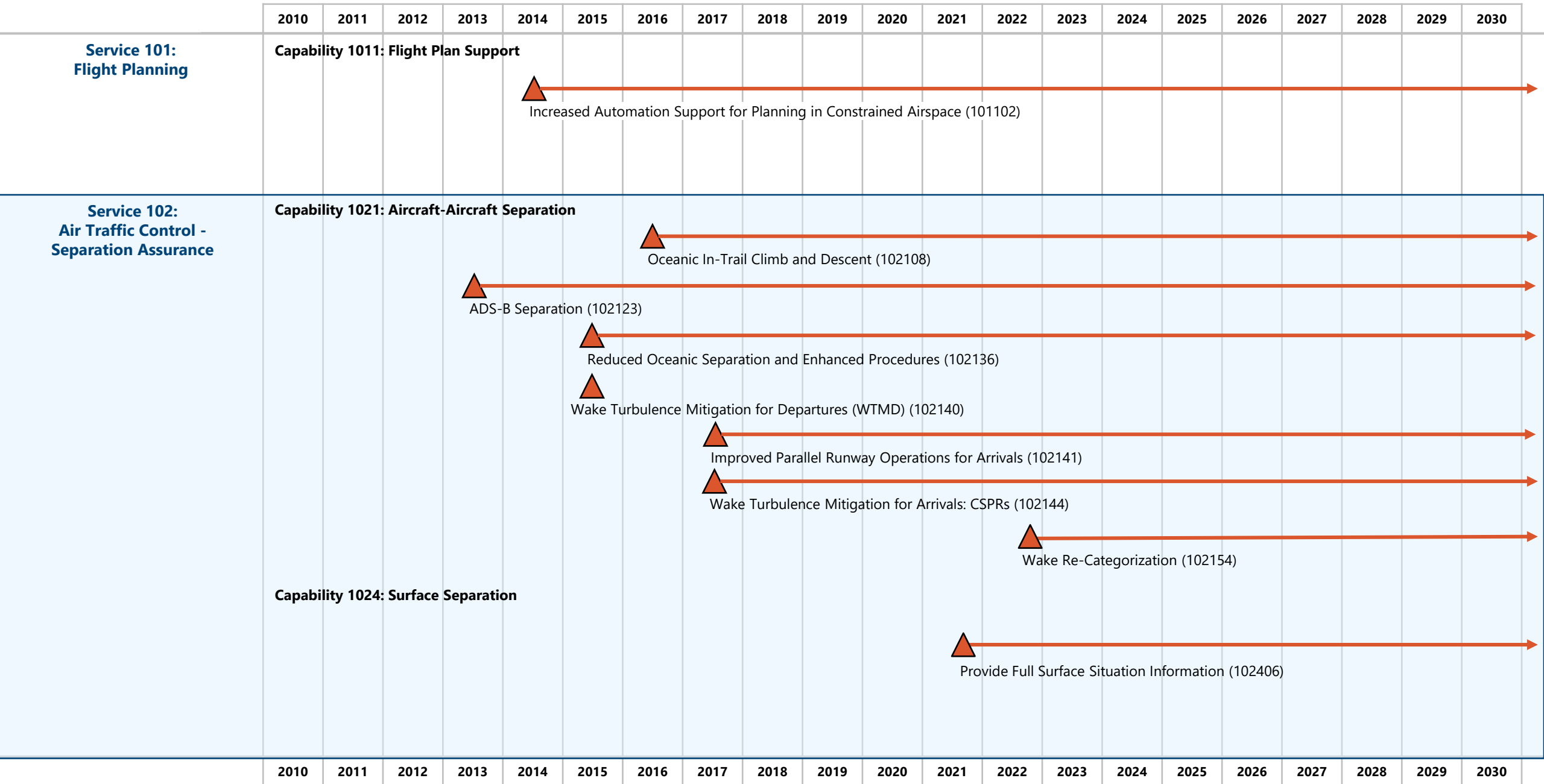
Current Operation (CO)

Triangle indicates full operational availability

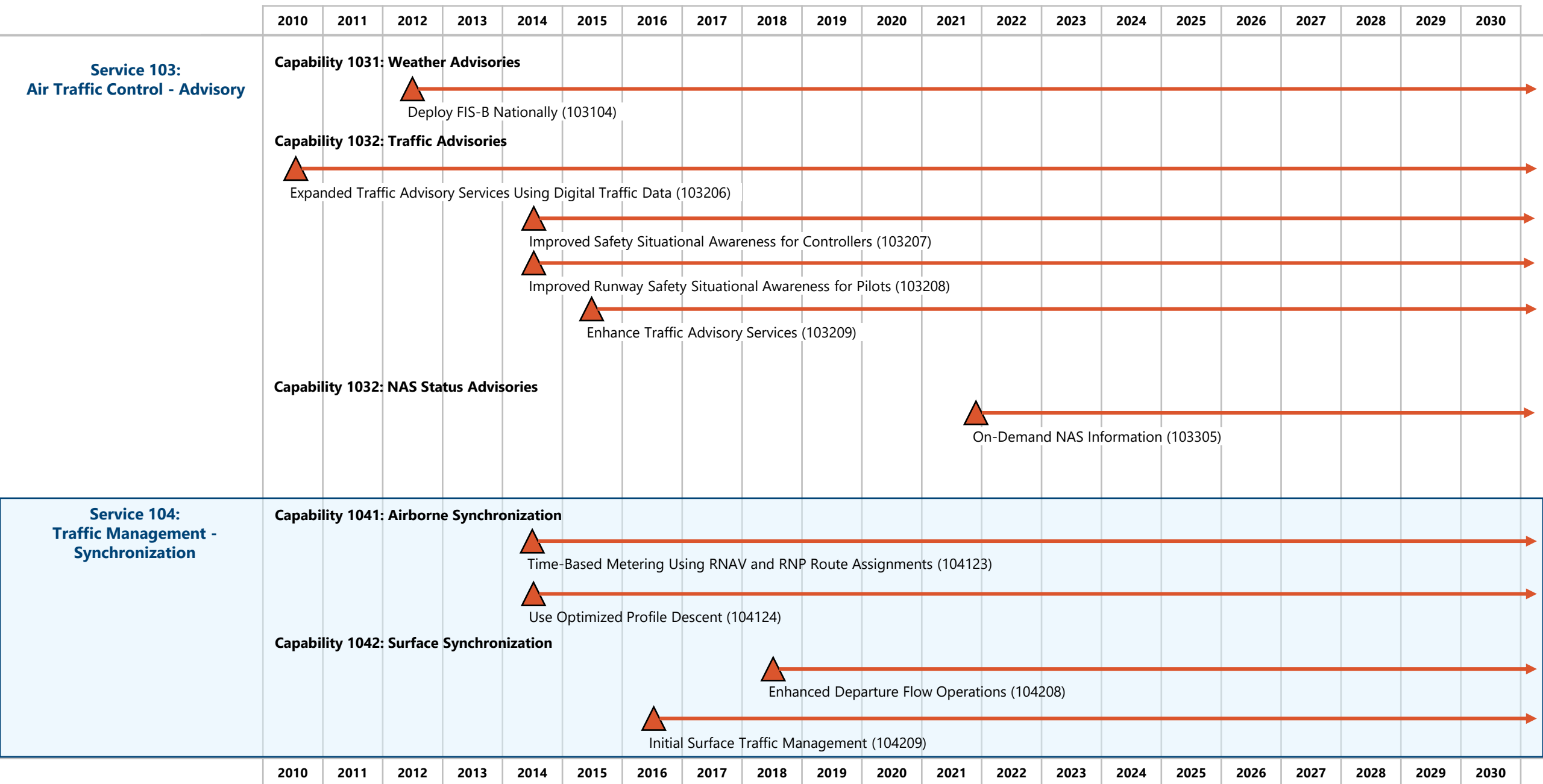


OI that was completed but did not transition to operational use

Completed OIs (1 of 5)

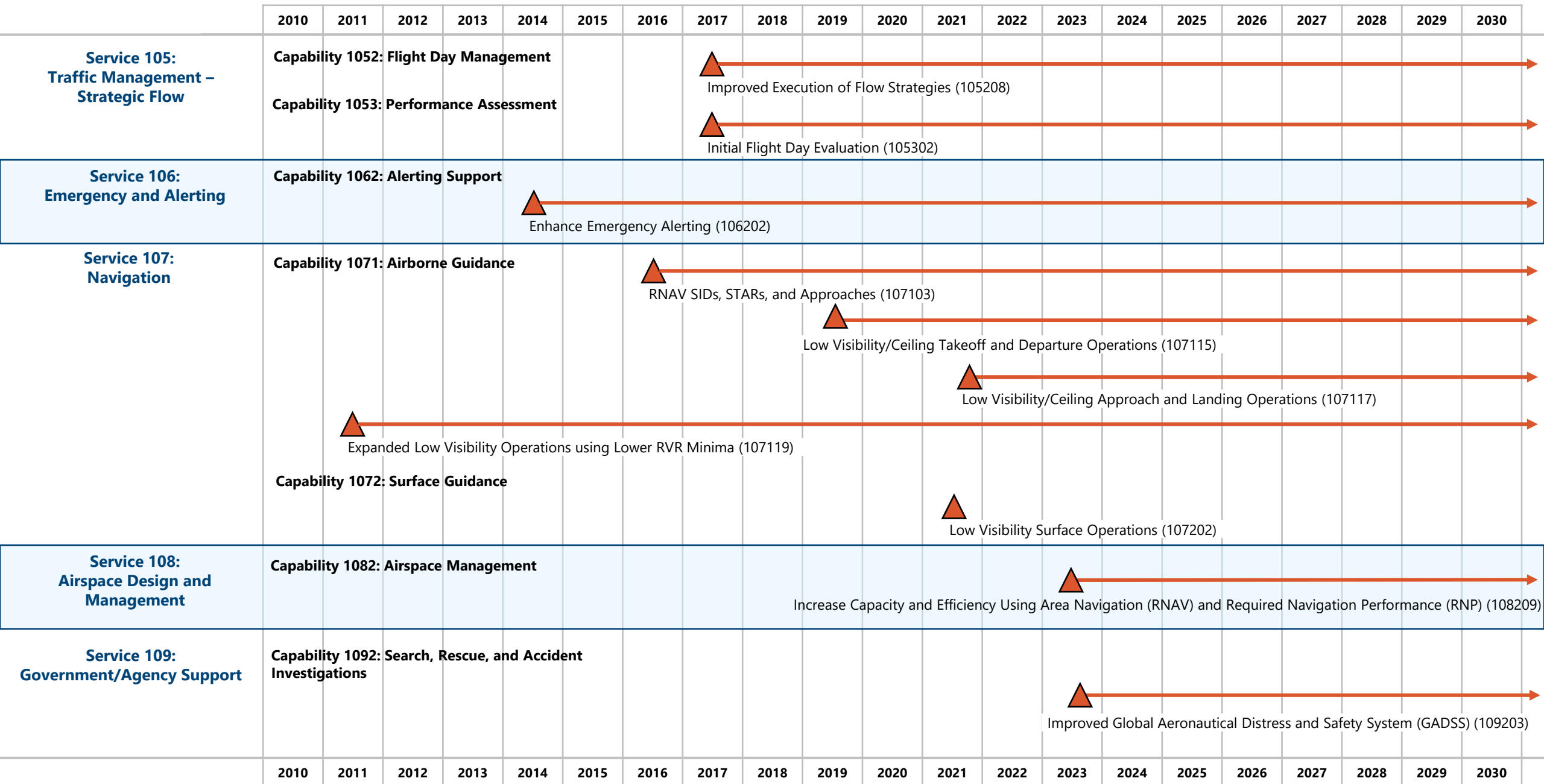


Completed OIs (2 of 5)



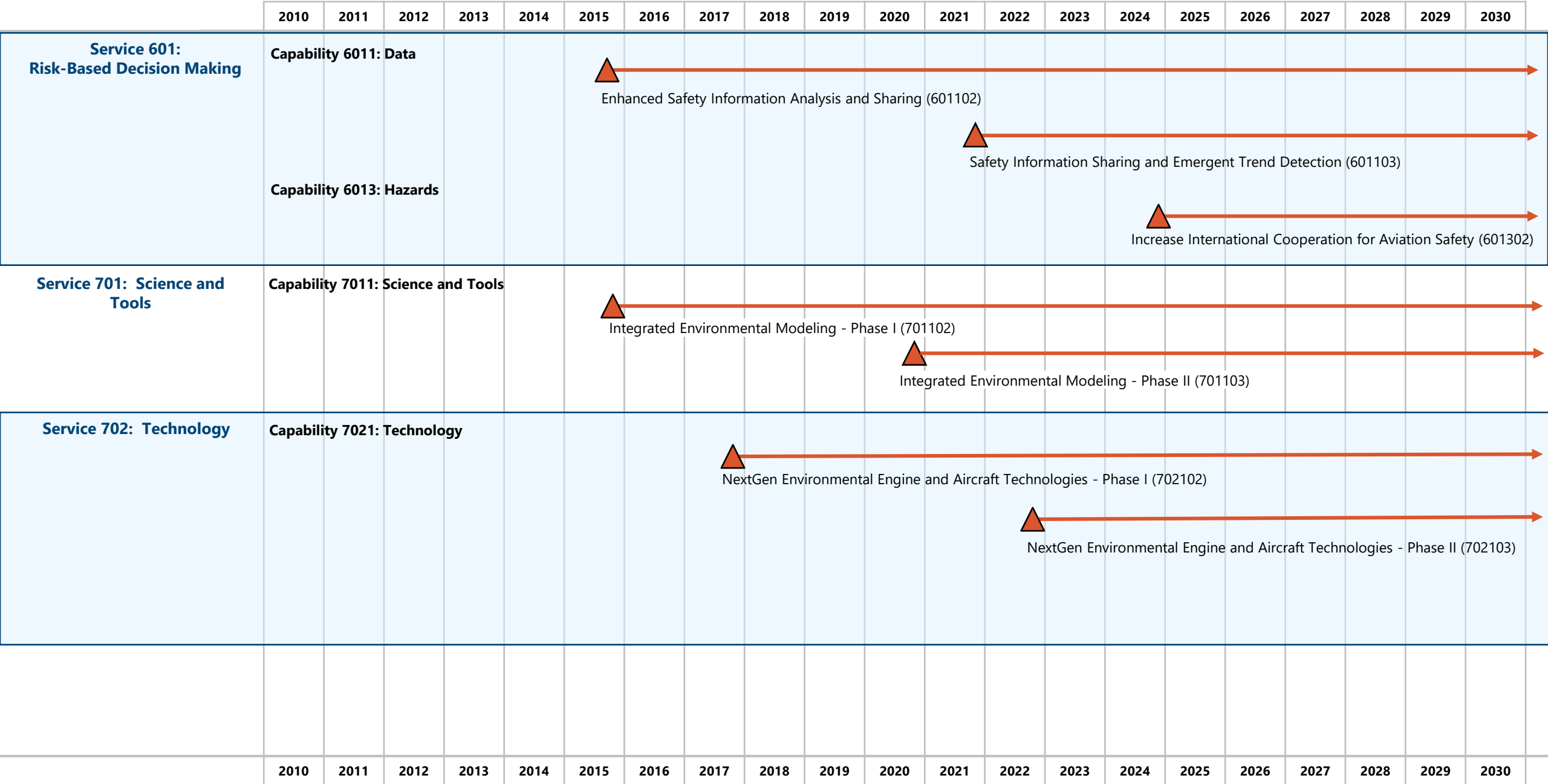
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Completed OIs (3 of 5)



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Completed OIs (4 of 5)



Completed OIs (5 of 5)

