

DARPA XS-1 MSS XEPHYR

Commercial Space
Transportation Advisory
Committee (COMSTAC)

Systems Working Group

Masten Space Systems Inc.

September 16, 2014

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- Masten started in 2004 in Silicon Valley
- Moved to Mojave in 2006
- Won the Northrop Grumman Lunar Lander Challenge in 2009
 - Total of \$1.15M in prize winnings
- Builds reusable VTVL rockets and flies those rockets often



Rocket Flight Count



Flight Count

Xombie 198

Xoie 12

Xaero 115

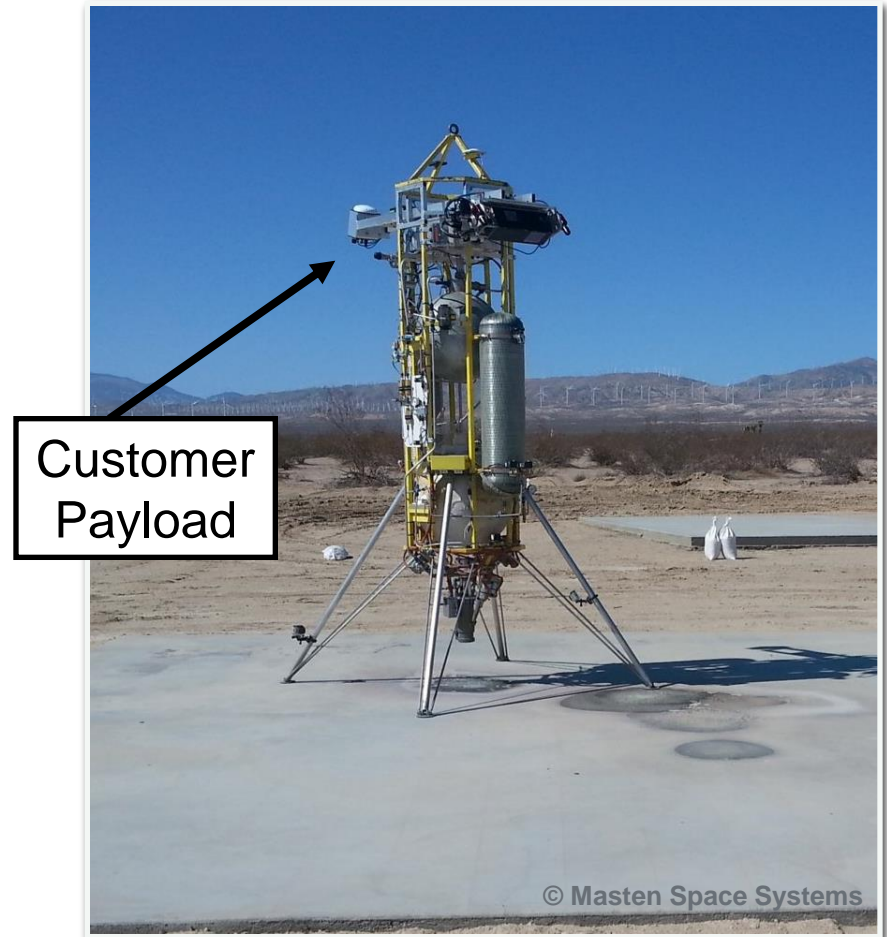
Xaero-B 4

TOTAL 329

Entry, Descent & Landing

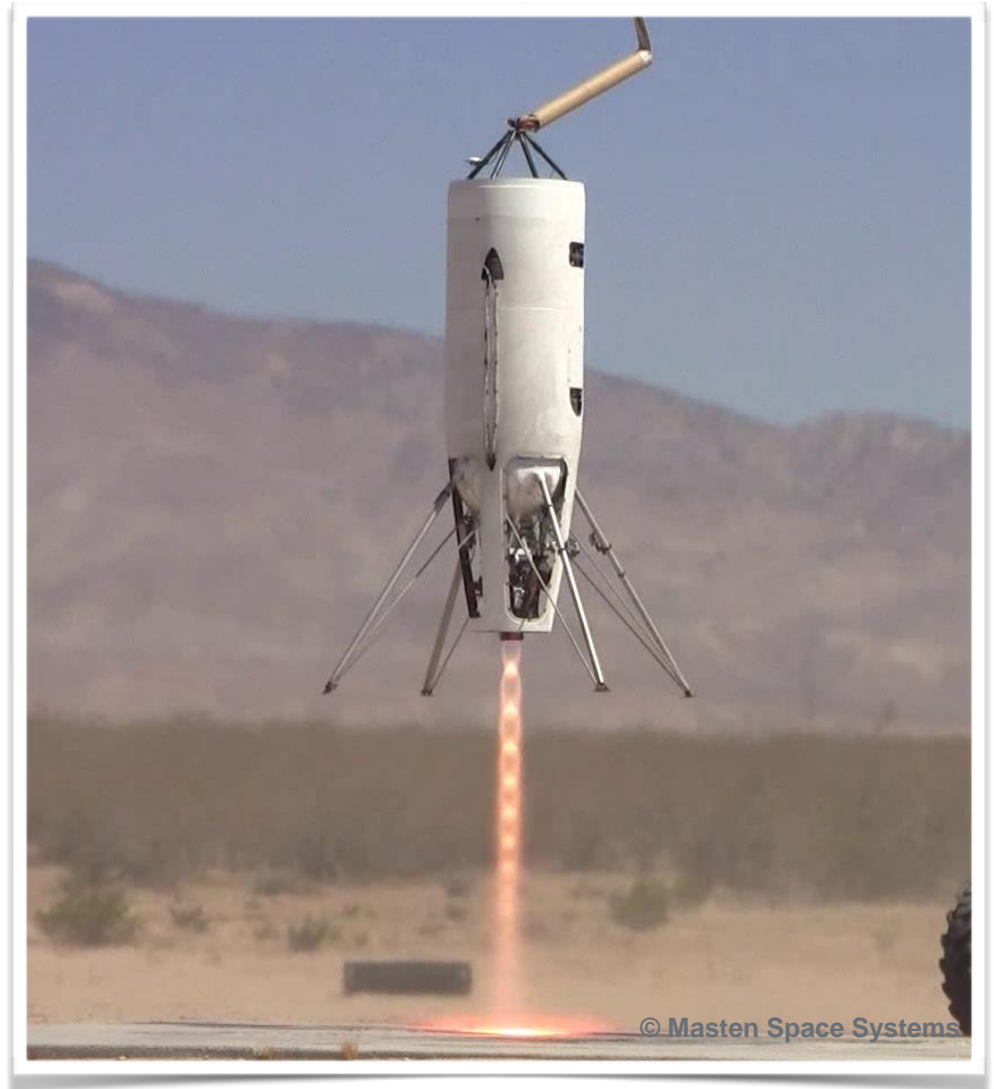
Masten has flown payloads for:

- JPL
- Charles Stark Draper Laboratory
- Astrobotic Technology



Xaero-B

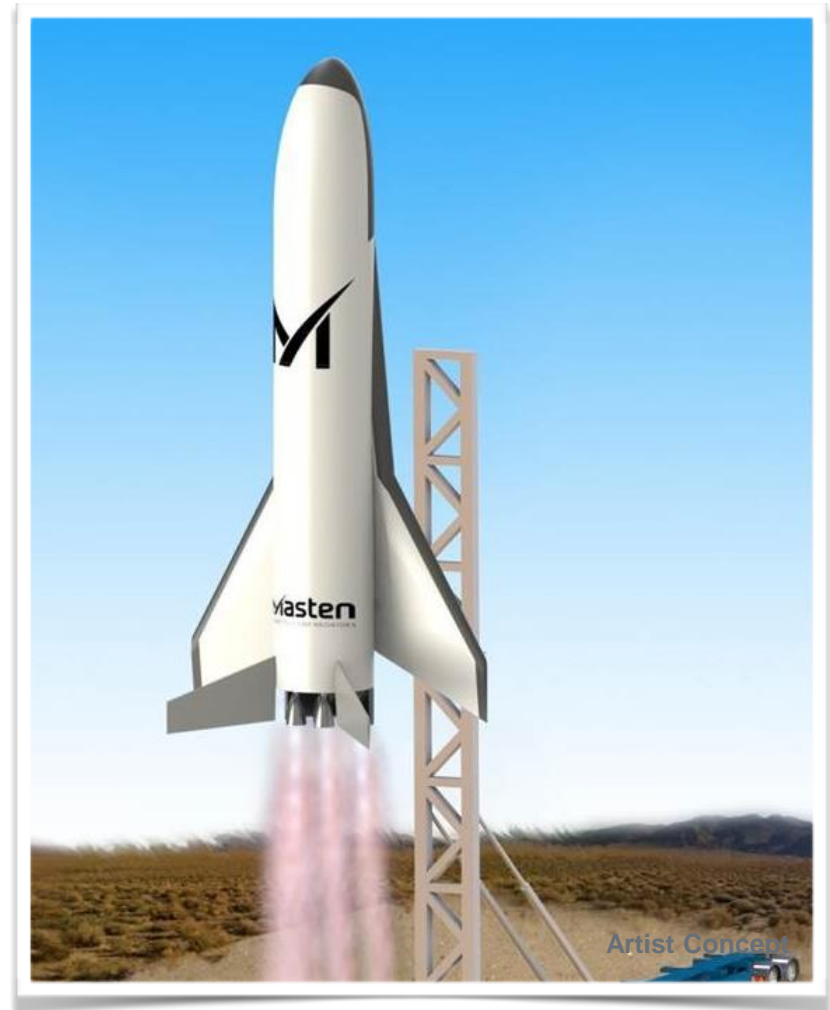
- Xaero-B rocket testing continues
- First four flights completed



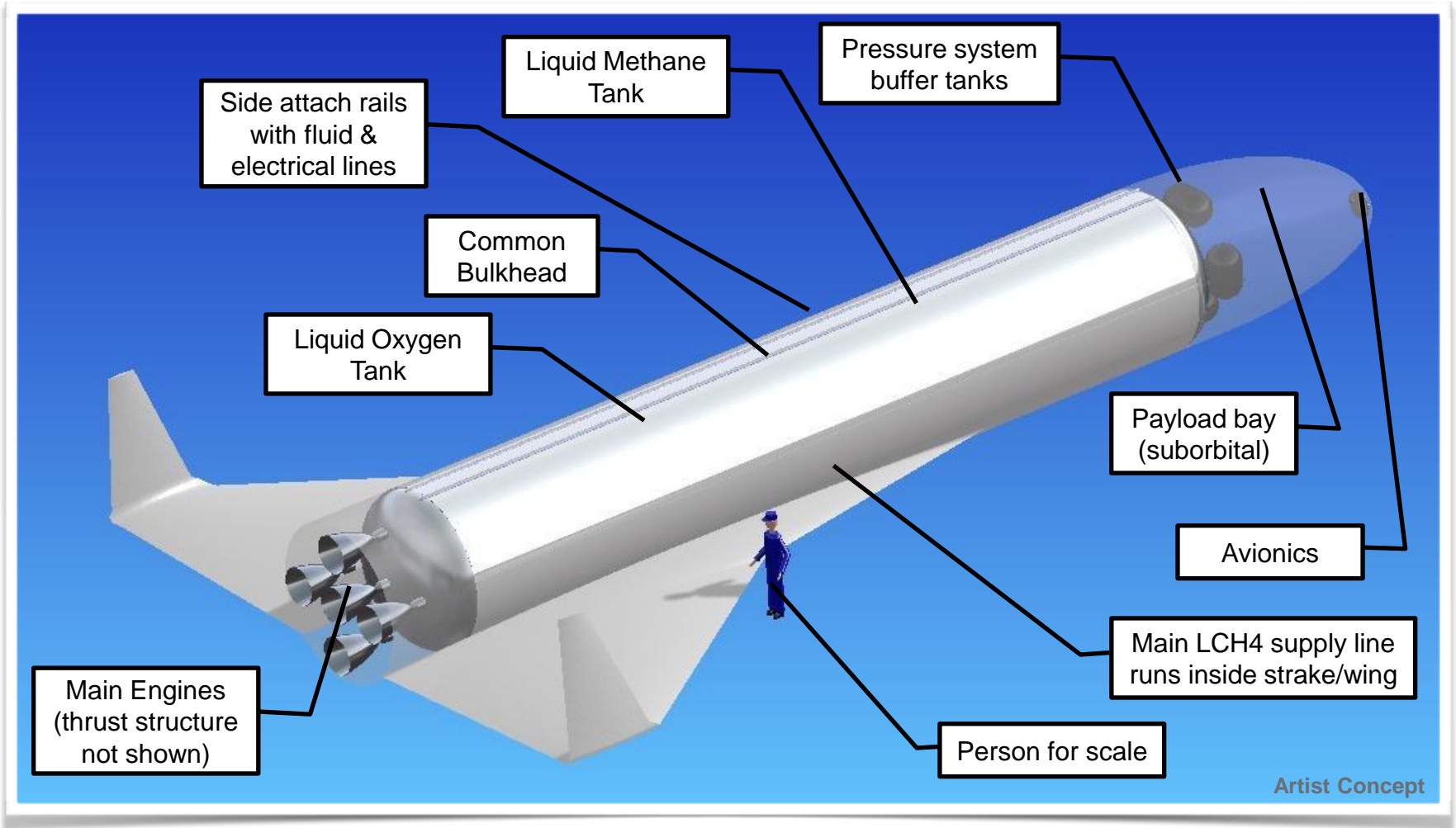
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DARPA XS-1 Program

- Experimental Spaceplane (XS-1) program goals
 - Reusable first stage
 - Able to fly 10 times in 10 days
 - Reach Mach 10
 - Requires aircraft-like ops
 - 3klb to 5klb to orbit @ \$5M/Flt
- Phase 1 Contract
 - Conceptual Design
 - System Requirements
 - Preliminary Design



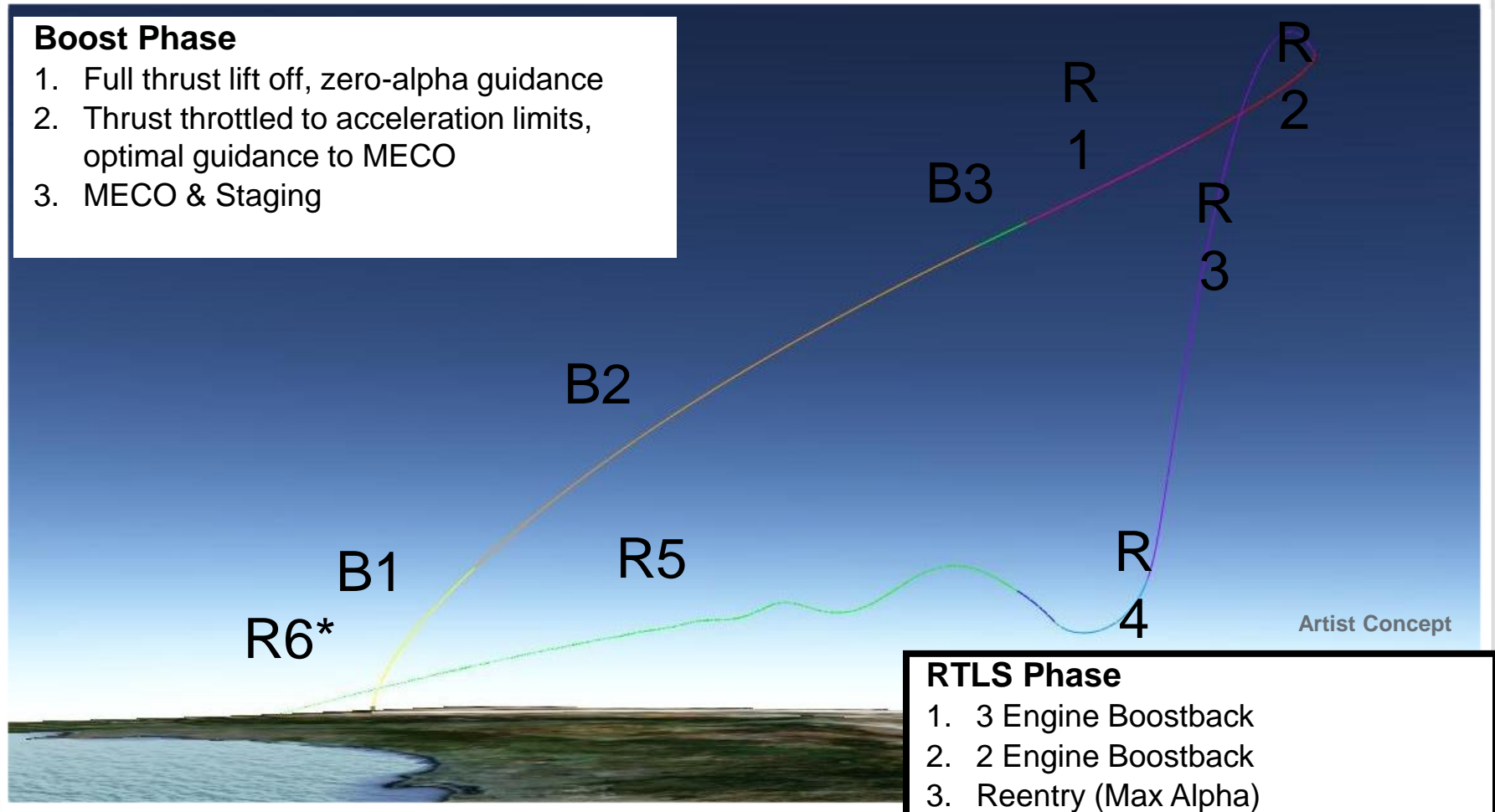
Boost Stage Initial Concept



Proposed Boost & RTLS Trajectory

Boost Phase

1. Full thrust lift off, zero-alpha guidance
2. Thrust throttled to acceleration limits, optimal guidance to MECO
3. MECO & Staging

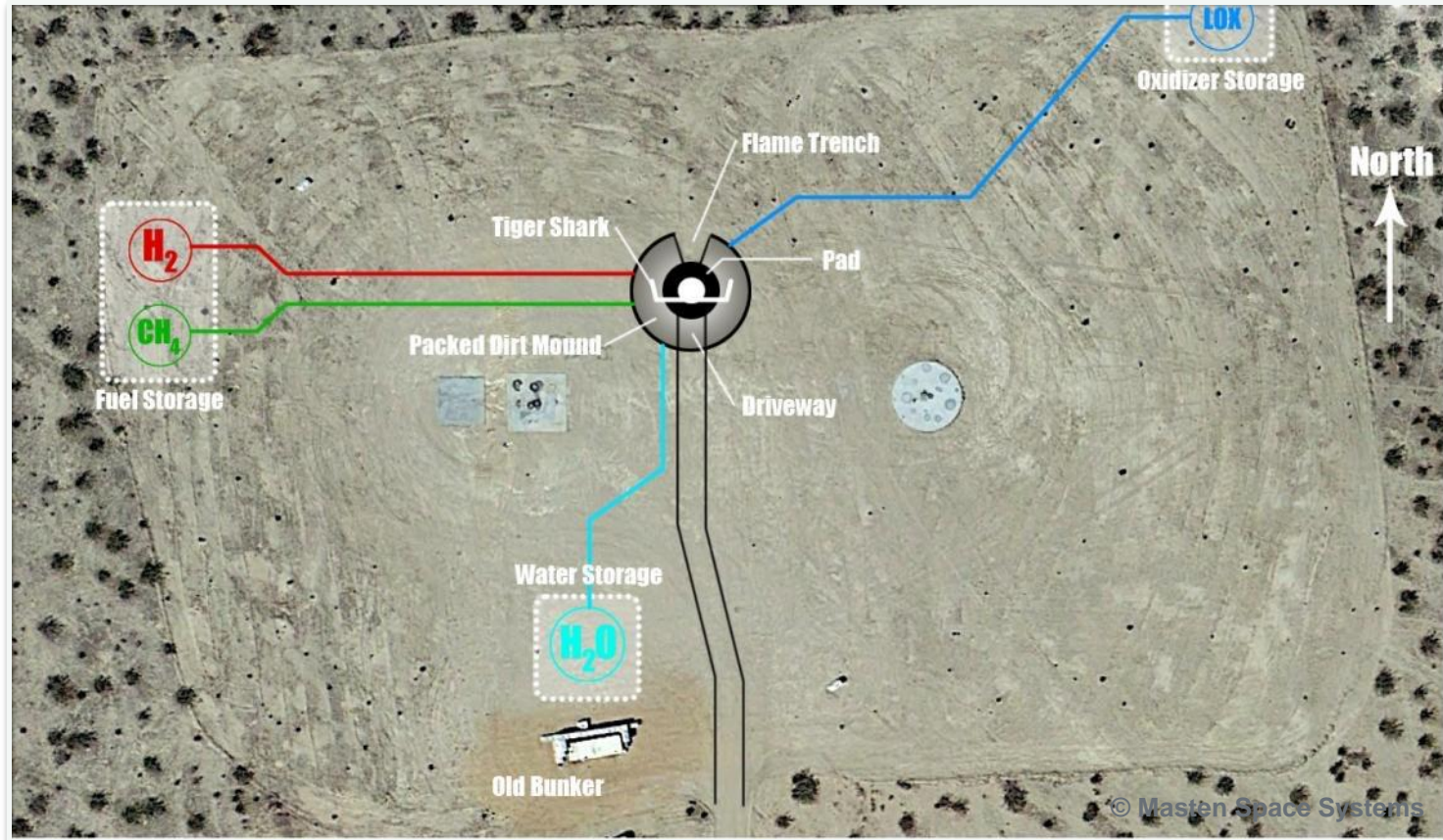


RTLS Phase

1. 3 Engine Boostback
2. 2 Engine Boostback
3. Reentry (Max Alpha)
4. Pullout
5. Glide back
6. Approach and Landing* (not shown)

XS-1 CONOPS

Notional Launch Site Layout



- Actual distances to be determined based on further safety analysis and sizing of bulk storage tanks



Questions?